

# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

May 25, 2020 – 12:33 am BST

PDB ID : 3A3G

Title: Crystal structure of LumP complexed with 6,7-dimethyl-8-(1'-D-ribityl)

lumazine

Authors : Sato, Y. Deposited on : 2009-06-12

Resolution : 2.00 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467

Mogul: 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13

EDS : 2.11

buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

Refmac: 5.8.0158

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

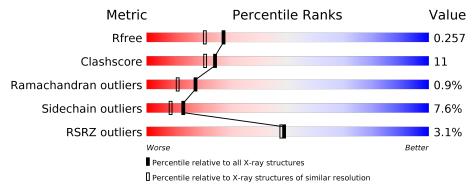
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.11

## 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.00 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Whole archive} \\ (\#\text{Entries}) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Similar \; resolution} \\ (\#{\rm Entries, \; resolution \; range(\AA)}) \end{array}$
$R_{free}$	130704	8085 (2.00-2.00)
Clashscore	141614	9178 (2.00-2.00)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	9054 (2.00-2.00)
Sidechain outliers	138945	9053 (2.00-2.00)
RSRZ outliers	127900	7900 (2.00-2.00)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain		
1	A	190	75%	15%	• • 5%
1	В	190	79%	11%	• • 7%



## 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 2983 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Lumazine protein.

	$\mathbf{Mol}$	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
Г	1	Α	180	10001	С	- '	О	S	6	1	0
	_		100	1389	875	231	280	3	, and the second	_	
	1	В	177	Total	С	N	Ο	S	0	0	0
	$\left \begin{array}{c c}1&B\end{array}\right $	В 111		856	229	275	3	0	0		

There are 26 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

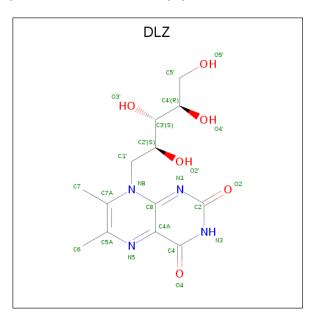
Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	1	MET	_	SEE REMARK 999	UNP C4TPG1
A	2	PHE	-	SEE REMARK 999	UNP C4TPG1
A	3	LYS	-	SEE REMARK 999	UNP C4TPG1
A	4	GLY	_	SEE REMARK 999	UNP C4TPG1
A	5	ILE	-	SEE REMARK 999	UNP C4TPG1
A	6	VAL	-	SEE REMARK 999	UNP C4TPG1
A	7	GLN	-	SEE REMARK 999	UNP C4TPG1
A	185	VAL	-	SEE REMARK 999	UNP C4TPG1
A	186	SER	-	SEE REMARK 999	UNP C4TPG1
A	187	ASN	_	SEE REMARK 999	UNP C4TPG1
A	188	GLU	-	SEE REMARK 999	UNP C4TPG1
A	189	TRP	_	SEE REMARK 999	UNP C4TPG1
A	190	ASP	-	SEE REMARK 999	UNP C4TPG1
В	1	MET	-	SEE REMARK 999	UNP C4TPG1
В	2	PHE	-	SEE REMARK 999	UNP C4TPG1
В	3	LYS	_	SEE REMARK 999	UNP C4TPG1
В	4	GLY	-	SEE REMARK 999	UNP C4TPG1
В	5	ILE	-	SEE REMARK 999	UNP C4TPG1
В	6	VAL	-	SEE REMARK 999	UNP C4TPG1
В	7	GLN	-	SEE REMARK 999	UNP C4TPG1
В	185	VAL	-	SEE REMARK 999	UNP C4TPG1
В	186	SER	-	SEE REMARK 999	UNP C4TPG1
В	187	ASN	-	SEE REMARK 999	UNP C4TPG1
В	188	GLU	-	SEE REMARK 999	UNP C4TPG1
В	189	TRP	-	SEE REMARK 999	UNP C4TPG1
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Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
В	190	ASP	-	SEE REMARK 999	UNP C4TPG1

 $\bullet \ \, \text{Molecule 2 is 1-deoxy-1-(6,7-dimethyl-2,4-dioxo-3,4-dihydropteridin-8(2H)-yl)-D-ribitol (three-letter code: DLZ) (formula: $C_{13}H_{18}N_4O_6$).}$ 



Mo	Chain	Residues	${f Atoms}$			ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	1	Total 23			0	0
2	В	1	Total 23		N 4	0	0

• Molecule 3 is water.

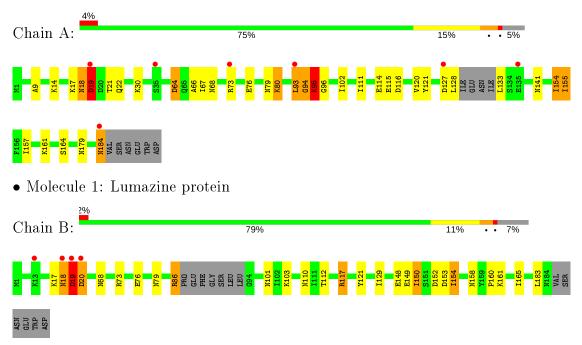
Mol	Chain	Residues	${f Atoms}$	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	86	Total O 87 87	0	1
3	В	98	Total O 98 98	0	0



# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Lumazine protein





# 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor
Cell constants	46.69Å 46.58Å 161.59Å	Domositon
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	$90.00^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	44.77 - 2.00	Depositor
Resolution (A)	44.76 - 2.00	EDS
% Data completeness	99.8 (44.77-2.00)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	99.8 (44.76-2.00)	EDS
$R_{merge}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	4.44 (at 2.00Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.2.0019	Depositor
D D	0.195 , $0.255$	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.195 , $0.257$	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	1255 reflections $(5.11%)$	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	19.6	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.038	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.36 , 48.6	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$< L >=0.49, < L^2>=0.32$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.032  for k,h,-l	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.94	EDS
Total number of atoms	2983	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	19.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 5.38% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $< L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

## 5 Model quality (i)

## 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: DLZ

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Boı	nd lengths	Bond angles		
IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z >5	
1	A	0.84	1/1406 (0.1%)	0.84	2/1898 (0.1%)	
1	В	0.79	0/1375	0.82	0/1856	
All	All	0.81	$1/2781 \ (0.0\%)$	0.83	2/3754 (0.1%)	

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	3

#### All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(\operatorname{\AA})$
1	A	66	ALA	CA-CB	5.40	1.63	1.52

#### All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^o)$
1	A	19	ASP	N-CA-C	6.30	128.01	111.00
1	A	64	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	5.78	123.50	118.30

There are no chirality outliers.

All (3) planarity outliers are listed below:

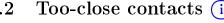
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	18	ASN	Peptide
1	A	19	ASP	Peptide



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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	94	GLY	Peptide

#### Too-close contacts (i) 5.2



In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1389	0	1418	35	0
1	В	1363	0	1394	26	0
2	A	23	0	18	0	0
2	В	23	0	18	1	0
3	A	87	0	0	1	0
3	В	98	0	0	4	0
All	All	2983	0	2848	62	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 11.

All (62) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$egin{array}{ll}  ext{Interatomic} \  ext{distance} \ ( ext{\AA}) \end{array}$	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:64:ASP:HB2	3:B:192:HOH:O	1.37	1.23
1:A:95:LYS:CG	1:A:96:GLY:H	1.63	1.11
1:A:94:GLY:HA3	1:A:95:LYS:HD3	1.25	1.10
1:A:95:LYS:HG2	1:A:96:GLY:N	1.53	1.07
1:A:95:LYS:HG2	1:A:96:GLY:H	0.72	0.85
1:A:94:GLY:HA3	1:A:95:LYS:CD	2.09	0.77
1:B:117:ARG:HD3	1:B:158:ASN:OD1	1.86	0.76
1:A:94:GLY:CA	1:A:95:LYS:HD3	2.12	0.75
1:A:94:GLY:HA3	1:A:95:LYS:HB3	1.69	0.75
1:B:112:THR:HG23	3:B:236:HOH:O	1.91	0.71
1:A:94:GLY:CA	1:A:95:LYS:HB3	2.21	0.70
1:B:129:ILE:HD11	1:B:150:ILE:HD12	1.73	0.70
1:A:121:TYR:HB3	1:A:154:ILE:HD13	1.74	0.68
1:A:121:TYR:HB3	1:A:154:ILE:CD1	2.24	0.67
1:A:76:GLU:H	1:A:79:ASN:ND2	1.95	0.64
1:B:68:ASN:ND2	1:B:73:ARG:HH12	1.97	0.63



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Continuea from prev		Interatomic	Clash	
Atom-1	Atom-2	${\rm distance} \; (\mathring{\rm A})$	overlap (Å)	
1:A:68:ASN:HD22	1:A:73:ARG:HH12	1.47	0.62	
1:A:161:LYS:O	1:A:164:SER:HB2	2.00	0.61	
1:B:101:ASN:HD22	1:B:103:LYS:NZ	1.98	0.61	
1:A:93:LEU:H	1:A:93:LEU:HD23	1.65	0.61	
1:B:110:ASN:HD21	1:B:112:THR:HG23	1.66	0.61	
1:A:18:ASN:HB2	1:A:21:THR:HG23	1.82	0.61	
1:B:18:ASN:HA	1:B:19:ASP:O	2.02	0.59	
1:B:76:GLU:H	1:B:79:ASN:ND2	2.02	0.57	
1:A:68:ASN:ND2	1:A:73:ARG:HH12	2.03	0.56	
1:B:121:TYR:HB3	1:B:154:ILE:CD1	2.36	0.55	
1:A:19:ASP:OD1	1:A:19:ASP:N	2.40	0.55	
1:B:110:ASN:HD21	1:B:112:THR:CG2	2.20	0.54	
1:B:129:ILE:HD11	1:B:150:ILE:CD1	2.36	0.54	
1:B:110:ASN:ND2	1:B:112:THR:HG23	2.22	0.54	
1:A:115:GLU:O	1:A:116:ASP:HB2	2.08	0.52	
1:A:94:GLY:HA3	1:A:95:LYS:CB	2.37	0.52	
1:B:161:LYS:O	1:B:165:ILE:HG12	2.10	0.52	
1:B:19:ASP:N	1:B:19:ASP:OD1	2.44	0.51	
1:B:68:ASN:HD22	1:B:73:ARG:HH12	1.58	0.50	
1:A:19:ASP:HA	1:A:21:THR:H	1.77	0.50	
1:B:17:LYS:O	1:B:18:ASN:HB2	2.11	0.49	
1:A:95:LYS:CG	1:A:96:GLY:N	2.38	0.48	
1:B:110:ASN:ND2	3:B:236:HOH:O	2.41	0.48	
1:B:68:ASN:HD22	1:B:73:ARG:NH1	2.12	0.47	
1:A:141:ASN:ND2	1:A:179:ASN:H	2.11	0.47	
1:A:19:ASP:HB3	1:A:22:GLN:CG	2.44	0.47	
1:B:117:ARG:NH2	1:B:160:PRO:HB3	2.30	0.47	
1:A:111:ILE:HD12	1:A:120:VAL:HG22	1.97	0.47	
1:A:102:ILE:HD12	1:A:179:ASN:HB3	1.98	0.46	
1:A:94:GLY:CA	1:A:95:LYS:CB	2.94	0.45	
1:A:19:ASP:HB3	1:A:22:GLN:HG3	1.99	0.45	
1:B:68:ASN:ND2	1:B:73:ARG:NH1	2.65	0.44	
1:B:117:ARG:CD	1:B:158:ASN:OD1	2.62	0.44	
1:A:184:ASN:N	1:A:184:ASN:HD22	2.16	0.43	
1:B:86:ARG:HD2	1:B:86:ARG:HA	1.36	0.43	
1:B:121:TYR:HD1	1:B:154:ILE:HD11	1.83	0.43	
1:B:86:ARG:NH2	3:B:192:HOH:O	2.43	0.43	
1:A:9:ALA:HB1	1:A:80:LYS:HG3	2.01	0.43	
1:A:17:LYS:HB3	1:A:19:ASP:OD1	2.19	0.42	
1:B:19:ASP:HB2	1:B:20:ASP:H	1.64	0.42	
1:A:154:ILE:HG13	3:A:249:HOH:O	2.20	0.41	



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Atom-1	Atom-2	$egin{array}{c}  ext{Interatomic} \  ext{distance} \ ( ext{Å}) \end{array}$	$egin{aligned}  ext{Clash} \  ext{overlap } ( ext{Å}) \end{aligned}$
1:A:155:ILE:HD11	1:A:157:ILE:HG13	2.01	0.41
1:A:155:ILE:HD11	1:A:157:ILE:CG1	2.51	0.41
1:A:18:ASN:HB2	1:A:21:THR:CG2	2.50	0.41
2:B:191:DLZ:H1'	2:B:191:DLZ:H7	1.72	0.40
1:B:153:ASP:N	1:B:153:ASP:OD1	2.55	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	177/190 (93%)	170 (96%)	6 (3%)	1 (1%)	25 19
1	В	173/190 (91%)	166 (96%)	5 (3%)	2 (1%)	13 7
All	All	350/380~(92%)	336 (96%)	11 (3%)	3 (1%)	17 11

#### All (3) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	95	LYS
1	В	18	ASN
1	В	19	ASP

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.



Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	160/169~(95%)	146 (91%)	14 (9%)	10 6
1	В	157/169 (93%)	147 (94%)	10 (6%)	17 13
All	All	317/338 (94%)	293 (92%)	24 (8%)	13 8

All (24) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	14	LYS
1	A	19	ASP
1	A	30	LYS
1	A	67	ILE
1	A	80	LYS
1	A	93	LEU
1	A	95	LYS
1	A	114	GLU
1	A	127	ASP
1	A	128	LEU
1	A	133	LEU
1	A	154	ILE
1	A	155	ILE
1	A	184	ASN
1	В	19	ASP
1	В	20	ASP
1	В	86	ARG
1	В	117	ARG
1	В	148	GLU
1	В	149	GLU
1	В	150	ILE
1	В	152	ASP
1	В	154	ILE
1	В	183	LEU

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (11) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	${f Res}$	Type
1	A	68	ASN
1	A	79	ASN
1	A	101	ASN
1	A	110	ASN
1	A	141	ASN
1	A	184	ASN



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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	24	HIS
1	В	68	ASN
1	В	79	ASN
1	В	101	ASN
1	В	110	ASN

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

## 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

2 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol Type Cha	Chain	Chain Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles			
	Chain		Link	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2	
2	DLZ	В	191	-	21,24,24	2.94	8 (38%)	22,35,35	1.95	6 (27%)
2	DLZ	A	191	-	21,24,24	2.93	6 (28%)	22,35,35	2.71	9 (40%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.



Mol	Type	Chain	$\operatorname{Res}$	Link	Chirals	${f Torsions}$	Rings
2	DLZ	В	191	-	-	0/14/14/14	0/2/2/2
2	DLZ	A	191	-	=	0/14/14/14	0/2/2/2

All (14) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(\text{\AA})$
2	A	191	DLZ	C5A-N5	7.22	1.41	1.32
2	A	191	DLZ	C4A-N5	6.77	1.43	1.33
2	В	191	DLZ	C5A-N5	6.36	1.40	1.32
2	В	191	DLZ	C6-C5A	-5.75	1.40	1.50
2	A	191	DLZ	C6-C5A	-5.39	1.41	1.50
2	В	191	DLZ	C8-N1	5.11	1.39	1.33
2	A	191	DLZ	C7-C7A	-4.81	1.40	1.49
2	В	191	DLZ	C1'-N8	4.65	1.53	1.48
2	В	191	DLZ	C7-C7A	-4.34	1.41	1.49
2	В	191	DLZ	C4-N3	4.21	1.40	1.33
2	A	191	DLZ	C8-N1	3.73	1.38	1.33
2	В	191	DLZ	C4A-N5	3.66	1.38	1.33
2	A	191	DLZ	C4-N3	3.37	1.38	1.33
2	В	191	DLZ	C2-N3	2.25	1.42	1.38

All (15) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
2	A	191	DLZ	C4-N3-C2	6.46	120.60	115.14
2	В	191	DLZ	C4-N3-C2	5.57	119.85	115.14
2	A	191	DLZ	C8-C4A-N5	-5.16	117.69	121.26
2	A	191	DLZ	C4-C4A-N5	5.14	124.47	118.60
2	A	191	DLZ	C5A-N5-C4A	3.66	121.81	118.16
2	В	191	DLZ	C5'-C4'-C3'	-3.58	104.65	112.41
2	A	191	DLZ	C4-C4A-C8	-3.20	117.83	119.95
2	В	191	DLZ	C5A-N5-C4A	3.11	121.26	118.16
2	A	191	DLZ	C6-C5A-N5	2.84	121.23	116.97
2	В	191	DLZ	C7A-C5A-N5	-2.71	118.55	122.23
2	A	191	DLZ	O5'-C5'-C4'	-2.52	105.57	111.07
2	A	191	DLZ	C7A-C5A-N5	-2.47	118.87	122.23
2	A	191	DLZ	C4A-C4-N3	-2.45	120.08	123.43
2	В	191	DLZ	C4A-C4-N3	-2.31	120.27	123.43
2	В	191	DLZ	C4-C4A-N5	2.05	120.94	118.60

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.



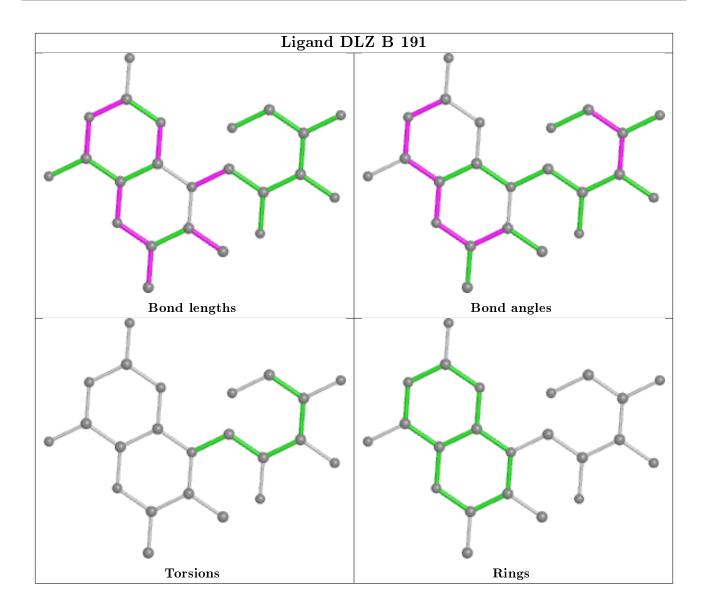
There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 1 short contact:

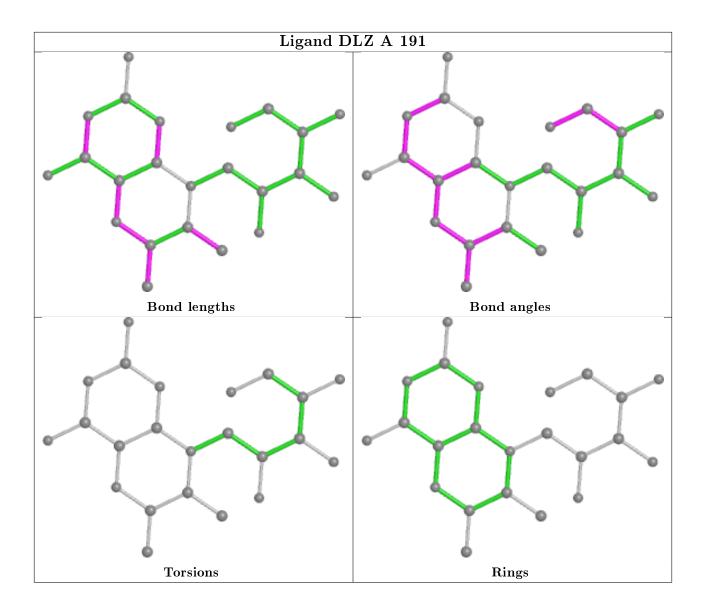
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	В	191	DLZ	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.









## 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



# 6 Fit of model and data (i)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	$oxed{ \  \  } Analysed \  \  \  \  \  \  \  \  \  \  \  \  \ $		$\#\mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$	$OWAB(A^2)$	Q<0.9
1	A	180/190 (94%)	-0.15	7 (3%) 39 38	4, 16, 39, 45	3 (1%)
1	В	177/190 (93%)	-0.26	4 (2%) 60 59	9, 17, 33, 48	1 (0%)
All	All	357/380 (93%)	-0.21	11 (3%) 49 48	4, 17, 37, 48	4 (1%)

All (11) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	${f Res}$	Type	RSRZ
1	В	18	ASN	4.3
1	В	20	ASP	4.2
1	A	135	GLU	4.0
1	В	19	ASP	3.4
1	A	35	SER	3.3
1	A	184	ASN	2.8
1	A	127	ASP	2.8
1	A	93	LEU	2.5
1	A	19	ASP	2.4
1	A	73	ARG	2.3
1	В	13	LYS	2.1

## 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

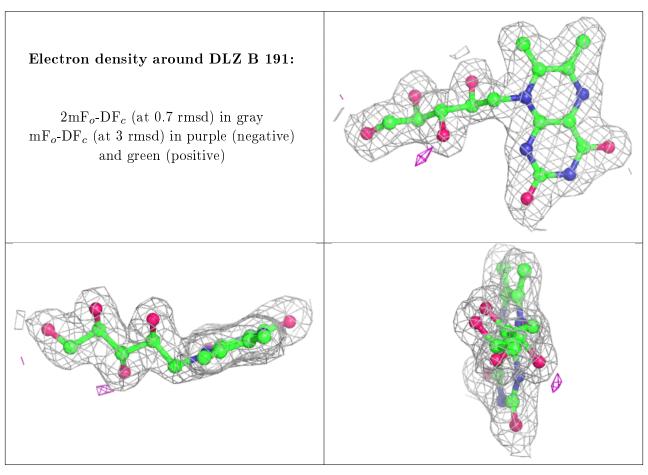


## 6.4 Ligands (i)

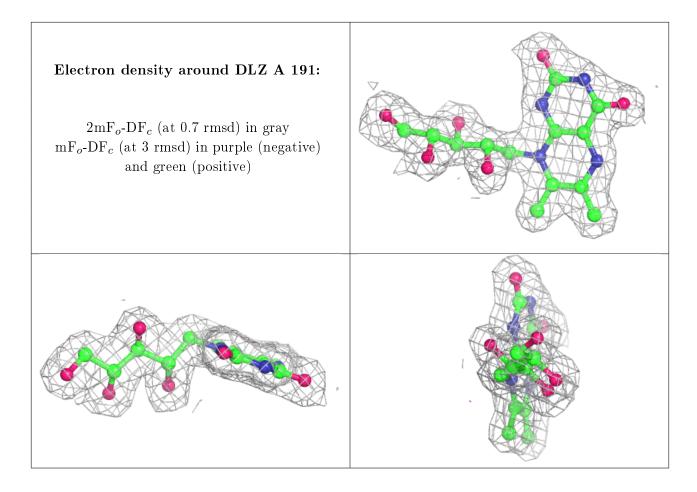
In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	${f B-factors}({f A}^2)$	Q < 0.9
2	DLZ	В	191	23/23	0.96	0.10	11,13,14,16	0
2	DLZ	A	191	23/23	0.98	0.09	6,8,10,12	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.







## 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

