

# Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report (i)

### Nov 7, 2023 – 07:11 pm GMT

PDB ID : 4A4G BMRB ID : 18007

Title: Solution structure of SMN Tudor domain in complex with asymmetrically

dimethylated arginine

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Deposited on : 2011-10-12

This is a Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

Cyrange : Kirchner and Güntert (2011)

NmrClust : Kelley et al. (1996)

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Mogul : 1.8.4, CSD as541be (2020)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

wwPDB-RCI : v 1n 11 5 13 A (Berjanski et al., 2005)

PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)

wwPDB-ShiftChecker : v1.2

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

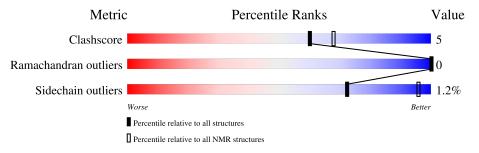
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36

# 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:  $SOLUTION\ NMR$ 

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 86%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	NMR archive
Metric	$(\#  ext{Entries})$	$(\#  ext{Entries})$
Clashscore	158937	12864
Ramachandran outliers	154571	11451
Sidechain outliers	154315	11428

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain				
1	A	64	69%	12%	19%		



# 2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 20 models. Model 5 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues					
Well-defined core	Residue range (total)	Backbone RMSD (Å)	Medoid model		
1	A:92-A:143 (52)	0.17	5		

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 4 clusters and 5 single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	3, 4, 5, 9, 10, 12, 15, 17
2	2, 18, 20
3	13, 14
4	11, 16
Single-model clusters	1; 6; 7; 8; 19



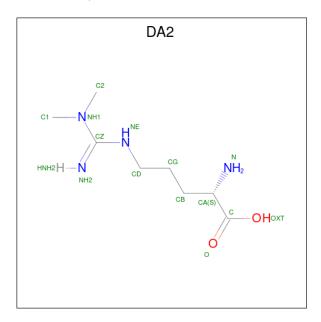
# 3 Entry composition (i)

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 1004 atoms, of which 494 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called SURVIVAL MOTOR NEURON PROTEIN.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					Trace	
1	Λ	6.4	Total	С	Н	N	О	S	0
1	1 A 64	971	309	475	81	102	4	U	

• Molecule 2 is NG,NG-DIMETHYL-L-ARGININE (three-letter code: DA2) (formula:  $C_8H_{18}N_4O_2$ ).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms Total C H N O				
2	Λ	1	Total	С	Н	N	О
2	A	1	33	8	19	4	2



# 4 Residue-property plots (i)

### 4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: SURVIVAL MOTOR NEURON PROTEIN

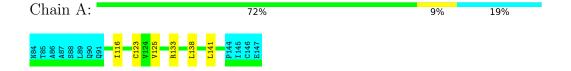


### 4.2 Scores per residue for each member of the ensemble

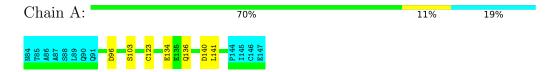
Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

#### 4.2.1 Score per residue for model 1

• Molecule 1: SURVIVAL MOTOR NEURON PROTEIN



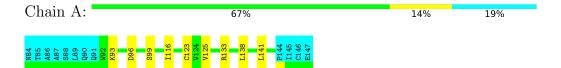
#### 4.2.2 Score per residue for model 2





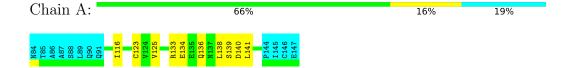
### 4.2.3 Score per residue for model 3

• Molecule 1: SURVIVAL MOTOR NEURON PROTEIN



#### 4.2.4 Score per residue for model 4

• Molecule 1: SURVIVAL MOTOR NEURON PROTEIN



### 4.2.5 Score per residue for model 5 (medoid)

• Molecule 1: SURVIVAL MOTOR NEURON PROTEIN

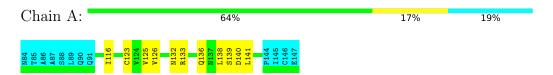


#### 4.2.6 Score per residue for model 6

• Molecule 1: SURVIVAL MOTOR NEURON PROTEIN



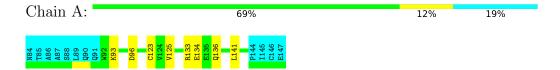
#### 4.2.7 Score per residue for model 7





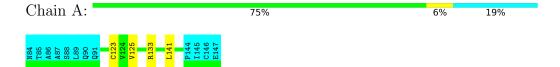
### 4.2.8 Score per residue for model 8

• Molecule 1: SURVIVAL MOTOR NEURON PROTEIN



#### 4.2.9 Score per residue for model 9

• Molecule 1: SURVIVAL MOTOR NEURON PROTEIN



### 4.2.10 Score per residue for model 10

• Molecule 1: SURVIVAL MOTOR NEURON PROTEIN

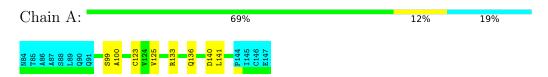


### 4.2.11 Score per residue for model 11

• Molecule 1: SURVIVAL MOTOR NEURON PROTEIN



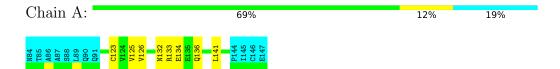
### 4.2.12 Score per residue for model 12





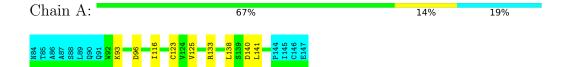
### 4.2.13 Score per residue for model 13

• Molecule 1: SURVIVAL MOTOR NEURON PROTEIN



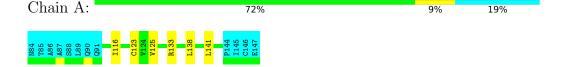
#### 4.2.14 Score per residue for model 14

• Molecule 1: SURVIVAL MOTOR NEURON PROTEIN



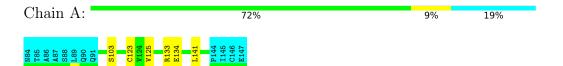
### 4.2.15 Score per residue for model 15

• Molecule 1: SURVIVAL MOTOR NEURON PROTEIN

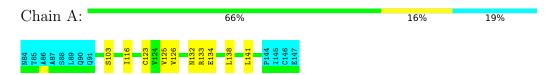


### 4.2.16 Score per residue for model 16

• Molecule 1: SURVIVAL MOTOR NEURON PROTEIN



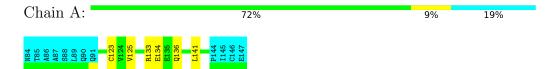
### 4.2.17 Score per residue for model 17





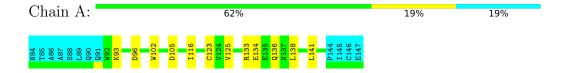
### 4.2.18 Score per residue for model 18

• Molecule 1: SURVIVAL MOTOR NEURON PROTEIN

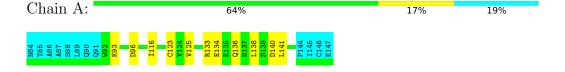


### 4.2.19 Score per residue for model 19

• Molecule 1: SURVIVAL MOTOR NEURON PROTEIN



### 4.2.20 Score per residue for model 20





# 5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i)



The models were refined using the following method: *simulated annealing*.

Of the 200 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: LOWEST ENERGY.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
CNS	refinement	
TALOS	structure solution	
CYANA	structure solution	
CNS	structure solution	

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	728
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	728
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	86%



# 6 Model quality (i)

## 6.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: DA2

There are no covalent bond-length or bond-angle outliers.

There are no bond-length outliers.

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

## 6.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	408	389	389	4±1
All	All	8440	8160	8100	78

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 5.

All unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	$Distance(\mathring{A})$	Models	
Atom-1	Om-1 Atom-2 Clas		Distance(A)	Worst	Total
1:A:123:CYS:SG	1:A:141:LEU:HD11	0.65	2.31	6	20
1:A:125:VAL:O	1:A:133:ARG:HA	0.53	2.04	7	19
1:A:103:SER:HB2	1:A:134:GLU:OE1	0.52	2.04	5	5
1:A:93:LYS:HG2	1:A:96:ASP:OD2	0.51	2.06	14	7
1:A:134:GLU:HG3	1:A:136:GLN:OE1	0.47	2.09	8	10
1:A:102:TRP:HA	1:A:127:TYR:OH	0.45	2.12	10	1
1:A:102:TRP:CE3	1:A:105:ASP:HB2	0.45	2.46	19	1
1:A:116:ILE:HG23	1:A:138:LEU:HD21	0.45	1.89	10	11
1:A:126:VAL:HA	1:A:132:ASN:O	0.43	2.13	17	3
1:A:100:ALA:HB1	1:A:136:GLN:NE2	0.41	2.30	12	1



## 6.3 Torsion angles (i)

### 6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers Perce		centiles	
1	A	52/64 (81%)	52±0 (100±0%)	0±0 (0±0%)	0±0 (0±0%)	100	100	
All	All	1040/1280 (81%)	1040 (100%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	100	100	

There are no Ramachandran outliers.

### 6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	A	45/55~(82%)	44±1 (99±2%)	1±1 (1±2%)	72	96
All	All	900/1100 (82%)	889 (99%)	11 (1%)	72	96

All 5 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	140	ASP	7
1	A	96	ASP	1
1	A	133	ARG	1
1	A	136	GLN	1
1	A	139	SER	1

### 6.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.



## 6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 6.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

## 6.6 Ligand geometry (i)

1 ligand is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds that are observed in the model and the number of bonds that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths.

Mol	Type	Chain	Pos	Link		Bond len	$\operatorname{gths}$
WIOI	туре	Chain	nes	Link	Counts	RMSZ	$\#Z{>}2$
2	DA2	A	1148	-	11,13,13	$1.10\pm0.03$	2±0 (15±3%)

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of angles for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of angles that are observed in the model and the number of angles that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond angle is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond angle with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond angles.

Mal	Mol Type	Chain	Pos	Link	Bond angles			
IVIOI	туре	Chain	$\frac{1}{2}$ Res   Lin	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2	
2	DA2	A	1148	-	13,16,16	$0.91 \pm 0.05$	$1\pm0 \ (6\pm2\%)$	

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	DA2	A	1148	-	-	$0\pm0,15,15,15$	-



All unique bond outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mal	Chain	Dec	Tuno	$f De egin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$		Observed (Å)	Ideal(Å)	Mod	dels
MIOI	Chain	nes	туре	Atoms	L	Observed(A)	ideai(A)	Worst	Total
2	A	1148	DA2	CZ-NH1	2.50	1.30	1.35	4	20
2	A	1148	DA2	OXT-C	2.31	1.23	1.30	19	15

All unique angle outliers are listed below.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}({}^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$	Moo Worst	
2	A	1148	DA2	CD-NE-CZ	2.37	127.37	122.21	14	18

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

## 6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

# 6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



# 7 Chemical shift validation (i)

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 86% for the well-defined parts and 86% for the entire structure.

### 7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working\_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: 4A4G

### 7.1.1 Bookkeeping (i)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	728
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	728
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	3

### 7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing (i)

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	Correction $\pm$ precision, $ppm$	Suggested action
$^{13}\mathrm{C}_{\alpha}$	62	$-0.27 \pm 0.13$	None needed ( $< 0.5 \text{ ppm}$ )
$^{13}C_{\beta}$	60	$-0.07 \pm 0.25$	None needed ( $< 0.5 \text{ ppm}$ )
<sup>13</sup> C′	0	_	None (insufficient data)
$^{15}N$	60	$0.72 \pm 0.34$	Should be applied

## 7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments (i)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 86%, i.e. 585 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 678. 0 out of 7 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	$^{1}\mathbf{H}$	$^{13}\mathbf{C}$	$^{15}\mathbf{N}$
Backbone	207/262 (79%)	106/107 (99%)	51/104 (49%)	50/51 (98%)
Sidechain	320/355~(90%)	218/230 (95%)	99/113 (88%)	3/12 (25%)

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	Total	$^{1}\mathbf{H}$	$^{13}\mathbf{C}$	$^{15}\mathbf{N}$
Aromatic	58/61 (95%)	29/29 (100%)	27/30 (90%)	2/2 (100%)
Overall	585/678 (86%)	353/366 (96%)	177/247 (72%)	55/65 (85%)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the full structure. The overall completeness is 86%, i.e. 712 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 825. 0 out of 8 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	$^{1}\mathrm{H}$	$^{13}\mathbf{C}$	$^{15}{ m N}$
Backbone	$249/320 \ (78\%)$	$127/130 \ (98\%)$	62/128~(48%)	60/62 (97%)
Sidechain	405/444 (91%)	$276/288 \ (96\%)$	123/141 (87%)	6/15 (40%)
Aromatic	58/61 (95%)	29/29 (100%)	27/30 (90%)	2/2 (100%)
Overall	712/825 (86%)	432/447 (97%)	212/299 (71%)	68/79 (86%)

### 7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts (i)

The following table lists the statistically unusual chemical shifts. These are statistical measures, and large deviations from the mean do not necessarily imply incorrect assignments. Molecules containing paramagnetic centres or hemes are expected to give rise to anomalous chemical shifts.

List Id	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift, ppm	Expected range, ppm	Z-score
1	A	104	GLU	HB2	-0.22	1.00 - 3.05	-10.9
1	A	104	GLU	HB3	0.40	0.95 - 3.05	-7.6
1	A	104	GLU	Н	5.03	5.45 - 11.20	-5.8

# 7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots (i)

The image below reports random coil index values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition. If well-defined core and ill-defined regions are not identified then it is shown as gray bars.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:



