

# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

#### Apr 28, 2024 – 01:15 pm BST

PDB ID	:	4A7K
Title	:	Bifunctional Aldos-2-ulose dehydratase
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Deposited on	:	2011-11-14
Resolution	:	2.00  Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

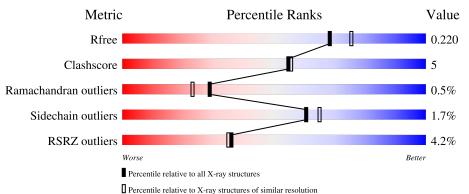
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	1.8.4, CSD as $541$ be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.13
$\mathrm{EDS}$	:	2.36.2
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac	:	5.8.0158
CCP4	:	7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.36.2

# 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:  $X\text{-}RAY \, DIFFRACTION$ 

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.00 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Whole archive} \\ \textbf{(\#Entries)} \end{array}$	${f Similar\ resolution}\ (\#{ m Entries,\ resolution\ range}({ m \AA}))$
$R_{free}$	130704	8085 (2.00-2.00)
Clashscore	141614	9178 (2.00-2.00)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	9054 (2.00-2.00)
Sidechain outliers	138945	9053 (2.00-2.00)
RSRZ outliers	127900	7900 (2.00-2.00)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain		
			4%		
1	А	900	86%	11%	••

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
4	GOL	А	1900	-	-	Х	-

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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
4	GOL	А	1902	-	-	Х	-



# 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 5 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 7414 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called ALDOS-2-ULOSE DEHYDRATASE.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Α	toms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	А	879	Total 6827	C 4335	N 1190	O 1269	S 33	0	6	0

There are 3 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	?	-	THR	deletion	UNP P84193
А	?	-	GLY	deletion	UNP P84193
А	?	-	HIS	deletion	UNP P84193

• Molecule 2 is ZINC ION (three-letter code: ZN) (formula: Zn).

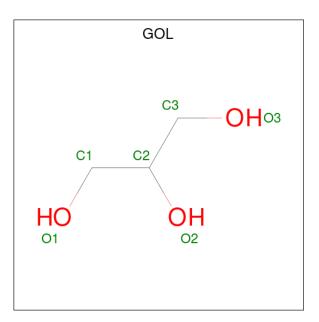
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	А	3	Total Zn 3 3	0	0

• Molecule 3 is MAGNESIUM ION (three-letter code: MG) (formula: Mg).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	А	1	Total Mg 1 1	0	0

• Molecule 4 is GLYCEROL (three-letter code: GOL) (formula:  $C_3H_8O_3$ ).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	А	1	$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Total} & \text{C} & \text{O} \\ 6 & 3 & 3 \end{array}$	0	0
4	А	1	$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Total}  \text{C}  \text{O} \\ 6  3  3 \end{array}$	0	0
4	А	1	$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Total} & \text{C} & \text{O} \\ 6 & 3 & 3 \end{array}$	0	0
4	А	1	$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Total} & \text{C} & \text{O} \\ 6 & 3 & 3 \end{array}$	0	0
4	А	1	$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Total} & \text{C} & \text{O} \\ 6 & 3 & 3 \end{array}$	0	0

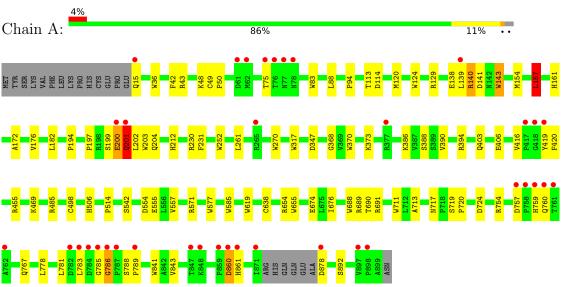
• Molecule 5 is water.

[	Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
	5	А	553	Total O 553 553	0	0



# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.



• Molecule 1: ALDOS-2-ULOSE DEHYDRATASE



## 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 2	Depositor
Cell constants	132.99Å 79.74Å 96.88Å	Depositor
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	$90.00^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	35.97 - 2.00	Depositor
Resolution (A)	35.53 - 2.00	EDS
% Data completeness	95.2 (35.97-2.00)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	95.2 (35.53-2.00)	EDS
R <sub>merge</sub>	0.09	Depositor
R <sub>sym</sub>	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	$2.14 (at 2.00 \text{\AA})$	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.6.0116	Depositor
D D	0.172 , $0.219$	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.173 , $0.220$	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	3387 reflections $(5.06%)$	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor $(Å^2)$	25.1	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.203	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.39, 56.2	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$ \langle L  \rangle = 0.49, \langle L^2 \rangle = 0.33$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.96	EDS
Total number of atoms	7414	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms $(Å^2)$	31.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.92% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

# 5 Model quality (i)

### 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: MG, ZN, GOL

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Chain	Bo	nd lengths	Bond angles	
Mol Chain	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	
1	А	0.97	13/7042~(0.2%)	0.89	7/9620~(0.1%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers $#$ Planarity outlier	
1	А	0	1

The worst 5 of 13 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Ζ	Observed(A)	Ideal(Å)
1	А	203	TRP	CD2-CE2	6.14	1.48	1.41
1	А	124	TRP	CD2-CE2	6.09	1.48	1.41
1	А	841	TRP	CD2-CE2	5.86	1.48	1.41
1	А	585	TRP	CD2-CE2	5.86	1.48	1.41
1	А	619	TRP	CD2-CE2	5.82	1.48	1.41

The worst 5 of 7 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\mathbf{Observed}(^{o})$	$\mathbf{Ideal}(^{o})$
1	А	347	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	7.86	125.37	118.30
1	А	571	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-6.71	116.95	120.30
1	А	691	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	-5.85	117.38	120.30
1	А	394	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-5.71	117.45	120.30
1	А	347	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	-5.67	113.20	118.30

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	А	785	GLY	Peptide

#### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	А	6827	0	6577	68	0
2	А	3	0	0	0	0
3	А	1	0	0	0	0
4	А	30	0	40	11	0
5	А	553	0	0	9	0
All	All	7414	0	6617	70	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 5.

The worst 5 of 70 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:42:PHE:H	4:A:1900:GOL:H31	1.22	1.01
1:A:50:PRO:HA	4:A:1900:GOL:O3	1.72	0.88
1:A:416[B]:VAL:HG23	1:A:419:TYR:HB3	1.61	0.81
1:A:690:THR:H	4:A:1902:GOL:H31	1.44	0.80
1:A:860:ASP:HB3	1:A:861:HIS:ND1	1.97	0.80

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

#### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.



Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	А	881/900 ( $98%$ )	847 (96%)	30~(3%)	4 (0%)	29 23

All (4) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	А	202	LEU
1	А	201	GLN
1	А	200	GLU
1	А	860	ASP

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	А	728/742~(98%)	716~(98%)	12 (2%)	62 67

5 of 12 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	А	760	GLN
1	А	781	LEU
1	А	892	SER
1	А	843	VAL
1	А	201	GLN

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (5) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	А	212	HIS
1	А	759	HIS
1	А	760	GLN
1	А	767	GLN
1	А	823	ASN



#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

#### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

### 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 9 ligands modelled in this entry, 4 are monoatomic - leaving 5 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Mol Type Chain Res		Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles			
	woi Type Cham Re	nes		Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	
4	GOL	А	1903	-	$5,\!5,\!5$	0.55	0	$5,\!5,\!5$	0.28	0
4	GOL	А	1902	-	$5,\!5,\!5$	0.57	0	$5,\!5,\!5$	0.83	0
4	GOL	А	1904	-	$5,\!5,\!5$	0.51	0	$5,\!5,\!5$	0.74	0
4	GOL	А	1900	-	$5,\!5,\!5$	0.73	0	$5,\!5,\!5$	1.02	0
4	GOL	А	1901	-	$5,\!5,\!5$	0.47	0	$5,\!5,\!5$	1.00	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	GOL	А	1903	-	-	2/4/4/4	-
4	GOL	А	1902	-	-	4/4/4/4	-
4	GOL	А	1904	-	-	0/4/4/4	-
4	GOL	А	1900	-	-	0/4/4/4	-
4	GOL	А	1901	-	-	4/4/4/4	-



There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 10 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
4	А	1901	GOL	O1-C1-C2-C3
4	А	1902	GOL	O1-C1-C2-O2
4	А	1902	GOL	O1-C1-C2-C3
4	А	1902	GOL	C1-C2-C3-O3
4	А	1903	GOL	O1-C1-C2-O2

There are no ring outliers.

4 monomers are involved in 11 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	А	1903	GOL	1	0
4	А	1902	GOL	4	0
4	А	1900	GOL	5	0
4	А	1901	GOL	1	0

### 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

#### 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



## 6 Fit of model and data (i)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ> 2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	$\langle RSRZ \rangle$	#RSRZ>2	$OWAB(Å^2)$	Q<0.9
1	А	879/900~(97%)	-0.17	37 (4%) 36 35	18, 28, 53, 103	1 (0%)

The worst 5 of 37 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	А	759	HIS	9.2
1	А	76	THR	8.9
1	А	785	GLY	6.5
1	А	77	ASN	6.3
1	А	784	ASP	5.4

#### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

#### 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

### 6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-factors}(\mathrm{\AA}^2)$	Q<0.9
4	GOL	А	1900	6/6	0.91	0.17	30,32,36,49	0
4	GOL	А	1902	6/6	0.92	0.34	25,42,49,56	0

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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$B-factors(A^2)$	Q<0.9
4	GOL	А	1901	6/6	0.93	0.14	37,41,47,52	0
4	GOL	А	1903	6/6	0.93	0.20	33,37,37,39	6
4	GOL	А	1904	6/6	0.97	0.11	28,29,30,30	0
2	ZN	А	951	1/1	0.98	0.09	30,30,30,30	1
3	MG	А	953	1/1	0.99	0.05	34,34,34,34	0
2	ZN	А	950	1/1	1.00	0.09	23,23,23,23	0
2	ZN	А	952	1/1	1.00	0.07	23,23,23,23	0

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### 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

