

# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

#### Dec 14, 2023 – 12:46 am GMT

PDB ID : 4AA2

Title: Crystal structure of ANCE in complex with bradykinin potentiating peptide

b

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Deposited on : 2011-11-30

Resolution : 1.99 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467

Mogul : 1.8.4, CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13 EDS : 2.36

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

 $Refmac \quad : \quad 5.8.0158$ 

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

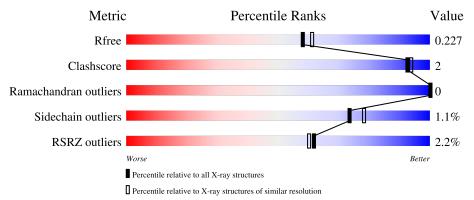
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36

### 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$ 

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.99 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	Similar resolution
Metric	$(\#  ext{Entries})$	$(\#  ext{Entries},  ext{ resolution range}( ext{Å}))$
$R_{free}$	130704	8085 (2.00-2.00)
Clashscore	141614	9178 (2.00-2.00)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	9054 (2.00-2.00)
Sidechain outliers	138945	9053 (2.00-2.00)
RSRZ outliers	127900	7900 (2.00-2.00)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain					
1	A	598	2% 95% 5%					
2	Р	11	27%	18%	9%	45%		
3	В	6	17%		83%			



## 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 6 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 5451 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called ANGIOTENSIN-CONVERTING ENZYME.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace	
1	Λ	598	Total	С	N	О	S	0	9	0
1	A	990	4883	3124	806	933	20	0	2	U

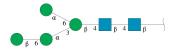
• Molecule 2 is a protein called BRADYKININ-POTENTIATING PEPTIDE B.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	Р	6	Total	С	N	О	0	0	0
	1	O	50	33	10	7			U

There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
Р	1	GLU	GLN	conflict	UNP P01021

• Molecule 3 is an oligosaccharide called beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)-alpha-D-mannopyranose e-(1-3)-[alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)]beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



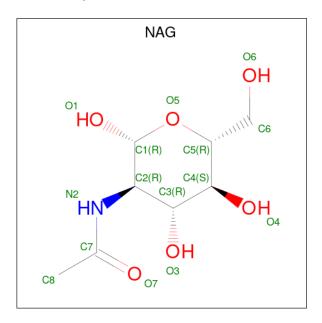
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
3	В	6	Total 72	C 40	N 2	O 30	0	0	0

• Molecule 4 is ZINC ION (three-letter code: ZN) (formula: Zn).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total Zn 1 1	0	0



 $\bullet$  Molecule 5 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (three-letter code: NAG) (formula:  $C_8H_{15}NO_6).$ 



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	1	Total 14			O 5	0	0
5	A	1	Total 14	C 8		O 5	0	0

• Molecule 6 is water.

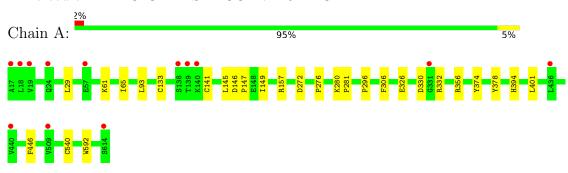
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	415	Total O 415 415	0	0
6	Р	2	Total O 2 2	0	0



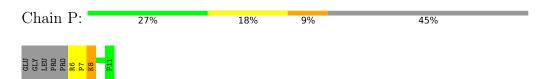
### 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: ANGIOTENSIN-CONVERTING ENZYME



• Molecule 2: BRADYKININ-POTENTIATING PEPTIDE B



 $\bullet \ \, Molecule \ 3: \ \, beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)-alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-[alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)] \\ beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-bet$ 





## 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	H 3	Depositor
Cell constants	173.21Å 173.21Å 102.90Å	Depositor
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	90.00° 90.00° 120.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	38.10 - 1.99	Depositor
Resolution (A)	38.10 - 1.99	EDS
% Data completeness	90.2 (38.10-1.99)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	90.2 (38.10-1.99)	EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.05	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	3.16 (at 2.00Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.5.0109	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.203 , 0.226	Depositor
·	0.204 , 0.227	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	3561 reflections $(5.01%)$	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor $(A^2)$	34.3	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.231	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.35, 39.4	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$< L > = 0.50, < L^2> = 0.34$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	$\begin{array}{c} 0.008 \; \text{for} \; -2/3*\text{h-}1/3*\text{k-}4/3*\text{l,-}1/3*\text{h-}2/3*\text{k} + \\ \; 4/3*\text{l,-}1/3*\text{h+}1/3*\text{k+}1/3*\text{l} \\ 0.000 \; \text{for} \; -\text{h,1}/3*\text{h-}1/3*\text{k-}4/3*\text{l,-}1/3*\text{h-}2/3*\text{k} \\ \; +1/3*\text{l} \\ 0.000 \; \text{for} \; -1/3*\text{h+}1/3*\text{k+}4/3*\text{l,-k,2}/3*\text{h+}1/3*\text{l} \\ 0.000 \; \text{for} \; -\text{h,2}/3*\text{h+}1/3*\text{k}+4/3*\text{l,1}/3*\text{h+}2/3 \\ \; & \text{k-}1/3*\text{l} \\ 0.012 \; \text{for} \; -\text{l/3*\text{h-}2/3*\text{k+}4/3*\text{l,-2}/3*\text{h-}1/3*\text{k-}} \\ 4/3*\text{l,1}/3*\text{h-}1/3*\text{k-}1/3*\text{l} \\ 0.000 \; \text{for} \; 1/3*\text{h+}2/3*\text{k-}4/3*\text{l,-k,-2}/3*\text{h-}1/3* \\ \; & \text{k-}1/3*\text{l} \\ 0.017 \; \text{for} \; \text{h,-h-k,-l} \end{array}$	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.96	EDS
Total number of atoms	5451	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	37.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.16% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $<L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

### 5 Model quality (i)

#### 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: ZN, BMA, NAG, MAN

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	
1	A	0.40	0/5015	0.49	0/6796	
2	Р	0.47	0/52	0.50	0/69	
All	All	0.40	0/5067	0.49	0/6865	

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

#### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	4883	0	4677	12	0
2	Р	50	0	57	3	0
3	В	72	0	61	0	0
4	A	1	0	0	0	0
5	A	28	0	26	0	0
6	A	415	0	0	0	0
6	Р	2	0	0	1	0
All	All	5451	0	4821	15	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 2.



All (15) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic	Clash
Atom-1	Atom-2	${f distance} ({f A})$	overlap (Å)
2:P:6:ARG:HG2	2:P:7:PRO:HD2	1.35	1.08
1:A:61:LYS:O	1:A:65:ILE:HG12	1.86	0.75
1:A:276:PRO:HB3	1:A:592:TRP:CH2	2.36	0.61
1:A:157:ARG:NH2	1:A:272:ASP:OD1	2.39	0.55
2:P:6:ARG:CG	2:P:7:PRO:HD2	2.24	0.55
1:A:306:PHE:CD1	1:A:401:LEU:HD13	2.48	0.49
1:A:133:CYS:HA	1:A:141:CYS:HA	1.96	0.48
1:A:29:LEU:HD12	1:A:93:LEU:HD22	1.96	0.48
1:A:280:LYS:HB3	1:A:281:PRO:HD2	1.99	0.45
1:A:147:PRO:HB3	1:A:356:ARG:HD3	1.99	0.45
1:A:330:ASP:OD1	1:A:332:ARG:HD3	2.18	0.43
1:A:296:PRO:HG2	1:A:326:GLU:HG2	2.02	0.41
1:A:146:ASP:HA	1:A:147:PRO:HA	1.81	0.41
2:P:8:LYS:HE2	6:P:2001:HOH:O	2.21	0.40
1:A:145:LEU:HA	1:A:149:ILE:HB	2.03	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

#### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Favoured Allowed		Percentiles		
1	A	598/598 (100%)	589 (98%)	9 (2%)	0	100	100	
2	Р	4/11 (36%)	4 (100%)	0	0	100	100	
All	All	602/609 (99%)	593 (98%)	9 (2%)	0	100	100	

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.



#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles			
1	A	521/520 (100%)	516 (99%)	5 (1%)	76	81		
2	Р	6/10 (60%)	5 (83%)	1 (17%)	2	1		
All	All	527/530 (99%)	521 (99%)	6 (1%)	73	78		

All (6) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	374	TYR
1	A	378	TYR
1	A	394	HIS
1	A	446	PHE
1	A	540	CYS
2	Р	8	LYS

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (2) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	229	GLN
1	A	381	GLN

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

#### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

#### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

6 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.



In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Вс	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
MIOI	Type	Chain	nes		Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	
3	NAG	В	1	3,1	14,14,15	0.49	0	17,19,21	0.69	0	
3	NAG	В	2	3	14,14,15	0.49	0	17,19,21	1.40	2 (11%)	
3	BMA	В	3	3	11,11,12	0.44	0	15,15,17	1.00	1 (6%)	
3	MAN	В	4	3	11,11,12	0.53	0	15,15,17	1.45	2 (13%)	
3	BMA	В	5	3	11,11,12	0.58	0	15,15,17	2.39	3 (20%)	
3	MAN	В	6	3	11,11,12	0.62	0	15,15,17	1.12	2 (13%)	

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	NAG	В	1	3,1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	В	2	3	-	3/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	BMA	В	3	3	-	2/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
3	MAN	В	4	3	-	2/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
3	BMA	В	5	3	-	2/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
3	MAN	В	6	3	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

All (10) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(^{o})$
3	В	5	BMA	C1-O5-C5	6.90	121.54	112.19
3	В	4	MAN	C1-O5-C5	4.26	117.96	112.19
3	В	5	BMA	O5-C1-C2	4.17	117.21	110.77
3	В	5	BMA	C1-C2-C3	3.50	113.97	109.67
3	В	2	NAG	C1-O5-C5	3.49	116.92	112.19
3	В	2	NAG	C2-N2-C7	2.87	126.99	122.90
3	В	6	MAN	C1-O5-C5	2.84	116.04	112.19
3	В	3	BMA	C1-O5-C5	2.65	115.79	112.19

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$Observed(^o)$	$\mathbf{Ideal}(^o)$
3	В	6	MAN	C1-C2-C3	2.23	112.40	109.67
3	В	4	MAN	C3-C4-C5	2.22	114.19	110.24

There are no chirality outliers.

All (9) torsion outliers are listed below:

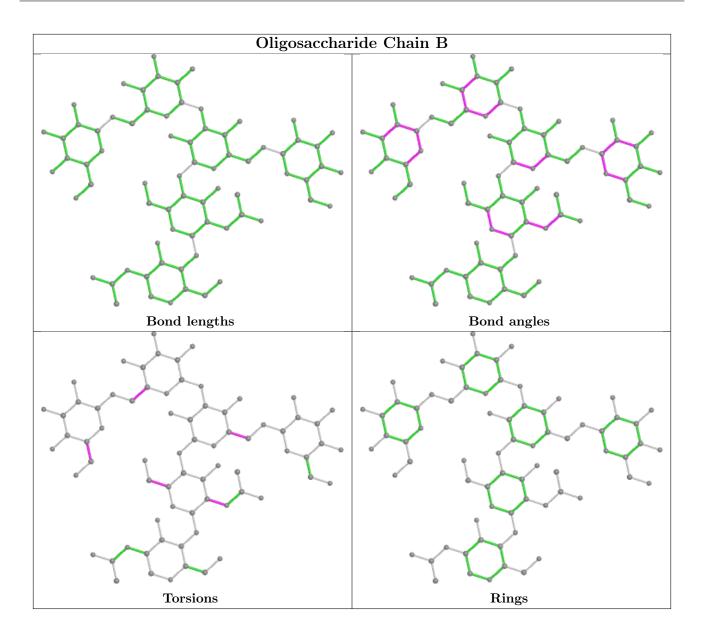
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	В	5	BMA	O5-C5-C6-O6
3	В	4	MAN	O5-C5-C6-O6
3	В	4	MAN	C4-C5-C6-O6
3	В	2	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
3	В	3	BMA	O5-C5-C6-O6
3	В	5	BMA	C4-C5-C6-O6
3	В	2	NAG	C3-C2-N2-C7
3	В	2	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
3	В	3	BMA	C4-C5-C6-O6

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.





#### 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 3 ligands modelled in this entry, 1 is monoatomic - leaving 2 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Type	Chain	Dog	Link	Bond lengths			В	ond ang	cles
IVIOI	туре	Chain	nes	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
5	NAG	A	1622	-	14,14,15	0.48	0	17,19,21	0.98	1 (5%)



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
IVIOI					Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
5	NAG	A	1621	-	14,14,15	0.47	0	17,19,21	0.97	1 (5%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
5	NAG	A	1622	-	-	1/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
5	NAG	A	1621	_	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$Ideal(^{o})$
5	A	1621	NAG	O5-C5-C6	2.90	111.75	107.20
5	A	1622	NAG	C1-O5-C5	2.10	115.04	112.19

There are no chirality outliers.

All (3) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
5	A	1621	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
5	A	1621	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
5	A	1622	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

### 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

#### 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



### 6 Fit of model and data (i)

#### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	$\# \mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$	$OWAB(A^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	A	598/598 (100%)	0.06	13 (2%) 62 60	26, 36, 48, 56	7 (1%)
2	Р	6/11 (54%)	1.05	0 100 100	33, 37, 43, 51	0
All	All	604/609 (99%)	0.07	13 (2%) 62 60	26, 36, 48, 56	7 (1%)

All (13) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	18	LEU	6.8
1	A	139	THR	4.5
1	A	614	SER	4.6
1	A	331	GLY	4.0
1	A	19	VAL	3.4
1	A	17	ALA	3.3
1	A	138	SER	2.5
1	A	436	LEU	2.5
1	A	57	GLU	2.5
1	A	140	LYS	2.4
1	A	24	GLN	2.2
1	A	509	VAL	2.2
1	A	440	VAL	2.1

#### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

#### 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

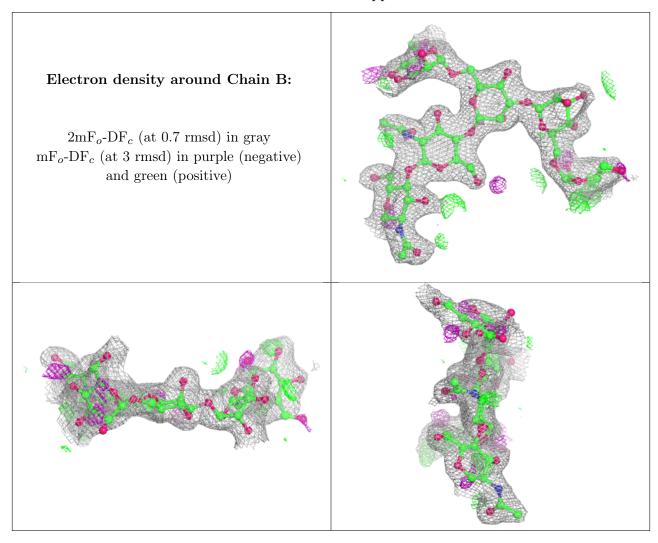
In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum,



median, $95^{th}$ percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group.	The column
labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.	

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
3	MAN	В	6	11/12	0.78	0.32	66,68,68,68	0
3	BMA	В	5	11/12	0.83	0.22	66,67,69,69	0
3	MAN	В	4	11/12	0.84	0.14	60,61,63,65	0
3	BMA	В	3	11/12	0.85	0.15	55,58,62,64	0
3	NAG	В	2	14/15	0.93	0.14	46,49,50,53	0
3	NAG	В	1	14/15	0.97	0.09	37,39,41,43	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density for oligosaccharide. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.



### 6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum,



median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	${f B-factors}({f \AA}^2)$	Q < 0.9
5	NAG	A	1621	14/15	0.79	0.29	50,53,54,54	14
5	NAG	A	1622	14/15	0.80	0.34	54,57,58,58	14
4	ZN	A	1616	1/1	0.99	0.04	55,55,55,55	0

### 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

