

# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

#### Jul 26, 2023 – 12:16 AM EDT

PDB ID	:	1AE5
Title	:	HUMAN HEPARIN BINDING PROTEIN
Authors	:	Iversen, L.F.; Kastrup, J.S.; Bjorn, S.E.; Rasmussen, P.B.; Wiberg, F.C.;
		Flodgaard, H.J.; Larsen, I.K.
Deposited on	:	1997-03-05
Resolution	:	2.30  Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

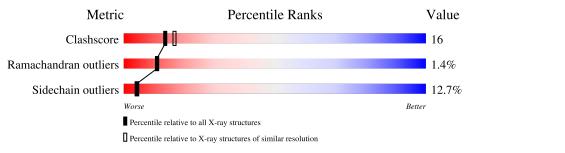
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.13
$\mathrm{EDS}$	:	2.34
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac	:	5.8.0158
CCP4	:	7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber $(2001)$
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.34

# 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:  $X\text{-}RAY \, DIFFRACTION$ 

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.30 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$egin{array}{c} { m Whole \ archive} \ (\#{ m Entries}) \end{array}$	${f Similar\ resolution}\ (\#{ m Entries,\ resolution\ range}({ m \AA}))$
Clashscore	141614	5643 (2.30-2.30)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	5575 (2.30-2.30)
Sidechain outliers	138945	5575 (2.30-2.30)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain		
1	А	225	60%	30%	8% ••



# 2 Entry composition (i)

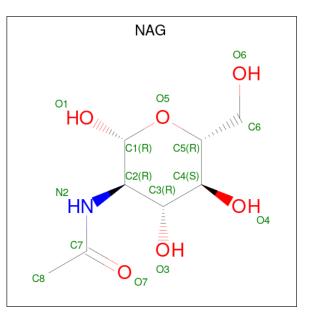
There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 1778 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called HEPARIN BINDING PROTEIN.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	А	223	Total 1687	C 1043	N 323	0 310	S 11	0	0	0

• Molecule 2 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (three-letter code: NAG) (formula:  $C_8H_{15}NO_6$ ).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	А	1	Total C N O 14 8 1 5	0	0
2	А	1	Total         C         N         O           14         8         1         5	0	0

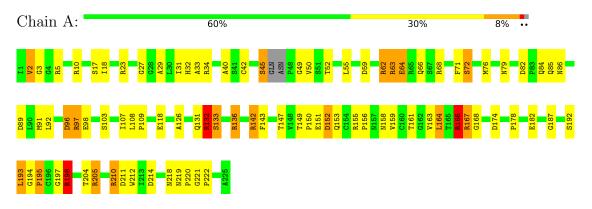
• Molecule 3 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	А	63	Total         O           63         63	0	0



# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.



• Molecule 1: HEPARIN BINDING PROTEIN



## 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor
Cell constants	39.19Å 66.12Å 101.36Å	Depositor
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	$90.00^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	20.00 - 2.30	Depositor
Resolution (A)	19.38 - 2.30	EDS
% Data completeness	99.2 (20.00-2.30)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	99.3 (19.38-2.30)	EDS
R <sub>merge</sub>	0.09	Depositor
R <sub>sym</sub>	0.09	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	$4.55 (at 2.30 \text{\AA})$	Xtriage
Refinement program	TNT	Depositor
D D.	(Not available) , (Not available)	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.180 , (Not available)	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	No test flags present.	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor $(Å^2)$	31.3	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.479	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3), B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.26,84.1	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$<  L  > = 0.49, < L^2 > = 0.33$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.95	EDS
Total number of atoms	1778	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms $(Å^2)$	29.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 6.99% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

# 5 Model quality (i)

## 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: NAG

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bo	nd lengths	Bond angles		
	Chain	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	
1	А	1.04	4/1721~(0.2%)	1.45	25/2329~(1.1%)	

All (4) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Ζ	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	А	151	GLU	CD-OE2	7.09	1.33	1.25
1	А	182	GLU	CD-OE1	6.84	1.33	1.25
1	А	98	GLU	CD-OE2	6.40	1.32	1.25
1	А	118	GLU	CD-OE1	5.13	1.31	1.25

The worst 5 of 25 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\mathbf{Observed}(^{o})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(^{o})$
1	А	221	GLY	C-N-CD	-10.53	97.44	120.60
1	А	59	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	-9.80	109.48	118.30
1	А	59	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	9.13	126.52	118.30
1	А	166	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	8.82	124.71	120.30
1	А	142	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-8.67	115.96	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

## 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.



Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	А	1687	0	1655	54	0
2	А	28	0	26	1	0
3	А	63	0	0	3	0
All	All	1778	0	1681	54	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 16.

The worst 5 of 54 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:193:LEU:H	1:A:193:LEU:HD12	1.36	0.89
1:A:32:HIS:CD2	1:A:34:ARG:H	1.96	0.83
1:A:96:ASP:OD1	1:A:97:ARG:HD3	1.84	0.77
1:A:32:HIS:HD2	1:A:34:ARG:H	1.33	0.74
1:A:18:ILE:HD13	1:A:18:ILE:N	2.06	0.71

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	А	219/225~(97%)	203 (93%)	13 (6%)	3 (1%)	11 11

All (3) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	А	222	PRO
1	А	33	ALA
1	А	195	PRO



#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	А	181/183~(99%)	158 (87%)	23~(13%)	4 4	

5 of 23 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	$\mathbf{Res}$	Type
1	А	133	SER
1	А	166	ARG
1	А	164	LEU
1	А	167	ARG
1	А	63	ARG

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 7 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	А	94	GLN
1	А	153	GLN
1	А	218	ASN
1	А	158	ASN
1	А	66	GLN

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

#### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

#### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.



### 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

2 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Turne	Chain	Dec	Link	Bo	ond leng	$\mathbf{ths}$	В	ond ang	les
IVIOI	Type	Chain	Res	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2
2	NAG	А	411	1	14,14,15	1.24	1 (7%)	$17,\!19,\!21$	2.68	7 (41%)
2	NAG	А	401	1	14,14,15	1.31	2 (14%)	17,19,21	2.97	8 (47%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	NAG	A	411	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	А	401	1	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	А	411	NAG	O4-C4	2.49	1.48	1.43
2	А	401	NAG	C8-C7	2.35	1.55	1.50
2	А	401	NAG	O4-C4	2.31	1.48	1.43

All (3) bond length outliers are listed below:

The worst 5 of 15 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^{o})$	$\mathbf{Ideal}(^{o})$
2	А	401	NAG	C1-O5-C5	8.71	123.99	112.19
2	А	411	NAG	C1-O5-C5	6.37	120.83	112.19
2	А	401	NAG	C8-C7-N2	-4.78	108.01	116.10
2	А	411	NAG	O4-C4-C3	4.68	121.17	110.35
2	А	411	NAG	C2-N2-C7	-4.52	116.46	122.90

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) torsion outliers are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	А	401	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
2	А	401	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 1 short contact:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	А	411	NAG	1	0

## 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



## 6 Fit of model and data (i)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

### 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

### 6.4 Ligands (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

#### 6.5 Other polymers (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

