

# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

#### Aug 10, 2020 – 07:58 AM BST

PDB ID : 2ALU

Title: Detection of new binding site in the C-terminal lobe of lactoferrin:Crystal

structure of the complex formed between bovine lactoferrin and a tetrasaccha-

ride at 2.1A resolution

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Deposited on : 2005-08-08

Resolution : 2.09 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467

Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : NOT EXECUTED EDS : NOT EXECUTED

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

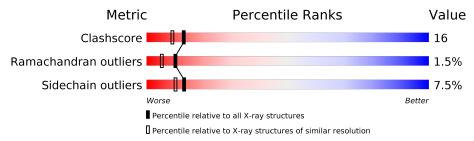
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.13.1

## 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.09 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	Similar resolution
Metric	$(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$(\#  ext{Entries},  ext{resolution range}( ext{Å}))$
Clashscore	141614	5710 (2.10-2.10)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	5647 (2.10-2.10)
Sidechain outliers	138945	5648 (2.10-2.10)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Note EDS was not executed.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain								
1	A	348	71%	22%							
2	В	3	67%	33%							
3	С	6	33% 67%								
4	D	4	100%								



## 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 10 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 3067 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Lactotransferrin.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace	
1	Λ	340	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1	A	340	2593	1613	453	506	21	0	U	0

There are 2 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	565	LYS	ASN	see sequence details	UNP P24627
A	608	GLU	LYS	see sequence details	UNP P24627

• Molecule 2 is an oligosaccharide called beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	A	tom	ıs		ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	В	3	Total 39	C 22	N 2	O 15	0	0	0

• Molecule 3 is an oligosaccharide called alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	A	$\mathbf{A}$ ton	ns		ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
3	С	6	Total 72	C 40	N 2	O 30	0	0	0

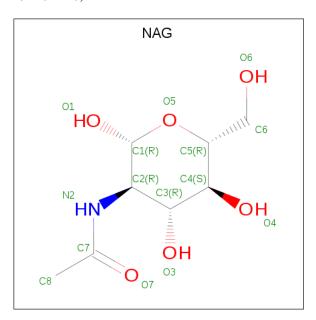


• Molecule 4 is an oligosaccharide called 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-a cetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
4	D	4	Total C N O 56 32 4 20	0	0	0

• Molecule 5 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (three-letter code: NAG) (formula:  $C_8H_{15}NO_6$ ).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	1	Total 14	C 8	N 1	O 5	0	0

• Molecule 6 is ZINC ION (three-letter code: ZN) (formula: Zn).

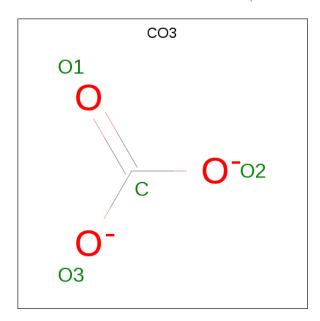
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	2	Total Zn 2 2	0	0

 $\bullet$  Molecule 7 is FE (III) ION (three-letter code: FE) (formula: Fe).



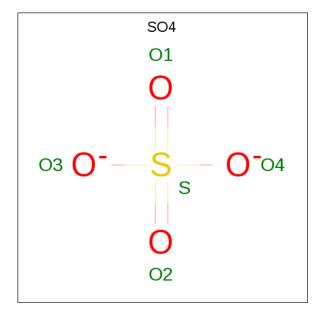
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	A	1	Total Fe 1 1	0	0

 $\bullet$  Molecule 8 is CARBONATE ION (three-letter code: CO3) (formula: CO3).



Mo	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
8	A	1	Total 4	C 1	O 3	0	0

 $\bullet$  Molecule 9 is SULFATE ION (three-letter code: SO4) (formula:  $\mathrm{O_4S}).$ 





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	}	ZeroOcc	AltConf
9	A	1	Total O 5 4	S 1	0	0

### $\bullet$ Molecule 10 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
10	A	281	Total O 281 281	0	0

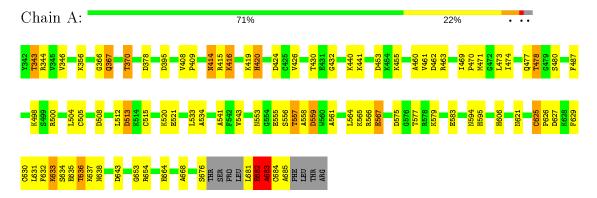


## 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

Note EDS was not executed.





 $\bullet \ \, \text{Molecule 2: beta-D-mannopyranose-} (1\text{-}4)\text{-}2\text{-}acetamido-2\text{-}deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-} (1\text{-}4)\text{-}2\text{-}acetamido-2\text{-}2\text{-}acetamido-2\text{-}2\text{-}acetamido-2\text{-}2\text{-}acetamido-2\text{-}2\text{-}acetamido-2\text{-}2\text{-}acetamido-2\text{-}2\text{-}acetamido-2\text{-}2\text{-}acetamido-2\text{-}2\text{-}acetamido-2\text{-}2\text{-}acetamido-2\text{-}2\text{-}acetamido-2\text{-}2\text{-}acetamido-2\text{-}2\text{-}acetamido-2\text{-}2\text{-}acetamido-2\text{-}2\text{-}acetamido-2\text{-}2\text{-}acetamido-2\text{-}2\text{-}acetamido-2\text{-}$ 

Chain B: 67% 33%

NAG1 NAG2 BMA3

Chain C: 33% 67%

NAG1 NAG2 BMA3 MAN4 MAN5 MAN6

• Molecule 4: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain D:





# 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Xtriage (Phenix) and EDS were not executed - this section is therefore incomplete.

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
Cell constants	63.51Å 50.52Å 66.11Å	Depositor
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	$90.00^{\circ}$ $107.76^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	63.25 - 2.09	Depositor
% Data completeness	91.5 (63.25-2.09)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	,	Depositor
$R_{merge}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.0	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.198 , 0.212	Depositor
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
Total number of atoms	3067	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	33.0	wwPDB-VP



## 5 Model quality (i)

### 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: CO3, BMA, FE, NAG, ZN, NDG, SO4, MAN

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol Chain		Bond lengths		Bond angles	
MIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5
1	A	0.72	0/2640	0.92	9/3575~(0.3%)

There are no bond length outliers.

The worst 5 of 9 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
1	A	378	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	7.04	124.64	118.30
1	A	575	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	6.65	124.29	118.30
1	A	513	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	6.23	123.91	118.30
1	A	453	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	5.91	123.62	118.30
1	A	683	ALA	N-CA-C	-5.78	95.41	111.00

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2593	0	2510	78	0
2	В	39	0	34	1	0
3	С	72	0	61	10	0
4	D	56	0	48	4	0
5	A	14	0	13	1	0
6	A	2	0	0	0	0



Continued	trom	nromanne	naae
-	110116	picolous	puyc

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
7	A	1	0	0	0	0
8	A	4	0	0	0	0
9	A	5	0	0	0	0
10	A	281	0	0	9	0
All	All	3067	0	2666	89	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 16.

The worst 5 of 89 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$egin{aligned}  ext{Interatomic} \  ext{distance} \ ( ext{Å}) \end{aligned}$	$egin{array}{c}  ext{Clash} \  ext{overlap } ( ext{Å}) \end{array}$
1:A:555:GLU:OE2	3:C:5:MAN:H3	1.59	1.00
1:A:343:THR:HA	1:A:606:HIS:NE2	1.77	0.99
1:A:565:LYS:HD2	1:A:567:GLU:H	1.37	0.90
1:A:638:ASN:HD22	1:A:643:ASP:H	1.25	0.84
1:A:565:LYS:CD	1:A:567:GLU:H	1.95	0.80

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

#### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	336/348 (97%)	318 (95%)	13 (4%)	5 (2%)	10 5

#### All (5) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	683	ALA
1	A	684	CYS
1	A	682	GLU



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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	557	THR
1	A	543	VAL

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	${f Rotameric}$	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	281/289 (97%)	260 (92%)	21 (8%)	13 10

5 of 21 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	504	LEU
1	A	559	ASP
1	A	633	LYS
1	A	500	ARG
1	A	636	THR

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (4) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	360	GLN
1	A	414	ASN
1	A	621	ASN
1	A	638	ASN

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.



#### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

13 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Т	Chair	Dag	Link	Во	ond leng	$\operatorname{ths}$	В	ond ang	les
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
2	NAG	В	1	1,2	14,14,15	0.83	0	17,19,21	1.31	2 (11%)
2	NAG	В	2	2	14,14,15	0.67	0	17,19,21	1.73	2 (11%)
2	BMA	В	3	2	11,11,12	0.53	0	15,15,17	0.91	1 (6%)
3	NAG	С	1	1,3	14,14,15	1.14	1 (7%)	17,19,21	1.37	4 (23%)
3	NAG	С	2	3	14,14,15	0.71	1 (7%)	17,19,21	1.71	4 (23%)
3	BMA	С	3	3	11,11,12	0.97	1 (9%)	15,15,17	1.72	4 (26%)
3	MAN	С	4	3	11,11,12	0.48	0	15,15,17	1.54	3 (20%)
3	MAN	С	5	3	11,11,12	0.67	0	15,15,17	1.52	4 (26%)
3	MAN	С	6	3	11,11,12	0.59	0	15,15,17	1.19	2 (13%)
4	NAG	D	1	4	14,14,15	0.66	0	17,19,21	1.58	2 (11%)
4	NDG	D	2	4	14,14,15	1.13	1 (7%)	17,19,21	2.34	4 (23%)
4	NAG	D	3	4	14,14,15	0.85	1 (7%)	17,19,21	1.39	5 (29%)
4	NAG	D	4	4	14,14,15	0.67	0	17,19,21	0.81	1 (5%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	NAG	В	1	1,2	-	1/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	В	2	2	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	BMA	В	3	2	-	2/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	С	1	1,3	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	С	2	3	-	4/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	BMA	С	3	3	-	2/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
3	MAN	С	4	3	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1



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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	MAN	С	5	3	-	2/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
3	MAN	С	6	3	-	1/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	D	1	4	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	NDG	D	2	4	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	D	3	4	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	D	4	4	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

#### All (5) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\operatorname{Observed}(\operatorname{\AA})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(\text{\AA})$
3	С	1	NAG	C1-C2	3.43	1.57	1.52
4	D	2	NDG	O5-C1	-3.07	1.38	1.43
4	D	3	NAG	C1-C2	2.68	1.56	1.52
3	С	3	BMA	O5-C1	-2.46	1.39	1.43
3	С	2	NAG	O5-C1	-2.03	1.40	1.43

The worst 5 of 38 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$Observed(^o)$	$\mathrm{Ideal}(^{o})$
4	D	2	NDG	O5-C1-C2	-5.60	102.45	111.29
2	В	2	NAG	C1-O5-C5	5.15	119.17	112.19
4	D	2	NDG	C1-O5-C5	-4.89	105.56	112.19
4	D	2	NDG	C4-C3-C2	4.78	118.02	111.02
4	D	1	NAG	O4-C4-C3	-4.52	99.89	110.35

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 16 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
4	D	2	NDG	O5-C5-C6-O6
3	С	2	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
3	С	5	MAN	O5-C5-C6-O6
2	В	3	BMA	O5-C5-C6-O6
4	D	2	NDG	C4-C5-C6-O6

There are no ring outliers.

9 monomers are involved in 15 short contacts:

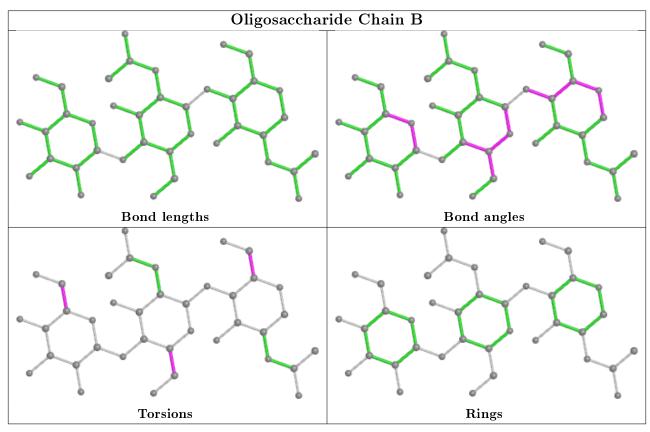
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	С	4	MAN	1	0



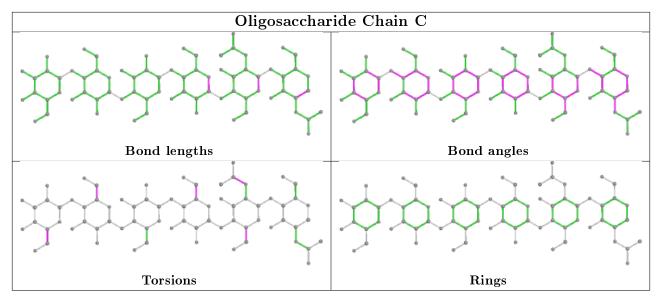
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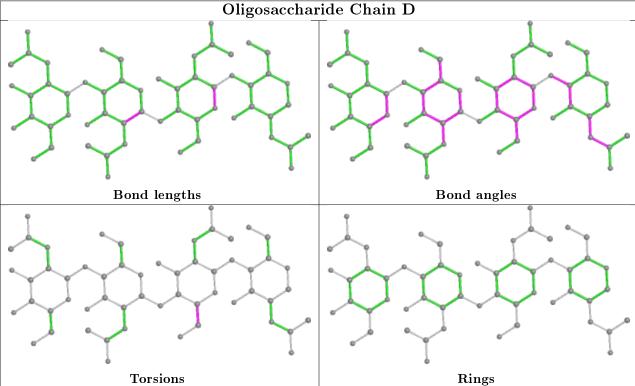
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	С	5	MAN	5	0
4	D	1	NAG	2	0
2	В	1	NAG	1	0
4	D	2	NDG	3	0
4	D	4	NAG	1	0
3	С	3	BMA	5	0
3	С	2	NAG	5	0
4	D	3	NAG	2	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.









### 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 6 ligands modelled in this entry, 3 are monoatomic - leaving 3 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection.



RMSZ is the	root-mean-square	of all Z	scores of the	: bond le	engths (	or angles).
101/102 10 0110	1000 mean square	01 011 2	DOOLOD OF CITE	O O II G	\	or arrance.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Во	nd leng	ths	Bond angles		
	туре				Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
9	SO4	A	301	-	4,4,4	0.10	0	6,6,6	0.30	0
8	CO3	A	695	7	0,3,3	0.00	-	0,3,3	0.00	-
5	NAG	A	1	1	14,14,15	0.87	1 (7%)	17,19,21	1.60	3 (17%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
5	NAG	A	1	1	=	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

#### All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(\operatorname{\AA})$	$\mathbf{Ideal}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}})$
5	A	1	NAG	O5-C1	-2.34	1.40	1.43

#### All (3) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\mathbf{Ideal}(^{o})$
5	A	1	NAG	O5-C1-C2	-4.15	104.73	111.29
5	A	1	NAG	C4-C3-C2	2.59	114.81	111.02
5	A	1	NAG	C6-C5-C4	-2.09	108.12	113.00

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 1 short contact:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
5	A	1	NAG	1	0

### 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.



## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



## 6 Fit of model and data (i)

#### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

#### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

### 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

### 6.4 Ligands (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

#### 6.5 Other polymers (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

