



## wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Apr 22, 2024 – 03:33 pm BST

PDB ID : 7AO9  
EMDB ID : EMD-11838  
Title : Structure of the core MTA1/HDAC1/MBD2 NURD deacetylase complex  
Authors : Millard, C.J.; Fairall, L.; Ragan, T.J.; Savva, C.G.; Schwabe, J.W.R.  
Deposited on : 2020-10-14  
Resolution : 6.10 Å(reported)  
Based on initial models : 2KY8, 5ICN

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev92  
Mogul : 1.8.4, CSD as541be (2020)  
MolProbity : 4.02b-467  
buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)  
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)  
MapQ : 1.9.13  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36.2

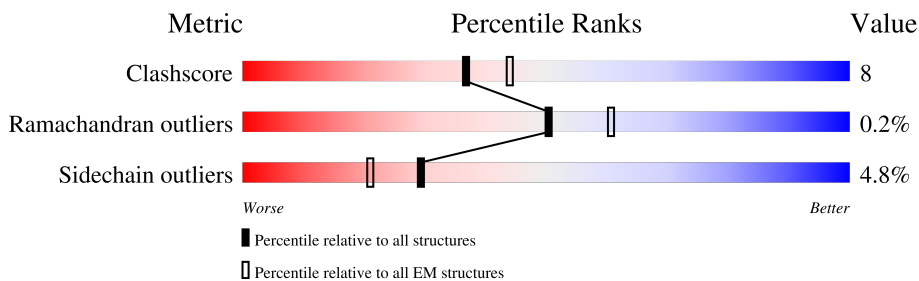
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

*ELECTRON MICROSCOPY*

The reported resolution of this entry is 6.10 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)
Clashscore	158937	4297
Ramachandran outliers	154571	4023
Sidechain outliers	154315	3826

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ . The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion  $< 40\%$ ). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	C	411	
2	A	715	
2	D	715	
3	B	482	
3	E	482	

## 2 Entry composition

There are 6 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 9131 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Methyl-CpG-binding domain protein 2.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
1	C	64	487	313	83	90	1	0	0

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Metastasis-associated protein MTA1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
2	D	168	1319	834	219	261	5	0	0
2	A	168	1319	834	219	261	5	0	0

- Molecule 3 is a protein called Histone deacetylase 1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
3	E	369	2964	1892	501	549	22	0	0
3	B	369	2964	1892	501	549	22	0	0

- Molecule 4 is INOSITOL HEXAKISPHOSPHATE (three-letter code: IHP) (formula:  $C_6H_{18}O_{24}P_6$ ).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			AltConf	
4	D	1	Total	C	O	P	0
			36	6	24	6	
4	A	1	Total	C	O	P	0
			36	6	24	6	

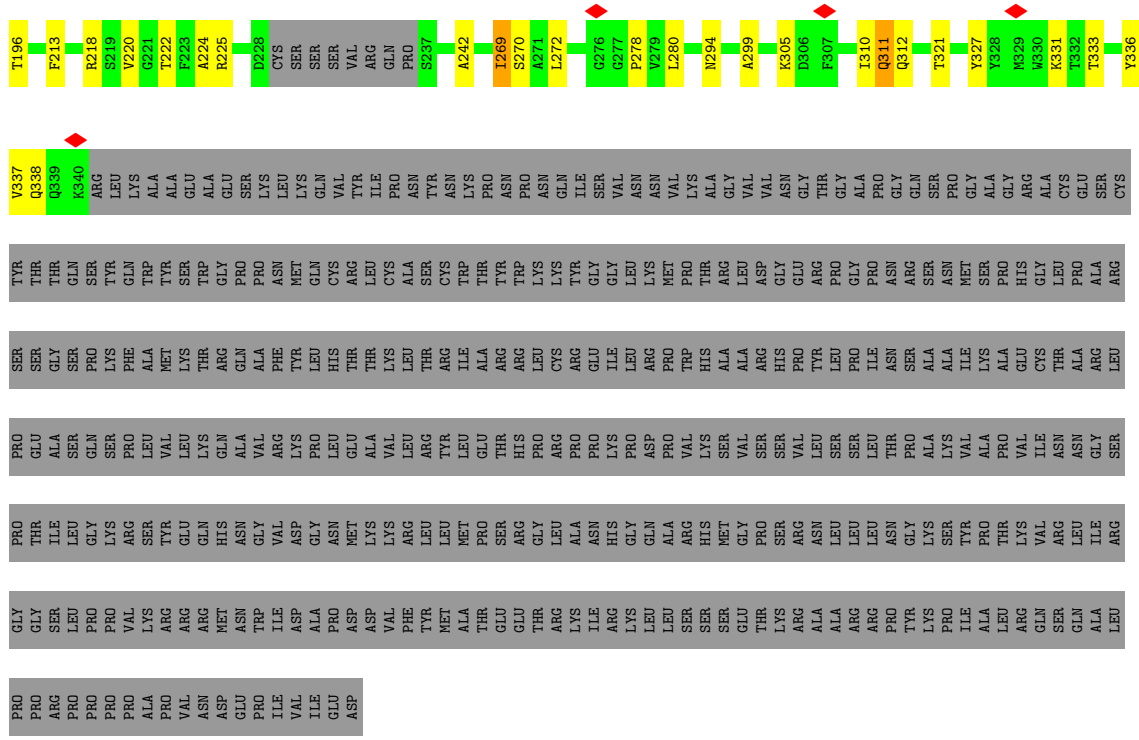
- Molecule 5 is ZINC ION (three-letter code: ZN) (formula: Zn).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		AltConf
5	E	1	Total	Zn	0
			1	1	
5	B	1	Total	Zn	0
			1	1	

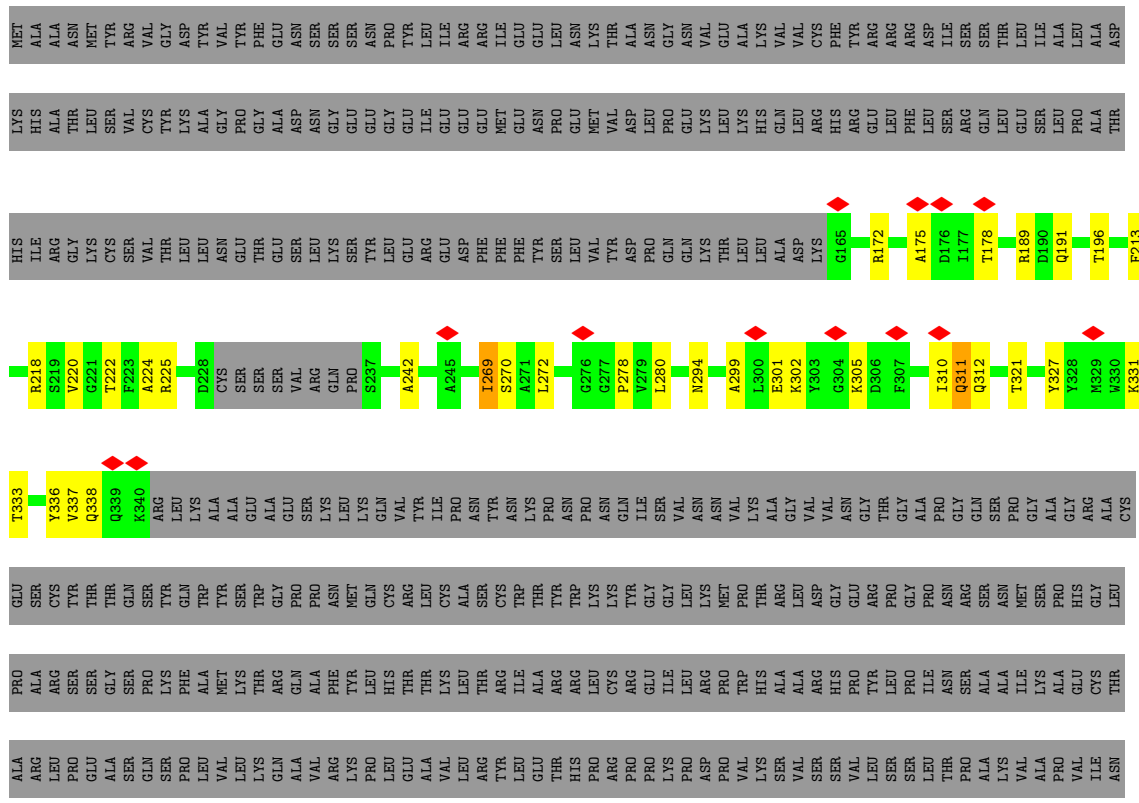
- Molecule 6 is POTASSIUM ION (three-letter code: K) (formula: K).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		AltConf
6	E	2	Total	K	0
			2	2	
6	B	2	Total	K	0
			2	2	





● Molecule 2: Metastasis-associated protein MTA1



ASN GLY SER GLN PRO THR GLY ILE LEU GLY PRO LYS ARG SER TYR GLU GLN HIS ASN GLY TRP ILE VAL ASP GLY ALA PRO ASP MET LYS LYS ARG LEU LEU MET ALA THR GLU SER GLY ARG GLY LEU ALA ALA ILE ASN HIS ARG LYS GLY GLN ALA SER HIS MET GLY PRO SER SER GLU THR LYS ARG ALA ALA ARG ARG LEU ASN ASN TYR LYS SER PRO ILE PRO ALA THR VAL GLN SER
LEU ILE ARG GLY GLY SER LEU PRO VAL LYS ARG ARG MET ASN GLU TRP ILE VAL ASP ALA PRO ASP MET LYS LYS VAL PHE TYR MET ALA THR GLU SER THR ARG LEU ALA ILE ASN HIS ARG LYS LEU LEU SER SER GLU THR LYS ARG ALA ALA ARG ARG PRO TYR LYS SER PRO ILE PRO ALA THR VAL GLN SER
GLN ALA LEU PRO GLY ARG PRO PRO PRO VAL ALA VAL ASN GLU GLU TRP ILE VAL ILE ILE GLU ASP

• Molecule 3: Histone deacetylase 1



MET ALA THR GLN GLY THR R8 R9 G20 H28 P29 M30 K31 E63 Y67 H68 S69 Y72 D82 M83 Y87 S88 K89 Q90 R83 F94 E98 D99 F107 Q111 L112 V118 V122 K123 Q128 W135 G138 L139 H140 H141 A142 F150
M154 D155 I156 V157 L158 A159 V170 L171 Y172 D176 D181 G182 V183 Y188 K200 Y201 Y204 F205 P206 G209 D210 G215 Y226 R229 D230 E238 M251 Q260 S263 R270 I278 H281 V285 E286 F287 S290 G302 C311
W312 T313 Y314 E315 L320 D321 T322 F334 F341 N349 N354 T355 N356 L359 E360 K361 I362 K363 Q364 I366 F367 L370 R371 M372 L373 P374 H375 A376 PRO GLY VAL GLN MET GLN ALA ILE PRO GLU ASP ALA ILE LYS PRO PRO GLU GLU SER GLY ASP ASP ASP ASP
PRO ASP LYS ARG ILE SER ILE CYS SER ASP LYS ARG ILE ALA CYS GLU GLU PHE SER SER SER GLU GLU GLU GLY GLY ARG ASN SER SER ASN PHE LYS LYS ALA LYS VAL LYS THR LYS THR GLU ASP LYS PRO PRO GLU GLU LYS LYS GLY VAL THR ASP ASP ASP ASP
GLU GLU GLY THR LYS GLY GLU GLU PRO GLU ALA LYS GLY VAL LYS GLU GLU VAL LYS LEU ALA

• Molecule 3: Histone deacetylase 1



MET ALA GLN THR GLN GLY THR R8 R9 Y23 Q26 G27 H28 P29 M30 K31 E63 Y67 H68 S69 Y72 D82 M83 M84 S85 Y87 S88 K89 Q90 R93 F94 E98 D99 G100 D104 F107 Q111 L112 G116 S117 V118 V122 K123 Q128
W135 A136 G137 G138 L139 H140 H141 A142 A147 F150 N154 D155 I156 V157 D176 D181 G182 V183 Y188 F198 H199 K200 Y201 Y204 F205 P206 G209 D210 L211 R212 D213 I214 G215 Y226 R229 D230 E238 M251 L259 Q260 C261 G262 S263 R270
I278 H281 F287 S290 G301 G302 C311 W312 T313 Y314 E315 L320 D321 T322 F334 E335 F341 K342 L343 M350 N354 K361 I362 K363 Q364 R365 L366 F367 L370 R371 A376 PRO GLY VAL GLN MET GLN ALA ILE PRO GLU GLU SER SER PHE LYS LYS ALA LYS ARG VAL VAL LYS THR THR ASP PRO LYS GLU GLU ASP ALA ILE PRO GLU GLU ASP
SER GLY ASP GLU ASP GLU ASP ASP PRO LYS ARG ILE SER ILE CYS SER SER ASP LYS ARG ILE VAL VAL GLY GLU GLU VAL PHE SER SER GLU GLU GLY GLY ARG ASN SER SER PHE LYS LYS ALA LYS ARG VAL VAL LYS THR THR ASP PRO LYS GLU GLU ASP ALA ILE PRO GLU GLU ASP
PRO GLU GLU LYS LYS VAL THR GLU GLU LYS THR LYS GLU GLU PRO GLU ALA LYS ARG VAL VAL GLY GLU GLU VAL PHE SER SER GLU GLU GLY GLY ARG ASN SER SER PHE LYS LYS ALA LYS ARG VAL VAL LYS THR THR ASP PRO LYS GLU GLU ASP

## 4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, C1	Depositor
Number of particles used	70561	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE CORRECTION	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ( $e^-/\text{\AA}^2$ )	34	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	500	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	Not provided	
Magnification	129629	Depositor
Image detector	FEI FALCON III (4k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	0.082	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.035	Depositor
Average map value	0.000	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.003	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.014	Depositor
Map size (Å)	248.40001, 248.40001, 248.40001	wwPDB
Map dimensions	230, 230, 230	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	1.08, 1.08, 1.08	Depositor



## 5 Model quality [i](#)

### 5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: K, IHP, ZN

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z  >5	RMSZ	# Z  >5
1	C	0.83	0/500	0.88	0/674
2	A	0.45	0/1345	0.63	0/1825
2	D	0.45	0/1345	0.63	0/1825
3	B	0.44	0/3042	0.60	0/4112
3	E	0.45	0/3042	0.60	0/4112
All	All	0.47	0/9274	0.63	0/12548

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	C	487	0	460	51	0
2	A	1319	0	1240	30	0
2	D	1319	0	1240	18	0
3	B	2964	0	2836	73	0
3	E	2964	0	2836	33	0
4	A	36	0	6	0	0
4	D	36	0	6	0	0
5	B	1	0	0	0	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
5	E	1	0	0	0	0
6	B	2	0	0	0	0
6	E	2	0	0	0	0
All	All	9131	0	8624	148	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 8.

The worst 5 of 148 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:C:210:THR:HG21	3:B:27:GLY:CA	1.29	1.57
1:C:210:THR:CG2	3:B:27:GLY:HA3	1.30	1.55
1:C:165:ILE:CG1	2:A:301:GLU:O	1.77	1.31
1:C:165:ILE:CG1	2:A:302:LYS:HA	1.61	1.29
1:C:210:THR:HB	3:B:26:GLN:O	1.29	1.26

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	C	62/411 (15%)	61 (98%)	1 (2%)	0	100	100
2	A	164/715 (23%)	151 (92%)	13 (8%)	0	100	100
2	D	164/715 (23%)	151 (92%)	13 (8%)	0	100	100
3	B	367/482 (76%)	337 (92%)	29 (8%)	1 (0%)	41	76
3	E	367/482 (76%)	337 (92%)	29 (8%)	1 (0%)	41	76
All	All	1124/2805 (40%)	1037 (92%)	85 (8%)	2 (0%)	50	81

All (2) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
3	E	88	SER
3	B	88	SER

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	C	48/312 (15%)	48 (100%)	0	100	100
2	A	136/619 (22%)	126 (93%)	10 (7%)	13	38
2	D	136/619 (22%)	126 (93%)	10 (7%)	13	38
3	B	315/419 (75%)	302 (96%)	13 (4%)	30	55
3	E	315/419 (75%)	302 (96%)	13 (4%)	30	55
All	All	950/2388 (40%)	904 (95%)	46 (5%)	29	51

5 of 46 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	A	294	ASN
3	B	82	ASP
2	A	305	LYS
2	A	338	GLN
3	B	93	ARG

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 20 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
3	B	68	HIS
3	B	260	GLN
3	B	354	ASN
3	B	344	HIS
3	E	225	ASN

### 5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

## 5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 8 ligands modelled in this entry, 6 are monoatomic - leaving 2 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
4	IHP	D	801	-	36,36,36	0.82	1 (2%)	54,60,60	1.06	3 (5%)
4	IHP	A	801	-	36,36,36	0.83	1 (2%)	54,60,60	1.07	3 (5%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	IHP	D	801	-	-	1/30/54/54	0/1/1/1
4	IHP	A	801	-	-	1/30/54/54	0/1/1/1

All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
4	D	801	IHP	P3-O13	2.15	1.63	1.59

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
4	A	801	IHP	P3-O13	2.13	1.63	1.59

The worst 5 of 6 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
4	A	801	IHP	O43-P3-O33	2.22	116.13	107.64
4	D	801	IHP	O43-P3-O33	2.22	116.11	107.64
4	A	801	IHP	O41-P1-O31	2.21	116.10	107.64
4	D	801	IHP	O41-P1-O31	2.21	116.07	107.64
4	D	801	IHP	O11-C1-C6	2.06	113.55	108.69

There are no chirality outliers.

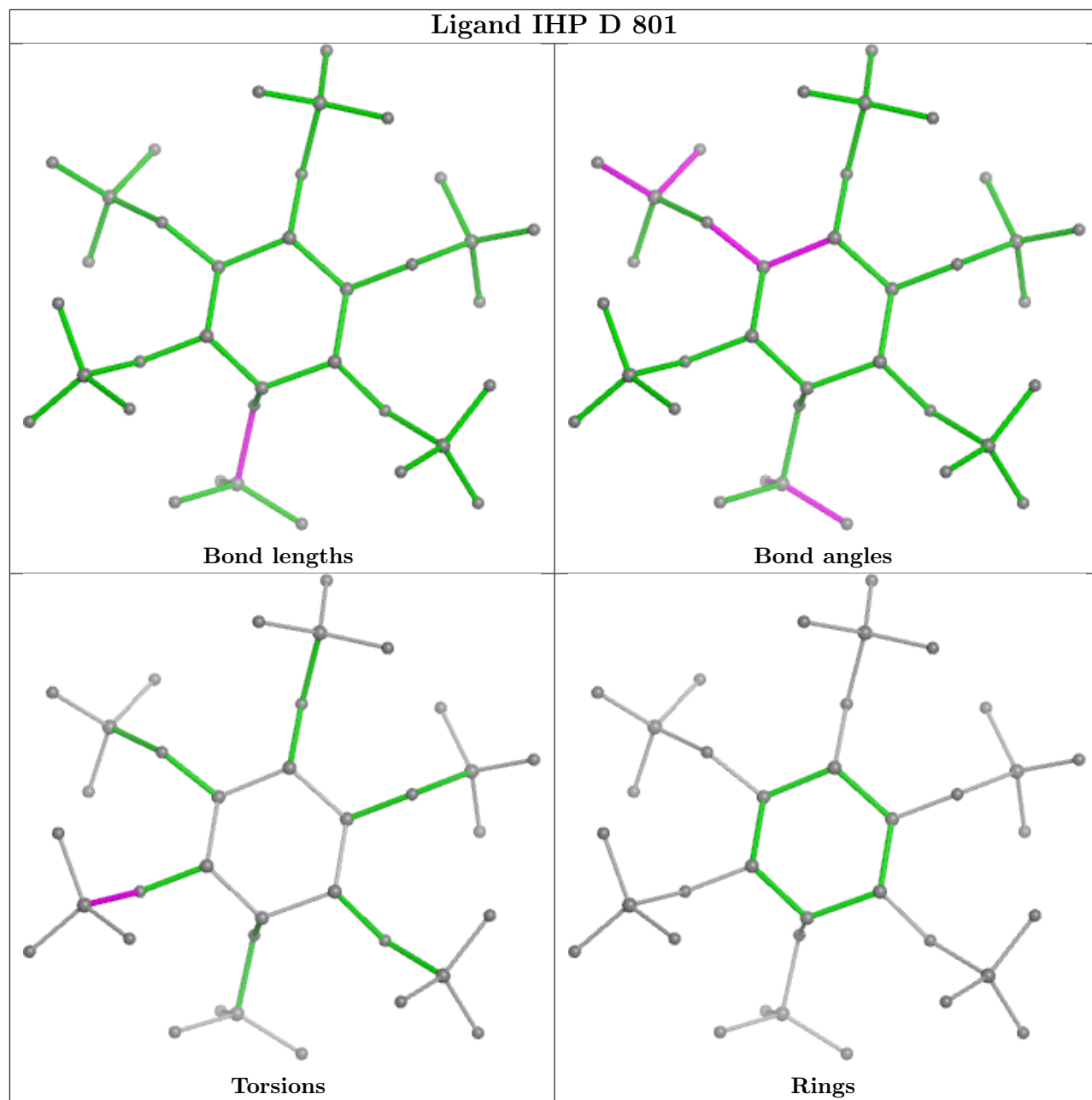
All (2) torsion outliers are listed below:

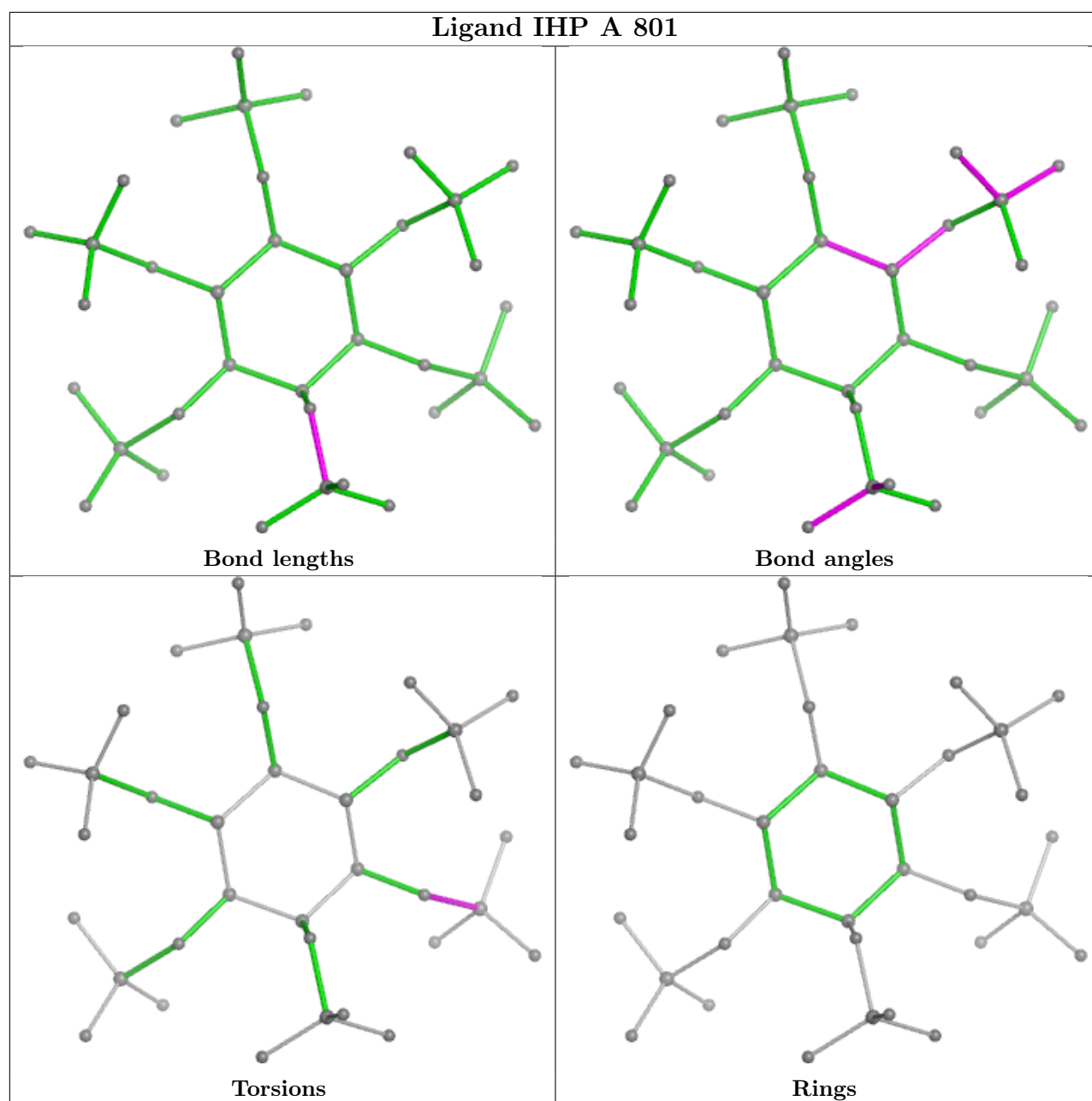
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
4	D	801	IHP	C2-O12-P2-O42
4	A	801	IHP	C2-O12-P2-O42

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.





## 5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-11838. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

Images derived from a raw map, generated by summing the deposited half-maps, are presented below the corresponding image components of the primary map to allow further visual inspection and comparison with those of the primary map.

### 6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

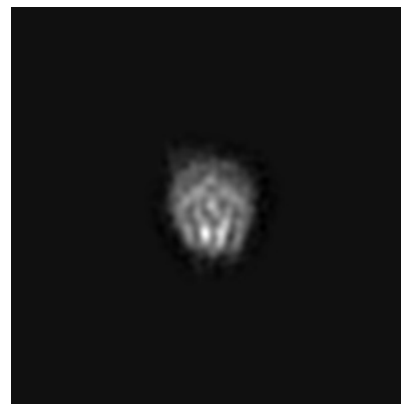
#### 6.1.1 Primary map



X

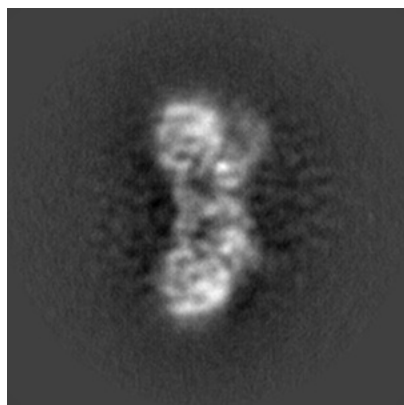


Y

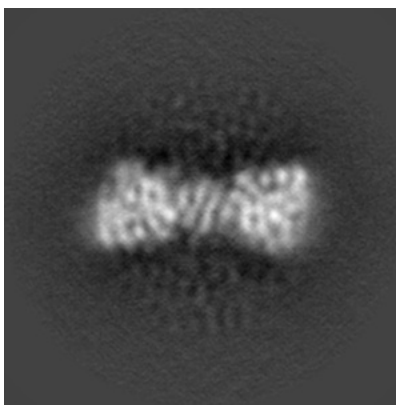


Z

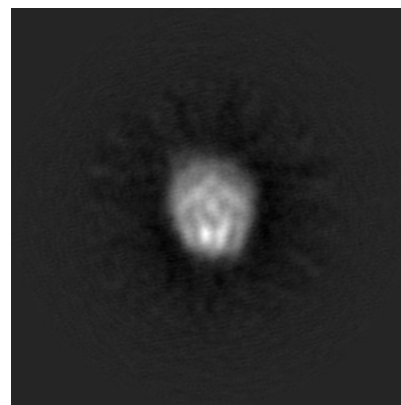
#### 6.1.2 Raw map



X



Y



Z

The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.



## 6.2 Central slices [i](#)

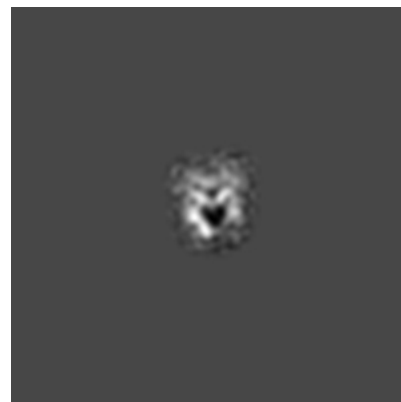
### 6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 115

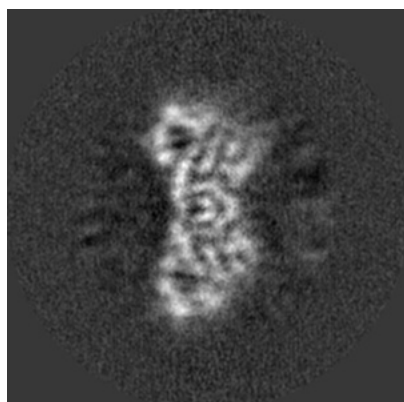


Y Index: 115

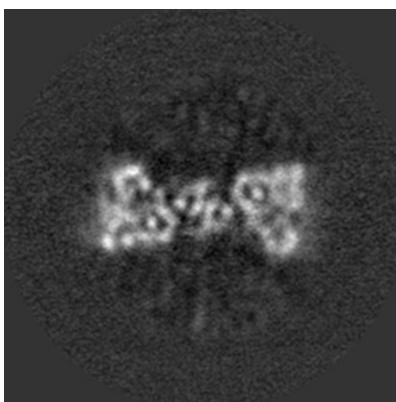


Z Index: 115

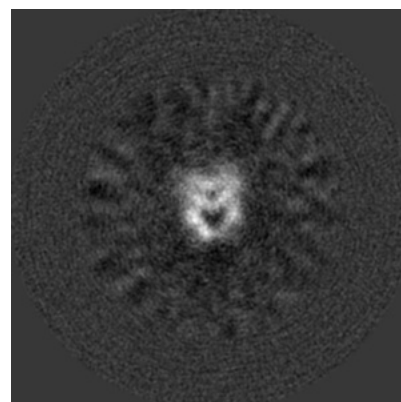
### 6.2.2 Raw map



X Index: 115



Y Index: 115



Z Index: 115

The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

## 6.3 Largest variance slices [i](#)

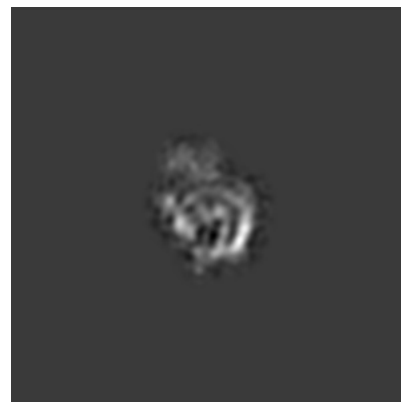
### 6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 111

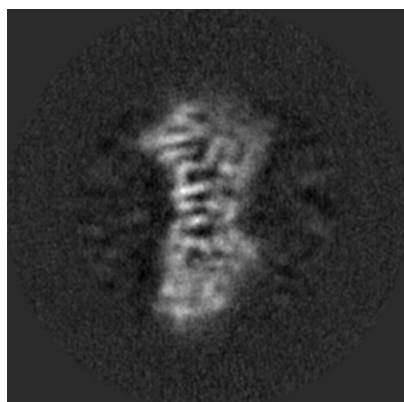


Y Index: 102

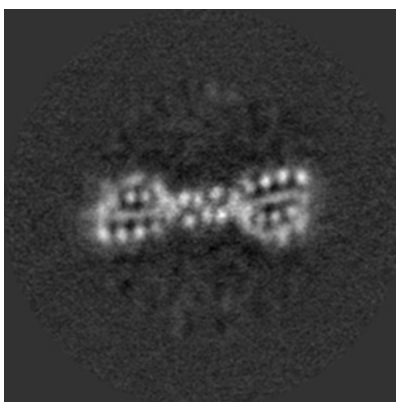


Z Index: 160

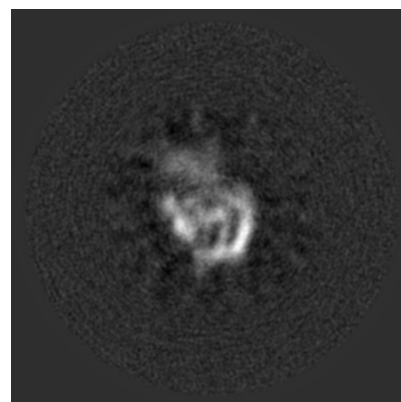
### 6.3.2 Raw map



X Index: 111



Y Index: 101

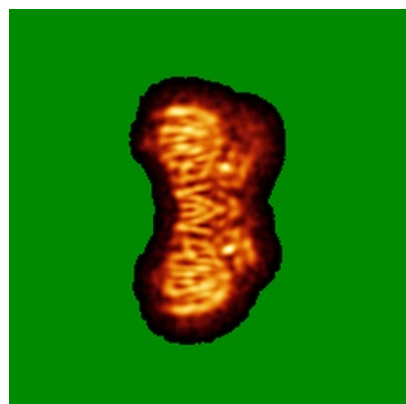


Z Index: 160

The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

## 6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) [i](#)

### 6.4.1 Primary map



X

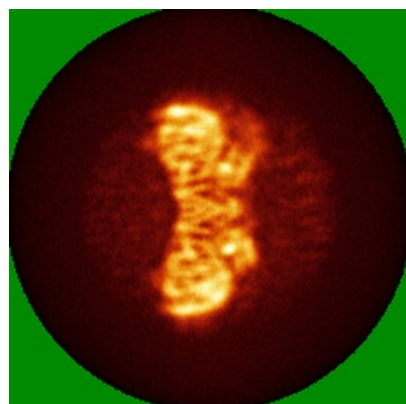


Y

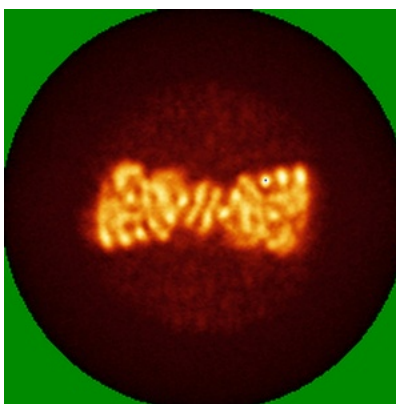


Z

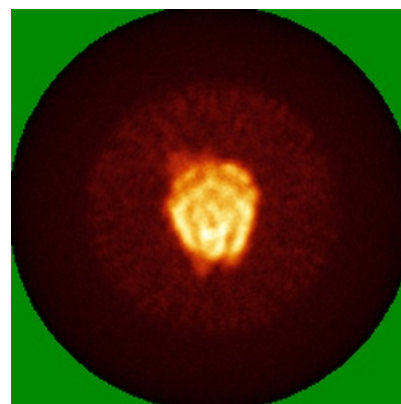
### 6.4.2 Raw map



X



Y

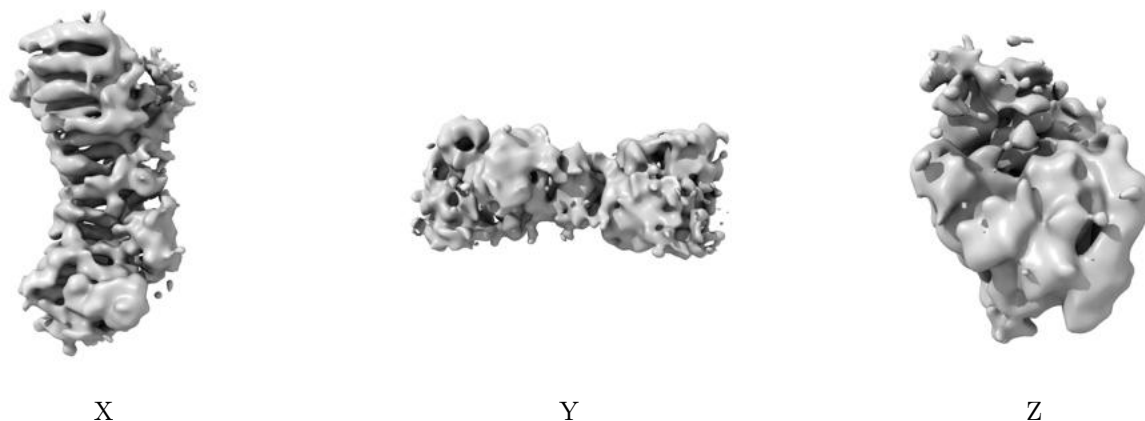


Z

The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

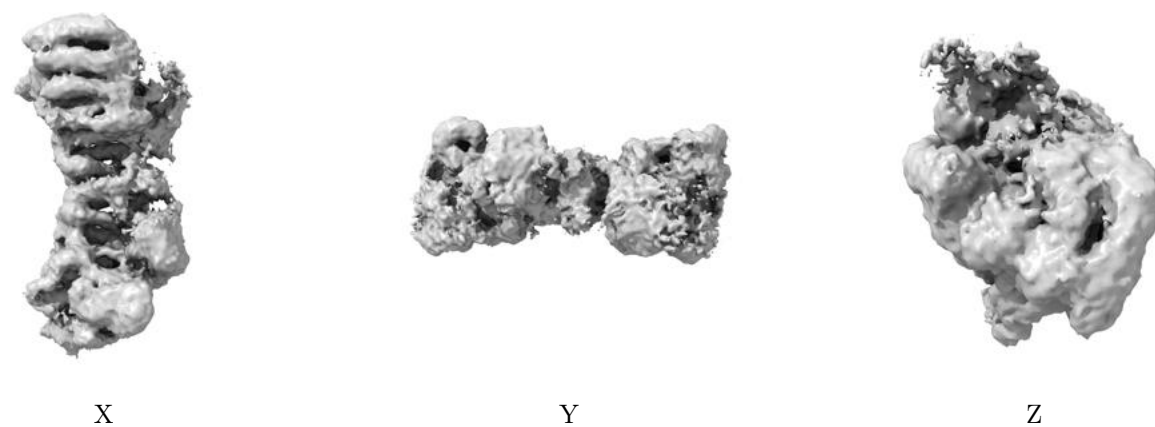
## 6.5 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

### 6.5.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.014. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

### 6.5.2 Raw map



These images show the 3D surface of the raw map. The raw map's contour level was selected so that its surface encloses the same volume as the primary map does at its recommended contour level.

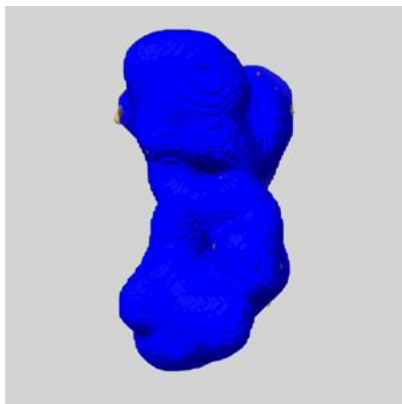
## 6.6 Mask visualisation [i](#)

This section shows the 3D surface view of the primary map at 50% transparency overlaid with the specified mask at 0% transparency

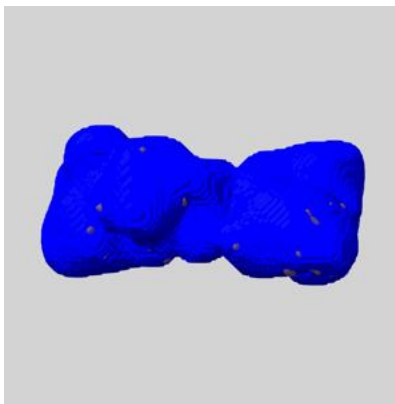
A mask typically either:

- Encompasses the whole structure
- Separates out a domain, a functional unit, a monomer or an area of interest from a larger structure

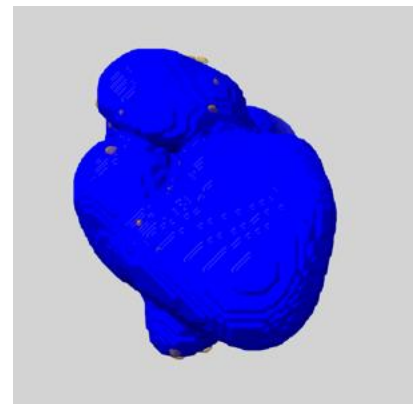
### 6.6.1 emd\_11838\_msk\_1.map [i](#)



X



Y

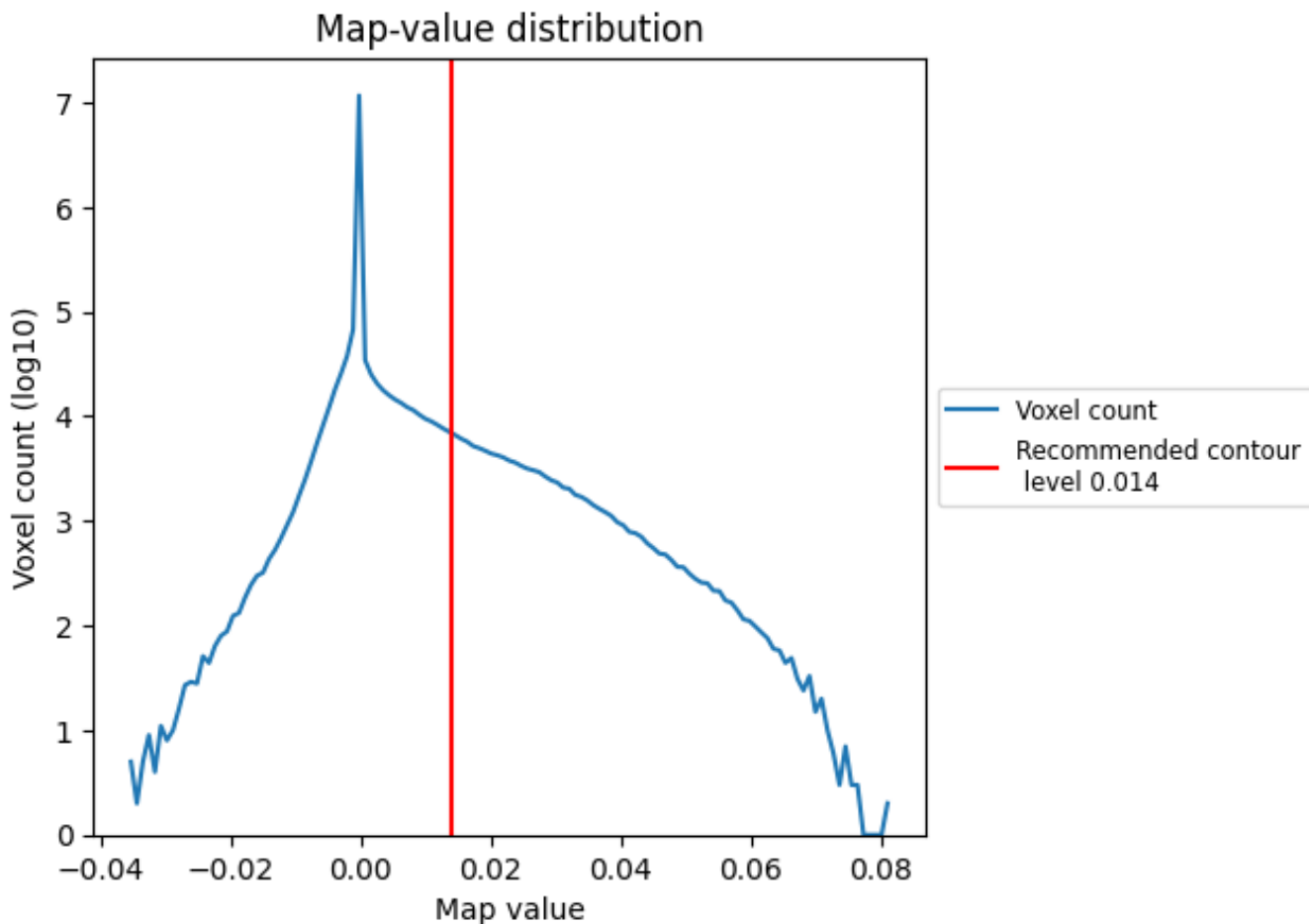


Z

## 7 Map analysis [i](#)

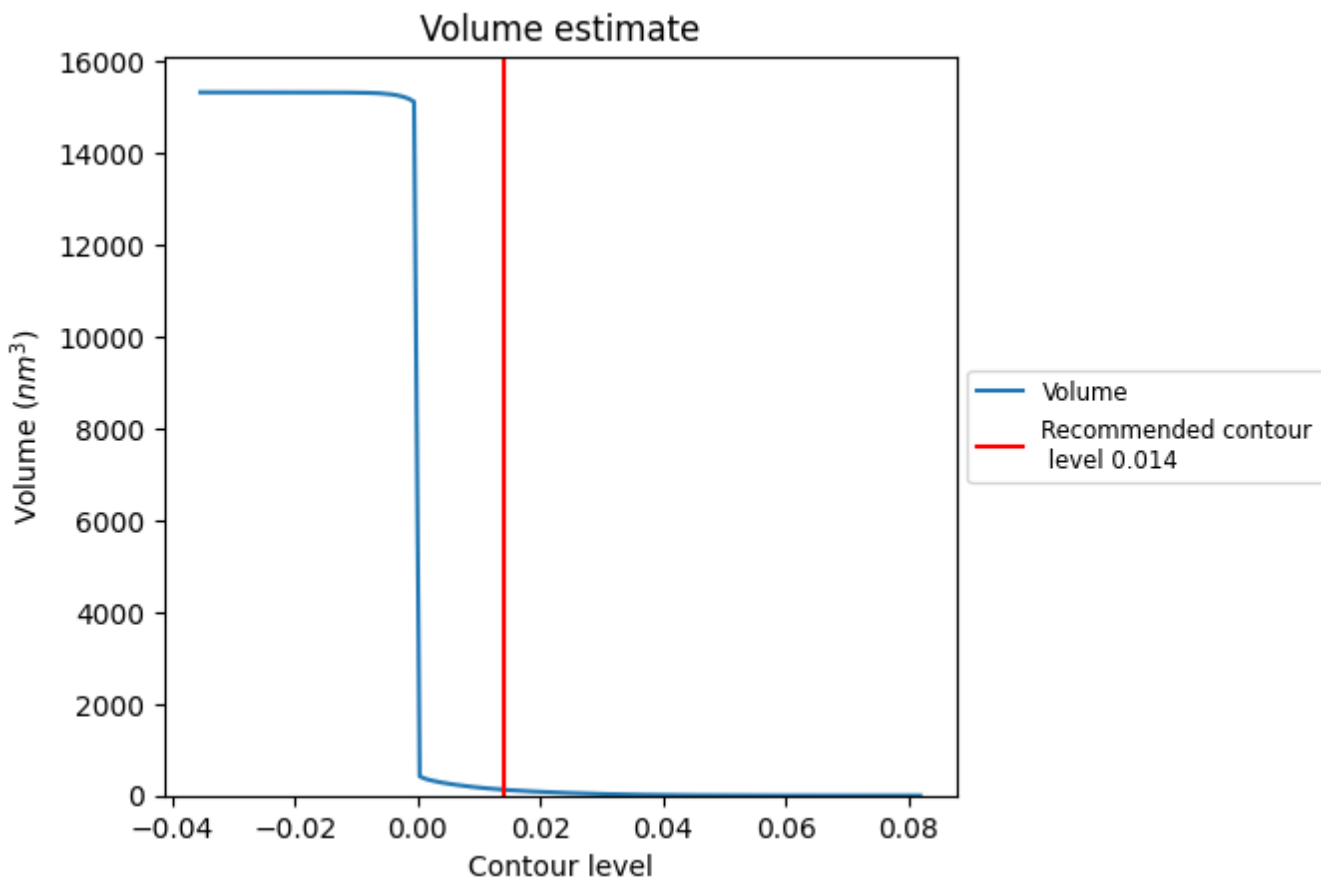
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

### 7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

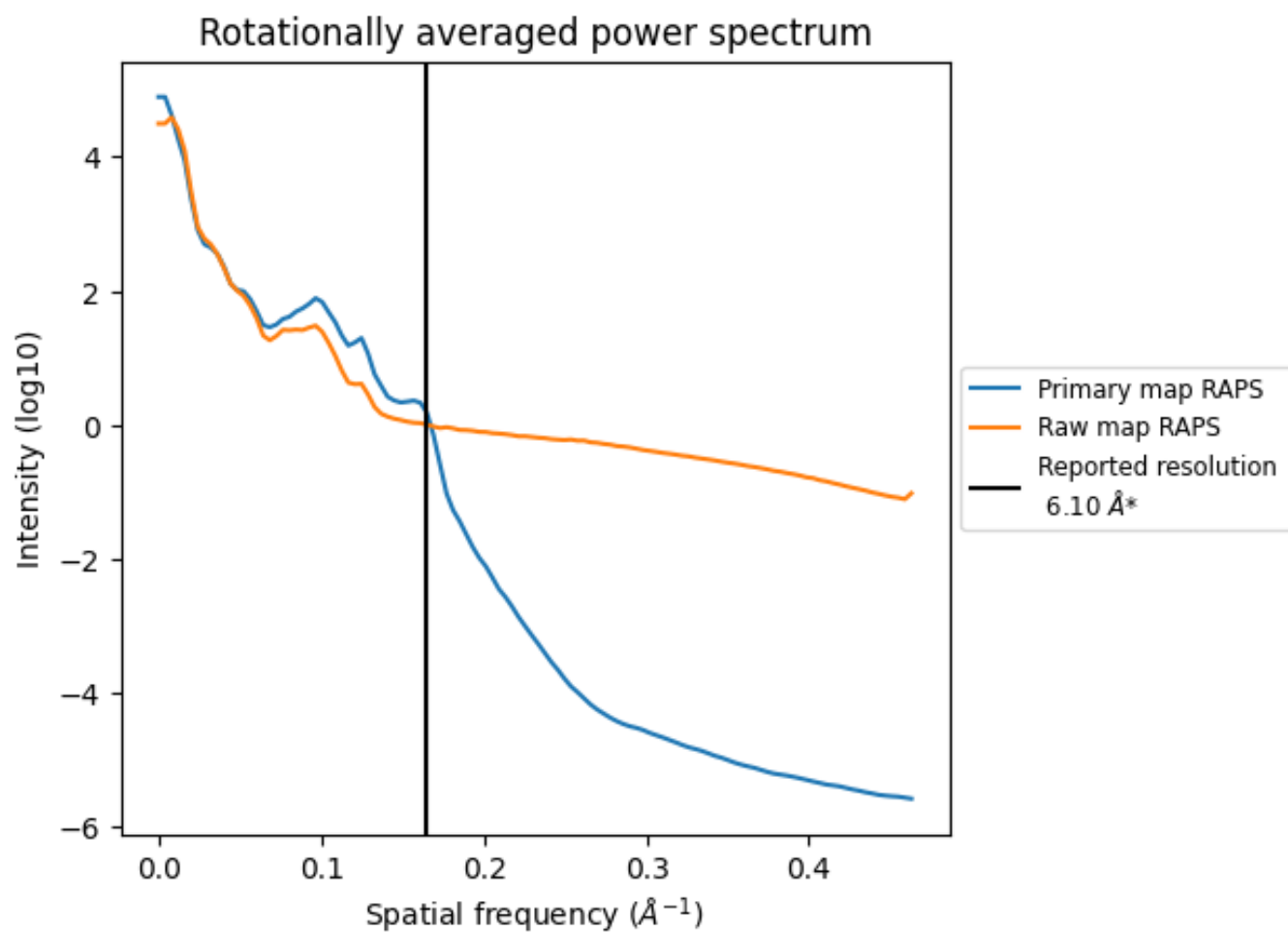
## 7.2 Volume estimate [\(i\)](#)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 128 nm<sup>3</sup>; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 116 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

### 7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum i



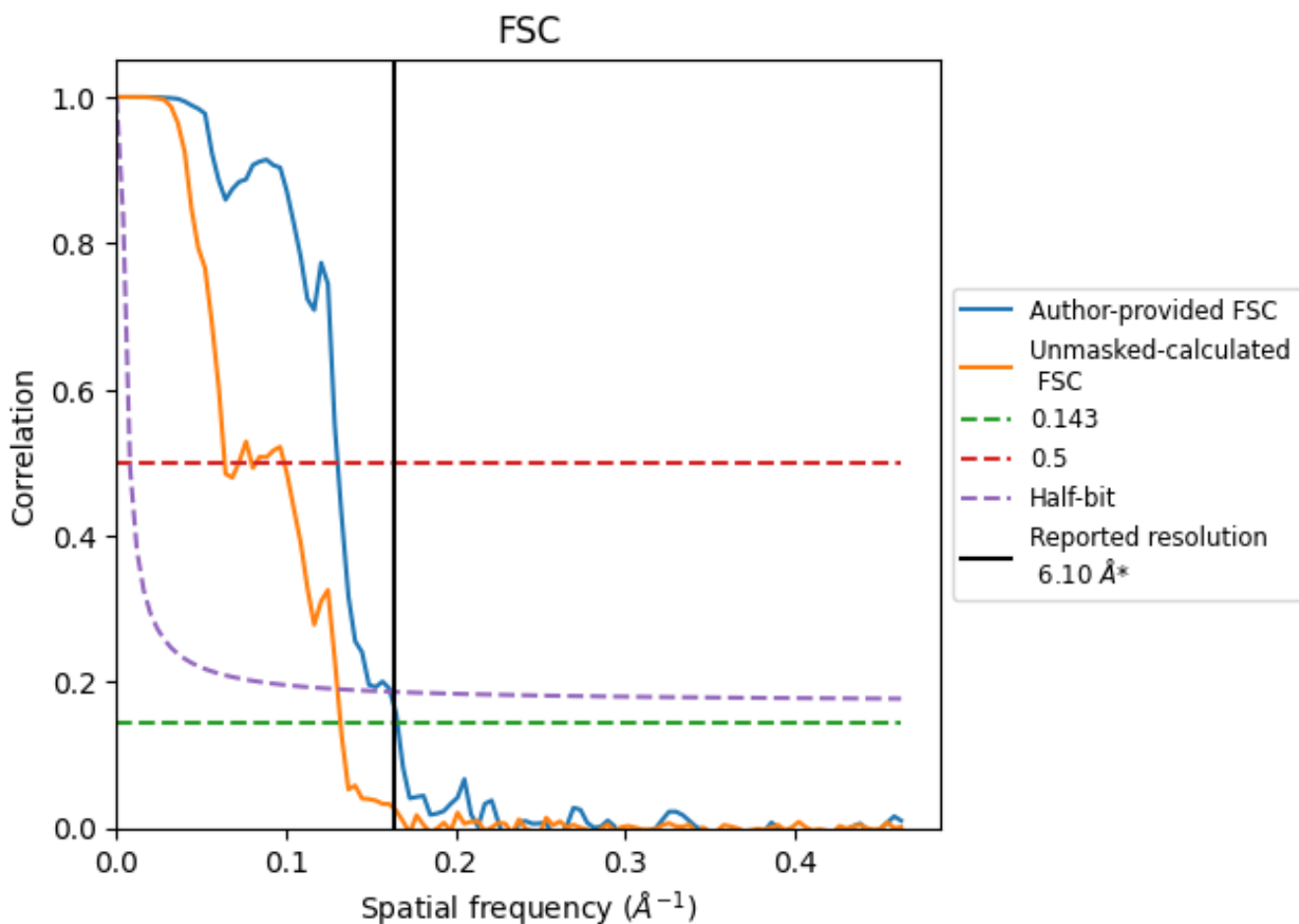
\*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.164 Å<sup>-1</sup>



## 8 Fourier-Shell correlation [i](#)

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

### 8.1 FSC [i](#)



\*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of  $0.164 \text{\AA}^{-1}$

## 8.2 Resolution estimates [i](#)

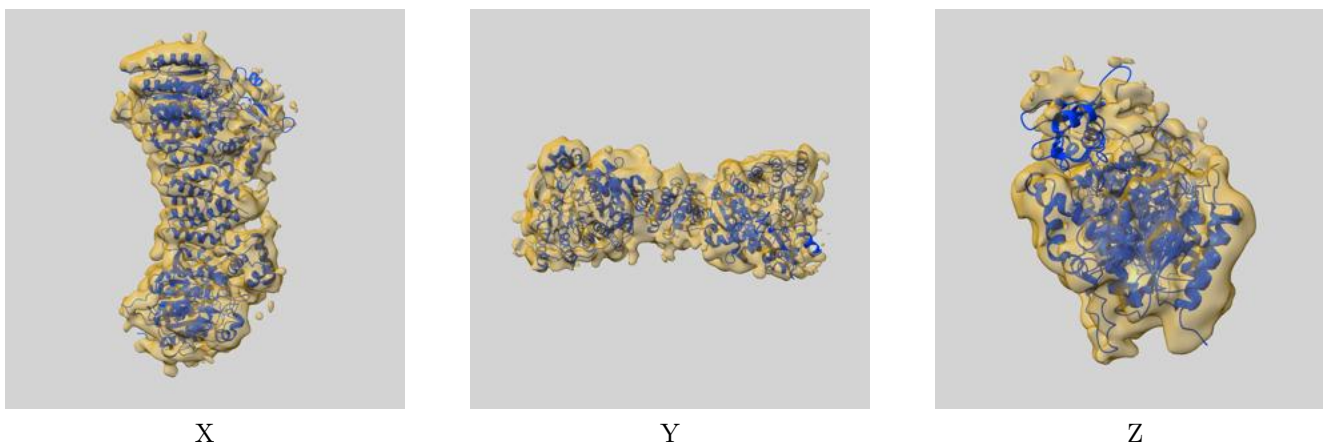
Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)		
	0.143	0.5	Half-bit
Reported by author	6.10	-	-
Author-provided FSC curve	6.03	7.66	6.19
Unmasked-calculated*	7.56	15.65	7.67

\*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps. The value from deposited half-maps intersecting FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF 7.56 differs from the reported value 6.1 by more than 10 %

## 9 Map-model fit [i](#)

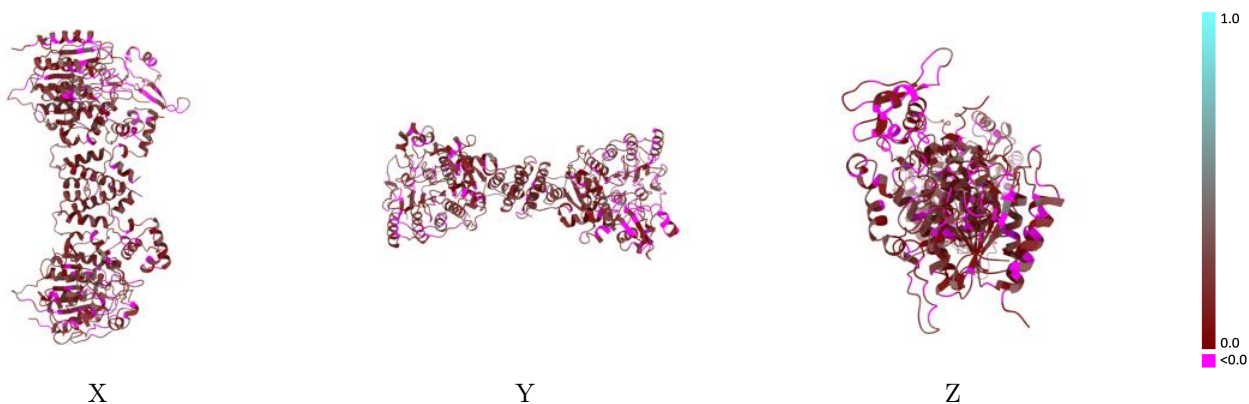
This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-11838 and PDB model 7AO9. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 5.

### 9.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)



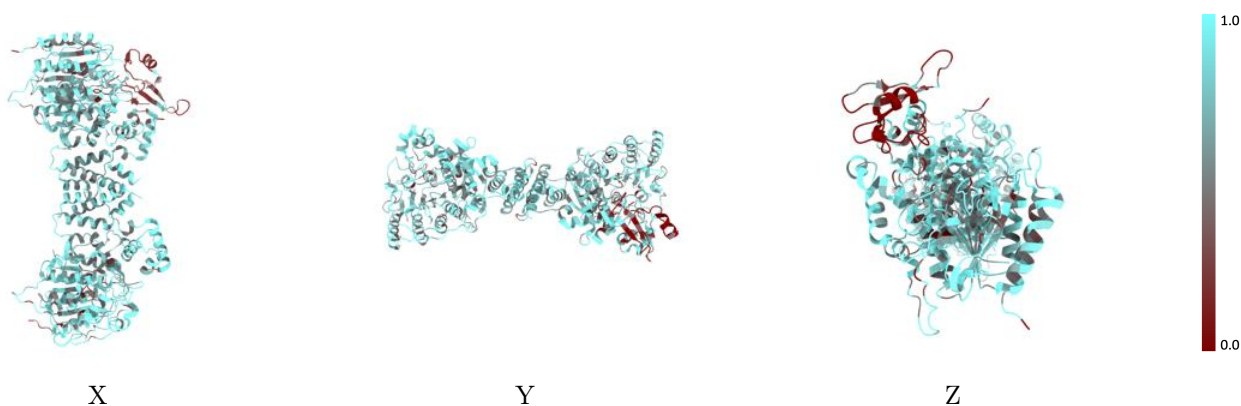
The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.014 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

## 9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [\(i\)](#)



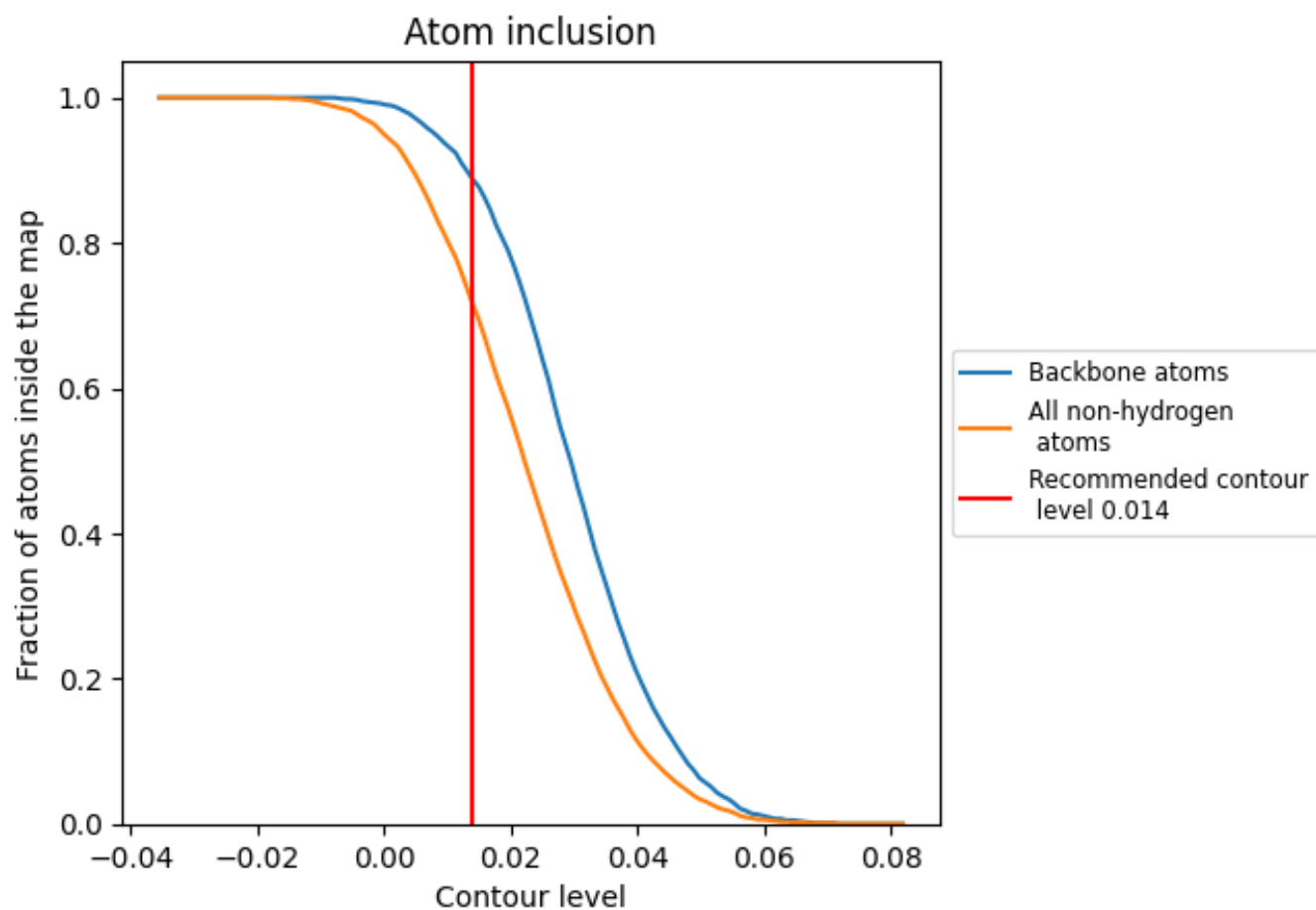
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

## 9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [\(i\)](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.014).













## 9.4 Atom inclusion [i](#)



At the recommended contour level, 89% of all backbone atoms, 72% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

## 9.5 Map-model fit summary

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.014) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	 0.7160	 0.1300
A	 0.7530	 0.1470
B	 0.7310	 0.1300
C	 0.1710	 -0.0080
D	 0.7820	 0.1580
E	 0.7440	 0.1330

