

# wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

#### Feb 7, 2022 – 06:40 PM EST

PDB ID : 1AS5

Title : SOLUTION STRUCTURE OF CONOTOXIN Y-PIHE FROM CONUS PUR-

PURASCENS, NMR, 14 STRUCTURES

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Deposited on : 1997-08-13

This is a wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

Mol Probity : 4.02b-467

Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

RCI : v 1n 11 5 13 A (Berjanski et al., 2005)

PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)

ShiftChecker : 2.26

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

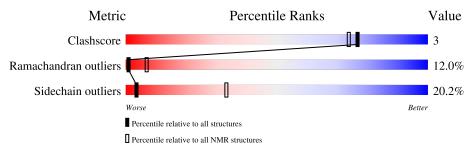
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.26

## 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:  $SOLUTION\ NMR$ 

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment was not calculated.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive $(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	${ m NMR}$ archive $(\#{ m Entries})$		
Clashscore	158937	12864		
Ramachandran outliers	154571	11451		
Sidechain outliers	154315	11428		

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain					
1	A	25	44%	20%	8%	8%	20%	



# 2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 14 models. Model 10 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 14 as representative.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues								
Well-defined core Residue range (total) Backbone RMSD (Å) Medoid model								
1	A:1-A:1, A:4-A:13, A:15-	0.57	10					
	A:23 (20)							

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 3 clusters and 1 single-model cluster was found.

Cluster number	Models
1	4, 7, 10, 11, 13, 14
2	1, 6, 9, 12
3	2, 5, 8
Single-model clusters	3



# 3 Entry composition (i)

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 357 atoms, of which 172 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called CONOTOXIN Y-PIIIE.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					Trace	
1	Λ	25	Total	С	Н	N	О	S	1
1	A	20	357	108	172	38	33	6	1

There are 3 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:  $\frac{1}{2}$ 

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	2	HYP	PRO	conflict	UNP P56529
A	3	HYP	PRO	conflict	UNP P56529
A	14	HYP	PRO	conflict	UNP P56529



## 4 Residue-property plots (i)

#### 4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: CONOTOXIN Y-PIIIE



# 4.2 Residue scores for the representative (medoid) model from the NMR ensemble

The representative model is number 10. Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

• Molecule 1: CONOTOXIN Y-PIIIE





#### Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i) 5



The models were refined using the following method: SIMULATED ANNEALING COMBINED WITH IRMA.

Of the 50 calculated structures, 14 were deposited, based on the following criterion: LEASTRESTRAINT VIOLATION, ENERGY.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
BIOSYM	structure solution	
BIOSYM	refinement	

No chemical shift data was provided.



## 6 Model quality (i)

#### 6.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: NH2, HYP

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	В	Sond lengths	ngths Bond angle		
MIOI	RMSZ		#Z>5	RMSZ	#Z>5	
1	A	$1.35 \pm 0.03$	$0\pm0/150~(~0.0\pm~0.0\%)$	$2.41 \pm 0.09$	$10\pm 2/196$ ( $4.9\pm~0.8\%$ )	
All	All	1.35	0/2100 ( 0.0%)	2.41	135/2744 ( 4.9%)	

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	Chirality	Planarity
1	A	$0.0\pm0.0$	$4.9 \pm 1.0$
All	All	0	69

There are no bond-length outliers.

5 of 19 unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	$oxed{cs} egin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$		$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$	Mod	dels	
MIOI	Chain	nes	Туре	Atoms	L	Observed(*)	Ideal(*)	Worst	Total
1	A	12	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	11.70	126.15	120.30	11	14
1	A	11	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	11.31	125.95	120.30	8	14
1	A	4	CYS	N-CA-CB	-10.56	91.58	110.60	3	5
1	A	13	TYR	CB-CG-CD1	7.93	125.76	121.00	12	5
1	A	11	ARG	CA-CB-CG	7.66	130.25	113.40	14	11

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 11 unique planar outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group	Models (Total)
1	A	13	TYR	Sidechain, Peptide	14

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group	Models (Total)
1	A	16	CYS	Peptide	14
1	A	22	CYS	Peptide	9
1	A	11	ARG	Sidechain	7
1	A	17	SER	Peptide	5

#### 6.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	
1	A	149	136	135	1±1	
All	All	2086	1904	1890	12	

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 3.

5 of 6 unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	$Distance(\mathring{A})$	Models		
Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(A)	Distance(A)	Worst	Total	
1:A:16:CYS:SG	1:A:19:ALA:HB3	0.55	2.41	4	4	
1:A:16:CYS:SG	1:A:19:ALA:HB2	0.55	2.42	5	2	
1:A:22:CYS:H	1:A:23:GLN:HG2	0.43	1.73	13	2	
1:A:4:CYS:SG	1:A:11:ARG:O	0.42	2.77	4	2	
1:A:21:CYS:O	1:A:21:CYS:SG	0.41	2.78	9	1	

#### 6.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	19/25 (76%)	13±2 (66±9%)	4±1 (22±7%)	2±1 (12±5%)	1 7
All	All	266/350 (76%)	176 (66%)	58 (22%)	32 (12%)	1 7



5 of 6 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	21	CYS	14
1	A	23	GLN	10
1	A	15	GLY	5
1	A	7	TYR	1
1	A	19	ALA	1

#### 6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles		
1	A	17/18 (94%)	14±1 (80±6%)	3±1 (20±6%)	3	33	
All	All	238/252 (94%)	190 (80%)	48 (20%)	3	33	

5 of 10 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	13	TYR	14
1	A	11	ARG	13
1	A	6	LEU	6
1	A	23	GLN	4
1	A	4	CYS	3

#### 6.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

3 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds that are observed in the model and the number of bonds that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length is the number of standard



deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths.

Mal	Trmo	Chain	Ros	Res Link	Bond lengths			
MOI	туре	Chain	nes		Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2	
1	HYP	A	3	1	6,8,9	$1.50 \pm 0.03$	1±0 (16±0%)	
1	HYP	A	14	1	6,8,9	$0.75 \pm 0.02$	0±0 (0±0%)	
1	HYP	A	2	1	6,8,9	$0.74 \pm 0.03$	0±0 (0±0%)	

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of angles for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of angles that are observed in the model and the number of angles that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond angle is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond angle with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond angles.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res Link	Link	Bond angles			
WIOI	Туре	Chain	rtes		Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2	
1	HYP	A	3	1	5,10,12	$3.15\pm0.14$	$3\pm0 \ (58\pm5\%)$	
1	HYP	A	14	1	5,10,12	$1.07 \pm 0.58$	1±0 (11±9%)	
1	HYP	A	2	1	5,10,12	$1.81 \pm 0.17$	2±0 (34±9%)	

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	$\operatorname{Res}$	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
1	HYP	A	14	1	-	$0\pm0,0,11,13$	$0 \pm 0,1,1,1$
1	HYP	A	2	1	-	$0\pm0,0,11,13$	$0\pm0,1,1,1$
1	HYP	A	3	1	-	$0\pm0,0,11,13$	$0\pm0,1,1,1$

All unique bond outliers are listed below.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\rm Observed(\mathring{A})$	Ideal(Å)	Mod	
1,101	Olidili	1000	-JPC	11001115		Observed(11)	$(\mathbf{A}) \mid \operatorname{Ideal}(\mathbf{A}) \mid$	Worst	Total
1	A	3	HYP	CB-CG	3.46	1.59	1.52	9	14

5 of 6 unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.



Mol	Chain	Chain Res		Atoma	$oxed{Z  { m Observed}(^o)}$	$Ideal(^{o})$	Models		
IVIOI	Chain	nes	Type	Atoms		Observed()	ideai( )	Worst	Total
1	A	3	HYP	CB-CG-CD	5.85	96.09	103.27	3	14
1	A	3	HYP	CG-CB-CA	4.77	109.98	103.96	3	14
1	A	14	HYP	O-C-CA	3.61	115.31	124.78	13	8
1	A	2	HYP	O-C-CA	3.54	115.51	124.78	9	14
1	A	3	HYP	O-C-CA	2.83	117.36	124.78	10	13

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

#### 6.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

## 6.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

#### 6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

#### 6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



# 7 Chemical shift validation (i)

No chemical shift data were provided

