

Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

Jun 19, 2024 – 11:06 AM EDT

PDB ID	:	4AZ0
Title	:	crystal structure of cathepsin a, complexed with 8a.
Authors	:	Ruf, S.; Buning, C.; Schreuder, H.; Horstick, G.; Linz, W.; Olpp, T.; Perner-
		storfer, J.; Hiss, K.; Kroll, K.; Kannt, A.; Kohlmann, M.; Linz, D.; Huebschle,
		T.; Ruetten, H.; Wirth, K.; Schmidt, T.; Sadowski, T.
Deposited on		
Resolution	:	2.17 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org* A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (i)) were used in the production of this report:

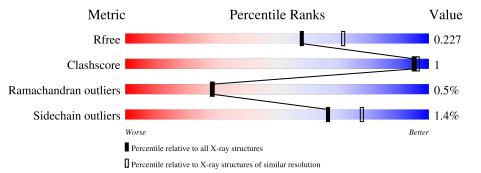
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	2022.3.0, CSD as $543be$ (2022)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.20.1
EDS	:	2.37.1
buster-report	:	1.1.7(2018)
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac	:	5.8.0158
CCP4	:	7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.37.1

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $X\text{-}RAY \, DIFFRACTION$

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.17 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$egin{array}{c} { m Whole \ archive} \ (\#{ m Entries}) \end{array}$	${f Similar\ resolution}\ (\#{ m Entries,\ resolution\ range}({ m \AA}))$
R _{free}	130704	6864 (2.20-2.16)
Clashscore	141614	7689 (2.20-2.16)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	7564 (2.20-2.16)
Sidechain outliers	138945	7564 (2.20-2.16)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain		
1	А	300	80%	6%	13%
2	В	155	96%		
3	С	2	100%		
3	D	2	50%	50%	



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 6 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 3676 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called LYSOSOMAL PROTECTIVE PROTEIN 32 KDA CHAIN.

Mol	Chain	Residues		At	oms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	А	260	Total 2025	C 1295	N 329	O 393	S 8	0	0	0

There are 2 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
А	-1	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P10619
А	0	ARG	-	expression tag	UNP P10619

• Molecule 2 is a protein called LYSOSOMAL PROTECTIVE PROTEIN 20 KDA CHAIN.

Mol	Chain	Residues		\mathbf{A}^{\dagger}	toms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	В	153	Total 1253	C 806	N 211	O 226	S 10	0	0	0

There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
В	453	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP P10619

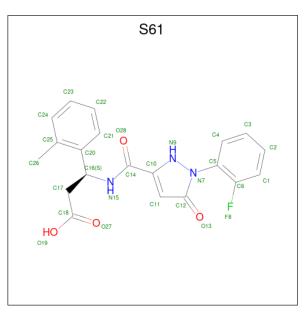
• Molecule 3 is an oligosaccharide called 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-a cetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
3	С	2	Total C N O 28 16 2 10	0	0	0
3	D	2	Total C N O 28 16 2 10	0	0	0



• Molecule 4 is (S)-3-{[1-(2-Fluoro-phenyl)-5-hydroxy-1H-pyrazole-3-carbonyl]-amino}-3-o-tol yl-propionic acid (three-letter code: S61) (formula: $C_{20}H_{18}FN_3O_4$).



Mol	Chain	Residues		Ato	\mathbf{ms}			ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	Λ	1	Total	С	F	Ν	Ο	0	0
4	A	1	28	20	1	3	4	0	0

• Molecule 5 is CADMIUM ION (three-letter code: CD) (formula: Cd).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	А	4	Total Cd 4 4	0	0
5	В	2	Total Cd 2 2	0	0

• Molecule 6 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	А	184	Total O 184 184	0	0
6	В	124	Total O 124 124	0	0



NAG1 NAG2

3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: LYSOSOMAL PROTECTIVE PROTEIN 32 KDA CHAIN

Chain A:	80%	6%	13%
SER R0 A1 P2 P2 P2 P2 P2 P2 P2 P2 P2 P2	A175 L180 L180 L199 R215 R215 R215 R215 R216 R215 R216 R215 R259 H15 R15 R15 R15 R15 R15 R15 R17 R259 R12 R259 R12 R259 R12 R259 R12 R259 R12 R259 R12 R12 R12 R12 R12 R12 R12 R12 R12 R12	ASP THR VAL VAL GLN	ASP LEU GLY GLY ASN THE THR THR THR LEU
PRO LEU LEU LEU MET MET MET MET ARG ARG ARG ARG ARG ARG ARG ARG ARG ARG			
• Molecule 2: LYSOSOMAL PR	OTECTIVE PROTEIN 20 K	DA CH	IAIN
Chain B:	96%		
MET ASP P 301 7333 6403 6403 6403 6403 6403 6403 6453			
• Molecule 3: 2-acetamido-2-deo opyranose	xy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-	4)-2-ace	tamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-gluc
Chain C:	100%		
LDAN NAG2			
• Molecule 3: 2-acetamido-2-deo opyranose	xy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-	4)-2-ace	tamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-gluc
Chain D: 50%	50%		



4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	C 1 2 1	Depositor
Cell constants	90.53Å 101.64Å 48.18Å	Depositor
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 101.97° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	44.28 - 2.17	Depositor
Resolution (A)	44.28 - 2.17	EDS
% Data completeness	98.2 (44.28-2.17)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	98.5 (44.28-2.17)	EDS
R _{merge}	0.06	Depositor
R _{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	$2.01 (at 2.18 \text{\AA})$	Xtriage
Refinement program	BUSTER 2.11.2	Depositor
D D	(Not available) , (Not available)	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.182 , 0.227	DCC
R_{free} test set	1106 reflections (4.98%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor $(Å^2)$	32.4	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.150	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.36 , 57.3	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$< L > = 0.48, < L^2 > = 0.31$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.95	EDS
Total number of atoms	3676	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms $(Å^2)$	37.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 5.28% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: CD, NAG, S61 $\,$

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
	Chain	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5	
1	А	0.37	0/2082	0.60	0/2840	
2	В	0.36	0/1287	0.60	0/1741	
All	All	0.36	0/3369	0.60	0/4581	

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	А	2025	0	1896	7	0
2	В	1253	0	1225	2	0
3	С	28	0	25	0	0
3	D	28	0	25	0	0
4	А	28	0	17	0	0
5	А	4	0	0	0	0
5	В	2	0	0	0	0
6	А	184	0	0	0	0
6	В	124	0	0	0	0
All	All	3676	0	3188	8	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including



hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 1.

All (8) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)	
1:A:64:ASP:HB2	2:B:333:MET:SD	2.31	0.71	
1:A:199:LEU:HD21	1:A:249:LEU:HD11	1.86	0.58	
1:A:147:THR:HG22	1:A:175:ALA:HB3	1.88	0.55	
1:A:152:ALA:HA	1:A:155:TYR:HB2	1.92	0.52	
2:B:363:GLN:HG3	2:B:449:LYS:HG2	1.97	0.45	
1:A:2:PRO:HG3	1:A:135:LEU:HB3	2.00	0.44	
1:A:180:LEU:HD21	1:A:183:TYR:CZ	2.53	0.44	
1:A:7:ILE:HD11	1:A:23:SER:HB2	2.01	0.41	

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Analysed Favoured		Outliers	Perce	entiles
1	А	258/300~(86%)	247 (96%)	10 (4%)	1 (0%)	34	35
2	В	151/155~(97%)	148 (98%)	2(1%)	1 (1%)	22	20
All	All	409/455~(90%)	395~(97%)	12 (3%)	2(0%)	29	28

All (2) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	В	403	GLY
1	А	215	GLN



5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the side chain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric Outliers		Percentiles		
1	А	219/260~(84%)	214~(98%)	5(2%)	50 60		
2	В	137/139~(99%)	137 (100%)	0	100 100		
All	All	356/399~(89%)	351 (99%)	5 (1%)	67 78		

All (5) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	А	73	PHE
1	А	90	ASN
1	А	174	LEU
1	А	216	ASN
1	А	217	LYS

Sometimes side chains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (3) such side chains are listed below:

Mol	IolChainRes		Type
1	А	125	ASN
1	А	142	ASN
1	А	186	ASN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

4 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.



4AZ0

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Mol Type Chain R		Res	es Link	Bond lengths			В	ond ang	les
	Type	Unam	nes		Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
3	NAG	С	1	3,1	14,14,15	0.27	0	17,19,21	0.62	0
3	NAG	С	2	3	14,14,15	0.27	0	17,19,21	0.52	0
3	NAG	D	1	2,3	14,14,15	0.28	0	17,19,21	0.79	1 (5%)
3	NAG	D	2	3	14,14,15	0.29	0	17,19,21	0.57	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	NAG	С	1	3,1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	С	2	3	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	D	1	2,3	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	D	2	3	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
3	D	1	NAG	C1-O5-C5	2.35	115.34	112.19

There are no chirality outliers.

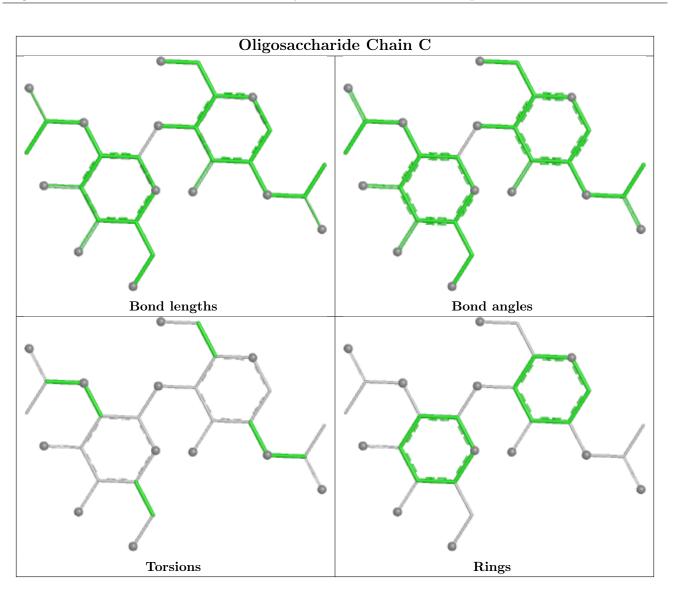
There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.

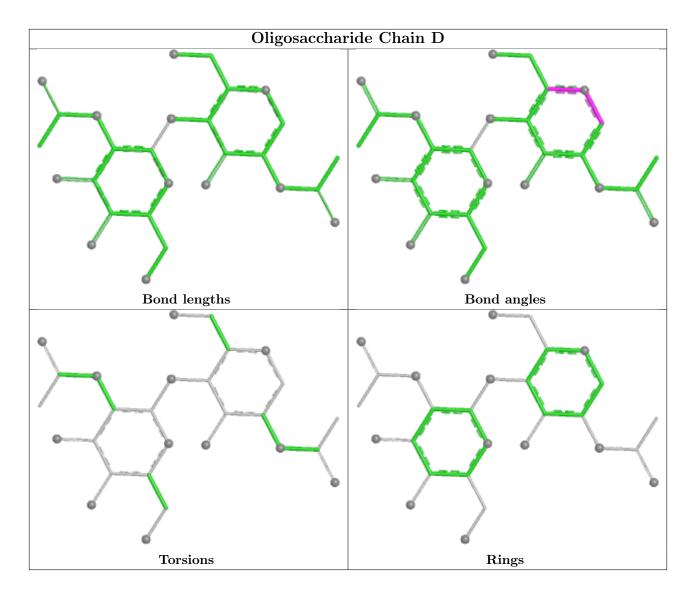












5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 7 ligands modelled in this entry, 6 are monoatomic - leaving 1 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Mol Type Chain Res L		Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles			
	Type	Ullaili	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
4	S61	А	1262	-	28,30,30	1.14	1 (3%)	34,42,42	1.26	5 (14%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral



centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	S61	А	1262	-	-	6/20/20/20	0/3/3/3

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Ζ	Observed(Å)	$\operatorname{Ideal}(\operatorname{\AA})$
4	А	1262	S61	O13-C12	5.48	1.35	1.23

All (5) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
4	А	1262	S61	C16-N15-C14	4.46	128.45	122.21
4	А	1262	S61	C11-C10-N9	3.15	111.65	107.28
4	А	1262	S61	C20-C16-N15	-2.37	106.76	111.44
4	А	1262	S61	C10-C11-C12	-2.23	106.75	108.19
4	А	1262	S61	C14-C10-N9	-2.06	114.22	118.69

There are no chirality outliers.

All (6) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
4	А	1262	S61	C4-C5-N7-N9
4	А	1262	S61	C17-C16-C20-C21
4	А	1262	S61	C17-C16-C20-C25
4	А	1262	S61	N15-C16-C20-C21
4	А	1262	S61	N15-C16-C20-C25
4	А	1262	S61	C17-C16-N15-C14

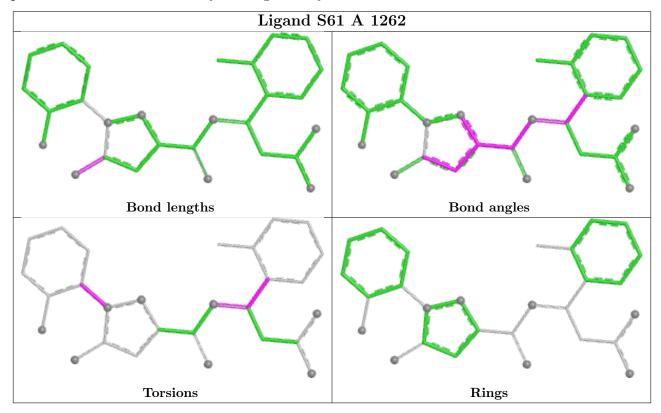
There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and



any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.



5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

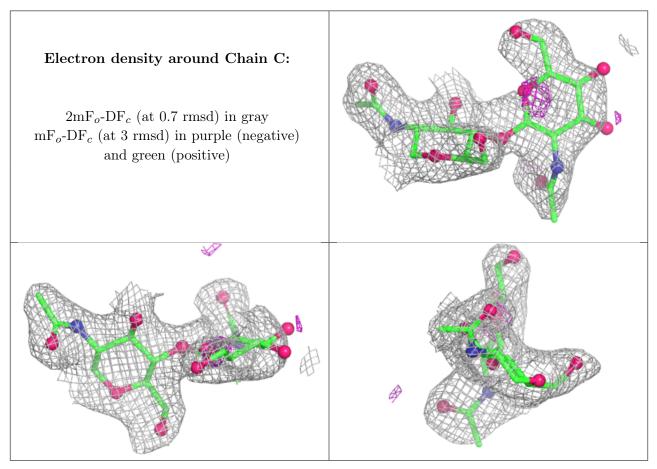
6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

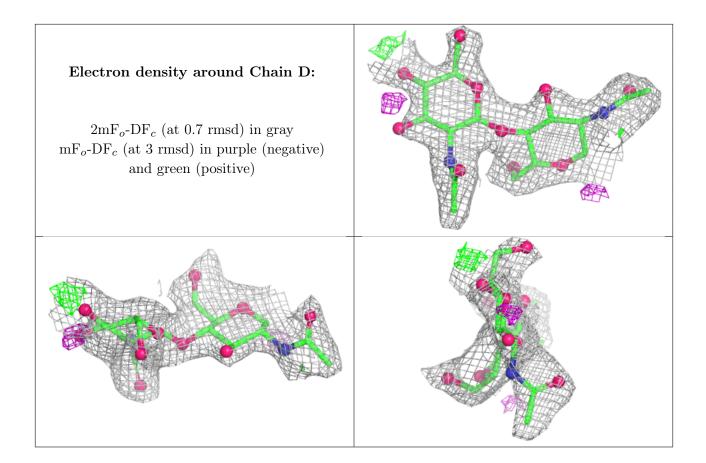
6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density for oligosaccharide. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.





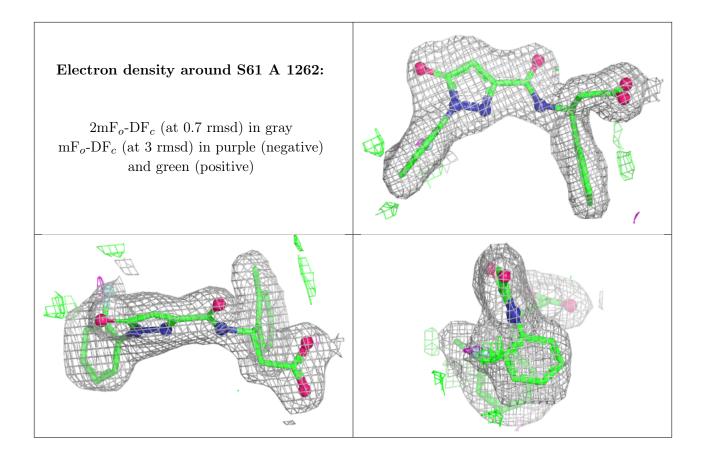


6.4 Ligands (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.





6.5 Other polymers (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

