

wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Jan 27, 2024 – 04:13 PM EST

PDB ID : 1BEP

Title : EFFECT OF UNNATURAL HEME SUBSTITUTION ON KINETICS OF

ELECTRON TRANSFER IN CYTOCHROME C PEROXIDASE

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Deposited on : 1998-05-16

Resolution : 2.20 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : NOT EXECUTED

EDS : NOT EXECUTED

buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

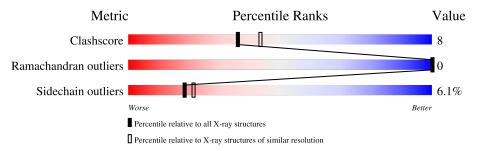
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.20 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	Similar resolution		
Metric	$(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$(\# ext{Entries}, ext{ resolution range}(ext{Å}))$		
Clashscore	141614	5594 (2.20-2.20)		
Ramachandran outliers	138981	5503 (2.20-2.20)		
Sidechain outliers	138945	5504 (2.20-2.20)		

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Note EDS was not executed.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain						
1	A	291	70%	24%	5%				

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
2	ССН	A	296	X	-	-	-



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 2514 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

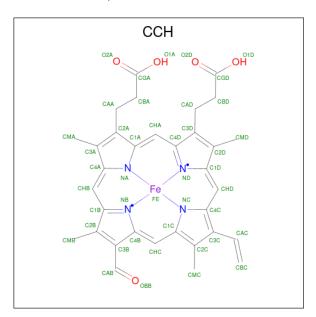
• Molecule 1 is a protein called YEAST CYTOCHROME C PEROXIDASE.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	291	Total 2292	C 1468	N 380	O 438	S 6	0	0	0

There are 3 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	53	ILE	THR	engineered mutation	UNP P00431
A	152	GLY	ASP	engineered mutation	UNP P00431
A	272	ASP	ASN	engineered mutation	UNP P00431

• Molecule 2 is [7-ETHENYL-12-FORMYL-3,8,13,17-TERTRAMETHYL-21H,23H-PORPHI NE-2,18-DIPROPANOATO(2)-N21,N22,N23,N24]IRON (three-letter code: CCH) (formula: $C_{33}H_{30}FeN_4O_5$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	
2	A	1	Total 43	C 33	Fe 1	N 4	O 5	0	0



• Molecule 3 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	179	Total 179	O 179	0	0

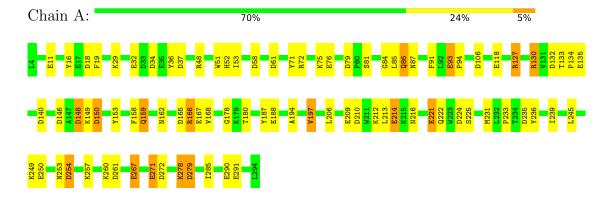


3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

Note EDS was not executed.

• Molecule 1: YEAST CYTOCHROME C PEROXIDASE





4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Xtriage (Phenix) and EDS were not executed - this section is therefore incomplete.

Property	Value	Source	
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor	
Cell constants	105.12Å 74.31Å 45.36Å	Depositor	
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor	
Resolution (Å)	20.00 - 2.20	Depositor	
% Data completeness	(Not available) (20.00-2.20)	Depositor	
(in resolution range)	(1vot available) (20.00-2.20)		
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor	
R_{sym}	0.08	Depositor	
Refinement program	TNT 1	Depositor	
R, R_{free}	0.180 , (Not available)	Depositor	
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage	
Total number of atoms	2514	wwPDB-VP	
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	21.0	wwPDB-VP	



5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: CCH

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

	Mol	Chain	Bo	nd lengths	Bond angles		
			RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5	
	1	A	0.89	$13/2357 \ (0.6\%)$	1.32	39/3201 (1.2%)	

The worst 5 of 13 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(ext{\AA})$
1	A	76	GLU	CD-OE1	6.40	1.32	1.25
1	A	118	GLU	CD-OE1	6.25	1.32	1.25
1	A	271	GLU	CD-OE1	5.82	1.32	1.25
1	A	267	GLU	CD-OE1	5.78	1.32	1.25
1	A	32	GLU	CD-OE1	5.75	1.31	1.25

The worst 5 of 39 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$Observed(^o)$	$Ideal(^{o})$
1	A	165	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	-8.35	110.78	118.30
1	A	254	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	-7.89	111.20	118.30
1	A	272	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	-7.73	111.35	118.30
1	A	165	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	7.53	125.08	118.30
1	A	146	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	-7.39	111.65	118.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.



Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2292	0	2113	35	0
2	A	43	0	28	3	0
3	A	179	0	0	3	0
All	All	2514	0	2141	36	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 8.

The worst 5 of 36 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Clash} \\ \text{overlap } (\text{\AA}) \end{array}$
1:A:213:LEU:HD11	1:A:221:GLU:HB3	1.64	0.78
1:A:133:THR:HB	1:A:134:PRO:HD2	1.72	0.71
1:A:194:ALA:HB1	1:A:197:VAL:HG13	1.76	0.68
1:A:84:GLY:N	1:A:86:GLN:OE1	2.29	0.66
1:A:278:LYS:HG3	1:A:279:ASP:N	2.14	0.62

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	289/291 (99%)	282 (98%)	7 (2%)	0	100 100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent side chain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.



The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	231/249 (93%)	217 (94%)	14 (6%)	18 21

5 of 14 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	212	LYS
1	A	214	GLU
1	A	285	ILE
1	A	253	ASN
1	A	278	LYS

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (5) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	24	ASN
1	A	87	ASN
1	A	141	ASN
1	A	208	ASN
1	A	292	GLN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

1 ligand is modelled in this entry.



In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Pag	Link	Во	ond leng	hs	В	ond ang	gles
MIOI	туре	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
2	ССН	A	296	1,3	48,50,50	1.42	3 (6%)	52,82,82	1.94	14 (26%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	ССН	A	296	1,3	1/1/3/9	4/12/54/54	-

All (3) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	Observed(A)	$Ideal(\AA)$
2	A	296	ССН	C3C-C2C	-5.14	1.33	1.40
2	A	296	ССН	CAB-C3B	3.77	1.53	1.45
2	A	296	ССН	C3C-CAC	2.52	1.53	1.47

The worst 5 of 14 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\mathrm{Ideal}(^{o})$
2	A	296	ССН	CHA-C1A-NA	5.73	130.63	124.44
2	A	296	ССН	CHB-C4A-NA	5.39	130.27	124.44
2	A	296	ССН	C4A-CHB-C1B	-5.26	114.72	126.06
2	A	296	ССН	CHA-C1A-C2A	-3.63	119.06	124.94
2	A	296	ССН	OBB-CAB-C3B	-3.25	118.34	125.69

All (1) chirality outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atom
2	A	296	ССН	NA

All (4) torsion outliers are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	A	296	ССН	C4B-C3B-CAB-OBB
2	A	296	ССН	C2B-C3B-CAB-OBB
2	A	296	ССН	CAA-CBA-CGA-O1A
2	A	296	ССН	CAA-CBA-CGA-O2A

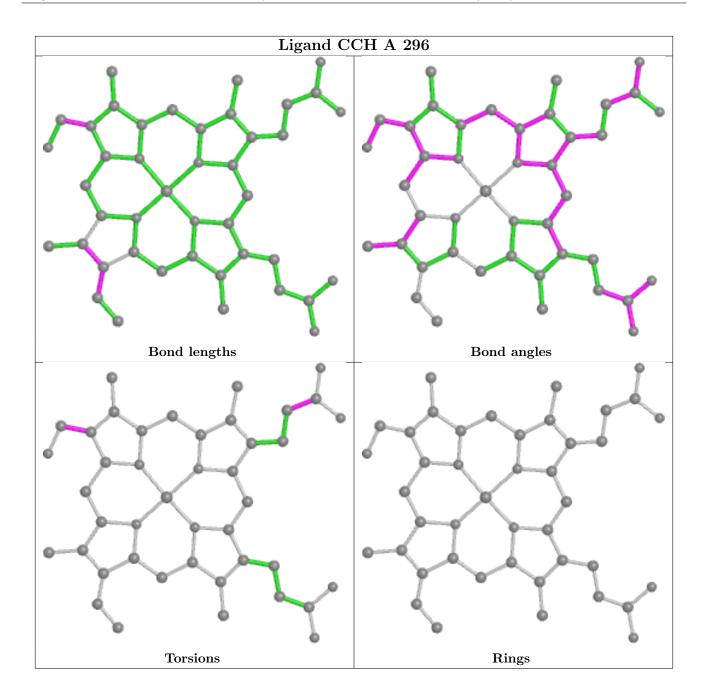
There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 3 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	A	296	ССН	3	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.





5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.4 Ligands (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.5 Other polymers (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

