

# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

#### Feb 27, 2023 – 05:54 pm GMT

PDB ID	:	8BHE
Title	:	K141H and S142H double mutant of hGSTA1-1
Authors	:	Papageorgiou, A.C.; Poudel, N.
Deposited on		
Resolution	:	1.87  Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org* A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

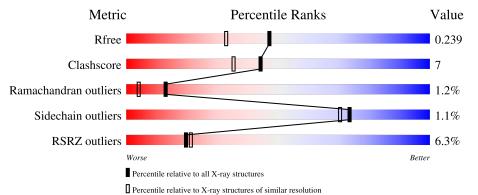
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.13
EDS	:	2.32.1
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac	:	5.8.0158
CCP4	:	7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.32.1

## 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:  $X\text{-}RAY \, DIFFRACTION$ 

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.87 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$egin{array}{c} { m Whole \ archive} \ (\#{ m Entries}) \end{array}$	${f Similar\ resolution}\ (\#{ m Entries,\ resolution\ range}({ m \AA}))$
$R_{free}$	130704	9470 (1.90-1.86)
Clashscore	141614	10282 (1.90-1.86)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	10152 (1.90-1.86)
Sidechain outliers	138945	10152 (1.90-1.86)
RSRZ outliers	127900	9303 (1.90-1.86)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain	
1	А	222	83%	10% 6%
1	В	222	8%	14% • 7%



#### 8BHE

## 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 3656 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Glutathione S-transferase A1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	Р	207	Total	С	Ν	0	S	0	1	0
	D	207	1685	1096	281	300	300 8	0		
1	Λ	208	Total	С	Ν	0	S	0	0	0
	A	208	1676	1087	281	300	8	0	0	0

There are 4 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
В	141	HIS	LYS	engineered mutation	UNP P08263
В	142	HIS	SER	engineered mutation	UNP P08263
А	141	HIS	LYS	engineered mutation	UNP P08263
А	142	HIS	SER	engineered mutation	UNP P08263

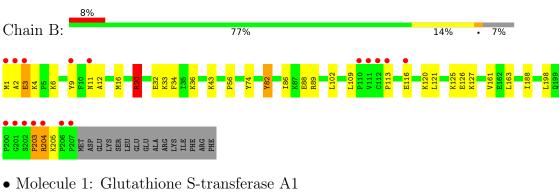
• Molecule 2 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	В	172	Total O 172 172	0	0
2	А	123	Total         O           123         123	0	0

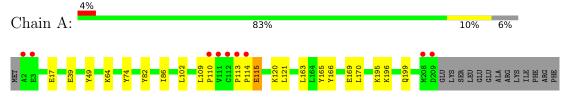


## 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.



• Molecule 1: Glutathione S-transferase A1





## 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor
Cell constants	63.50Å 79.61Å 93.68Å	Depositor
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	$90.00^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	49.64 - 1.87	Depositor
Resolution (A)	49.64 - 1.87	EDS
% Data completeness	94.9 (49.64-1.87)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	94.9 (49.64 - 1.87)	EDS
R <sub>merge</sub>	(Not available)	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	$1.15 (at 1.87 \text{\AA})$	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX 1.20.1_4487	Depositor
D D.	0.201 , $0.239$	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.200 , $0.239$	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	1906 reflections $(5.06\%)$	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor $(Å^2)$	38.7	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.241	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.34 , $44.7$	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$ L  > = 0.50, < L^2 > = 0.33$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.96	EDS
Total number of atoms	3656	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms $(Å^2)$	46.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 6.56% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

## 5 Model quality (i)

## 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
	Unam	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	
1	А	0.42	0/1712	0.59	0/2308	
1	В	0.45	0/1725	0.65	1/2324~(0.0%)	
All	All	0.43	0/3437	0.62	1/4632~(0.0%)	

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	В	0	1

There are no bond length outliers.

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
1	В	20	ARG	N-CA-CB	-5.50	100.71	110.60

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	В	20	ARG	Sidechain

### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.



Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	А	1676	0	1724	14	0
1	В	1685	0	1747	33	0
2	А	123	0	0	2	0
2	В	172	0	0	5	0
All	All	3656	0	3471	45	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 7.

All (45) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic	Clash
Atom-1	Atom-2	distance $(\text{\AA})$	overlap (Å)
1:A:121:LEU:HD11	1:A:170:LEU:HD11	1.63	0.79
1:B:113:PRO:HG2	1:B:116:GLU:HB2	1.69	0.75
1:A:102:LEU:HD23	1:A:163:LEU:HD21	1.70	0.71
1:B:127:LYS:NZ	2:B:303:HOH:O	2.21	0.68
1:B:102:LEU:HD23	1:B:163:LEU:HD21	1.81	0.62
1:B:20:ARG:HH12	1:B:204:ARG:HA	1.70	0.56
1:B:20:ARG:NH2	1:B:203:PRO:C	2.59	0.56
1:B:20:ARG:HH12	1:B:205:LYS:H	1.54	0.56
1:A:113:PRO:O	1:A:115:GLU:N	2.35	0.56
1:B:109:LEU:HD11	1:B:121:LEU:HD13	1.88	0.55
1:B:20:ARG:NH1	1:B:204:ARG:HA	2.23	0.54
1:A:17:GLU:HG2	1:A:166:TYR:OH	2.08	0.53
1:B:126:GLU:OE1	2:B:301:HOH:O	2.19	0.53
1:B:88:GLU:OE2	2:B:302:HOH:O	2.19	0.51
1:B:4:LYS:O	1:B:6:LYS:HD2	2.12	0.49
1:A:109:LEU:HB3	1:A:110:PRO:HD3	1.92	0.49
1:B:16:MET:O	1:B:16:MET:HG3	2.14	0.47
1:B:121:LEU:HG	1:B:125:LYS:HE3	1.96	0.47
1:A:165:TYR:O	1:A:169:GLU:HG3	2.15	0.47
1:B:82:TYR:CE1	1:B:89:ARG:HG3	2.51	0.46
1:A:49:TYR:CE1	1:A:64:LYS:HE3	2.51	0.46
1:B:16:MET:HE2	1:B:56:PRO:HB3	1.99	0.45
1:B:161:VAL:HG21	1:B:188:ILE:HB	2.00	0.44
1:B:9[B]:TYR:OH	1:B:32:GLU:OE1	2.31	0.44
1:B:16:MET:CE	1:B:56:PRO:HB3	2.48	0.44
1:A:196:LYS:HE2	2:A:410:HOH:O	2.18	0.43
1:B:120:LYS:HG2	2:B:369:HOH:O	2.19	0.43
1:B:89:ARG:HD3	2:A:324:HOH:O	2.18	0.43
1:A:120:LYS:HA	1:A:120:LYS:HD2	1.75	0.43
1:B:36:LYS:HE2	1:B:36:LYS:HB2	1.83	0.43

Continued on next page...



Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
		( )	- ( )
1:B:34:PHE:O	1:B:36:LYS:NZ	2.35	0.43
1:B:43:LYS:HD3	2:B:463:HOH:O	2.20	0.42
1:B:9[B]:TYR:CD2	1:B:16:MET:HB3	2.54	0.42
1:B:34:PHE:HZ	1:B:205:LYS:HZ3	1.66	0.42
1:B:11:ASN:HA	1:B:34:PHE:CE2	2.54	0.42
1:B:11:ASN:HA	1:B:34:PHE:CD2	2.55	0.42
1:A:195:LYS:O	1:A:199:GLN:HG3	2.19	0.42
1:B:198:LEU:HD23	1:B:204:ARG:HD2	2.01	0.41
1:B:86:ILE:HG12	1:A:74:TYR:CD1	2.55	0.41
1:B:74:TYR:CD1	1:A:86:ILE:HG12	2.56	0.41
1:A:113:PRO:HA	1:A:114:PRO:HD3	1.93	0.41
1:A:109:LEU:HD21	1:A:121:LEU:HD13	2.04	0.40
1:B:9[B]:TYR:HE2	1:B:12:ALA:O	2.05	0.40
1:B:20:ARG:HH12	1:B:205:LYS:N	2.18	0.40
1:B:1:MET:HB3	1:B:3:GLU:HB3	2.03	0.40

Continued from previous page...

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	А	206/222~(93%)	194 (94%)	11 (5%)	1 (0%)	29 17
1	В	206/222~(93%)	195~(95%)	7 (3%)	4 (2%)	8 1
All	All	412/444 (93%)	389 (94%)	18 (4%)	5 (1%)	13 4

All (5) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	204	ARG
1	В	2	ALA
1	А	115	GLU

Continued on next page...



Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	3	GLU
1	В	203	PRO

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	А	181/196~(92%)	179~(99%)	2(1%)	73 70
1	В	183/196~(93%)	181 (99%)	2(1%)	73 70
All	All	364/392~(93%)	360~(99%)	4 (1%)	73 70

All (4) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	33	LYS
1	В	82	TYR
1	А	39	GLU
1	А	82	TYR

Sometimes side chains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (2) such side chains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	А	54	GLN
1	А	145	GLN

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.



#### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

### 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

#### 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

#### 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



## 6 Fit of model and data (i)

## 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ> 2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	$\langle RSRZ \rangle$	#RS	SRZ>	>2	$OWAB(Å^2)$	Q<0.9
1	А	208/222~(93%)	0.28	9 (4%)	35	36	31, 46, 82, 107	0
1	В	207/222~(93%)	0.49	17 (8%)	11	12	29, 41, 77, 98	0
All	All	415/444~(93%)	0.39	26 (6%)	20	21	29, 44, 79, 107	0

All (26) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	А	2	ALA	10.9
1	В	2	ALA	9.4
1	В	1	MET	9.1
1	В	111	VAL	7.8
1	В	110	PRO	7.0
1	А	111	VAL	6.9
1	В	201	GLY	6.7
1	В	202	SER	6.6
1	А	114	PRO	5.3
1	В	203	PRO	5.1
1	А	3	GLU	5.1
1	В	112	CYS	4.9
1	А	209	ASP	4.8
1	А	113	PRO	4.7
1	А	208	MET	4.6
1	А	112	CYS	4.6
1	В	207	PRO	3.9
1	В	9[A]	TYR	3.8
1	В	3	GLU	3.4
1	В	206	PRO	3.4
1	В	116	GLU	2.5
1	А	110	PRO	2.5
1	В	204	ARG	2.4
1	В	11	ASN	2.4

Continued on next page...



Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	В	113	PRO	2.4
1	В	200	PRO	2.4

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

### 6.4 Ligands (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

## 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

