



wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report ⓘ

Jan 27, 2024 – 04:08 PM EST

PDB ID : 1BI7
Title : MECHANISM OF G1 CYCLIN DEPENDENT KINASE INHIBITION FROM THE STRUCTURE OF THE CDK6-P16INK4A TUMOR SUPPRESSOR COMPLEX
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Deposited on : 1998-06-22
Resolution : 3.40 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Xtriage (Phenix) : **NOT EXECUTED**
EDS : **NOT EXECUTED**
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36

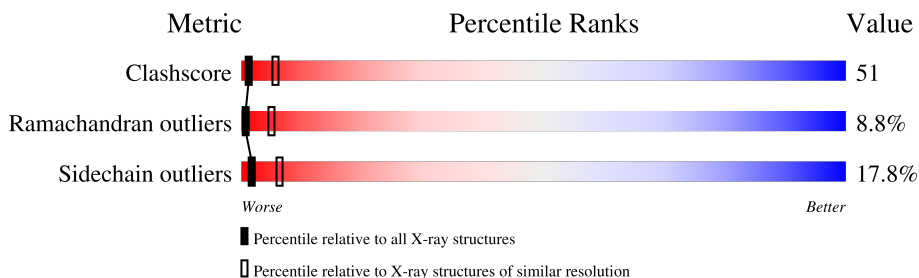
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.40 Å.

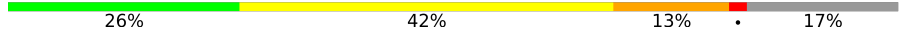
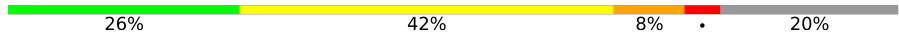
Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	141614	1055 (3.48-3.32)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	1038 (3.48-3.32)
Sidechain outliers	138945	1038 (3.48-3.32)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$

Note EDS was not executed.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	326	 26% 42% 13% • 17%
2	B	156	 26% 42% 8% • 20%

2 Entry composition

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 3087 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called CYCLIN-DEPENDENT KINASE 6.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
1	A	269	2143	1372	373	391	7	0	0	0

- Molecule 2 is a protein called MULTIPLE TUMOR SUPPRESSOR.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
2	B	125	944	584	185	171	4	0	0	0

There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

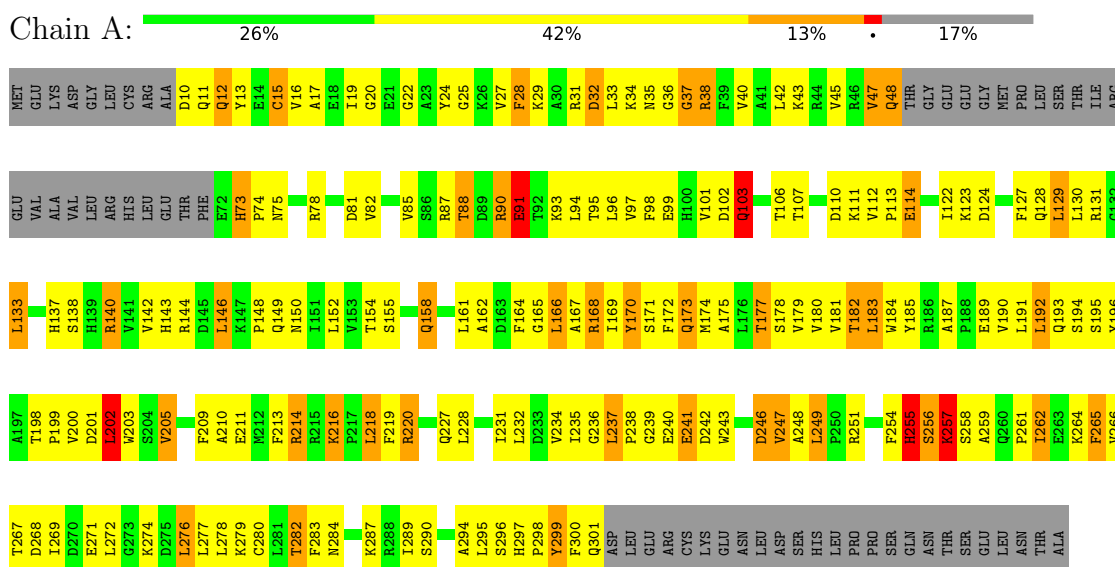
Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
B	37	ASN	LEU	conflict	UNP P42771

3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

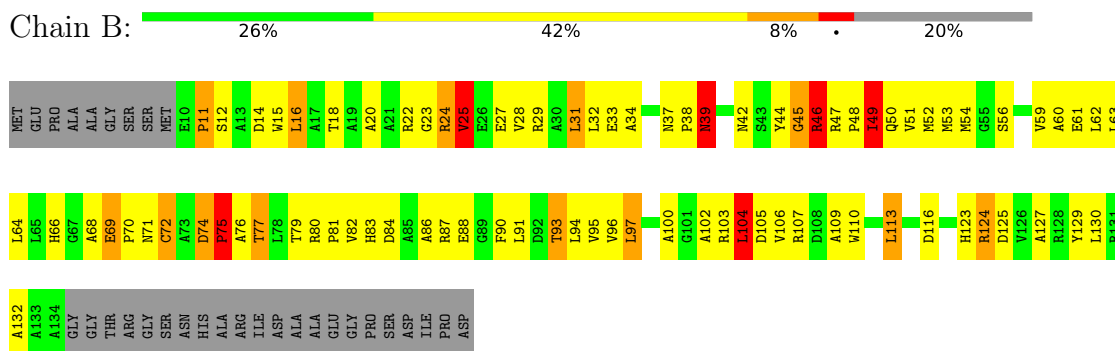
These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

Note EDS was not executed.

- Molecule 1: CYCLIN-DEPENDENT KINASE 6



- Molecule 2: MULTIPLE TUMOR SUPPRESSOR



4 Data and refinement statistics

Xtrriage (Phenix) and EDS were not executed - this section is therefore incomplete.

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 41 2 2	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	123.10Å 123.10Å 112.50Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	10.00 – 3.40	Depositor
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	94.7 (10.00-3.40)	Depositor
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R_{sym}	0.07	Depositor
Refinement program	X-PLOR 3.8	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.227 , 0.330	Depositor
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtrriage
Total number of atoms	3087	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	72.0	wwPDB-VP

5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z >5	RMSZ	# Z >5
1	A	0.63	0/2190	0.89	4/2967 (0.1%)
2	B	0.58	0/962	0.89	1/1310 (0.1%)
All	All	0.62	0/3152	0.89	5/4277 (0.1%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	1

There are no bond length outliers.

All (5) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed($^{\circ}$)	Ideal($^{\circ}$)
1	A	202	LEU	CA-CB-CG	-7.69	97.61	115.30
1	A	114	GLU	N-CA-C	6.36	128.18	111.00
2	B	14	ASP	N-CA-C	-5.46	96.26	111.00
1	A	214	ARG	N-CA-C	5.29	125.28	111.00
1	A	37	GLY	N-CA-C	-5.10	100.36	113.10

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	170	TYR	Sidechain

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2143	0	2148	218	0
2	B	944	0	938	116	0
All	All	3087	0	3086	316	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 51.

The worst 5 of 316 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:171:SER:HB2	1:A:177:THR:HG23	1.25	1.13
1:A:169:ILE:HG12	1:A:181:VAL:HG23	1.24	1.11
1:A:166:LEU:HD12	2:B:22:ARG:HD2	1.40	1.03
1:A:211:GLU:HA	1:A:214:ARG:HB2	1.45	0.98
2:B:48:PRO:HA	2:B:51:VAL:HG12	1.51	0.92

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	265/326 (81%)	197 (74%)	44 (17%)	24 (9%)	1	4
2	B	123/156 (79%)	79 (64%)	34 (28%)	10 (8%)	1	5
All	All	388/482 (80%)	276 (71%)	78 (20%)	34 (9%)	1	5

5 of 34 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	91	GLU
1	A	173	GLN
1	A	177	THR
1	A	248	ALA
1	A	256	SER

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	235/289 (81%)	196 (83%)	39 (17%)	2 8
2	B	91/113 (80%)	72 (79%)	19 (21%)	1 3
All	All	326/402 (81%)	268 (82%)	58 (18%)	2 6

5 of 58 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	255	HIS
2	B	113	LEU
1	A	274	LYS
2	B	105	ASP
2	B	75	PRO

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 8 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	B	123	HIS
2	B	98	HIS
2	B	39	ASN
1	A	255	HIS
2	B	71	ASN

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.3 Carbohydrates

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.4 Ligands

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.5 Other polymers

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.