

# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

Dec 2, 2023 – 02:13 pm GMT

PDB ID : 2BJD

Title : Sulfolobus Solfataricus Acylphosphatase. Triclinic space group

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Deposited on : 2005-02-02

Resolution : 1.27 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467

Mogul : 1.8.4, CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13 EDS : 2.36

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

 $Refmac \quad : \quad 5.8.0158$ 

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove) roteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

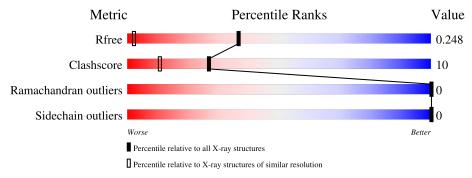
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36

### 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:  $X\text{-}RAY\ DIFFRACTION$ 

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.27 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	Similar resolution
Metric	$(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$(\#  ext{Entries},  ext{ resolution range}( ext{Å}))$
$R_{free}$	130704	1850 (1.30-1.26)
Clashscore	141614	1926 (1.30-1.26)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	1860 (1.30-1.26)
Sidechain outliers	138945	1859 (1.30-1.26)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain		
1	A	101	77%	12%	11%
1	В	101	77%	12%	11%

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

$\mathbf{Mol}$	Type	Chain	$\operatorname{Res}$	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density	
3	CL	A	1105	-	-	X	-	



## 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 5 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 1837 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called ACYLPHOSPHATASE.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	A	90	Total 779	C 500	- 1	O 144	S 3	0	6	0
1	В	90	Total 754	C 485	- 1	O 143	S 3	0	4	0

• Molecule 2 is CADMIUM ION (three-letter code: CD) (formula: Cd).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	3	Total Cd 3 3	0	0
2	В	3	Total Cd 3 3	0	0

• Molecule 3 is CHLORIDE ION (three-letter code: CL) (formula: Cl).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	2	Total Cl 2 2	0	1

• Molecule 4 is SULFATE ION (three-letter code: SO4) (formula: O<sub>4</sub>S).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total 5	O 4	S 1	0	1

#### • Molecule 5 is water.

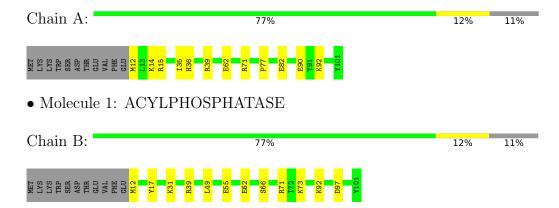
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	138	Total O 138 138	0	0
5	В	153	Total O 153 153	0	0



## 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: ACYLPHOSPHATASE





## 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source	
Space group	P 1	Depositor	
Cell constants	26.19Å 36.77Å 45.98Å	Donositon	
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	$81.97^{\circ}$ $77.37^{\circ}$ $72.37^{\circ}$	Depositor	
Resolution (Å)	8.00 - 1.27	Depositor	
rtesolution (A)	17.47 - 1.16	EDS	
% Data completeness	98.1 (8.00-1.27)	Depositor	
(in resolution range)	79.3 (17.47-1.16)	EDS	
$R_{merge}$	0.10	Depositor	
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor	
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	1.11 (at 1.16Å)	Xtriage	
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.2.0003	Depositor	
D D.	0.138 , 0.171	Depositor	
$R, R_{free}$	0.258 , $0.248$	DCC	
$R_{free}$ test set	2179 reflections $(5.05\%)$	wwPDB-VP	
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	15.3	Xtriage	
Anisotropy	0.184	Xtriage	
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.05 , 12.9	EDS	
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$ < L >=0.49, < L^2>=0.32$	Xtriage	
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage	
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.91	EDS	
Total number of atoms	1837	wwPDB-VP	
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	20.0	wwPDB-VP	

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The analyses of the Patterson function reveals a significant off-origin peak that is 66.18 % of the origin peak, indicating pseudo-translational symmetry. The chance of finding a peak of this or larger height randomly in a structure without pseudo-translational symmetry is equal to 6.3021e-06.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $<L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

## 5 Model quality (i)

### 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: SO4, CL, CD

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol Chain		Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	
1	A	0.65	0/794	0.66	0/1060	
1	В	0.65	0/769	0.72	1/1029 (0.1%)	
All	All	0.65	0/1563	0.69	1/2089 (0.0%)	

There are no bond length outliers.

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\mathbf{Observed}(^{o})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(^{o})$
1	В	97	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	6.88	124.49	118.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

#### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	779	0	774	20	1
1	В	754	0	742	9	2
2	A	3	0	0	0	1
2	В	3	0	0	0	0
3	A	2	0	0	2	0
4	A	5	0	0	1	0
5	A	138	0	0	13	2
5	В	153	0	0	6	1

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
All	All	1837	0	1516	31	4

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 10.

All (31) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom 2	Interatomic	Clash
Atom-1	Atom-2	${ m distance}({ m \AA})$	overlap (Å)
1:A:14:LYS:NZ	5:A:2003:HOH:O	1.62	0.93
3:A:1105:CL:CL	5:A:2138:HOH:O	2.27	0.88
1:A:90:GLU:CD	5:A:2113:HOH:O	2.12	0.88
1:A:39[B]:ARG:NH1	5:A:2038:HOH:O	2.08	0.86
1:B:92:LYS:NZ	5:B:2136:HOH:O	2.09	0.83
1:A:90:GLU:OE2	5:A:2113:HOH:O	1.98	0.81
1:A:39[B]:ARG:NH2	5:A:2036:HOH:O	2.15	0.79
1:A:14:LYS:CE	5:A:2003:HOH:O	2.19	0.78
1:B:66[B]:SER:OG	5:B:2086:HOH:O	2.01	0.77
1:A:77:PRO:O	5:A:2092:HOH:O	2.01	0.77
1:A:14:LYS:HG3	1:A:62:GLU:HG2	1.68	0.76
1:B:92:LYS:NZ	5:B:2135:HOH:O	2.24	0.70
1:B:92:LYS:CD	5:B:2136:HOH:O	2.49	0.60
1:B:49:LEU:HD11	1:B:55:GLU:HG3	1.83	0.59
1:A:39[B]:ARG:CZ	5:A:2036:HOH:O	2.50	0.57
1:B:17:TYR:OH	1:B:55:GLU:OE2	2.26	0.49
1:B:71:ARG:NH2	5:B:2097:HOH:O	2.33	0.48
1:A:14:LYS:HA	1:A:14:LYS:HE2	1.94	0.48
1:A:90:GLU:HG3	5:A:2114:HOH:O	2.12	0.48
1:B:92:LYS:HD3	5:B:2136:HOH:O	2.12	0.48
1:B:12:MET:O	1:B:62:GLU:HG3	2.13	0.47
1:A:12[B]:MET:O	1:A:62:GLU:HG3	2.15	0.46
1:A:39[B]:ARG:NH1	5:A:2036:HOH:O	2.48	0.46
1:A:14:LYS:HE2	1:A:14:LYS:CA	2.46	0.45
1:A:36:HIS:HE1	5:A:2030:HOH:O	2.00	0.45
3:A:1105:CL:CL	4:A:1107[B]:SO4:O3	2.74	0.42
1:A:15:ARG:CZ	1:A:92:LYS:HE2	2.51	0.40
1:A:35:ILE:O	1:A:39[B]:ARG:HG3	2.21	0.40
1:A:15:ARG:HH11	1:A:15:ARG:HD2	1.76	0.40
1:A:71[A]:ARG:NE	1:A:71[A]:ARG:HA	2.37	0.40
1:A:82:GLU:OE1	5:A:2102:HOH:O	2.22	0.40

All (4) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the sym-



metry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	Clash overlap (Å)	
2:A:1103:CD:CD	5:A:2071:HOH:O[1_655]	1.58	0.62	
1:B:31:LYS:NZ	1:B:73:LYS:NZ[1_655]	1.73	0.47	
1:A:82:GLU:OE2	1:B:39:ARG:NH2[1_554]	1.80	0.40	
5:A:2045:HOH:O	5:B:2066:HOH:O[1_465]	1.93	0.27	

### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	A	93/101 (92%)	91 (98%)	2 (2%)	0	100	100
1	В	92/101 (91%)	90 (98%)	2 (2%)	0	100	100
All	All	185/202 (92%)	181 (98%)	4 (2%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles		
1	A	80/85 (94%)	80 (100%)	0	100 100		
1	В	78/85 (92%)	78 (100%)	0	100 100		
All	All	158/170 (93%)	158 (100%)	0	100 100		

There are no protein residues with a non-rotameric sidechain to report.



Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (4) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	25	GLN
1	A	48	ASN
1	В	25	GLN
1	В	48	ASN

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

#### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

#### 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 9 ligands modelled in this entry, 8 are monoatomic - leaving 1 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths				ond ang	gles
MOI	туре	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
4	SO4	A	1107[B]	-	4,4,4	0.21	0	6,6,6	0.37	0

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.



There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 1 short contact:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	A	1107[B]	SO4	1	0

## 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



### 6 Fit of model and data (i)

#### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

#### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

### 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

#### 6.4 Ligands (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

### 6.5 Other polymers (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

