

wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Sep 26, 2023 – 03:21 AM EDT

PDB ID	:	6BJ5
Title	:	Structure of the Clinically used Myxomaviral Serine Protease Inhibitor 1
		(SERP-1)
Authors	:	Mahon, B.P.; Lomelino, C.L.; McKenna, R.
Deposited on	:	2017-11-05
Resolution	:	2.50 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

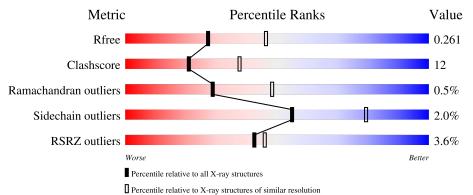
Xtriage (Phenix) EDS buster-report Percentile statistics Refmac CCP4 Ideal geometry (proteins) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	: : : : :	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019) 5.8.0158 7.0.044 (Gargrove) Engh & Huber (2001) Parkinson et al. (1996)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)		Parkinson et al. (1996) 2.35.1

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $X\text{-}RAY \, DIFFRACTION$

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.50 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Whole archive} \\ \textbf{(\#Entries)} \end{array}$	${f Similar\ resolution}\ (\#{ m Entries,\ resolution\ range}({ m \AA}))$
R_{free}	130704	4661 (2.50-2.50)
Clashscore	141614	5346 (2.50-2.50)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	5231 (2.50-2.50)
Sidechain outliers	138945	5233 (2.50-2.50)
RSRZ outliers	127900	4559 (2.50-2.50)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain			
1	А	315	73%		18%	• 7%
-			3%			
1	В	315	<u> </u>		24%	7%
1	С	315	68%		23%	• 9%
2	F	54	52% 17%	•	30%	
2	G	54	57% 13%	•	28%	

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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of a	chain
2	Н	54	2% 69%	6% 26%
3	D	2	50%	50%
3	Е	2	100%	

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
3	NAG	D	1	-	-	Х	-
3	NAG	D	2	-	-	-	Х
3	NAG	Е	2	Х	-	-	Х



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 6 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 8023 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	В	293	Total	С	Ν	Ο	\mathbf{S}	0	0	0
	D	293	2334	1476	399	451	8	0	0	0
1	Λ	292	Total	С	Ν	0	S	0	0	0
	Л	292	2322	1467	397	450	8	0	0	0
1	C	288	Total	С	Ν	0	S	0	0	0
	U	200	2297	1451	394	444	8	0	0	0

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Serine proteinase inhibitor 1.

• Molecule 2 is a protein called Serine proteinase inhibitor 1.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Ato	\mathbf{ms}			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace	
0	Б	38	Total	С	Ν	Ο	S	0	0	0	
	Г	30	302	203	45	52	2	0	0	U	
2	С	39	Total	С	Ν	Ο	S	0	0	0	
	G		304	205	46	51	2	0	0	0	
0	Н	40	Total	С	Ν	Ο	S	0	0	0	
	11	40	316	211	47	56	2	0	0	0	

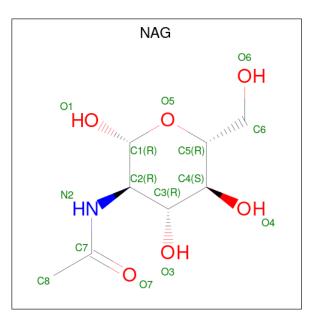
• Molecule 3 is an oligosaccharide called 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-a cetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
3	D	2	Total C N O 28 16 2 10	0	0	0
3	Е	2	Total C N O 28 16 2 10	0	0	0

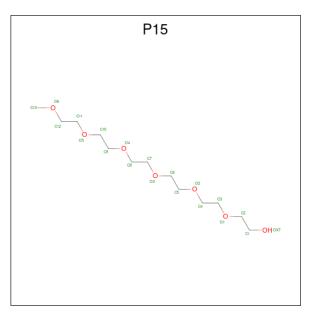
• Molecule 4 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (three-letter code: NAG) (formula: $C_8H_{15}NO_6$).





Mol	Chain	Residues	A	ton	ns		ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	Δ	1	Total	С	Ν	0	0	0
4	Π	T	14	8	1	5	0	0

• Molecule 5 is 2,5,8,11,14,17-HEXAOXANONADECAN-19-OL (three-letter code: P15) (formula: $C_{13}H_{28}O_7$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	At	oms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	С	1	Total 20	C 13	O 7	0	0

• Molecule 6 is water.



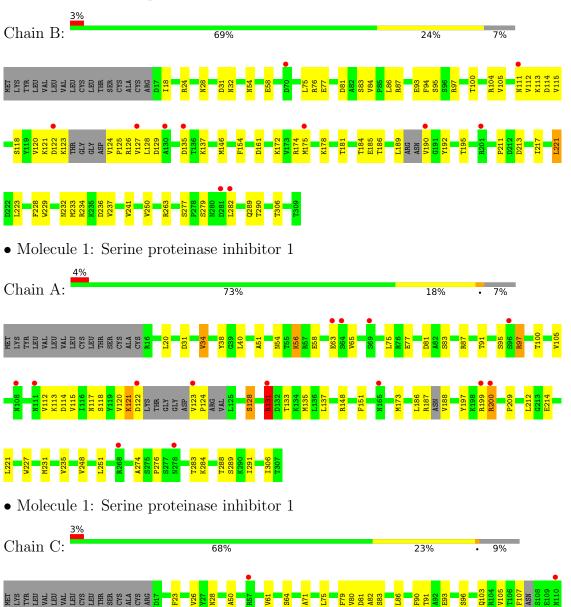
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Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	В	14	Total O 14 14	0	0
6	F	1	Total O 1 1	0	0
6	А	16	Total O 16 16	0	0
6	G	7	Total O 7 7	0	0
6	С	18	Total O 18 18	0	0
6	Н	2	Total O 2 2	0	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.



• Molecule 1: Serine proteinase inhibitor 1



V111 K112 D113 V115 N116 M116 K122 THR GLY GLY	ASP VAL PRO ARC VAL LEV ASP ASP ASP A123 A123 A124 A123 A126 D126 D126 D126 D126 D126 C133 C133 C133 C133 C133 C133 C133 C13	S142 142 156 7157 7158 1174 1174 E178	L182 N184 N185 N185 R196 R197 R197 R199 R199 R199 R199 R199 R199
W224 W228 M228 R229 K230 C233 E243 S244 V245	1245 0247 0269 0268 0268 0268 0268 8264 8264 8273 8272 8273 8273 8273 8274 8273 8273 8273 8273 8273 8273 8273 8278 8278	1280 K281 V283 L283 L283 L283 R286 K287 K286 K287 R293 R293 R293 T304	
• Molecule 2: S	erine proteinase inhibitor 1	1	
Chain F:	52%	17% •	30%
LEU ILE PRO ASRG ASRG ASRG ASRG ASRG ASRG 1334 1334 1334	1335 M346 M346 T349 T356 T356 T356 T356 CLY ASP ASP ASP ASP ASP ASP SER	SER VAL	
• Molecule 2: S	erine proteinase inhibitor 1	1	
Chain G:	57%	13% •	28%
LEU ILE PRO ASR ASR L322 L322 F330 F330	T348 1346 1346 1350 1358 1358 1358 1358 1358 1358 1358 1358		
• Molecule 2: S	erine proteinase inhibitor 1	1	
Chain H:	69%	6%	26%
LEU ILE PRD ASR ASR AS2 L322 T323 T323 T323	1350 BIC ASP ASP ASP ASP VAL VAL SER SER VAL		
• Molecule 3: 2 opyranose	-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-I	D-glucopyranose-(1	-4)-2-acetamic
Chain D:	50%	50%	
NAG2 NAG2			
• Molecule 3: 2 opyranose	-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-I	D-glucopyranose-(1	-4)-2-acetamic
Chain E:	10	0%	





4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	C 1 2 1	Depositor
Cell constants	99.01Å 122.07Å 130.09Å	Depositor
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 94.88° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	19.83 - 2.50	Depositor
Resolution (A)	19.83 - 2.50	EDS
% Data completeness	86.8 (19.83-2.50)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	86.8(19.83-2.50)	EDS
R _{merge}	0.04	Depositor
R _{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	$3.97 (at 2.50 \text{\AA})$	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX 1.10.1_2155	Depositor
D D.	0.207 , 0.257	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.212 , 0.261	DCC
R_{free} test set	1990 reflections (4.31%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor $(Å^2)$	35.9	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.060	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.33 , 57.5	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$ \langle L \rangle = 0.49, \langle L^2 \rangle = 0.33$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.92	EDS
Total number of atoms	8023	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms $(Å^2)$	46.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.60% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: P15, NAG

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles	
MOI	Unam	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5
1	А	0.47	0/2362	0.74	3/3201~(0.1%)
1	В	0.49	0/2375	0.72	0/3220
1	С	0.45	0/2337	0.77	1/3166~(0.0%)
2	F	0.48	0/309	0.80	1/419~(0.2%)
2	G	0.49	0/311	0.81	1/422~(0.2%)
2	Н	0.53	0/323	0.70	0/438
All	All	0.47	0/8017	0.75	6/10866~(0.1%)

There are no bond length outliers.

The worst 5 of 6 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Ζ	$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
1	А	131	ARG	CG-CD-NE	8.07	128.75	111.80
2	G	322	LEU	CA-CB-CG	6.24	129.65	115.30
1	А	131	ARG	CB-CG-CD	-5.56	97.16	111.60
1	А	131	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-5.41	117.60	120.30
1	С	75	LEU	CA-CB-CG	5.10	127.04	115.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.



Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	А	2322	0	2308	51	0
1	В	2334	0	2331	63	0
1	С	2297	0	2291	72	0
2	F	302	0	320	9	0
2	G	304	0	323	6	0
2	Н	316	0	331	5	0
3	D	28	0	25	12	0
3	Ε	28	0	25	4	0
4	А	14	0	13	0	0
5	С	20	0	28	2	0
6	А	16	0	0	0	0
6	В	14	0	0	2	0
6	С	18	0	0	2	0
6	F	1	0	0	0	0
6	G	7	0	0	0	0
6	Н	2	0	0	0	0
All	All	8023	0	7995	195	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 12.

The worst 5 of 195 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:28:ASN:ND2	3:D:1:NAG:O5	1.62	1.31
1:C:28:ASN:HD21	3:E:1:NAG:C1	1.50	1.23
1:C:28:ASN:ND2	3:E:1:NAG:C1	2.00	1.22
1:B:175:MET:SD	1:B:241:VAL:CG1	2.35	1.13
1:B:175:MET:SD	1:B:241:VAL:HG12	1.91	1.09

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.



Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	entiles
1	А	284/315~(90%)	275~(97%)	8~(3%)	1 (0%)	34	54
1	В	287/315~(91%)	278~(97%)	6~(2%)	3~(1%)	15	28
1	С	282/315~(90%)	271 (96%)	10 (4%)	1 (0%)	34	54
2	F	36/54~(67%)	36 (100%)	0	0	100	100
2	G	37/54~(68%)	37 (100%)	0	0	100	100
2	Н	38/54~(70%)	38 (100%)	0	0	100	100
All	All	964/1107~(87%)	935~(97%)	24 (2%)	5~(0%)	29	48

All (5) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	127	VAL
1	В	125	PRO
1	В	211	PRO
1	А	209	PRO
1	С	206	PRO

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	А	264/285~(93%)	255~(97%)	9~(3%)	37	63
1	В	266/285~(93%)	262~(98%)	4 (2%)	65	85
1	С	261/285~(92%)	256~(98%)	5(2%)	57	80
2	F	34/48~(71%)	34 (100%)	0	100	100
2	G	33/48~(69%)	33 (100%)	0	100	100
2	Η	35/48~(73%)	35~(100%)	0	100	100
All	All	893/999~(89%)	875~(98%)	18~(2%)	55	79

 $5~{\rm of}~18$ residues with a non-rotameric side chain are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	С	64	SER
1	С	281	LYS
1	С	142	SER
1	А	122	ASP
1	С	61	VAL

Sometimes side chains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (4) such side chains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	32	ASN
1	А	201	GLN
1	С	116	ASN
1	С	170	ASN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

4 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	lol Type Chain Res Link		Bo	Bond lengths			Bond angles			
	Type	Ullaili	nes		Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
3	NAG	D	1	3	$14,\!14,\!15$	0.26	0	17,19,21	0.56	0
3	NAG	D	2	3	14,14,15	0.48	0	17,19,21	1.74	3 (17%)
3	NAG	Е	1	3	14,14,15	0.28	0	17,19,21	0.60	0
3	NAG	Е	2	3	14,14,15	0.28	0	17,19,21	0.55	0



In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	NAG	D	1	3	-	5/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	D	2	3	-	4/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	Е	1	3	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	Е	2	3	1/1/5/7	4/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

All (3) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
3	D	2	NAG	C1-O5-C5	5.32	119.40	112.19
3	D	2	NAG	O5-C1-C2	3.64	117.03	111.29
3	D	2	NAG	C4-C3-C2	2.13	114.14	111.02

All (1) chirality outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atom
3	Ε	2	NAG	C1

5 of 13 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	D	1	NAG	C3-C2-N2-C7
3	D	2	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
3	D	2	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2
3	Е	2	NAG	C3-C2-N2-C7
3	Е	2	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2

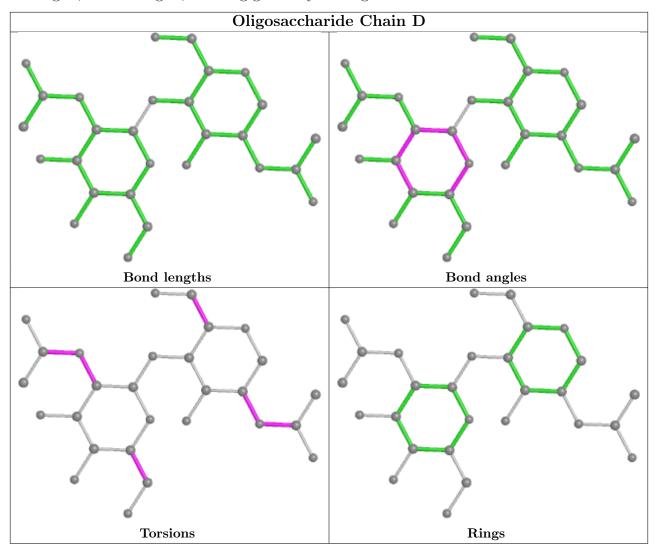
There are no ring outliers.

4 monomers are involved in 16 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	D	2	NAG	3	0
3	D	1	NAG	9	0
3	Е	2	NAG	1	0
3	Е	1	NAG	3	0

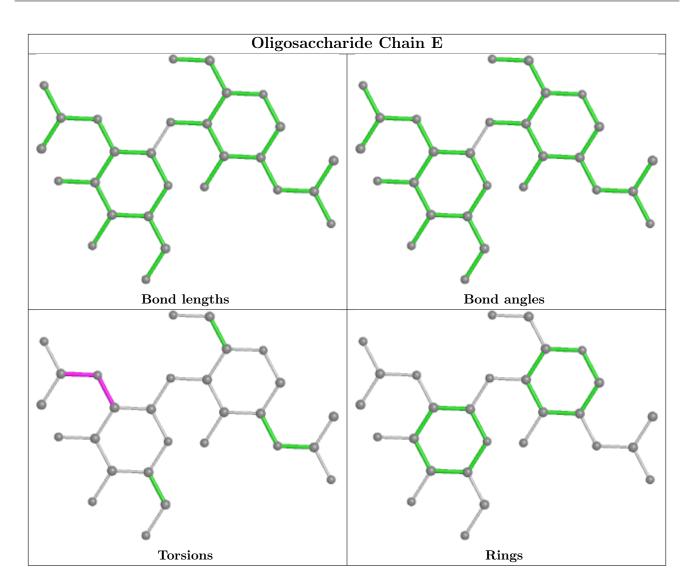
The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths,





bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.





5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

2 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Trune	Chain	Dec	Link	Bond lengths			В	ond ang	les
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2
5	P15	С	401	-	$19,\!19,\!19$	0.72	1 (5%)	18,18,18	0.64	0
4	NAG	А	401	1	14,14,15	0.72	1 (7%)	17,19,21	0.72	1 (5%)



In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
5	P15	С	401	-	-	13/17/17/17	-
4	NAG	А	401	1	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	$\mathrm{Ideal}(\mathrm{\AA})$
5	С	401	P15	O6-C12	2.25	1.53	1.40
4	А	401	NAG	C1-C2	2.24	1.55	1.52

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
4	А	401	NAG	C1-O5-C5	2.43	115.49	112.19

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 15 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
5	С	401	P15	O5-C11-C12-O6
5	С	401	P15	O2-C5-C6-O3
4	А	401	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
5	С	401	P15	O3-C7-C8-O4
5	С	401	P15	C5-C6-O3-C7

There are no ring outliers.

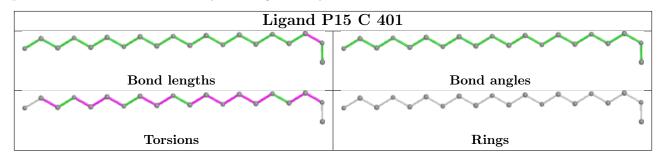
1 monomer is involved in 2 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
5	С	401	P15	2	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring



in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.



5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ> 2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	$\langle RSRZ \rangle$	#RSRZ>2	$\mathbf{OWAB}(\mathbf{\AA}^2)$	Q<0.9
1	А	292/315~(92%)	-0.12	14 (4%) 30 32	15, 42, 92, 128	0
1	В	293/315~(93%)	-0.20	11 (3%) 40 43	17, 40, 84, 129	0
1	С	288/315~(91%)	-0.10	10 (3%) 44 47	16, 43, 88, 124	0
2	F	38/54~(70%)	-0.18	0 100 100	22, 37, 59, 85	0
2	G	39/54~(72%)	-0.30	0 100 100	19, 32, 67, 79	0
2	Н	40/54~(74%)	-0.28	1 (2%) 57 61	19, 33, 59, 93	0
All	All	990/1107~(89%)	-0.15	36 (3%) 42 46	15, 40, 87, 129	0

The worst 5 of 36 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	В	201	ARG	6.4
1	А	200	ARG	5.4
1	С	233	CYS	4.0
1	А	108	ASN	3.8
1	А	123	VAL	3.8

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

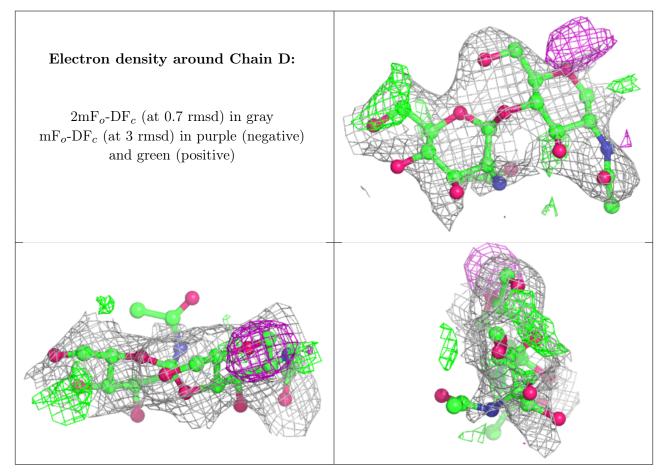
6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

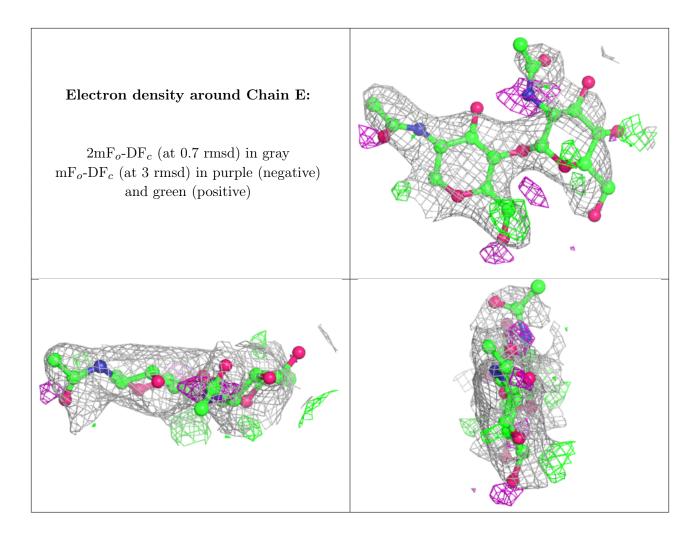


Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-factors}(\mathbf{A}^2)$	Q < 0.9
3	NAG	Е	2	14/15	0.70	0.50	$65,\!87,\!99,\!103$	0
3	NAG	D	2	14/15	0.72	0.43	56,94,99,101	0
3	NAG	Е	1	14/15	0.74	0.32	38,73,83,83	0
3	NAG	D	1	14/15	0.80	0.31	44,71,87,91	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density for oligosaccharide. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.







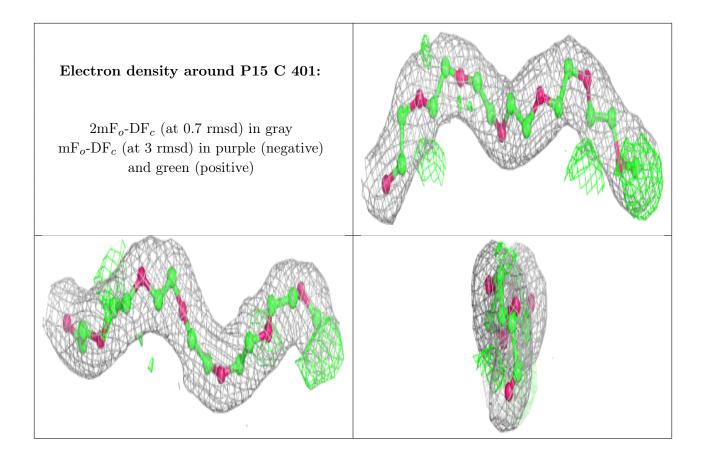
6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å ²)	Q<0.9
4	NAG	А	401	14/15	0.88	0.29	66,73,77,78	0
5	P15	С	401	20/20	0.94	0.13	13,31,46,50	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.





6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

