

wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Sep 25, 2023 – 08:52 PM EDT

PDB ID : 6BKR

Title: Crystal structure of the A/Wyoming/3/2003 (H3N2) influenza virus hemag-

glutinin in complex with 6'-SLN

Authors: Wu, N.C.; Wilson, I.A.

Deposited on : 2017-11-09

Resolution : 1.76 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

Mol Probity : 4.02b-467

Mogul: 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13

EDS : 2.35.1

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

 $Refmac \quad : \quad 5.8.0158$

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

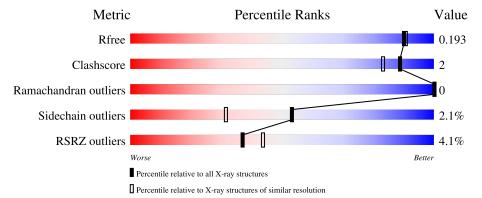
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.35.1

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.76 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Whole archive} \\ (\#\text{Entries}) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Similar\ resolution} \\ (\#{\rm Entries,\ resolution\ range(\AA)}) \end{array}$
R_{free}	130704	2340 (1.76-1.76)
Clashscore	141614	2466 (1.76-1.76)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	2437 (1.76-1.76)
Sidechain outliers	138945	2437 (1.76-1.76)
RSRZ outliers	127900	2298 (1.76-1.76)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	(Quality of chain	
1	A	323	6%	92%	6% •
2	В	174	%	95%	
3	С	3	33%	67%	
3	F	3	67%		33%
4	D	5	40%	60%	

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Mol	Chain	Length		Quality of chain
5	Е	2		100%
6	G	3	33%	67%

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
7	NAG	A	401	-	-	-	X



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 8 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 4724 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Hemagglutinin HA1 chain.

\mathbf{N}	Iol	Chain	Residues		Atoms					AltConf	Trace
	1	A	317	Total 2505	C 1575	N 442	O 476	S 12	0	8	0

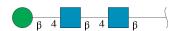
There are 5 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	7	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP A4GYF9
A	8	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP A4GYF9
A	9	PRO	-	expression tag	UNP A4GYF9
A	10	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP A4GYF9
A	219	PHE	SER	engineered mutation	UNP A4GYF9

• Molecule 2 is a protein called Hemagglutinin HA2 chain.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	R	173	Total	С	N	О	S	0	5	0
	Б	110	1423	891	247	278	7		9	U

• Molecule 3 is an oligosaccharide called beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
3	С	3	Total C 39 22	2 2	15	0	0	0
3	F	3	Total C	N 2 2		0	0	0

• Molecule 4 is an oligosaccharide called alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-[alpha-D-mannopyran



ose-(1-6)]beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
4	D	5	Total 61			O 25	0	0	0

• Molecule 5 is an oligosaccharide called 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-a cetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
5	E	2	Total 28	C 16	N 2	O 10	0	0	0

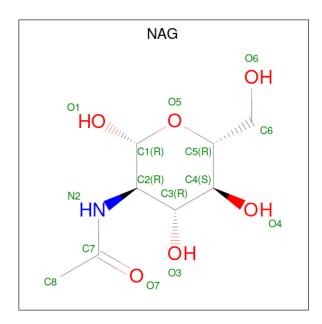
• Molecule 6 is an oligosaccharide called N-acetyl-alpha-neuraminic acid-(2-6)-beta-D-galacto pyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
6	G	3	Total 46	C 25	N 2	O 19	0	0	0

• Molecule 7 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (three-letter code: NAG) (formula: $C_8H_{15}NO_6$).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	A	1	Total C N O 14 8 1 5	0	0
7	A	1	Total C N O 14 8 1 5	0	0
7	В	1	Total C N O 14 8 1 5	0	0

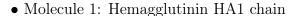
• Molecule 8 is water.

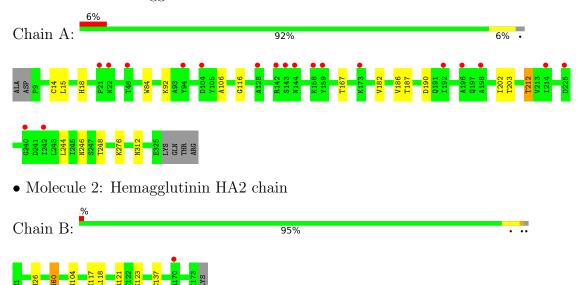
\mathbf{Mol}	Chain	Residues	${f Atoms}$	$\mathbf{ZeroOcc}$	AltConf
8	A	303	Total O 303 303	0	0
8	В	238	Total O 238 238	0	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.





• Molecule 3: beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain C: 33% 67%

 \bullet Molecule 3: beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain F: 67% 33%

NAG1 NAG2 BMA3

• Molecule 4: alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-[alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)]beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose



Chain D:	40%	60%	
NAG2 NAG2 BMA3 MAN4 MAN5			
• Molecule 5 opyranose	5: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-	-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamid	o-2-deoxy-beta-D-gluo
Chain E:		100%	
NAG1 NAG2			
	i: N-acetyl-alpha-neura D-glucopyranose	minic acid-(2-6)-beta-D-galactopyranos	e-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-
Chain G:	33%	67%	
NAG1 GAL2 SIA3			



4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source	
Space group	H 3 2	Depositor	
Cell constants	100.46Å 100.46Å 385.69Å	Donogitor	
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 90.00° 120.00°	Depositor	
Resolution (Å)	50.00 - 1.76	Depositor	
Resolution (A)	42.43 - 1.76	EDS	
% Data completeness	99.8 (50.00-1.76)	Depositor	
(in resolution range)	99.9 (42.43-1.76)	EDS	
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor	
R_{sym}	0.09	Depositor	
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	1.85 (at 1.76Å)	Xtriage	
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.8.0135	Depositor	
D D.	0.159 , 0.183	Depositor	
R, R_{free}	0.171 , 0.193	DCC	
R_{free} test set	3743 reflections (5.03%)	wwPDB-VP	
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	25.3	Xtriage	
Anisotropy	0.037	Xtriage	
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.33, 48.2	EDS	
L-test for twinning ²	$ < L > = 0.49, < L^2> = 0.32$	Xtriage	
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage	
F_o, F_c correlation	0.96	EDS	
Total number of atoms	4724	wwPDB-VP	
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	33.0	wwPDB-VP	

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 4.95% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of <|L|>, $<L^2>$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: MAN, BMA, GAL, NAG, SIA

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5	
1	A	0.53	0/2585	0.72	0/3511	
2	В	0.63	0/1462	0.77	0/1965	
All	All	0.57	0/4047	0.74	0/5476	

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2505	0	2489	10	0
2	В	1423	0	1372	8	0
3	С	39	0	34	0	0
3	F	39	0	34	1	0
4	D	61	0	52	0	0
5	Е	28	0	25	0	0
6	G	46	0	40	0	0
7	A	28	0	26	0	0
7	В	14	0	13	0	0
8	A	303	0	0	3	1
8	В	238	0	0	3	3
All	All	4724	0	4085	16	3



The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 2.

The worst 5 of 16 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	Clash overlap (Å)	
1:A:246:ASN:ND2	8:A:501:HOH:O	1.87	1.06	
1:A:182:VAL:HG22	1:A:202:ILE:HD13	1.62	0.80	
2:B:26:HIS:NE2	8:B:302:HOH:O	2.18	0.74	
2:B:104:ASN:OD1	8:B:301:HOH:O	2.13	0.66	
2:B:60:ASN:H	2:B:60:ASN:ND2	1.97	0.63	

All (3) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	$egin{aligned} ext{Clash} \ ext{overlap } (ext{Å}) \end{aligned}$
8:B:351:HOH:O	8:B:351:HOH:O[2_545]	1.95	0.25
8:A:534:HOH:O	8:B:464:HOH:O[3_655]	2.06	0.14
8:B:304:HOH:O	8:B:304:HOH:O[6_555]	2.10	0.10

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	entiles
1	A	$323/323\ (100\%)$	316 (98%)	7 (2%)	0	100	100
2	В	176/174~(101%)	168 (96%)	8 (4%)	0	100	100
All	All	499/497 (100%)	484 (97%)	15 (3%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.



5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles		
1	A	287/284 (101%)	279 (97%)	8 (3%)	43 20		
2	В	152/148 (103%)	151 (99%)	1 (1%)	84 75		
All	All	439/432 (102%)	430 (98%)	9 (2%)	53 31		

5 of 9 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	312	ASN
2	В	60	ASN
1	A	190	ASP
1	A	212	THR
1	A	244	LEU

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (4) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	75	GLN
1	A	312	ASN
2	В	60	ASN
2	В	125	GLN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.



5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

16 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type Chain		Chain Res Link		Во	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
MIOI	Type	Chain	Res	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	
3	NAG	С	1	3,1	14,14,15	0.35	0	17,19,21	0.87	1 (5%)	
3	NAG	С	2	3	14,14,15	0.28	0	17,19,21	0.62	0	
3	BMA	С	3	3	11,11,12	0.37	0	15,15,17	0.71	1 (6%)	
4	NAG	D	1	4,1	14,14,15	0.36	0	17,19,21	0.96	0	
4	NAG	D	2	4	14,14,15	0.35	0	17,19,21	0.63	0	
4	BMA	D	3	4	11,11,12	0.32	0	15,15,17	0.87	1 (6%)	
4	MAN	D	4	4	11,11,12	0.53	0	15,15,17	1.25	2 (13%)	
4	MAN	D	5	4	11,11,12	0.37	0	15,15,17	0.70	1 (6%)	
5	NAG	Е	1	5,1	14,14,15	0.59	0	17,19,21	0.76	0	
5	NAG	Е	2	5	14,14,15	0.32	0	17,19,21	0.91	0	
3	NAG	F	1	3,1	14,14,15	0.54	0	17,19,21	1.40	3 (17%)	
3	NAG	F	2	3	14,14,15	0.42	0	17,19,21	0.90	0	
3	BMA	F	3	3	11,11,12	0.36	0	15,15,17	0.64	0	
6	NAG	G	1	6	15,15,15	0.51	0	21,21,21	0.60	0	
6	GAL	G	2	6	11,11,12	0.37	0	15,15,17	0.83	1 (6%)	
6	SIA	G	3	6	20,20,21	0.50	0	24,28,31	1.19	2 (8%)	

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	NAG	С	1	3,1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	С	2	3	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	BMA	С	3	3	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	D	1	4,1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	D	2	4	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	BMA	D	3	4	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
4	MAN	D	4	4	-	1/2/19/22	0/1/1/1

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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	MAN	D	5	4	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
5	NAG	Е	1	5,1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
5	NAG	Е	2	5	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	F	1	3,1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	F	2	3	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	BMA	F	3	3	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
6	NAG	G	1	6	-	0/6/26/26	0/1/1/1
6	GAL	G	2	6	-	2/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
6	SIA	G	3	6	-	3/18/34/38	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

The worst 5 of 12 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
3	F	1	NAG	O5-C1-C2	-4.03	104.93	111.29
4	D	4	MAN	C3-C4-C5	2.99	115.58	110.24
6	G	3	SIA	C6-O6-C2	2.65	117.00	111.34
3	F	1	NAG	O5-C5-C6	2.54	111.18	107.20
6	G	3	SIA	O1B-C1-C2	2.45	120.02	113.03

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 10 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
6	G	2	GAL	O5-C5-C6-O6
5	Е	2	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
4	D	4	MAN	O5-C5-C6-O6
6	G	2	GAL	C4-C5-C6-O6
5	Е	2	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6

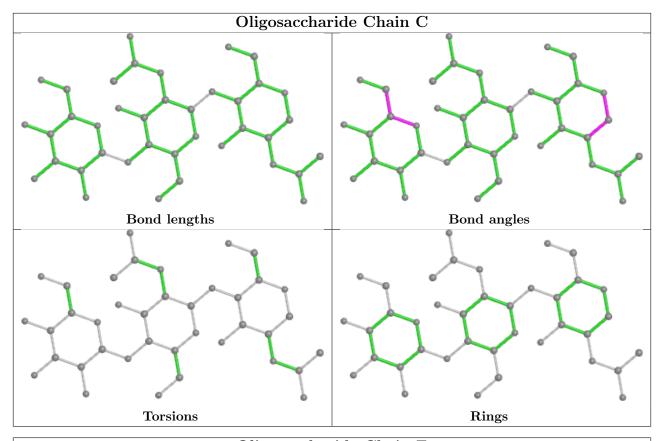
There are no ring outliers.

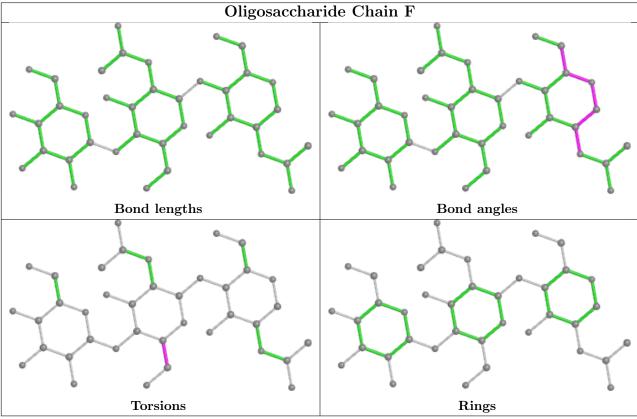
1 monomer is involved in 1 short contact:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	F	1	NAG	1	0

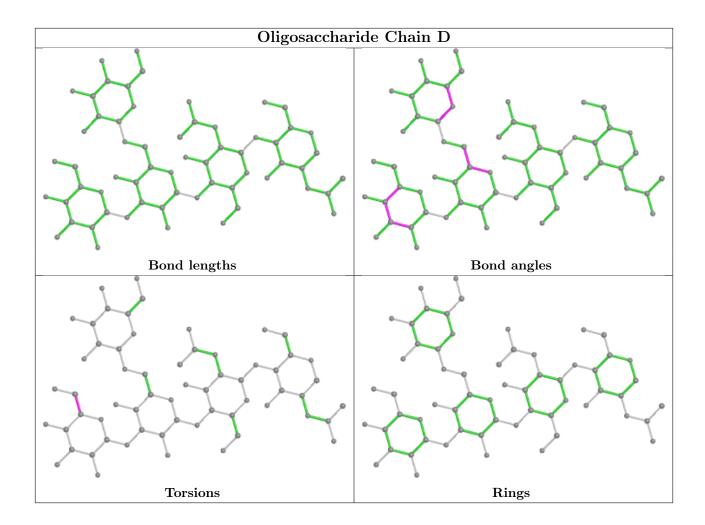
The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.



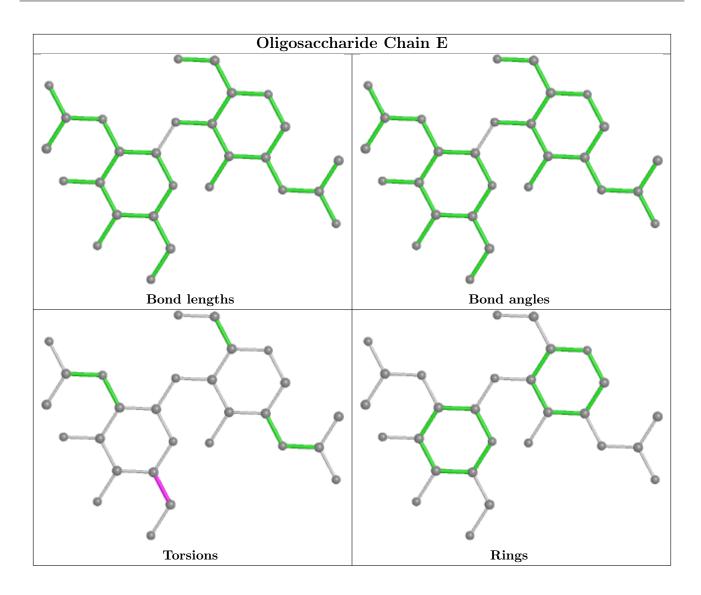




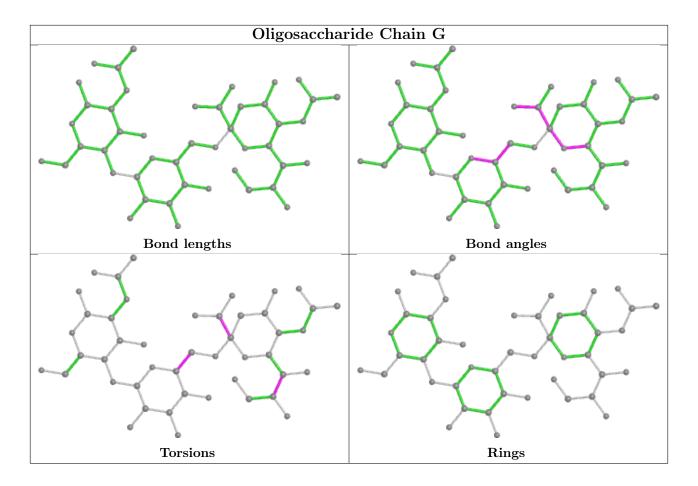












5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

3 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol Type Chain	Tuno	Chain	Res	Link	Bo	ond leng	ths	В	ond ang	les
	1665	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2		
7	NAG	A	401	1	14,14,15	0.26	0	17,19,21	0.79	0
7	NAG	В	201	2	14,14,15	0.43	0	17,19,21	0.96	1 (5%)
7	NAG	A	412	1	14,14,15	0.48	0	17,19,21	1.09	1 (5%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
7	NAG	A	401	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
7	NAG	В	201	2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
7	NAG	A	412	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

	Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$Ideal(^{o})$
	7	В	201	NAG	C1-O5-C5	3.20	116.53	112.19
Ī	7	A	412	NAG	C1-O5-C5	2.87	116.08	112.19

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	$\langle { m RSRZ} \rangle$	$\# \mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$	$OWAB(Å^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	A	317/323 (98%)	0.05	19 (5%) 21 27	17, 32, 55, 68	0
2	В	173/174 (99%)	-0.14	1 (0%) 89 92	15, 22, 35, 92	0
All	All	490/497 (98%)	-0.02	20 (4%) 37 44	15, 28, 53, 92	0

The worst 5 of 20 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	48	THR	4.4
1	A	142	ARG	4.1
1	A	128	ALA	3.8
1	A	242	ILE	3.8
1	A	144	ASN	3.5

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q < 0.9
4	MAN	D	4	11/12	0.62	0.24	59,63,68,70	0
3	BMA	F	3	11/12	0.65	0.34	88,91,93,93	0
6	NAG	G	1	15/15	0.74	0.32	60,64,67,69	0
3	BMA	С	3	11/12	0.76	0.38	74,79,85,88	0
5	NAG	Е	2	14/15	0.80	0.36	58,64,67,67	0

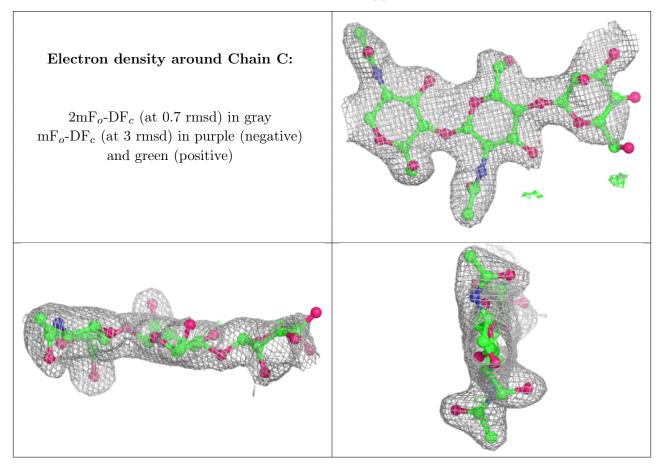
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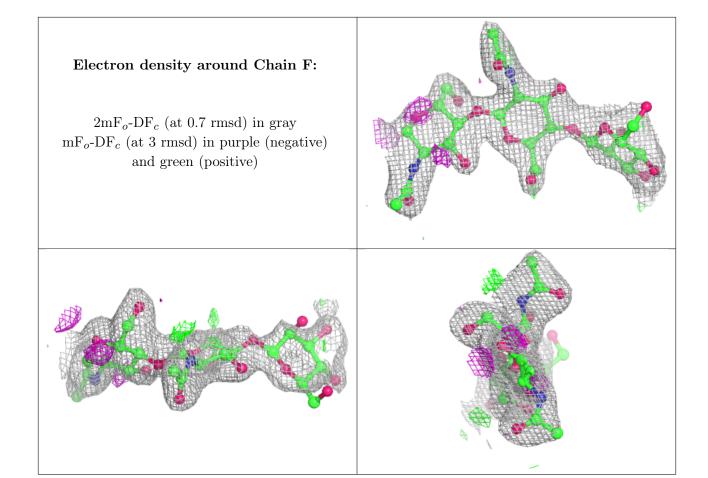
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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q < 0.9
4	MAN	D	5	11/12	0.80	0.35	59,64,66,68	0
3	NAG	F	1	14/15	0.82	0.14	45,50,52,57	0
3	NAG	F	2	14/15	0.83	0.21	56,63,72,82	0
4	BMA	D	3	11/12	0.83	0.19	46,51,58,60	0
3	NAG	С	2	14/15	0.86	0.20	46,54,61,66	0
6	GAL	G	2	11/12	0.88	0.21	51,58,60,63	0
6	SIA	G	3	20/21	0.90	0.15	44,49,50,51	0
5	NAG	E	1	14/15	0.91	0.14	31,39,43,51	0
3	NAG	С	1	14/15	0.92	0.12	39,45,50,50	0
4	NAG	D	2	14/15	0.92	0.16	33,37,42,43	0
4	NAG	D	1	14/15	0.96	0.11	25,30,34,35	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density for oligosaccharide. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.



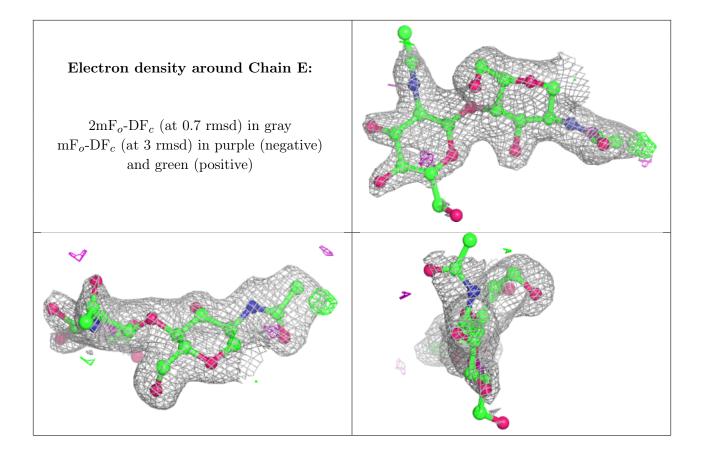




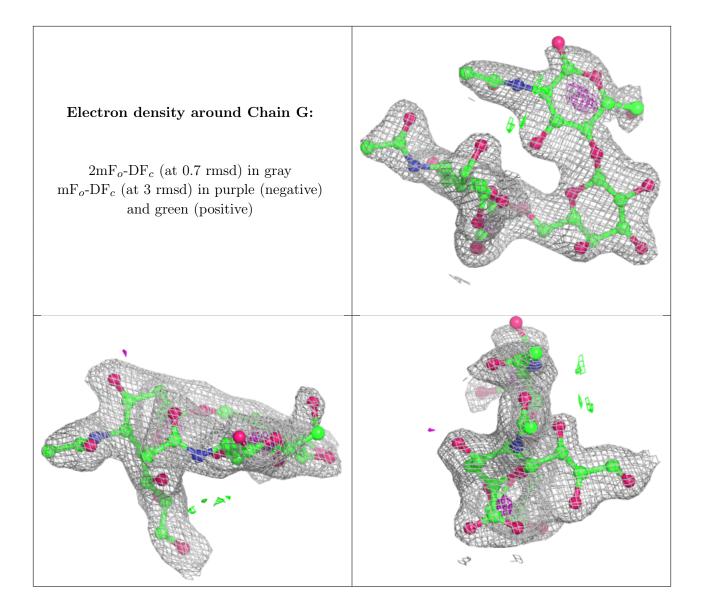


Electron density around Chain D: 2mF_o-DF_c (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray mF_o-DF_c (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)









6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	${f B-factors(A^2)}$	Q<0.9
7	NAG	A	401	14/15	0.77	0.41	55,65,70,70	0
7	NAG	В	201	14/15	0.87	0.20	38,44,50,51	0
7	NAG	A	412	14/15	0.92	0.18	42,50,55,58	0



6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

