

wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Feb 24, 2024 – 09:59 AM EST

PDB ID : 5BNA

Title : THE PRIMARY MODE OF BINDING OF CISPLATIN TO A B-DNA DO-

DECAMER: C-G-C-G-A-A-T-T-C-G-C-G

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Deposited on : 1983-08-22

Resolution : 2.60 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Mogul: 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13 EDS : 2.36

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

 $Refmac \quad : \quad 5.8.0158$

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

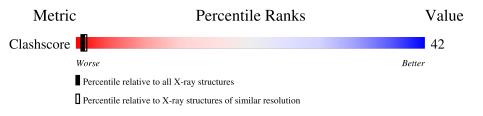
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.60 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Whole archive} \\ (\#\text{Entries}) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Similar\ resolution} \\ (\#{\rm Entries,\ resolution\ range(\mathring{A})}) \end{array}$
Clashscore	141614	3518 (2.60-2.60)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain			
1	A	12	25%	58%	17%	
1	В	12	33%	33%	33%	



2 Entry composition (i)

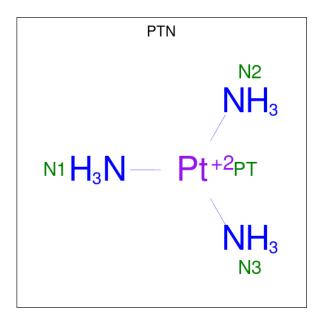
There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 626 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a DNA chain called DNA (5'-D(*CP*GP*CP*GP*AP*AP*TP*TP*CP*GP*CP*G)-3').

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	Λ	19	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0	0
1	A	12	243	116	46	70	11	0	U	0
1	D	12	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0	0
1	Б	12	243	116	46	70	11	0	U	U

• Molecule 2 is PLATINUM TRIAMINE ION (three-letter code: PTN) (formula: H₉N₃Pt).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	1	Total N Pt 4 3 1	0	0
2	A	1	Total N Pt 4 3 1	0	0
2	В	1	Total N Pt 4 3 1	0	0

• Molecule 3 is water.



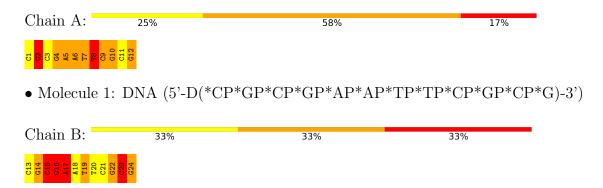
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	43	Total O 43 43	0	0
3	В	85	Total O 85 85	0	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: DNA (5'-D(*CP*GP*CP*GP*AP*AP*TP*TP*CP*GP*CP*G)-3')





4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor
Cell constants	24.16Å 39.93Å 66.12Å	Depositor
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	8.00 - 2.60	Depositor
rtesolution (A)	20.67 - 2.61	EDS
% Data completeness	(Not available) (8.00-2.60)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	97.1 (20.67-2.61)	EDS
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) >$	-	Xtriage
Refinement program	JACK-LEVITT	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.102 , (Not available)	Depositor
it, it _{free}	0.350 , (Not available)	DCC
R_{free} test set	No test flags present.	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	29.2	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.607	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.12 , 79.2	EDS
L-test for twinning ¹	$ < L >=0.42, < L^2>=0.25$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.79	EDS
Total number of atoms	626	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	23.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 12.63% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

Theoretical values of $<|L|>, < L^2>$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: PTN

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol Chain		Bo	nd lengths	Bond angles		
WIOI	Cham	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z >5	
1	A	3.20	$25/272 \ (9.2\%)$	2.89	42/418 (10.0%)	
1	В	3.03	$28/272 \ (10.3\%)$	3.06	46/418 (11.0%)	
All	All	3.12	53/544 (9.7%)	2.98	88/836 (10.5%)	

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	3
1	В	1	5
All	All	1	8

The worst 5 of 53 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	Observed(Å)	$\operatorname{Ideal}(\text{\AA})$
1	A	12	DG	N3-C4	10.27	1.42	1.35
1	A	10	DG	N3-C4	10.24	1.42	1.35
1	В	19	DT	C5-C6	10.19	1.41	1.34
1	A	8	DT	C5-C6	10.01	1.41	1.34
1	В	14	DG	N3-C4	9.93	1.42	1.35

The worst 5 of 88 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$Ideal(^{o})$
1	В	13	DC	O4'-C1'-N1	15.15	118.60	108.00
1	A	4	DG	C2-N3-C4	9.68	116.74	111.90
1	В	21	DC	N3-C4-N4	9.35	124.55	118.00
1	A	8	DT	N3-C4-O4	-9.32	114.31	119.90

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$Observed(^o)$	$Ideal(^{o})$
1	В	24	DG	N9-C4-C5	9.25	109.10	105.40

All (1) chirality outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atom
1	В	19	DT	C1'

5 of 8 planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Chain Res T		Group
1	A	12	DG	Sidechain
1	A	2	DG	Sidechain
1	A	8	DT	Sidechain
1	В	14	DG	Sidechain
1	В	15	DC	Sidechain

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	243	0	136	17	1
1	В	243	0	136	13	0
2	A	8	0	0	5	0
2	В	4	0	0	3	0
3	A	43	0	0	11	0
3	В	85	0	0	11	1
All	All	626	0	272	31	1

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 42.

The worst 5 of 31 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)	
1:A:2:DG:H8	3:A:89:HOH:O	1.09	1.29	
1:A:2:DG:C8	3:A:89:HOH:O	1.91	0.99	

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic	Clash	
Atom-1	Atom-2	$\operatorname{distance}\ (ext{Å})$	overlap (Å)	
1:A:7:DT:H4'	3:A:108:HOH:O	1.69	0.92	
2:A:25:PTN:N2	1:B:16:DG:C6	2.34	0.91	
1:B:19:DT:C5'	3:B:75:HOH:O	2.20	0.89	

All (1) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	Clash overlap (Å)	
1:A:5:DA:OP1	3:B:39:HOH:O[3_745]	2.10	0.10	

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

There are no protein molecules in this entry.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

There are no protein molecules in this entry.

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

3 ligands are modelled in this entry.



In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol Type	Chain R	Dec	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles			
MIOI	Type	Chain	nes	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
2	PTN	В	27	1	0,3,3	-	-	-		
2	PTN	A	26	1	0,3,3	-	-	-		
2	PTN	A	25	1	0,3,3	-	-	-		

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

3 monomers are involved in 8 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	В	27	PTN	3	0
2	A	26	PTN	2	0
2	A	25	PTN	3	0

5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

6.4 Ligands (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

6.5 Other polymers (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

