

# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

### May 29, 2024 – 12:30 PM EDT

PDB ID	:	1BPT
Title	:	CREVICE-FORMING MUTANTS OF BPTI: CRYSTAL STRUCTURES OF
		F22A, Y23A, N43G, AND F45A
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Deposited on	:	1991-12-11
Resolution	:	2.00  Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org* A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

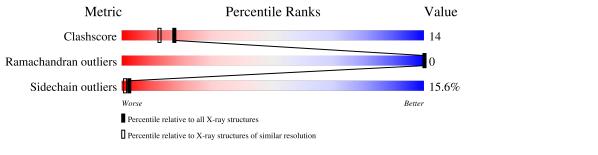
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	NOT EXECUTED
$\mathrm{EDS}$	:	NOT EXECUTED
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber $(2001)$
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.36.2

# 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:  $X\text{-}RAY \, DIFFRACTION$ 

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.00 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	Similar resolution
Metric	$(\# {\rm Entries})$	$(\# { m Entries}, { m resolution} { m range}({ m \AA}))$
Clashscore	141614	9178 (2.00-2.00)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	9054 (2.00-2.00)
Sidechain outliers	138945	9053 (2.00-2.00)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Note EDS was not executed.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain					
1	А	58	64%	22%	5% 5% •			



#### 1BPT

# 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 482 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

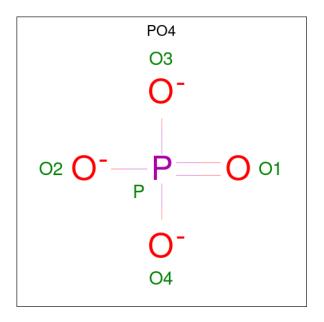
• Molecule 1 is a protein called BOVINE PANCREATIC TRYPSIN INHIBITOR.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	А	56	Total 437	C 273	N 82	O 75	${f S}7$	0	0	0

There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference	
А	23	ALA	TYR	conflict	UNP P00974	

• Molecule 2 is PHOSPHATE ION (three-letter code: PO4) (formula:  $O_4P$ ).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	А	1	Total 5	0 4	Р 1	0	0

• Molecule 3 is water.



Μ	lol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
	3	А	40	Total         O           40         40	0	0



# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

Note EDS was not executed.

• Molecule 1: BOVINE PANCREATIC TRYPSIN INHIBITOR





# 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Xtriage (Phenix) and EDS were not executed - this section is therefore incomplete.

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor
Cell constants	69.47Å $23.35$ Å $29.19$ Å	Depositor
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	$90.00^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	(Not available) - 2.00	Depositor
% Data completeness	(Not available) ((Not available)-2.00)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	(100 available) ((100 available)-2.00)	Depositor
$R_{merge}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
Refinement program	X-PLOR	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.165 , (Not available)	Depositor
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
Total number of atoms	482	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms $(Å^2)$	15.0	wwPDB-VP



# 5 Model quality (i)

# 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: PO4

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
INIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	
1	А	1.05	0/447	2.03	11/599~(1.8%)	

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	А	0	1

There are no bond length outliers.

All (11) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
1	А	20	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	12.01	126.31	120.30
1	А	20	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-10.92	114.84	120.30
1	А	42	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	9.72	125.16	120.30
1	А	42	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-9.65	115.47	120.30
1	А	7	GLU	CA-CB-CG	8.11	131.25	113.40
1	А	20	ARG	CD-NE-CZ	7.31	133.84	123.60
1	А	1	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	6.08	123.34	120.30
1	А	50	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	-5.88	113.01	118.30
1	А	41	LYS	CB-CG-CD	5.24	125.22	111.60
1	А	29	LEU	N-CA-CB	-5.17	100.07	110.40
1	А	53	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-5.11	117.75	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	А	20	ARG	Sidechain

### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	А	437	0	426	12	0
2	А	5	0	0	0	0
3	А	40	0	0	1	0
All	All	482	0	426	12	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 14.

All (12) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:1:ARG:HH11	1:A:5:CYS:HB3	1.42	0.83
1:A:1:ARG:NH1	1:A:5:CYS:HB3	2.07	0.69
1:A:28:GLY:HA3	3:A:402:HOH:O	2.04	0.58
1:A:44:ASN:C	1:A:44:ASN:HD22	2.06	0.58
1:A:9:PRO:HG3	1:A:22:PHE:CE2	2.39	0.57
1:A:27:ALA:HB1	1:A:29:LEU:HD22	1.89	0.54
1:A:1:ARG:HH11	1:A:5:CYS:CB	2.18	0.53
1:A:19:ILE:N	1:A:19:ILE:HD12	2.24	0.52
1:A:9:PRO:HG3	1:A:22:PHE:CD2	2.47	0.49
1:A:20:ARG:HH21	1:A:44:ASN:HD21	1.61	0.48
1:A:48:ALA:O	1:A:52:MET:HG2	2.17	0.45
1:A:1:ARG:HD2	1:A:5:CYS:CB	2.51	0.41

There are no symmetry-related clashes.



## 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Percentiles		
1	А	54/58~(93%)	53~(98%)	1 (2%)	0	100 100	

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles		
1	А	45/45~(100%)	38 (84%)	7 (16%)	2 1		

All (7) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	А	1	ARG
1	А	15	LYS
1	А	29	LEU
1	А	32	THR
1	А	42	ARG
1	А	44	ASN
1	А	50	ASP

Sometimes side chains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (1) such side chains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	А	44	ASN



#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

## 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

1 ligand is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

	Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	B	ond leng	gths	В	ond ang	gles
		Type		nes		Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2
ſ	2	PO4	А	70	-	4,4,4	1.62	1 (25%)	$6,\!6,\!6$	0.79	0

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	А	$\overline{70}$	PO4	P-O2	-2.04	1.48	1.54

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.



# 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

# 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



# 6 Fit of model and data (i)

## 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

## 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

## 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

## 6.4 Ligands (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

### 6.5 Other polymers (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

