

# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

#### Aug 2, 2023 – 03:49 AM EDT

PDB ID	:	1BQ4
Title	:	SACCHAROMYCES CEREVISIAE PHOSPHOGLYCERATE MUTASE IN
		COMPLEX WITH BENZENE HEXACARBOXYLATE
Authors	:	Rigden, D.J.; Phillips, S.E.V.; Fothergill-Gilmore, L.A.
Deposited on		
Resolution	:	2.50  Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

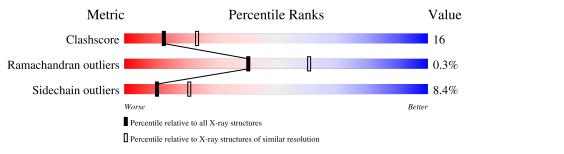
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.13
$\mathrm{EDS}$	:	2.34
buster-report		
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac	:	5.8.0158
CCP4	:	7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber $(2001)$
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.34

# 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:  $X\text{-}RAY \, DIFFRACTION$ 

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.50 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$egin{array}{c} { m Whole \ archive} \ (\#{ m Entries}) \end{array}$	${f Similar\ resolution}\ (\#{ m Entries,\ resolution\ range}({ m \AA}))$	
Clashscore	141614	5346 (2.50-2.50)	
Ramachandran outliers	138981	5231 (2.50-2.50)	
Sidechain outliers	138945	5233 (2.50-2.50)	

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain					
1	А	246	52%	40%	• 5%			
1	В	246	59%	32%	5% •			
1	С	246	62%	29%	• •			
1	D	246	59%	34%	• 5%			



# 2 Entry composition (i)

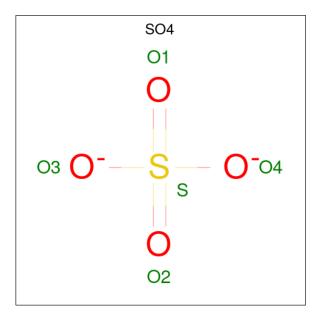
There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 7521 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace	
1	D	234	Total	С	Ν	0	S	0	0	0
	D	234	1868	1196	322	349	1	0		0
1	С	235	Total	С	Ν	0	S	0	0	0
			1873	1199	323	350	1			
1	1 A	234	Total	С	Ν	0	S	0	0	0
		234	1868	1196	322	349	1	0	0	0
1	1 B	0 005	Total	С	Ν	0	S	0	0	0
		235	1873	1199	323	350	1		0	U

• Molecule 1 is a protein called PROTEIN (PHOSPHOGLYCERATE MUTASE 1).

• Molecule 2 is SULFATE ION (three-letter code: SO4) (formula: O<sub>4</sub>S).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	D	1	$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Total} & \text{O} & \text{S} \\ 5 & 4 & 1 \end{array}$	0	0
2	С	1	$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Total} & \text{O} & \text{S} \\ 5 & 4 & 1 \end{array}$	0	0

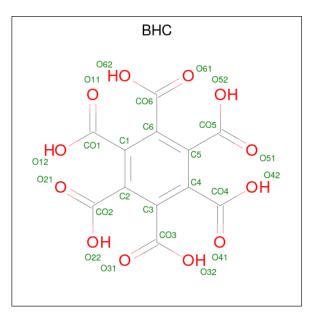
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Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	В	1	$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Total} & \text{O} & \text{S} \\ 5 & 4 & 1 \end{array}$	0	0

• Molecule 3 is BENZENE HEXACARBOXYLIC ACID (three-letter code: BHC) (formula:  $C_{12}H_6O_{12}$ ).

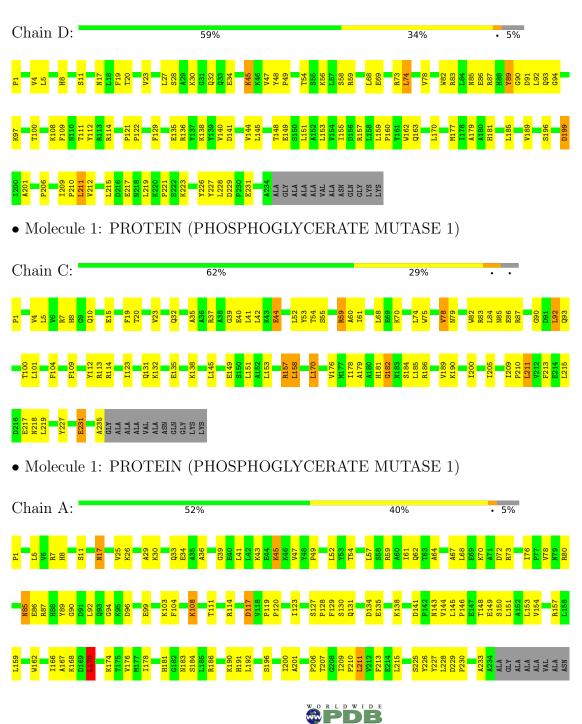


Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	А	1	Total 24	C 12	O 12	0	0



# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

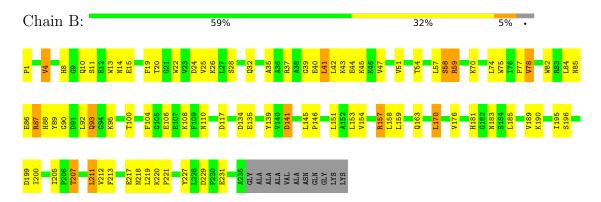
These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.



• Molecule 1: PROTEIN (PHOSPHOGLYCERATE MUTASE 1)

#### GLN GLY LYS LYS

• Molecule 1: PROTEIN (PHOSPHOGLYCERATE MUTASE 1)





# 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness	63.0 (30.00-2.50) 63.0 (20.05.2.50)	Depositor EDS
$\frac{\text{(in resolution range)}}{R_{merge}}$	<u>63.9 (29.95-2.50)</u> 0.10	Depositor
R <sub>sym</sub>	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) >$	-	Xtriage
Refinement program	X-PLOR 3.851	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.204 , $0.2540.332$ , (Not available)	Depositor DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	No test flags present.	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor $(Å^2)$	32.1	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.726	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3), B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.30 , 2.7	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>1</sup>	$<  L  > = 0.46, < L^2 > = 0.28$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.428 for h,-k,-l	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.77	EDS
Total number of atoms	7521	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms $(Å^2)$	29.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 5.48% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



# 5 Model quality (i)

# 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: SO4, BHC

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
	Chain	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	
1	А	0.76	0/1912	0.93	1/2592~(0.0%)	
1	В	0.75	0/1917	0.98	4/2599~(0.2%)	
1	С	0.74	0/1917	0.97	2/2599~(0.1%)	
1	D	0.74	0/1912	0.92	0/2592	
All	All	0.75	0/7658	0.95	7/10382~(0.1%)	

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	А	0	1

There are no bond length outliers.

The worst 5 of 7 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\mathbf{Observed}(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
1	В	59	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-8.44	116.08	120.30
1	С	59	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-8.04	116.28	120.30
1	В	59	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	7.84	124.22	120.30
1	В	141	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	6.25	123.93	118.30
1	А	170	LEU	CA-CB-CG	5.75	128.52	115.30

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	А	226	TYR	Sidechain



### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	А	1868	0	1889	72	0
1	В	1873	0	1894	59	0
1	С	1873	0	1894	67	0
1	D	1868	0	1889	61	0
2	В	5	0	0	1	0
2	С	5	0	0	0	0
2	D	5	0	0	0	0
3	А	24	0	0	0	0
All	All	7521	0	7566	248	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 16.

The worst 5 of 248 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:D:210:PRO:HG2	1:D:228:LEU:HD12	1.61	0.82
1:A:7:ARG:HD3	1:A:207:THR:HG22	1.61	0.81
1:B:185:LEU:O	1:B:189:VAL:HG23	1.85	0.77
1:B:1:PRO:HB2	1:B:170:LEU:HD12	1.65	0.77
1:C:8:HIS:CE1	1:C:59:ARG:HD2	2.19	0.76

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.



Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	А	232/246~(94%)	219~(94%)	12 (5%)	1 (0%)	34	54
1	В	233/246~(95%)	209~(90%)	23 (10%)	1 (0%)	34	54
1	$\mathbf{C}$	233/246~(95%)	216~(93%)	16 (7%)	1 (0%)	34	54
1	D	232/246~(94%)	214 (92%)	18 (8%)	0	100	100
All	All	930/984~(94%)	858~(92%)	69~(7%)	3~(0%)	41	61

All (3) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	106	GLU
1	С	182	GLY
1	А	85	ASN

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	А	202/207~(98%)	183~(91%)	19 (9%)	8 17
1	В	202/207~(98%)	179~(89%)	23~(11%)	5 11
1	С	202/207~(98%)	189 (94%)	13 (6%)	17 33
1	D	202/207~(98%)	189 (94%)	13~(6%)	17 33
All	All	808/828~(98%)	740~(92%)	68~(8%)	11 21

5 of 68 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	146	PRO
1	В	153	LEU
1	В	211	LEU
1	С	219	LEU
1	С	211	LEU

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 18 such sidechains are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	17	ASN
1	В	183	ASN
1	В	65	ASN
1	С	131	GLN
1	А	191	HIS

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

#### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

### 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

4 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Turne	Chain Res Lini		Res Link Bond lengths			Bond angles			
	Type	Chain	nes		Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
2	SO4	С	301	-	4,4,4	0.67	0	$6,\!6,\!6$	0.65	0
3	BHC	А	302	-	24,24,24	1.76	5 (20%)	36,36,36	0.72	0
2	SO4	В	303	-	4,4,4	0.94	0	6,6,6	0.62	0
2	SO4	D	300	-	4,4,4	0.59	0	$6,\!6,\!6$	0.50	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	BHC	А	302	-	-	0/24/24/24	0/1/1/1

All (5) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	$\mathrm{Ideal}(\mathrm{\AA})$
3	А	302	BHC	O11-CO1	3.64	1.33	1.22
3	А	302	BHC	O31-CO3	3.57	1.33	1.22
3	А	302	BHC	O51-CO5	3.06	1.31	1.22
3	А	302	BHC	C2-CO2	2.34	1.56	1.50
3	А	302	BHC	C6-CO6	2.02	1.55	1.50

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

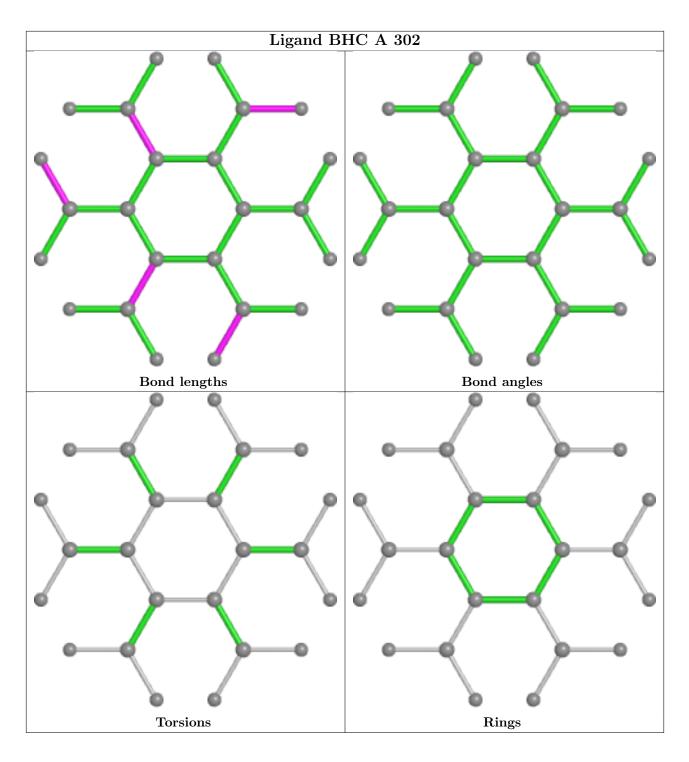
1 monomer is involved in 1 short contact:

Μ	[ol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	2	В	303	SO4	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.







## 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

# 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



# 6 Fit of model and data (i)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

### 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

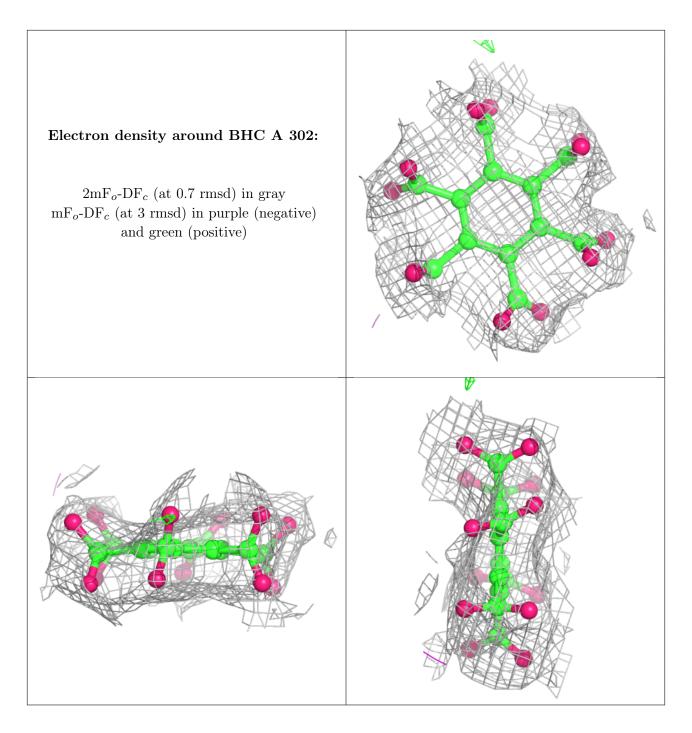
Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

### 6.4 Ligands (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.





## 6.5 Other polymers (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

