



wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report

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PDB ID : 2BRU
Title : Complex of the domain I and domain III of Escherichia coli transhydrogenase
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Deposited on : 2005-05-11

This is a wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

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A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the  symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references](#) ) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Mogul : 2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)
buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
wwPDB-RCI : v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)
wwPDB-ShiftChecker : v1.2
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36.2

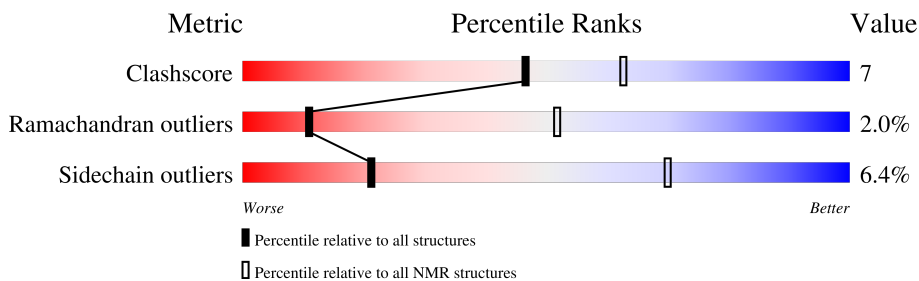
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

SOLUTION NMR

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment was not calculated.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	158937	12864
Ramachandran outliers	154571	11451
Sidechain outliers	154315	11428

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	401	 79% 12% 8%
1	B	401	 78% 13% 9%
2	C	186	 68% 20% • 10%

2 Ensemble composition and analysis

This entry contains 10 models. Model 3 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues			
Well-defined core	Residue range (total)	Backbone RMSD (Å)	Medoid model
1	A:1000-A:1216, A:1224-A:1373, B:998-B:1215, B:1230-B:1376, C:20-C:186 (899)	1.24	3

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 2 clusters and 1 single-model cluster was found.

Cluster number	Models
1	4, 6, 7, 8, 9
2	1, 2, 3, 5
Single-model clusters	10

3 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 8268 atoms, of which 1440 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

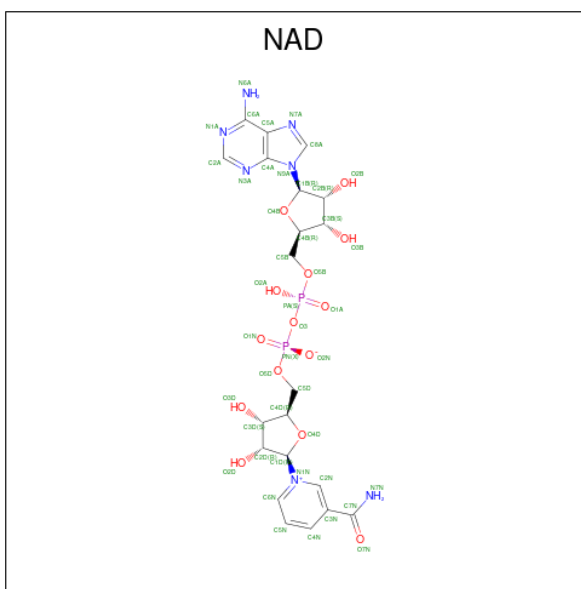
- Molecule 1 is a protein called NAD(P) TRANSHYDROGENASE SUBUNIT ALPHA.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					Trace	
			Total	C	H	N	O		S
1	A	367	Total	C	H	N	O	S	1
			3314	1734	579	464	525	12	
1	B	365	Total	C	H	N	O	S	1
			3311	1729	582	467	521	12	

- Molecule 2 is a protein called NAD(P) TRANSHYDROGENASE SUBUNIT BETA.

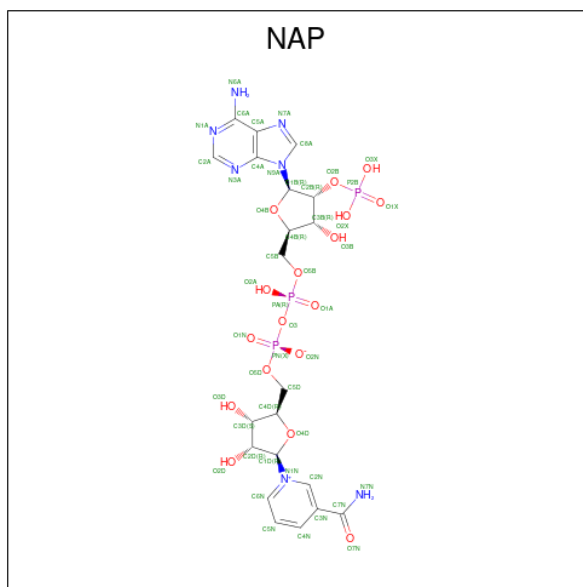
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					Trace	
			Total	C	H	N	O		S
2	C	167	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0
			1536	809	264	215	242	6	

- Molecule 3 is NICOTINAMIDE-ADENINE-DINUCLEOTIDE (three-letter code: NAD) (formula: $C_{21}H_{27}N_7O_{14}P_2$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					
			Total	C	H	N	O	P
3	B	1	Total	C	H	N	O	P
			52	21	8	7	14	2

- Molecule 4 is NADP NICOTINAMIDE-ADENINE-DINUCLEOTIDE PHOSPHATE (three-letter code: NAP) (formula: $C_{21}H_{28}N_7O_{17}P_3$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					
			Total	C	H	N	O	P
4	C	1	55	21	7	7	17	3

5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview

The models were refined using the following method: *RIGID BODY MINIMIZATION, MOLECULAR DYNAMICS SIMULATION*.

Of the 10 calculated structures, 10 were deposited, based on the following criterion: ?.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
X-PLOR	refinement	
X-PLOR	structure solution	

No chemical shift data was provided.

6 Model quality i

6.1 Standard geometry i

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: NAP, NAD

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	#Z>5	RMSZ	#Z>5
1	A	0.82±0.01	1±1/2779 (0.0± 0.0%)	1.38±0.02	27±6/3776 (0.7± 0.2%)
1	B	0.83±0.01	0±1/2773 (0.0± 0.0%)	1.36±0.02	24±3/3768 (0.6± 0.1%)
2	C	0.83±0.01	0±0/1297 (0.0± 0.0%)	1.41±0.03	10±2/1764 (0.6± 0.1%)
All	All	0.83	17/68490 (0.0%)	1.38	605/93080 (0.6%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	Chirality	Planarity
1	A	0.0±0.0	2.2±1.9
1	B	0.0±0.0	1.2±0.9
2	C	0.0±0.0	0.9±0.7
All	All	0	43

5 of 12 unique bond outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)	Models	
								Worst	Total
2	C	139	TRP	NE1-CE2	-5.80	1.30	1.37	3	1
1	A	1064	TRP	CD1-NE1	-5.78	1.28	1.38	10	1
1	B	1375	VAL	C-N	-5.64	1.21	1.34	9	3
2	C	139	TRP	CD1-NE1	-5.48	1.28	1.38	7	1
2	C	52	GLU	CD-OE1	-5.40	1.19	1.25	1	1

5 of 217 unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed($^{\circ}$)	Ideal($^{\circ}$)	Models	
								Worst	Total
1	A	1064	TRP	CD1-CG-CD2	11.34	115.37	106.30	10	10
1	B	1356	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	10.98	125.79	120.30	9	4
1	B	1356	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-10.97	114.81	120.30	1	2
2	C	139	TRP	CD1-CG-CD2	10.54	114.73	106.30	8	10
1	A	1064	TRP	CE2-CD2-CG	-10.46	98.93	107.30	10	10

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 24 unique planar outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group	Models (Total)
1	B	1139	TYR	Sidechain	4
1	A	1294	TYR	Sidechain	4
1	B	1318	ARG	Sidechain	3
2	C	90	TYR	Sidechain	3
1	A	1045	PHE	Peptide	3

6.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	2735	579	2770	35 \pm 5
1	B	2729	582	2778	40 \pm 5
2	C	1272	264	1273	22 \pm 5
3	B	44	8	26	0 \pm 0
4	C	48	7	25	1 \pm 1
All	All	68280	14400	68720	892

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 7.

5 of 581 unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(\AA)	Distance(\AA)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:1186:SER:HB3	1:B:1187:LEU:HA	0.88	1.44	8	2
2:C:120:PRO:HG2	2:C:160:ASN:HB2	0.81	1.52	4	1
2:C:162:LEU:HA	2:C:168:THR:HG22	0.77	1.56	9	2

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:B:1016:VAL:HB	1:B:1043:ALA:HB2	0.77	1.57	8	1
1:A:1187:LEU:HA	1:B:1186:SER:HB3	0.77	1.56	7	2

6.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

6.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	363/401 (91%)	323±5 (89±1%)	36±5 (10±1%)	4±1 (1±0%)	18	66
1	B	361/401 (90%)	322±3 (89±1%)	34±3 (9±1%)	6±2 (2±1%)	13	57
2	C	165/186 (89%)	132±3 (80±2%)	25±3 (15±2%)	8±1 (5±1%)	4	26
All	All	8890/9880 (90%)	7769 (87%)	941 (11%)	180 (2%)	11	52

5 of 90 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
2	C	75	LEU	8
1	A	1343	ASP	7
1	B	1320	PRO	6
2	C	159	GLN	6
1	A	1286	ALA	6

6.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	288/317 (91%)	272±3 (95±1%)	16±3 (5±1%)	25	74
1	B	290/317 (91%)	274±2 (94±1%)	16±2 (6±1%)	24	73

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
2	C	135/153 (88%)	122±2 (90±1%)	13±2 (10±1%)	12	58
All	All	7130/7870 (91%)	6677 (94%)	453 (6%)	21	70

5 of 198 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
2	C	47	GLN	10
2	C	79	MET	10
1	B	1287	GLN	9
2	C	159	GLN	9
2	C	176	LYS	9

6.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

2 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds that are observed in the model and the number of bonds that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths		
					Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
3	NAD	B	1	-	42,48,48	1.40±0.11	5±1 (11±3%)

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths		
					Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
4	NAP	C	1001	-	46,52,52	1.50±0.11	6±1 (13±2%)

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of angles for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of angles that are observed in the model and the number of angles that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond angle is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond angle with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond angles.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
3	NAD	B	1	-	50,73,73	2.06±0.26	8±1 (16±2%)
4	NAP	C	1001	-	61,80,80	1.88±0.19	8±2 (13±3%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	NAD	B	1	-	-	0±0,26,62,62	0±0,5,5,5
4	NAP	C	1001	-	-	0±0,31,67,67	0±0,5,5,5

5 of 20 unique bond outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)	Models	
								Worst	Total
3	B	1	NAD	C2N-N1N	7.29	1.43	1.35	1	10
4	C	1001	NAP	C2N-N1N	7.04	1.42	1.35	1	10
4	C	1001	NAP	PA-O3	4.76	1.64	1.59	1	6
3	B	1	NAD	O4D-C1D	4.63	1.47	1.40	4	8
4	C	1001	NAP	O4D-C1D	3.85	1.45	1.40	9	10

5 of 32 unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)	Models	
								Worst	Total
3	B	1	NAD	C4B-O4B-C1B	11.56	99.34	109.92	3	9
4	C	1001	NAP	C4D-O4D-C1D	10.37	100.43	109.92	10	9

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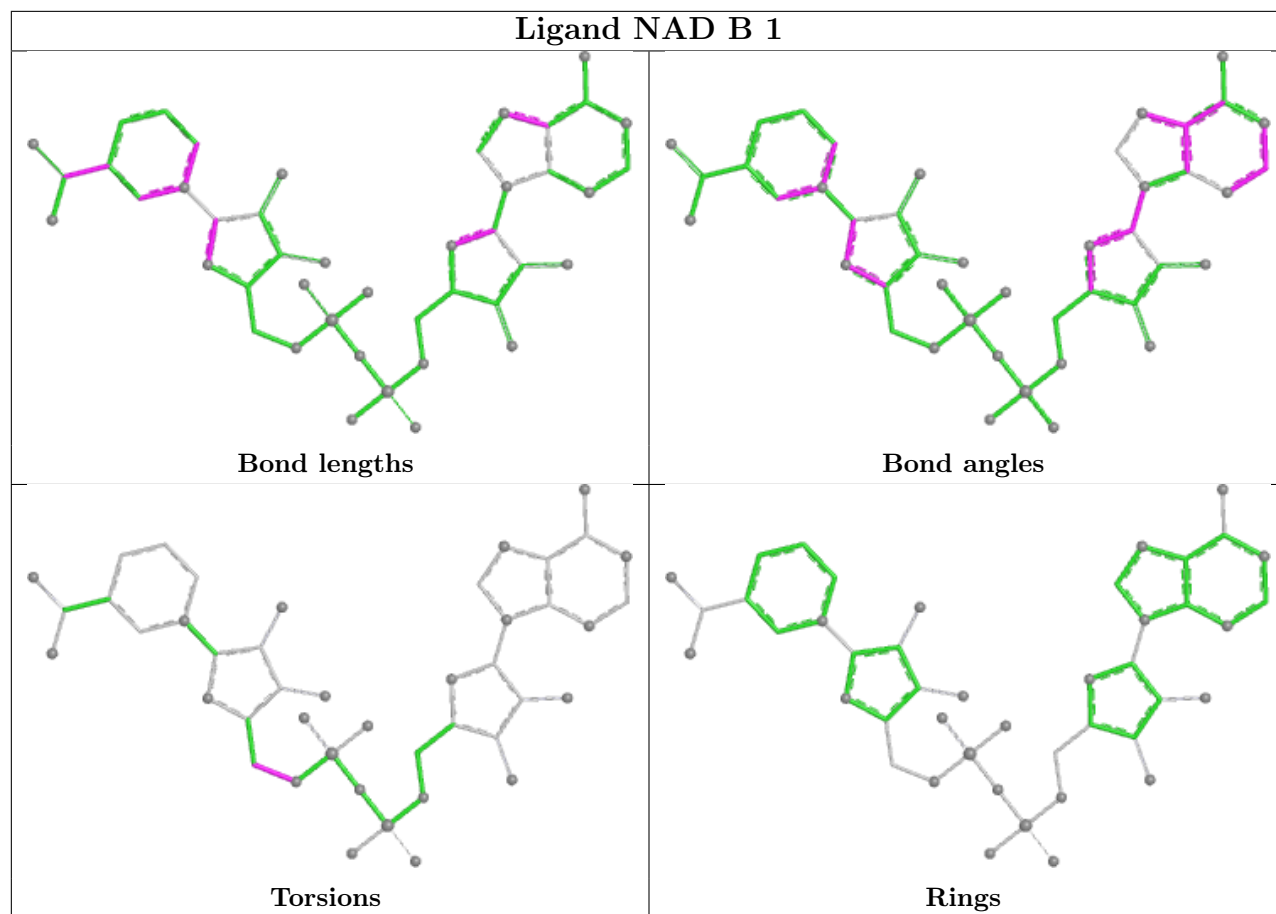
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)	Models	
								Worst	Total
4	C	1001	NAP	O4B-C1B-N9A	9.12	120.84	108.75	4	8
4	C	1001	NAP	C4B-O4B-C1B	8.81	101.85	109.92	3	10
3	B	1	NAD	C4D-O4D-C1D	8.60	102.05	109.92	8	9

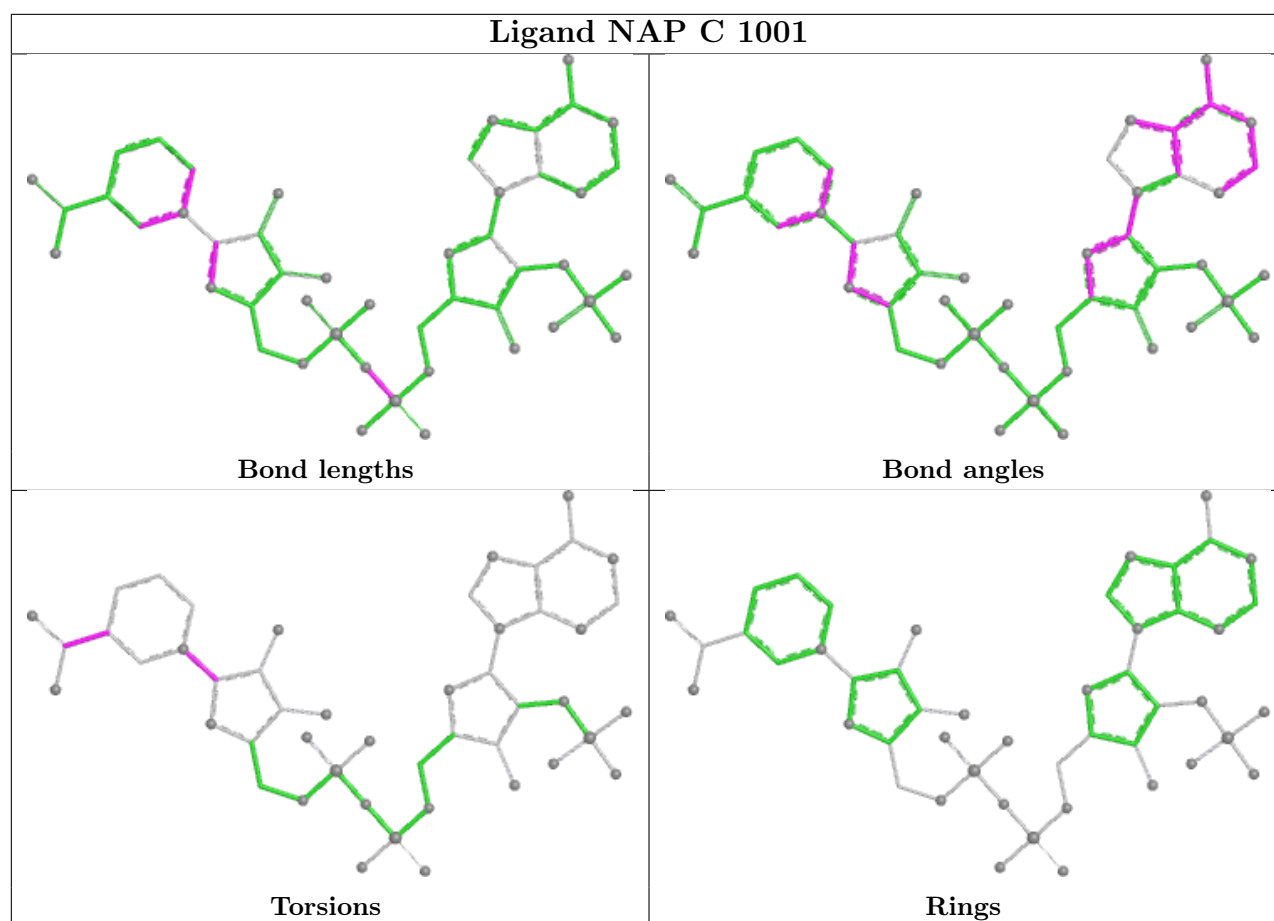
There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.





6.7 Other polymers [\(i\)](#)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues [\(i\)](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

7 Chemical shift validation

No chemical shift data were provided