

wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

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PDB ID : 2BTX

Title: SOLUTION NMR STRUCTURE OF THE COMPLEX OF ALPHA-

BUNGAROTOXIN WITH A LIBRARY DERIVED PEPTIDE, NMR, MINI-

MIZED AVERAGE STRUCTURE

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This is a wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (i)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

RCI : v 1n 11 5 13 A (Berjanski et al., 2005)

PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)

ShiftChecker : 2.29

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.29

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $SOLUTION\ NMR$

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment was not calculated.

There are no overall percentile quality scores available for this entry.

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

| Mol | Chain | Length | Quality of chain | | | |
|-----|-------|--------|------------------|--|--|--|
| 1 | A | 74 | 100% | | | |
| 2 | В | 13 | 100% | | | |



2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 1 models. Identification of well-defined residues and clustering analysis are not possible.



3 Entry composition (i)

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 1305 atoms, of which 639 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called ALPHA-BUNGAROTOXIN.

| Mol | Chain | Residues | Atoms | | | | | Trace | |
|-----|-------|----------|-------|-----|-----|----|-----|-------|---|
| 1 | Λ | 7.4 | Total | С | Н | N | О | S | 0 |
| 1 | A | 74 | 1083 | 338 | 532 | 97 | 105 | 11 | 0 |

• Molecule 2 is a protein called LIBRARY DERIVED PEPTIDE.

| Mol | Chain | Residues | ${f Atoms}$ | | | | | Trace | |
|-----|-------|----------|-------------|----|-----|----|----|-------|---|
| 2 | D | 13 | Total | С | Н | N | О | S | 0 |
| | Б | 10 | 222 | 73 | 107 | 17 | 24 | 1 | U |



4 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: ALPHA-BUNGAROTOXIN

| Chain A: | 100% |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 11 | M28 W28 W28 W28 W31 W33 W33 W33 W33 W33 W33 W34 W45 C44 A45 C44 A45 C44 A45 C44 A45 C44 A45 C44 A45 C44 C44 C44 C44 C44 C44 C44 C |
| 261 162 163 164 165 166 166 168 168 168 171 171 172 173 174 | |
| • Molecule 2: LIBRARY DERIVE | D PEPTIDE |
| Chain B: | 100% |
| 9.5.1.0 | |



Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i) 5



The models were refined using the following method: DISTANCE GEOMETRY/ DYNAMICAL SIMMULATED ANNEALING.

Of the 20 calculated structures, 1 were deposited, based on the following criterion: MINIMIZED AVERAGE STRUCTURE.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

| Software name | Classification | Version |
|---------------|--------------------|---------|
| X-PLOR | refinement | 3.1 |
| X-PLOR | structure solution | |

No chemical shift data was provided.



6 Model quality (i)

6.1 Standard geometry (i)

There are no covalent bond-length or bond-angle outliers.

There are no bond-length outliers.

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

6.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

| Mol | Chain | Non-H | H(model) | H(added) | Clashes |
|-----|-------|-------|----------|----------|---------|
| 1 | A | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 2 | В | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| All | All | 0 | 0 | 0 | - |

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is -.

There are no clashes.

6.3 Torsion angles (i)

6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

| Mol | Chain | Analysed | Favoured | Allowed | Outliers | Percentiles |
|-----|-------|----------|----------|---------|----------|-------------|
| 1 | A | 0 | - | - | - | - |
| 2 | В | 0 | - | = | - | - |
| All | All | 0 | - | = | - | - |

There are no Ramachandran outliers.



6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

| Mol | Chain | Analysed | Rotameric | Outliers | Percentiles |
|-----|-------|----------|-----------|----------|-------------|
| 1 | A | 0 | - | - | - |
| 2 | В | 0 | - | - | - |
| All | All | 0 | - | - | - |

There are no protein residues with a non-rotameric sidechain to report.

6.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



7 Chemical shift validation (i)

No chemical shift data were provided

