

# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

#### Jun 12, 2024 – 07:19 PM EDT

PDB ID : 4BZG

Title : Crystal structure of galactose mutarotase GalM from Bacillus subtilis in com-

plex with maltose

Authors: Vanden Broeck, A.; Sauvage, E.; Herman, R.; Kerff, F.; Duez, C.; Charlier, P.

Deposited on : 2013-07-25

Resolution : 2.13 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Mogul : 2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.20.1

EDS : 2.36.2

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

 $Refmac \quad : \quad 5.8.0158$ 

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

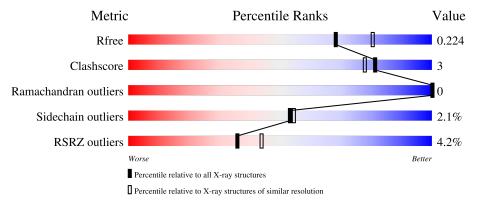
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36.2

# 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.13 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive $(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Similar\ resolution} \\ (\#{\rm Entries,\ resolution\ range(\mathring{\rm A})}) \end{array}$
$R_{free}$	130704	2523 (2.16-2.12)
Clashscore	141614	2653 (2.16-2.12)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	2618 (2.16-2.12)
Sidechain outliers	138945	2617 (2.16-2.12)
RSRZ outliers	127900	2485 (2.16-2.12)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain					
1	A	324	91%	9% •				
1	В	324	7% 92%	7%				
2	С	2	50%	50%				
2	D	2	50%	50%				



# 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 5595 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called ALDOSE 1-EPIMERASE.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	A	322	Total 2606	C 1672	N 436	O 492	S 6	0	0	0
1	В	323	Total 2616	C 1678	N 439	O 493	S 6	0	0	0

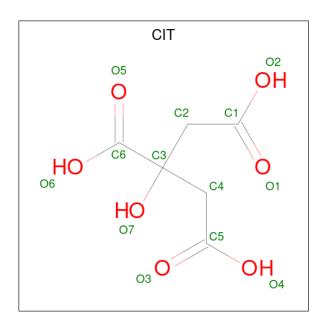
• Molecule 2 is an oligosaccharide called alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	С	2	Total C O 23 12 11	0	0	0
2	D	2	Total C O 23 12 11	0	0	0

• Molecule 3 is CITRIC ACID (three-letter code: CIT) (formula:  $C_6H_8O_7$ ).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf	
3	В	1	Total 13	C 6	O 7	0	0

#### • Molecule 4 is water.

$\mathbf{Mol}$	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	214	Total O 214 214	0	0
4	В	100	Total O 100 100	0	0



# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: ALDOSE 1-EPIMERASE • Molecule 1: ALDOSE 1-EPIMERASE Chain B: • Molecule 2: alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose Chain C: 50% • Molecule 2: alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-glucopyranose Chain D: 50% 50%



# 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 2	Depositor
Cell constants	82.46Å 84.20Å 125.44Å	Depositor
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	$90.00^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	29.67 - 2.13	Depositor
resolution (A)	29.67 - 2.13	EDS
% Data completeness	98.4 (29.67-2.13)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	98.5 (29.67-2.13)	EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.11	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	1.54  (at  2.12Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.6.0117	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.183 , $0.227$	Depositor
it, it free	0.182 , $0.224$	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	2457  reflections  (5.00%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	26.2	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.144	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.36, 47.3	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$< L >=0.46, < L^2>=0.28$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.034 for k,h,-l	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.95	EDS
Total number of atoms	5595	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms $(\mathring{A}^2)$	31.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The analyses of the Patterson function reveals a significant off-origin peak that is 22.31 % of the origin peak, indicating pseudo-translational symmetry. The chance of finding a peak of this or larger height randomly in a structure without pseudo-translational symmetry is equal to 5.8547e-03. The detected translational NCS is most likely also responsible for the elevated intensity ratio.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $<L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

# 5 Model quality (i)

## 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: GLC, CIT

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol Chain			nd lengths	Bond angles		
IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	
1	A	0.82	3/2680 (0.1%)	0.79	1/3648 (0.0%)	
1	В	0.68	$5/2691 \ (0.2\%)$	0.70	2/3663 (0.1%)	
All	All	0.75	8/5371 (0.1%)	0.75	3/7311 (0.0%)	

The worst 5 of 8 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	Observed(Å)	$\operatorname{Ideal}(\text{\AA})$
1	В	197	TRP	CD2-CE2	5.60	1.48	1.41
1	A	172	TRP	CD2-CE2	5.54	1.48	1.41
1	A	197	TRP	CD2-CE2	5.46	1.48	1.41
1	В	268	TRP	CD2-CE2	5.44	1.47	1.41
1	A	109	TRP	CD2-CE2	5.36	1.47	1.41

All (3) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$Observed(^o)$	$\mathrm{Ideal}(^{o})$
1	В	23	LEU	CA-CB-CG	5.78	128.59	115.30
1	В	303	LEU	CA-CB-CG	5.77	128.57	115.30
1	A	240	ARG	CB-CA-C	-5.13	100.14	110.40

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.



Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2606	0	2524	16	0
1	В	2616	0	2531	11	0
2	С	23	0	21	2	0
2	D	23	0	21	1	0
3	В	13	0	5	2	0
4	A	214	0	0	3	0
4	В	100	0	0	3	0
All	All	5595	0	5102	27	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 3.

The worst 5 of 27 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Interatomic} \\ \text{distance (Å)} \end{array}$	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:154:ASN:HB2	4:A:2111:HOH:O	1.72	0.90
1:B:106:HIS:CE1	4:B:2033:HOH:O	2.44	0.69
1:A:101:HIS:HE1	2:C:1:GLC:H1	1.60	0.66
1:A:73:ASN:H	1:A:101:HIS:HD2	1.44	0.64
1:B:181:ILE:HD11	4:B:2016:HOH:O	1.96	0.64

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Analysed Favoured Allowed		Outliers	Percentiles		
1	A	320/324 (99%)	311 (97%)	9 (3%)	0	100	100	
1	В	321/324 (99%)	304 (95%)	17 (5%)	0	100	100	
All	All	641/648 (99%)	615 (96%)	26 (4%)	0	100	100	

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.



#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Rotameric   Outliers	
1	A	287/289 (99%)	282 (98%)	5 (2%)	60 63
1	В	288/289 (100%)	281 (98%)	7 (2%)	49 49
All	All	575/578 (100%)	563 (98%)	12 (2%)	53 54

5 of 12 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	276	LYS
1	В	287	TRP
1	В	324	HIS
1	В	292	VAL
1	A	303	LEU

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 6 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	58	HIS
1	В	136	GLN
1	В	323	ASN
1	A	251	GLN
1	A	101	HIS

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.



### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

4 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Tuna	Clasia	Dag	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
MIOI	Type	Chain	Res	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2
2	GLC	С	1	2	12,12,12	0.78	0	17,17,17	2.17	6 (35%)
2	GLC	С	2	2	11,11,12	0.73	0	15,15,17	2.46	4 (26%)
2	GLC	D	1	2	12,12,12	0.81	0	17,17,17	1.89	5 (29%)
2	GLC	D	2	2	11,11,12	0.35	0	15,15,17	2.25	4 (26%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	GLC	С	1	2	-	0/2/22/22	0/1/1/1
2	GLC	С	2	2	-	2/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
2	GLC	D	1	2	-	2/2/22/22	0/1/1/1
2	GLC	D	2	2	-	2/2/19/22	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

The worst 5 of 19 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
2	С	2	GLC	C1-O5-C5	7.70	122.51	112.19
2	D	2	GLC	C1-O5-C5	6.88	121.41	112.19
2	С	1	GLC	C1-O5-C5	5.66	124.61	113.65
2	D	1	GLC	C1-O5-C5	4.32	122.01	113.65
2	С	1	GLC	O5-C1-C2	3.59	116.62	110.30

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 6 torsion outliers are listed below:



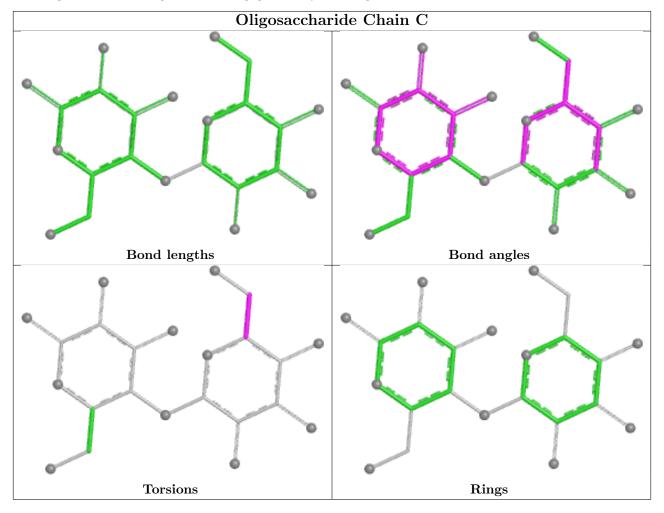
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	С	2	GLC	O5-C5-C6-O6
2	С	2	GLC	C4-C5-C6-O6
2	D	2	GLC	C4-C5-C6-O6
2	D	1	GLC	O5-C5-C6-O6
2	D	1	GLC	C4-C5-C6-O6

There are no ring outliers.

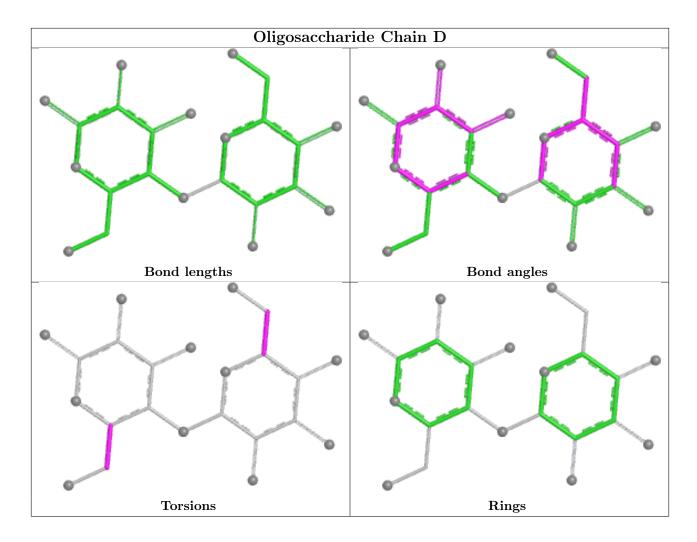
2 monomers are involved in 3 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	D	1	GLC	1	0
2	С	1	GLC	2	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.







## 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

#### 1 ligand is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Pog	Link	Bo	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
			nes		Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	
3	CIT	В	501	-	12,12,12	1.04	0	17,17,17	1.28	3 (17%)	

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns.



'-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	CIT	В	501	-	-	9/16/16/16	-

There are no bond length outliers.

All (3) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(^{o})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^o)$
3	В	501	CIT	O6-C6-C3	2.31	117.58	113.14
3	В	501	CIT	C3-C4-C5	2.19	119.91	113.92
3	В	501	CIT	O4-C5-C4	2.15	121.15	114.35

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 9 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	В	501	CIT	C2-C3-C6-O5
3	В	501	CIT	C2-C3-C6-O6
3	В	501	CIT	O7-C3-C6-O5
3	В	501	CIT	O7-C3-C6-O6
3	В	501	CIT	C1-C2-C3-C6

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 2 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	В	501	CIT	2	0

## 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



## 6 Fit of model and data (i)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	$\#\mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$		$OWAB(A^2)$	Q<0.9	
1	A	322/324 (99%)	-0.12	4 (1%)	79	83	13, 22, 37, 69	0
1	В	323/324 (99%)	0.26	23 (7%)	16	20	22, 37, 59, 121	0
All	All	645/648 (99%)	0.07	27 (4%)	36	44	13, 28, 53, 121	0

The worst 5 of 27 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	В	226	HIS	3.8
1	В	84	GLY	3.5
1	В	72	PRO	3.4
1	В	69	LEU	3.0
1	В	167	LYS	2.9

## 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

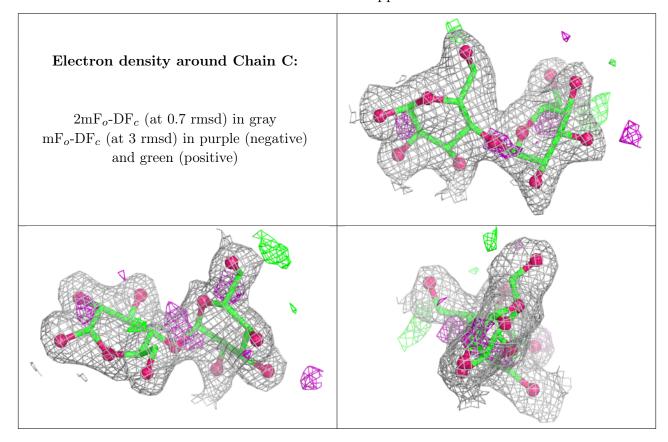
### 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

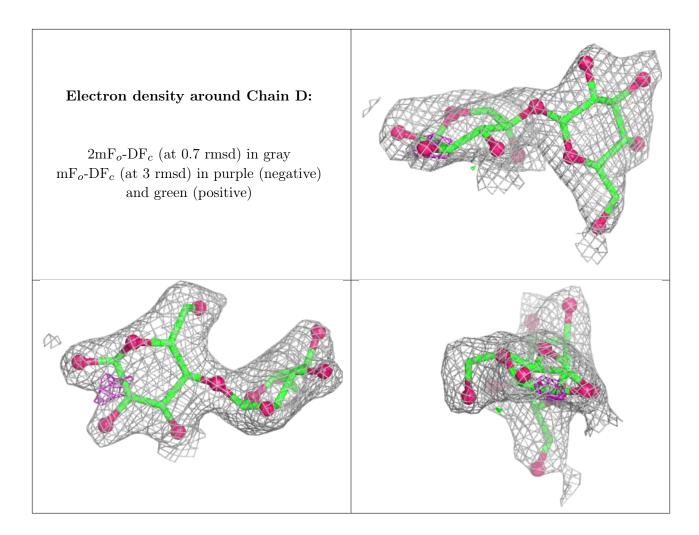
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
2	GLC	D	1	12/12	0.86	0.16	40,48,51,56	0
2	GLC	С	2	11/12	0.91	0.24	32,37,39,39	0
2	GLC	D	2	11/12	0.91	0.26	52,57,59,62	0
2	GLC	С	1	12/12	0.93	0.12	25,29,36,37	0



The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density for oligosaccharide. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.







## 6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
3	CIT	В	501	13/13	0.82	0.23	51,62,68,70	0

## 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

