

wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Jun 12, 2024 – 02:00 PM EDT

PDB ID : 1C1Z

Title : CRYSTAL STRUCTURE OF HUMAN BETA-2-GLYCOPROTEIN-I

(APOLIPOPROTEIN-H)

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Deposited on : 1999-07-22

Resolution : 2.87 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

 $Mol Probity \quad : \quad 4.02b\text{--}467$

Mogul: 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13 EDS : 2.36.2

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

 $Refmac \quad : \quad 5.8.0158$

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

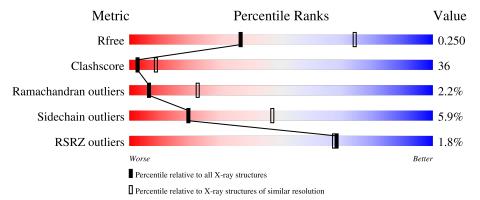
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36.2

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.87 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	Similar resolution
Metric	$(\# ext{Entries})$	$(\# ext{Entries}, ext{ resolution range}(ext{Å}))$
R_{free}	130704	2691 (2.90-2.86)
Clashscore	141614	2947 (2.90-2.86)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	2868 (2.90-2.86)
Sidechain outliers	138945	2871 (2.90-2.86)
RSRZ outliers	127900	2629 (2.90-2.86)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain								
1	A	326	51%	43% 6%							
2	В	2	100%								
3	С	5	20%	80%							
4	D	3	67%	33%							

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard



residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density	
2	NAG	В	1	X	-	=	-	
4	MAN	D	3	X	-	=	X	
5	NAG	A	329	X	-	=	-	



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 6 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 2705 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called BETA2-GLYCOPROTEIN-I.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	A	326	Total 2541	C 1622	N 419	O 474	S 26	0	0	0

• Molecule 2 is an oligosaccharide called 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	В	2	Total C N O 28 16 2 10	0	0	0

• Molecule 3 is an oligosaccharide called beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-[alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)]beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
3	С	5	Total 61	C 34	N 2	O 25	0	0	0

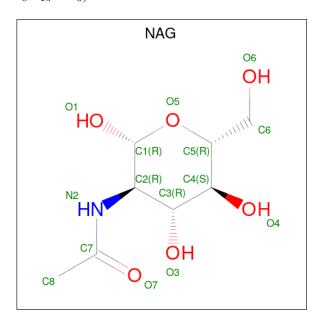
• Molecule 4 is an oligosaccharide called alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.





Mol	Chain	Residues	A	tom	ıs		ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
4	D	3	Total 39	C 22	N 2	O 15	0	0	0

 \bullet Molecule 5 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (three-letter code: NAG) (formula: $\rm C_8H_{15}NO_6).$



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	1	Total 14	C 8	N 1	O 5	0	0

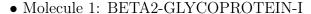
• Molecule 6 is water.

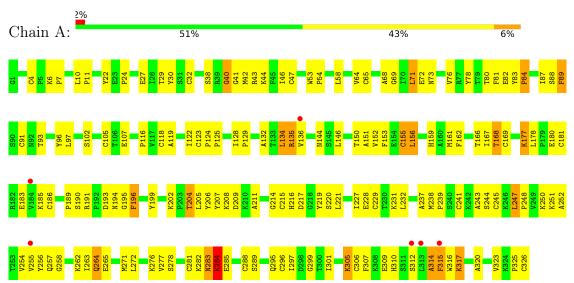
\mathbf{Mol}	Chain	Residues Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	22	Total O 22 22	0	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.





• Molecule 2: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain B:

NAG1 NDG2

 $\bullet \ \, Molecule \ 3: \ beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-[alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)] beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetam$

Chain C: 20% 80%

NAG1 NDG2 BMA3 BMA4 MAN5

• Molecule 4: alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-a cetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain D: 67% 33%







4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source	
Space group	C 2 2 21	Depositor	
Cell constants	159.50Å 164.80Å 114.30Å	Depositor	
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor	
Resolution (Å)	50.00 - 2.87	Depositor	
resolution (A)	51.23 - 2.88	EDS	
% Data completeness	93.2 (50.00-2.87)	Depositor	
(in resolution range)	93.8 (51.23-2.88)	EDS	
R_{merge}	0.09	Depositor	
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor	
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	2.16 (at 2.86Å)	Xtriage	
Refinement program	CNS	Depositor	
R, R_{free}	0.238 , 0.244	Depositor	
$\Pi,\ \Pi free$	0.243 , 0.250	DCC	
R_{free} test set	1608 reflections (4.96%)	wwPDB-VP	
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	49.6	Xtriage	
Anisotropy	0.334	Xtriage	
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.33,65.8	EDS	
L-test for twinning ²	$< L > = 0.43, < L^2> = 0.25$	Xtriage	
Estimated twinning fraction	$\begin{array}{c} 0.053 \text{ for -k,-h,-l} \\ 0.027 \text{ for -1/2*h-1/2*k+l,-1/2*h-1/2*k-l,1/2} \\ & *h-1/2*k \\ 0.037 \text{ for -1/2*h-1/2*k-l,-1/2*h-1/2*k+l,-1/} \\ & 2*h+1/2*k \\ 0.035 \text{ for -1/2*h+1/2*k-l,1/2*h-1/2*k-l,-1/2} \\ & *h-1/2*k \\ 0.027 \text{ for -1/2*h+1/2*k+l,1/2*h-1/2*k+l,1} \\ & /2*h+1/2*k \end{array}$	Xtriage	
F_o, F_c correlation	0.89	EDS	
Total number of atoms	2705	wwPDB-VP	
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	55.0	wwPDB-VP	

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 4.52% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of <|L|>, $<L^2>$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: MAN, BMA, NAG, NDG

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

	Mol	Chain	Boı	nd lengths	Bond angles		
			RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5	
	1	A	0.45	1/2618 (0.0%)	0.69	1/3556 (0.0%)	

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(ext{\AA})$
1	A	315	PHE	C-N	-5.20	1.22	1.34

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
1	A	315	PHE	C-N-CA	-9.62	97.66	121.70

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	$\mathbf{H}(\mathbf{added})$	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2541	0	2481	173	0
2	В	28	0	24	2	0
3	С	61	0	51	1	0
4	D	39	0	34	1	0
5	A	14	0	13	0	0
6	A	22	0	0	1	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
All	All	2705	0	2603	177	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 36.

The worst 5 of 177 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	Clash overlap (Å)
2:B:1:NAG:H62	2:B:2:NDG:HA	1.16	1.07
1:A:64:VAL:HG12	1:A:82:GLU:HB3	1.58	0.85
1:A:247:LEU:HD12	1:A:247:LEU:H	1.41	0.85
1:A:186:CYS:HG	1:A:229:CYS:HG	0.92	0.84
1:A:196:PHE:HE2	1:A:214:GLY:HA3	1.42	0.83

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	324/326 (99%)	292 (90%)	25 (8%)	7 (2%)	6 22

5 of 7 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	217	ASP
1	A	284	LYS
1	A	314	ALA
1	A	81	PHE
1	A	155	CYS



5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	286/286 (100%)	269 (94%)	17 (6%)	19	47

5 of 17 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	284	LYS
1	A	317	LYS
1	A	168	THR
1	A	177	LYS
1	A	196	PHE

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (5) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	85	ASN
1	A	144	ASN
1	A	257	GLN
1	A	264	GLN
1	A	283	ASN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

10 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.



In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Trino	Chain	Res	Link	Во	ond leng	ths	Bond angles		
MIOI	Type	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2
2	NAG	В	1	2,1	14,14,15	0.74	0	17,19,21	0.95	1 (5%)
2	NDG	В	2	2	14,14,15	0.74	1 (7%)	17,19,21	1.23	2 (11%)
3	NAG	С	1	3,1	14,14,15	0.57	0	17,19,21	1.05	1 (5%)
3	NDG	С	2	3	14,14,15	0.65	0	17,19,21	0.94	2 (11%)
3	BMA	С	3	3	11,11,12	0.53	0	15,15,17	0.29	0
3	BMA	С	4	3	11,11,12	0.53	0	15,15,17	0.48	0
3	MAN	С	5	3	11,11,12	0.52	0	15,15,17	0.41	0
4	NAG	D	1	4,1	14,14,15	0.54	0	17,19,21	0.64	0
4	NAG	D	2	4	14,14,15	0.64	0	17,19,21	0.61	0
4	MAN	D	3	4	11,11,12	0.69	0	15,15,17	0.90	1 (6%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	NAG	В	1	2,1	1/1/5/7	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NDG	В	2	2	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	С	1	3,1	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NDG	С	2	3	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	BMA	С	3	3	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
3	BMA	С	4	3	-	1/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
3	MAN	С	5	3	-	2/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	D	1	4,1	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	D	2	4	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	MAN	D	3	4	1/1/4/5	2/2/19/22	0/1/1/1

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(A)	$\operatorname{Ideal}(ext{\AA})$
2	В	2	NDG	C1-C2	2.04	1.55	1.52



7D1	$\overline{}$. C	$\overline{}$	1 . 1				1 1	1 1 .
The worst	О	$_{\rm OI}$	(pona	angie	outhers	are	nstea	perow:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$Observed(^o)$	$Ideal(^{o})$
2	В	2	NDG	O5-C1-C2	3.05	116.11	111.29
2	В	1	NAG	C4-C3-C2	2.77	115.08	111.02
3	С	1	NAG	C2-N2-C7	-2.60	119.20	122.90
4	D	3	MAN	C1-O5-C5	2.56	115.67	112.19
2	В	2	NDG	C1-O5-C5	2.45	115.51	112.19

All (2) chirality outliers are listed below:

	Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atom
ſ	2	В	1	NAG	C1
	4	D	3	MAN	C1

5 of 15 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	В	1	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
3	С	1	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
4	D	1	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
3	С	1	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
3	С	5	MAN	O5-C5-C6-O6

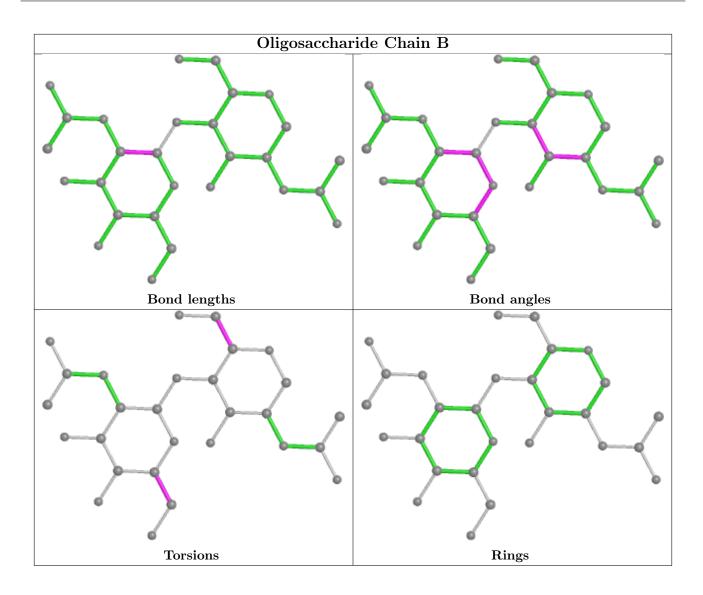
There are no ring outliers.

5 monomers are involved in 4 short contacts:

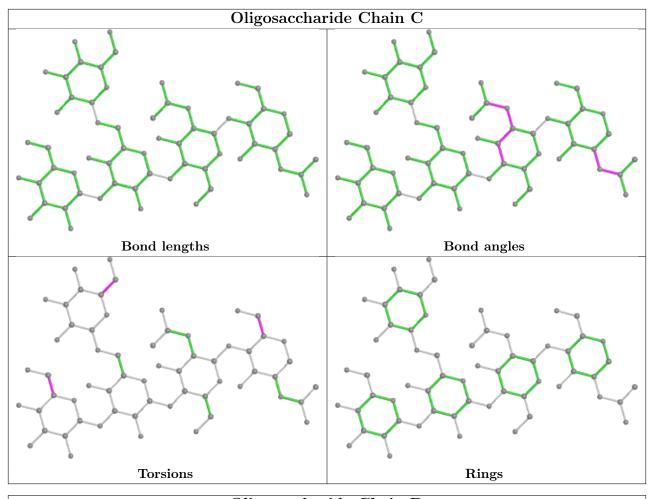
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	С	5	MAN	1	0
2	В	1	NAG	2	0
2	В	2	NDG	2	0
3	С	3	BMA	1	0
4	D	3	MAN	1	0

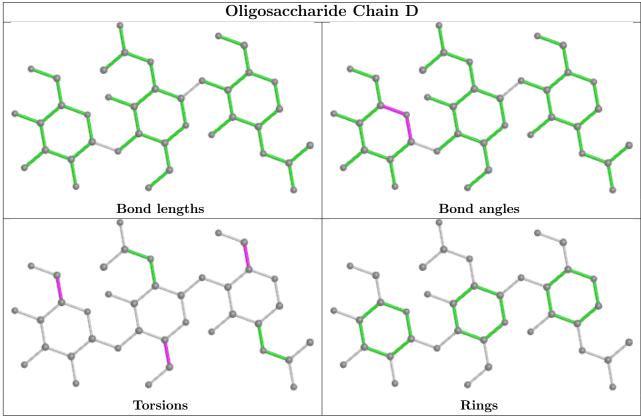
The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.













5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

1 ligand is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol Ty	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
	туре				Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
5	NAG	A	329	1	14,14,15	0.63	0	17,19,21	0.68	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

\mathbf{Mol}	Type	Chain	Res			Torsions)
5	NAG	A	329	1	1/1/5/7	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

All (1) chirality outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atom
5	A	329	NAG	C1

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	# RSRZ > 2		$OWAB(A^2)$	Q < 0.9	
1	A	326/326 (100%)	0.27	6 (1%)	68	67	16, 50, 89, 153	0

The worst 5 of 6 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	313	LEU	5.3
1	A	315	PHE	3.9
1	A	136	VAL	2.9
1	A	312	SER	2.3
1	A	184	VAL	2.0

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathring{\mathbf{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
3	MAN	С	5	11/12	0.70	0.29	126,144,147,152	0
3	BMA	С	4	11/12	0.71	0.25	142,146,149,150	0
2	NDG	В	2	14/15	0.79	0.27	130,140,144,147	0
4	NAG	D	2	14/15	0.79	0.19	113,133,146,160	0
4	MAN	D	3	11/12	0.79	0.41	145,162,166,171	0
3	BMA	С	3	11/12	0.87	0.16	133,137,143,144	0
2	NAG	В	1	14/15	0.90	0.19	120,128,133,142	0

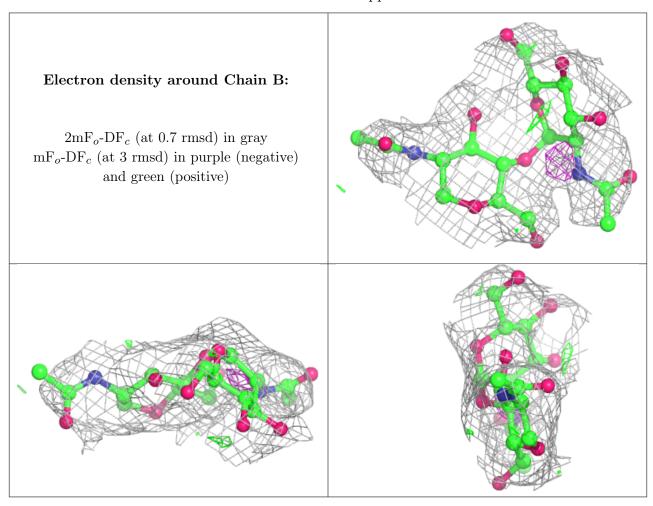
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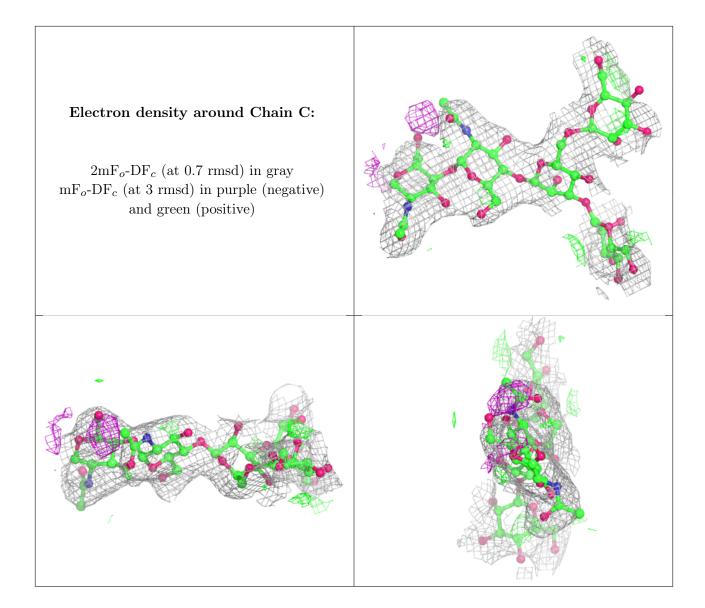
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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
3	NDG	С	2	14/15	0.91	0.17	89,104,112,124	0
4	NAG	D	1	14/15	0.95	0.15	75,85,99,113	0
3	NAG	С	1	14/15	0.96	0.22	43,63,81,84	0

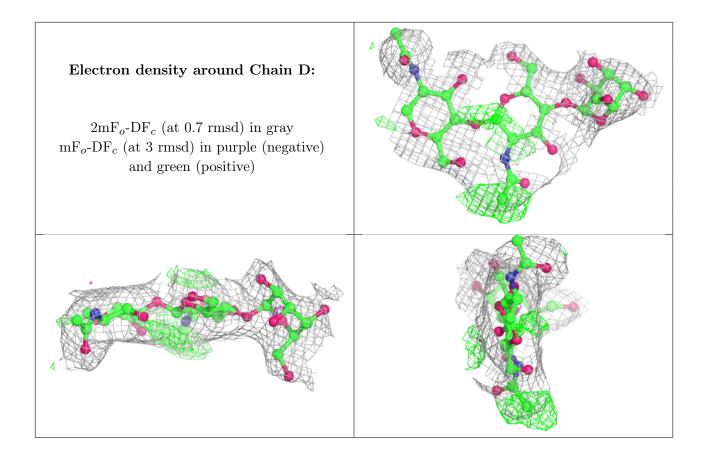
The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density for oligosaccharide. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.











6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q < 0.9
5	NAG	A	329	14/15	0.87	0.19	106,113,120,124	0

6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

