

# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

#### May 14, 2024 – 06:10 pm BST

PDB ID	:	8CBC
Title	:	Crystal structure of Thermothelomyces thermophila GH30 (double mutant
		EE) in complex with xylotriose.
Authors	:	Dimarogona, M.; Pentari, C.; Kosinas, C.; Topakas, E.
Deposited on		
Resolution	:	1.40 Å(reported)
Deposited on	:	2023-01-25

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

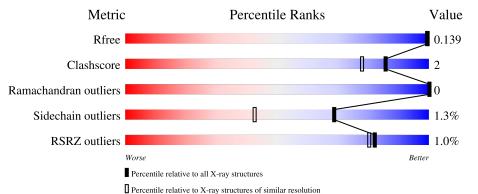
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	1.8.4, CSD as $541$ be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.13
EDS	:	2.36.2
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac	:	5.8.0158
CCP4	:	7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.36.2

# 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:  $X\text{-}RAY \, DIFFRACTION$ 

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.40 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Whole archive} \\ (\#\textbf{Entries}) \end{array}$	${f Similar\ resolution}\ (\#{ m Entries,\ resolution\ range}({ m \AA}))$
$R_{free}$	130704	1714 (1.40-1.40)
Clashscore	141614	1812 (1.40-1.40)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	1763 (1.40-1.40)
Sidechain outliers	138945	1762 (1.40-1.40)
RSRZ outliers	127900	1674 (1.40-1.40)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Qua	ality of chain	
1	А	455	%	95%	5%
1	В	455	% •	96%	
2	С	9	22%	67%	11%
3	D	2	50%	50%	
4	Е	3	67%	33	3%



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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain					
4	F	3	67%	33%				
5	G	2	50%	50%				
5	Н	2	100%					

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
6	EDO	А	501	-	-	Х	-
6	EDO	А	504	-	-	Х	-



# 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 8 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 8008 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called GH30 family xylanase.

Mol	Chain	Residues		At	oms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	А	455	Total 3494	C 2175	1,	0	S 15	0	14	0
				2175		696	10			
1	В	449	Total	$\mathbf{C}$	Ν	Ο	$\mathbf{S}$	0	9	0
T	D	3 449	3433	2139	601	678	15	0	5	0

There are 6 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
А	188	ALA	GLU	engineered mutation	UNP G2Q1N4
А	278	ALA	GLU	engineered mutation	UNP G2Q1N4
А	461	LEU	-	expression tag	UNP G2Q1N4
В	188	ALA	GLU	engineered mutation	UNP G2Q1N4
В	278	ALA	GLU	engineered mutation	UNP G2Q1N4
В	461	LEU	-	expression tag	UNP G2Q1N4

• Molecule 2 is an oligosaccharide called alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-2)-alpha-D-mannopyran ose-(1-6)-[alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)]alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)-[alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-2)-alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)]beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deox y-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
2	C	9	Total 105	C 58	N 2	O 45	0	0	0

• Molecule 3 is an oligosaccharide called 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-a cetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
3	D	2	Total         C         N         Q           28         16         2         1		0	0	0

• Molecule 4 is an oligosaccharide called beta-D-xylopyranose-(1-4)-beta-D-xylopyranose-(1-4)-D-xylopyranose-(1-4)-beta-D-



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
4	Е	3	TotalC2815		0	0	0
4	F	3	TotalC2815	0 5 13	0	0	0

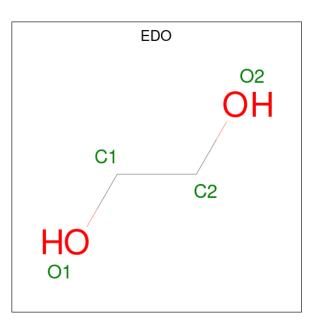
• Molecule 5 is an oligosaccharide called beta-D-xylopyranose-(1-4)-beta-D-xylopyranose.

$$\bigstar_{\beta 4} \bigstar_{\beta}$$

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
5	G	2	Total         C         C           19         10         9	)	0	0	0
5	Н	2	Total         C         C           19         10         9	)	0	0	0

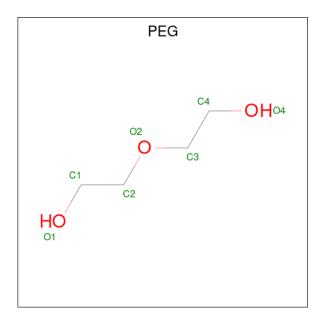
• Molecule 6 is 1,2-ETHANEDIOL (three-letter code: EDO) (formula:  $C_2H_6O_2$ ).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	А	1	$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Total} & \text{C} & \text{O} \\ 4 & 2 & 2 \end{array}$	0	0
6	А	1	$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Total} & \text{C} & \text{O} \\ 4 & 2 & 2 \end{array}$	0	0
6	А	1	$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Total} & \text{C} & \text{O} \\ 4 & 2 & 2 \end{array}$	0	0
6	А	1	$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Total} & \text{C} & \text{O} \\ 4 & 2 & 2 \end{array}$	0	0

• Molecule 7 is DI(HYDROXYETHYL)ETHER (three-letter code: PEG) (formula:  $C_4H_{10}O_3$ ).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	В	1	$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Total} & \text{C} & \text{O} \\ 7 & 4 & 3 \end{array}$	0	0

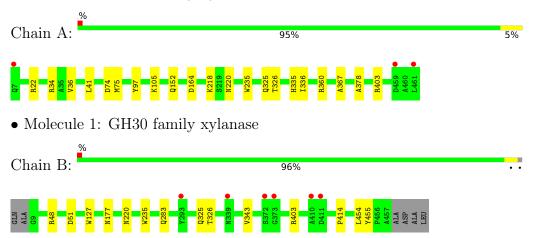
• Molecule 8 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
8	А	487	Total O 487 487	0	0
8	В	344	Total O 344 344	0	0



## 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.



• Molecule 1: GH30 family xylanase

• Molecule 2: alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-2)-alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)-[alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)]alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)-[alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-2)-alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)]beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranoy-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-b

Chain C:	22%	67%	11%
NAG1 NAG2 BM33 MAN4 MAN5 MAN5 MAN6 MAN7 MAN8	MANG		

• Molecule 3: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain D:	50%	50%
NAG1 NAG2		
• Molecule	e 4: beta-D-xylopyranose-(1-4)-b	eta-D-xylopyranose-(1-4)-D-xylose
Chain E:	67%	33%
XLS1 XYP2 XYP3		



• Molecule 4: beta-D-xylopyranose-(1-4)-beta-D-xylopyranose-(1-4)-D-xylose						
Chain F:	67%	33%				
XLS1 XYP2 XYP3						
	5: beta-D-xylopyranose-(1-4)-	beta-D-xylopyranose				
Chain G:	50%	50%				
XYP <mark>1</mark> XYP2						
• Molecule	5: beta-D-xylopyranose-(1-4)-	beta-D-xylopyranose				
Chain H:	1	00%				
XYP1 XYP2						



## 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
Cell constants	41.05Å 107.41Å 88.06Å	Depositor
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	$90.00^{\circ}$ $95.73^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	45.83 - 1.40	Depositor
Resolution (A)	45.79 - 1.40	EDS
% Data completeness	97.4 (45.83-1.40)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	97.4 (45.79-1.40)	EDS
R <sub>merge</sub>	0.07	Depositor
R <sub>sym</sub>	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	$1.64 (at 1.40 \text{\AA})$	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.8.0267	Depositor
D D.	0.123 , $0.146$	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.138 , $0.139$	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	7355 reflections $(5.07\%)$	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor $(Å^2)$	16.1	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.366	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3), B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.37, 43.2	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$ \langle L  \rangle = 0.49, \langle L^2 \rangle = 0.32$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.98	EDS
Total number of atoms	8008	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms $(Å^2)$	23.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 4.91% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

# 5 Model quality (i)

## 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: XLS, EDO, PEG, BMA, XYP, MAN, NAG

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol Chain		Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
	Chain	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	
1	А	0.70	0/3589	0.80	1/4899~(0.0%)	
1	В	0.70	0/3519	0.77	0/4801	
All	All	0.70	0/7108	0.79	1/9700~(0.0%)	

There are no bond length outliers.

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
1	А	360	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-5.24	117.68	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	А	3494	0	3309	20	0
1	В	3433	0	3257	7	0
2	С	105	0	88	1	0
3	D	28	0	25	0	0
4	Е	28	0	9	0	0
4	F	28	0	9	0	0
5	G	19	0	0	0	0
5	Н	19	0	0	0	0



Mol	Chain	Non-H	${ m H}({ m model})$	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes			
6	А	16	0	23	15	0			
7	В	7	0	10	0	0			
8	А	487	0	0	8	0			
8	В	344	0	0	0	0			
All	All	8008	0	6730	30	0			

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The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 2.

The worst 5 of 30 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:97:TYR:OH	6:A:502:EDO:H12	1.74	0.87
1:A:105:LYS:HE3	6:A:503:EDO:H12	1.59	0.84
1:A:335:HIS:ND1	8:A:601:HOH:O	1.94	0.81
1:A:75:MET:H	6:A:504:EDO:H21	1.46	0.79
6:A:501:EDO:H11	8:A:616:HOH:O	1.84	0.77

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

#### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	А	467/455~(103%)	448 (96%)	19 (4%)	0	100	100
1	В	456/455~(100%)	438 (96%)	18 (4%)	0	100	100
All	All	923/910~(101%)	886 (96%)	37~(4%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.



#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles		
1	А	367/353~(104%)	364~(99%)	3~(1%)	81 62		
1	В	359/353~(102%)	353~(98%)	6 (2%)	60 31		
All	All	726/706~(103%)	717~(99%)	9~(1%)	69 47		

5 of 9 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	283	GLN
1	В	403	ARG
1	В	51	ASP
1	В	177	ASN
1	В	220	ASN

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (4) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A 7		GLN
1	А	220	ASN
1	В	92	ASN
1	В	220	ASN

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.



## 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

21 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Turne	Chain	Res	Link	Bo	ond leng	ths	В	ond ang	les
	Type	Unain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2
2	NAG	С	1	$^{2,1}$	$14,\!14,\!15$	0.50	0	$17,\!19,\!21$	1.42	1 (5%)
2	NAG	С	2	2	14,14,15	0.77	0	17,19,21	0.74	0
2	BMA	С	3	2	11,11,12	0.77	0	$15,\!15,\!17$	0.85	1 (6%)
2	MAN	С	4	2	11,11,12	0.83	1 (9%)	$15,\!15,\!17$	0.69	0
2	MAN	С	5	2	11,11,12	0.74	0	$15,\!15,\!17$	1.75	6 (40%)
2	MAN	С	6	2	11,11,12	1.06	0	$15,\!15,\!17$	1.18	3 (20%)
2	MAN	С	7	2	11,11,12	0.53	0	$15,\!15,\!17$	1.12	0
2	MAN	С	8	2	11,11,12	0.44	0	$15,\!15,\!17$	1.34	1 (6%)
2	MAN	С	9	2	11,11,12	0.62	0	$15,\!15,\!17$	1.46	3 (20%)
3	NAG	D	1	3,1	14,14,15	0.59	0	17,19,21	0.91	0
3	NAG	D	2	3	$14,\!14,\!15$	0.77	0	$17,\!19,\!21$	1.48	2 (11%)
4	XLS	Е	1	4	$8,\!9,\!9$	0.60	0	10,11,11	1.35	2 (20%)
4	XYP	Е	2	4	9,9,10	0.39	0	10,12,14	0.62	0
4	XYP	Е	3	4	$9,\!9,\!10$	0.46	0	$10,\!12,\!14$	0.53	0
4	XLS	F	1	4	$8,\!9,\!9$	0.85	0	$10,\!11,\!11$	0.94	0
4	XYP	F	2	4	$9,\!9,\!10$	0.37	0	$10,\!12,\!14$	0.74	0
4	XYP	F	3	4	$9,\!9,\!10$	0.93	1 (11%)	$10,\!12,\!14$	0.74	0
5	XYP	G	1	5	10,10,10	0.29	0	14,14,14	0.55	0
5	XYP	G	2	5	$9,\!9,\!10$	0.55	0	$10,\!12,\!14$	0.99	1 (10%)
5	XYP	Н	1	5	10,10,10	0.34	0	14,14,14	0.51	0
5	XYP	Н	2	5	$9,\!9,\!10$	0.13	0	10,12,14	0.95	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

2 NAG C 1 2,1 - $0/6/23/26$ 0	0	Torsions	Chirals	Link	$\operatorname{Res}$	Chain	Type	Mol
	0/1/1/1	0/6/23/26	-	2,1	1	С	NAG	2



Mol

 $\mathbf{2}$ 

2  $\mathbf{2}$ 

2

2

2

22

3

3

4

4

4

4

4

4

5

5

5

5

XYP

XYP

XYP

XYP

\_

-

-

-

0/1/1/1

0/1/1/1

0/1/1/1

0/1/1/1

5	WW		A-ray S	tructure va	andation Sum	mary nepc	лт
nued fro	m previou	is mago					
	-				<b>—</b> •	<b>D</b> .	1
Type	Chain	$\mathbf{Res}$	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings	
NAG	С	2	2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1	]
BMA	С	3	2	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1	]
MAN	С	4	2	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1	]
MAN	С	5	2	-	2/2/19/22	0/1/1/1	
MAN	С	6	2	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1	1
MAN	С	7	2	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1	1
MAN	С	8	2	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1	1
MAN	С	9	2	-	2/2/19/22	0/1/1/1	
NAG	D	1	3,1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1	1
NAG	D	2	3	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1	]
XLS	Е	1	4	-	0/10/12/12	-	]
XYP	Е	2	4	-	-	0/1/1/1	]
XYP	Е	3	4	-	-	0/1/1/1	]
XLS	F	1	4	-	0/10/12/12	-	]
XYP	F	2	4	-	-	0/1/1/1	]
XYP	F	3	4	-	-	0/1/1/1	]

-

-

-

-

Continue

All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

G

G

Η

Η

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
4	F	3	XYP	O5-C1	-2.22	1.38	1.42
2	С	4	MAN	C2-C3	2.20	1.55	1.52

5

5

5

5

The worst 5 of 20 bond angle outliers are listed below:

1

2

1

2

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
2	С	9	MAN	O2-C2-C1	4.04	117.42	109.15
2	С	8	MAN	O5-C5-C6	4.02	113.50	107.20
2	С	1	NAG	C1-O5-C5	3.74	117.25	112.19
2	С	5	MAN	C3-C4-C5	3.56	116.58	110.24
3	D	2	NAG	C3-C4-C5	-3.36	104.25	110.24

There are no chirality outliers.

All (4) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms						
2	С	9	MAN	O5-C5-C6-O6						



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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	С	5	MAN	O5-C5-C6-O6
2	С	9	MAN	C4-C5-C6-O6
2	С	5	MAN	C4-C5-C6-O6

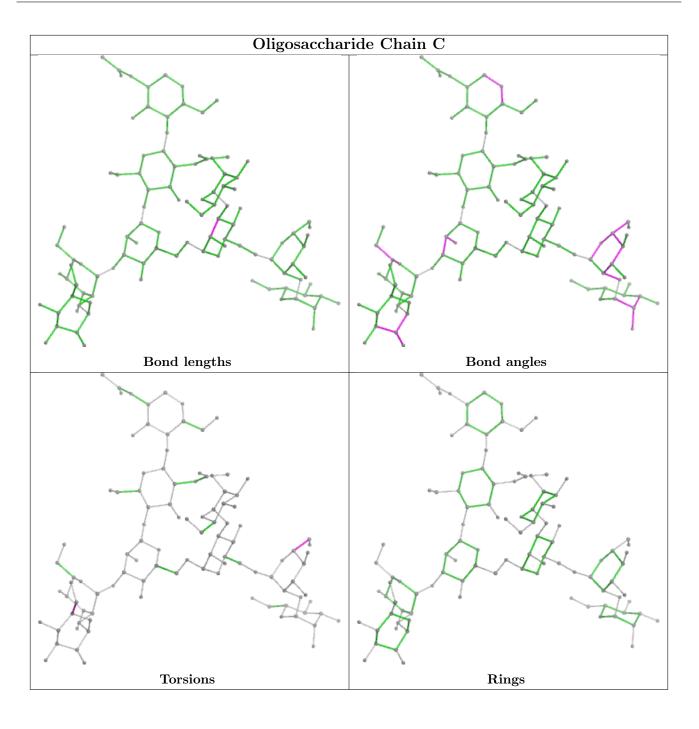
There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 1 short contact:

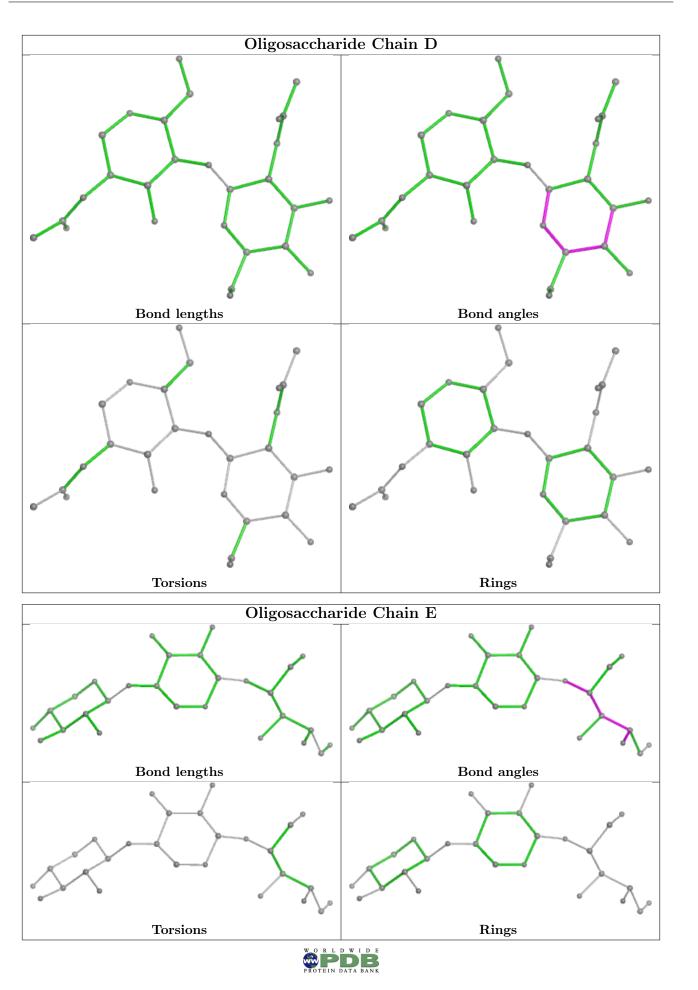
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	С	5	MAN	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.

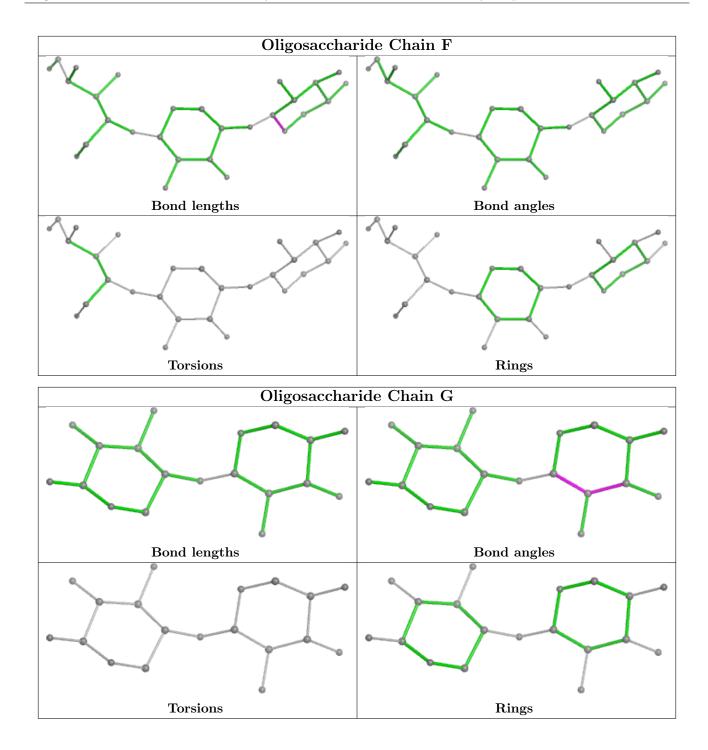




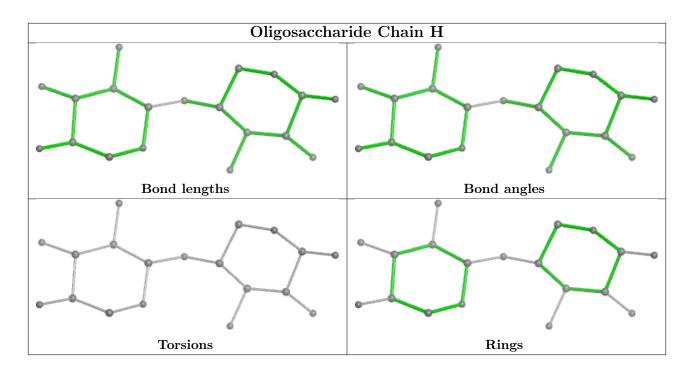




8CBC







## 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

5 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Trune	Chain	Dec	5 Link	B	ond leng	gths	Bond angles		
Mol	Type	Chain	$\operatorname{Res}$		Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2
6	EDO	А	504	-	3,3,3	0.73	0	$2,\!2,\!2$	0.80	0
7	PEG	В	501	-	6,6,6	0.19	0	$5,\!5,\!5$	0.14	0
6	EDO	А	502	-	3,3,3	0.11	0	2,2,2	0.33	0
6	EDO	А	501	-	3,3,3	0.20	0	2,2,2	0.46	0
6	EDO	А	503	-	3,3,3	0.26	0	2,2,2	0.47	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
6	EDO	А	504	-	-	1/1/1/1	-



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
7	PEG	В	501	-	-	3/4/4/4	-
6	EDO	А	502	-	-	1/1/1/1	-
6	EDO	А	501	-	-	1/1/1/1	-
6	EDO	А	503	-	-	1/1/1/1	-

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There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 7 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
6	А	501	EDO	O1-C1-C2-O2
6	А	504	EDO	O1-C1-C2-O2
7	В	501	PEG	O2-C3-C4-O4
6	А	503	EDO	O1-C1-C2-O2
6	А	502	EDO	O1-C1-C2-O2

There are no ring outliers.

4 monomers are involved in 15 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
6	А	504	EDO	6	0
6	А	502	EDO	2	0
6	А	501	EDO	5	0
6	А	503	EDO	2	0

### 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

### 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



## 6 Fit of model and data (i)

## 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ> 2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	$\langle RSRZ \rangle$	#RSRZ>2	$OWAB(Å^2)$	Q<0.9
1	А	455/455~(100%)	-0.78	3 (0%) 87 86	11, 17, 34, 72	0
1	В	449/455~(98%)	-0.57	6 (1%) 77 75	14, 23, 43, 74	0
All	All	904/910~(99%)	-0.67	9 (0%) 82 80	11, 19, 40, 74	0

The worst 5 of 9 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	В	339	ASN	3.7
1	А	459	ASP	3.3
1	В	410	ALA	2.8
1	А	461	LEU	2.7
1	В	373	GLY	2.4

## 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-factors}(\mathrm{\AA}^2)$	Q<0.9
5	XYP	G	2	9/10	0.86	0.19	31,37,42,43	0
2	MAN	С	6	11/12	0.88	0.18	28,33,40,47	0
3	NAG	D	2	14/15	0.90	0.08	23,29,39,46	0
4	XLS	F	1	10/10	0.91	0.08	25,33,42,46	0
2	MAN	С	5	11/12	0.91	0.18	36,45,62,63	0

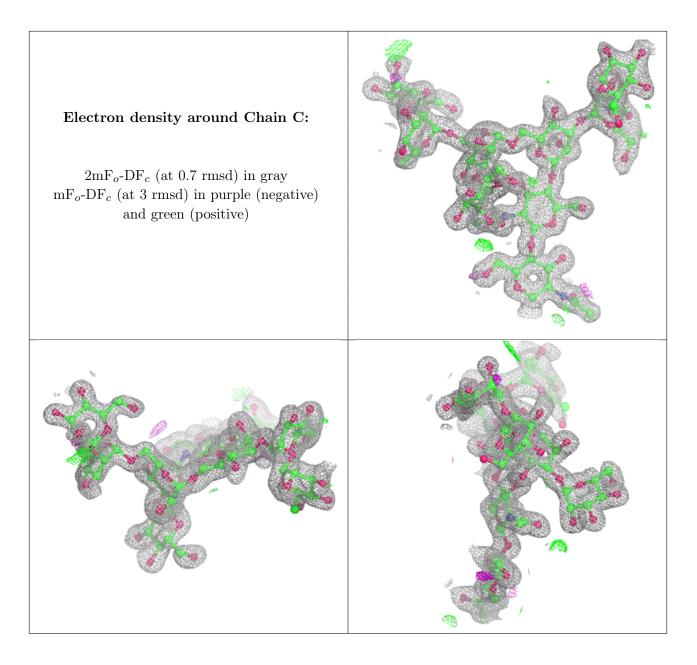


Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$B-factors(Å^2)$	Q<0.9
5	XYP	Н	1	10/10	0.91	0.11	$29,\!31,\!38,\!40$	0
5	XYP	Н	2	9/10	0.92	0.17	12,17,21,21	9
2	MAN	С	8	11/12	0.93	0.07	35,44,50,54	0
5	XYP	G	1	10/10	0.94	0.14	32,37,44,47	0
2	MAN	С	7	11/12	0.94	0.10	23,28,36,40	0
2	MAN	С	9	11/12	0.94	0.12	42,47,62,70	0
4	XYP	F	2	9/10	0.94	0.06	20,22,25,25	0
2	BMA	С	3	11/12	0.95	0.08	23,27,34,34	0
2	MAN	С	4	11/12	0.95	0.09	24,28,31,32	0
4	XLS	Е	1	10/10	0.95	0.06	18,26,33,38	0
4	XYP	Е	2	9/10	0.97	0.05	$16,\!17,\!19,\!19$	0
4	XYP	F	3	9/10	0.97	0.05	21,23,26,27	0
3	NAG	D	1	14/15	0.97	0.05	17,20,32,32	0
2	NAG	С	1	14/15	0.98	0.04	14,16,25,25	0
4	XYP	Е	3	9/10	0.98	0.04	14,16,18,19	0
2	NAG	С	2	14/15	0.98	0.06	16,19,29,30	0

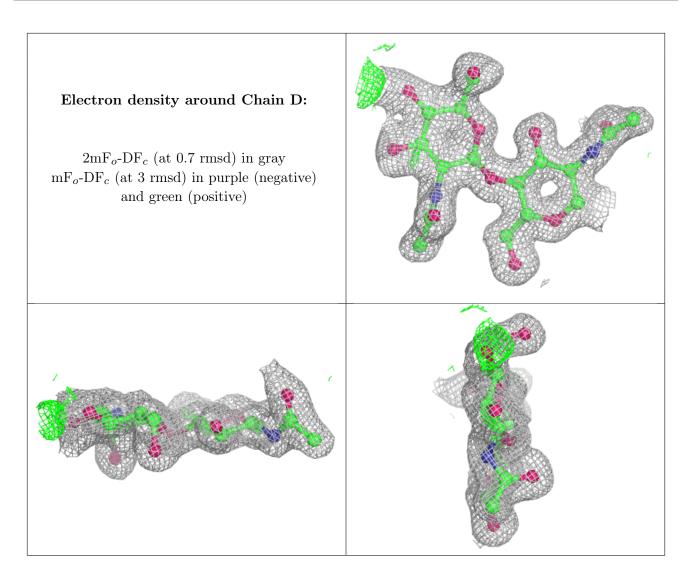
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The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density for oligosaccharide. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

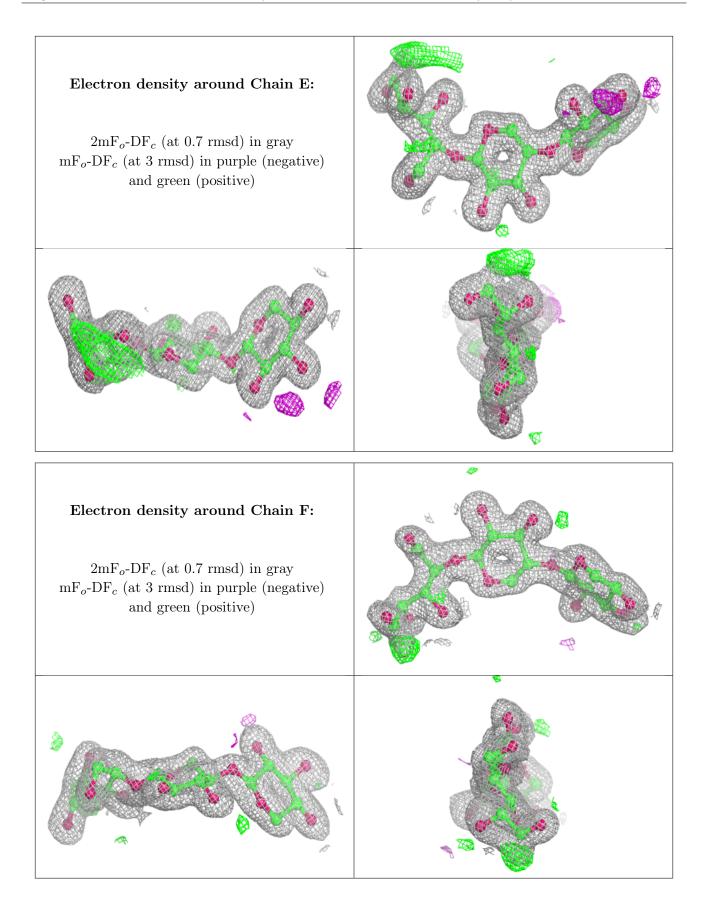




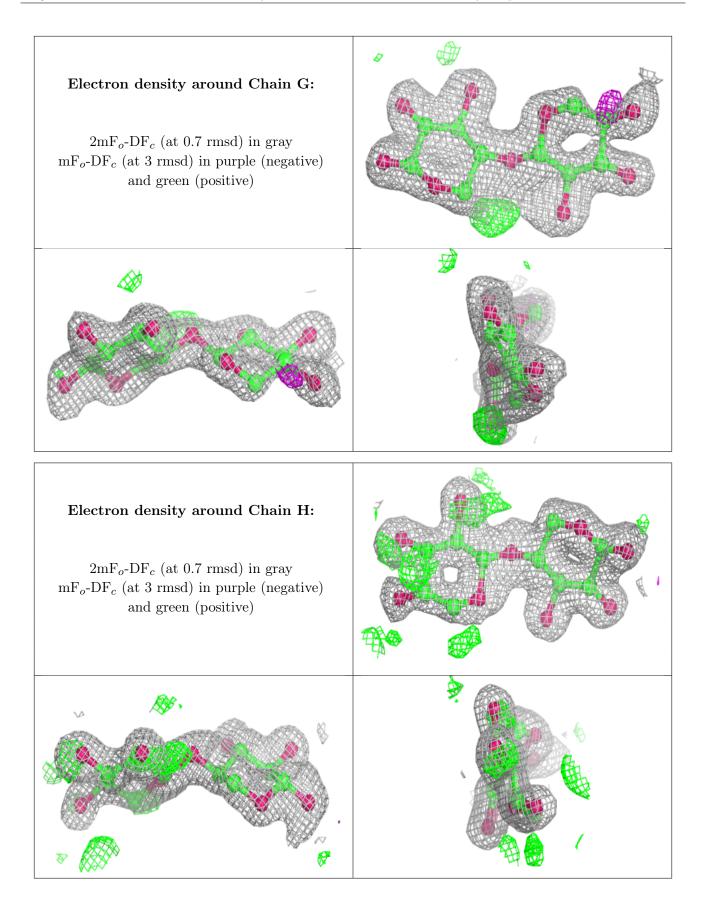














## 6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-factors}(\mathrm{\AA}^2)$	Q<0.9
7	PEG	В	501	7/7	0.76	0.15	45,49,59,64	0
6	EDO	А	504	4/4	0.94	0.17	29,30,33,34	0
6	EDO	А	503	4/4	0.94	0.39	31,35,40,42	0
6	EDO	А	502	4/4	0.95	0.12	37,42,44,45	0
6	EDO	А	501	4/4	0.95	0.20	28,37,37,37	0

### 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

