

wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Jul 10, 2024 – 08:02 AM EDT

PDB ID : 9CEQ BMRB ID : 31181

Title : Lanthanide Binding Tag complex LBT3-NH2:La3+

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Deposited on : 2024-06-27

This is a wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

wwPDB-RCI : v 1n 11 5 13 A (Berjanski et al., 2005)

PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)

 $\begin{array}{ccc} wwPDB\text{-}ShiftChecker &:& v1.2\\ BMRB \ Restraints \ Analysis &:& v1.2 \end{array}$

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

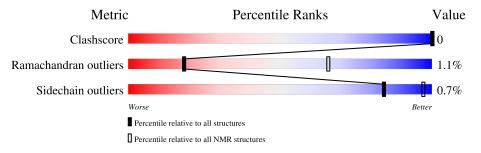
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.37.1

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $SOLUTION\ NMR$

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 75%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	NMR archive		
Metric	$(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$(\# ext{Entries})$		
Clashscore	158937	12864		
Ramachandran outliers	154571	11451		
Sidechain outliers	154315	11428		

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain						
1	٨	10							
1	A	18	33%	17%	50%				



2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 20 models. Model 19 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: *lowest energy*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues							
Well-defined core	Well-defined core Residue range (total) Backbone RMSD (Å) Medoid model						
1	A:6-A:14 (9)	0.72	19				

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 4 clusters. No single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	1, 2, 3, 6, 8, 9, 10, 12, 17, 18, 19, 20
2	4, 5, 11, 15
3	7, 13
4	14, 16



3 Entry composition (i)

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 258 atoms, of which 121 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Lanthanide Binding Tag Peptide.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					Trace
1	Λ	10	Total	С	Н	N	О	1
1 A	A 18	257	85	121	21	30	1	

• Molecule 2 is LANTHANUM (III) ION (three-letter code: LA) (formula: La) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Aton	ns
2	Λ	1	Total	La
2	A	1	1	1

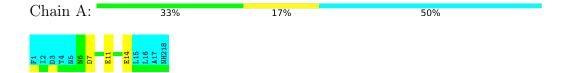


4 Residue-property plots (i)

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

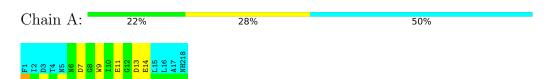
• Molecule 1: Lanthanide Binding Tag Peptide



4.2 Residue scores for the representative (medoid) model from the NMR ensemble

The representative model is number 19. Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

• Molecule 1: Lanthanide Binding Tag Peptide





Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i) 5



The models were refined using the following method: simulated annealing.

Of the 100 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: target function.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
CYANA	structure calculation	3.98.15
GROMACS	refinement	2016.3

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	150
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	150
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	75%



6 Model quality (i)

6.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: NH2, LA

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	В	ond lengths	Bond angles		
		RMSZ	#Z>5	RMSZ	#Z>5	
1	A	1.72 ± 0.13	$0\pm0/74~(~0.5\pm~0.6\%)$	2.08 ± 0.19	$2\pm 2/101$ ($2.3\pm~1.6\%$)	
All	All	1.73	7/1480 (0.5%)	2.09	47/2020 (2.3%)	

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	Chirality	Planarity
1	A	0.0 ± 0.0	0.1 ± 0.2
All	All	0	1

5 of 6 unique bond outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	$egin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$		Z Observed(Å) Ide	$Ideal(\mathring{A})$	Mod	dels		
IVIOI	Chain	nes	es Type Atoms Z Observed(A	Observed(A)	Ideal(A)	Worst	Total		
1	A	14	GLU	CB-CG	6.33	1.64	1.52	12	2
1	A	11	GLU	CB-CG	6.12	1.63	1.52	20	1
1	A	14	GLU	CG-CD	-5.67	1.43	1.51	9	1
1	A	14	GLU	CD-OE2	5.41	1.31	1.25	16	1
1	A	9	TRP	NE1-CE2	-5.18	1.30	1.37	19	1

5 of 16 unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Dog	Type	Atoma	$f Z = f Observed(^o)$	$Ideal(^{o})$	Mod	lels	
IVIOI	Chain	nes	туре	Atoms	L	Observed()	ideai()	Worst	Total
1	A	13	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	12.09	129.18	118.30	9	5
1	A	7	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	10.96	128.16	118.30	12	8
1	A	7	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	9.53	126.88	118.30	11	4

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Mol	Chain	Dag	Trins	Atoma	7	$Observed(^o)$	$Ideal(^{o})$	Mod	dels
MIOI	Chain	nes	туре	${f Atoms}$	L	Observed()	ideai()	Worst	Total
1	A	14	GLU	OE1-CD-OE2	-8.36	113.27	123.30	15	7
1	A	9	TRP	CG-CD2-CE3	-7.98	126.72	133.90	19	1

There are no chirality outliers.

All unique planar outliers are listed below.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group	Models (Total)
1	A	12	GLY	Mainchain	1

6.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mo	l Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
All	All	1460	1060	1060	-

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is -.

There are no clashes.

6.3 Torsion angles (i)

6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	9/18 (50%)	8±1 (92±7%)	$1\pm1~(7\pm6\%)$	0±0 (1±3%)	18 66
All	All	180/360 (50%)	166 (92%)	12 (7%)	2 (1%)	18 66

All 2 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	14	GLU	1
1	A	6	ASN	1

6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	7/14 (50%)	7±0 (99±3%)	0±0 (1±3%)	84 97
All	All	140/280 (50%)	139 (99%)	1 (1%)	84 97

All 1 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	11	GLU	1

6.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains i

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 1 ligands modelled in this entry, 1 is monoatomic - leaving 0 for Mogul analysis.

6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.



6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



7 Chemical shift validation (i)

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 75% for the well-defined parts and 69% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: assigned_chem_shift_list_0

7.1.1 Bookkeeping (i)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	150
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	150
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	0

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing (i)

No chemical shift referencing corrections were calculated (not enough data).

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments (i)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 75%, i.e. 78 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 104. 0 out of 0 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	$^{1}\mathbf{H}$	$^{13}{ m C}$	$^{15}{ m N}$
Backbone	33/47 (70%)	20/20 (100%)	8/18 (44%)	5/9 (56%)
Sidechain	33/45 (73%)	27/27 (100%)	5/17 (29%)	1/1 (100%)
Aromatic	12/12 (100%)	6/6 (100%)	5/5 (100%)	1/1 (100%)
Overall	78/104 (75%)	53/53 (100%)	18/40 (45%)	7/11 (64%)

7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts (i)

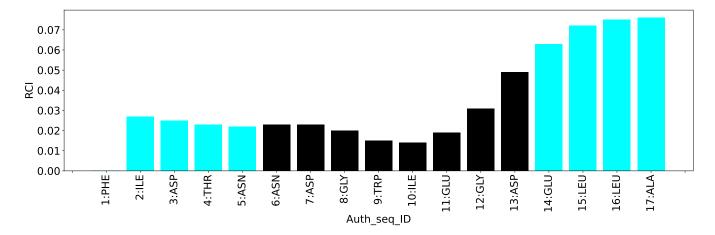
There are no statistically unusual chemical shifts.



7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots (i)

The image below reports random coil index values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition. If well-defined core and ill-defined regions are not identified then it is shown as gray bars.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:





8 NMR restraints analysis (i)

8.1 Conformationally restricting restraints (i)

The following table provides the summary of experimentally observed NMR restraints in different categories. Restraints are classified into different categories based on the sequence separation of the atoms involved.

Description	Value
Total distance restraints	48
Intra-residue (i-j =0)	22
Sequential (i-j =1)	20
Medium range ($ i-j >1$ and $ i-j <5$)	6
Long range (i-j ≥5)	0
Inter-chain	0
Hydrogen bond restraints	0
Disulfide bond restraints	0
Total dihedral-angle restraints	18
Number of unmapped restraints	0
Number of restraints per residue	3.5
Number of long range restraints per residue ¹	0.0

¹Long range hydrogen bonds and disulfide bonds are counted as long range restraints while calculating the number of long range restraints per residue

8.2 Residual restraint violations (i)

This section provides the overview of the restraint violations analysis. The violations are binned as small, medium and large violations based on its absolute value. Average number of violations per model is calculated by dividing the total number of violations in each bin by the size of the ensemble.

8.2.1 Average number of distance violations per model (i)

Distance violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the calculation.

Bins (Å)	Average number of violations per model	Max (Å)
0.1-0.2 (Small)	1.2	0.2
0.2-0.5 (Medium)	1.5	0.5
>0.5 (Large)	3.0	1.61



8.2.2 Average number of dihedral-angle violations per model (i)

Dihedral-angle violations less than 1° are not included in the calculation.

Bins (°)	Average number of violations per model	Max (°)
1.0-10.0 (Small)	7.3	9.87
10.0-20.0 (Medium)	0.7	13.01
>20.0 (Large)	None	None



9 Distance violation analysis (i)

9.1 Summary of distance violations (i)

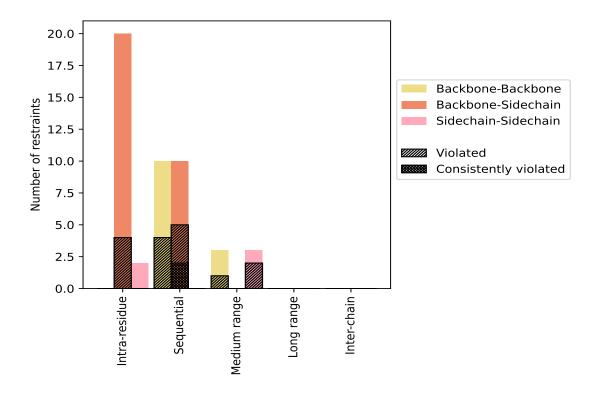
The following table shows the summary of distance violations in different restraint categories based on the sequence separation of the atoms involved. Each category is further sub-divided into three sub-categories based on the atoms involved. Violations less than 0.1~Å are not included in the statistics.

Doodnointe tour	C	% ¹	Vi	olated	3	Consis	tently	$\overline{ m Violated^4}$
Restraints type	Count	70	Count	$\%^2$	$\%^{1}$	Count	$\%^2$	$\%^1$
Intra-residue (i-j =0)	22	45.8	4	18.2	8.3	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	20	41.7	4	20.0	8.3	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	2	4.2	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sequential (i-j =1)	20	41.7	9	45.0	18.8	2	10.0	4.2
Backbone-Backbone	10	20.8	4	40.0	8.3	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	10	20.8	5	50.0	10.4	2	20.0	4.2
Sidechain-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Medium range ($ i-j >1 & i-j <5$)	6	12.5	3	50.0	6.2	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	3	6.2	1	33.3	2.1	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	3	6.2	2	66.7	4.2	0	0.0	0.0
Long range ($ i-j \ge 5$)	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Inter-chain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Hydrogen bond	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Disulfide bond	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Total	48	100.0	16	33.3	33.3	2	4.2	4.2
Backbone-Backbone	13	27.1	5	38.5	10.4	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	30	62.5	9	30.0	18.8	2	6.7	4.2
Sidechain-Sidechain	5	10.4	2	40.0	4.2	0	0.0	0.0

¹ percentage calculated with respect to the total number of distance restraints, ² percentage calculated with respect to the number of restraints in a particular restraint category, ³ violated in at least one model, ⁴ violated in all the models



9.1.1 Bar chart: Distribution of distance restraints and violations (i)



Violated and consistently violated restraints are shown using different hatch patterns in their respective categories. The hydrogen bonds and disulfied bonds are counted in their appropriate category on the x-axis

9.2 Distance violation statistics for each model (i)

The following table provides the distance violation statistics for each model in the ensemble. Violations less than 0.1~Å are not included in the statistics.

Model ID		Nun	nber o	f viola	ations	5	Mean (Å)	Max (Å)	SD^6 (Å)	Median (Å)	
Model 1D	IR^1	SQ^2	MR^3	LR^4	IC^5	Total	Mean (A)	Max (A)	$SD^*(A)$	wiedian (A)	
1	0	4	1	0	0	5	0.74	1.31	0.36	0.77	
2	0	3	1	0	0	4	0.64	1.25	0.47	0.57	
3	1	3	1	0	0	5	0.74	1.44	0.49	0.56	
4	2	3	0	0	0	5	0.68	1.26	0.51	0.65	
5	0	3	1	0	0	4	0.48	1.01	0.35	0.39	
6	1	4	0	0	0	5	0.79	1.48	0.5	0.85	
7	2	4	2	0	0	8	0.77	1.29	0.39	0.81	
8	0	3	1	0	0	4	0.93	1.44	0.5	1.08	
9	2	4	0	0	0	6	0.68	1.61	0.53	0.55	
10	1	4	1	0	0	6	0.55	0.96	0.32	0.52	

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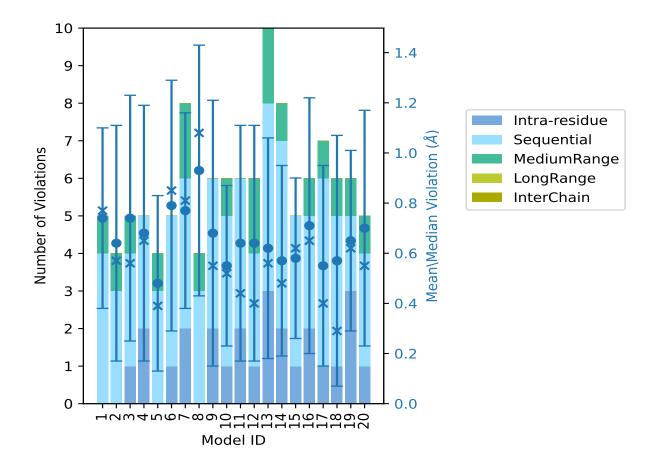


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Model ID		Nun	nber o	f viola	ations	3	Mean (Å)	Max (Å)	${ m SD}^6$ (Å)	Modian (Å)
Model 1D	IR^1	SQ^2	MR^3	LR^4	IC^5	Total	Mean (A)	Max (A)	$SD^*(A)$	Median (Å)
11	2	4	0	0	0	6	0.64	1.37	0.47	0.44
12	1	3	2	0	0	6	0.64	1.53	0.47	0.4
13	3	5	2	0	0	10	0.62	1.37	0.44	0.56
14	2	5	1	0	0	8	0.57	1.16	0.38	0.48
15	1	4	0	0	0	5	0.58	0.96	0.32	0.62
16	2	3	1	0	0	6	0.71	1.56	0.51	0.65
17	1	5	1	0	0	7	0.55	1.26	0.4	0.4
18	1	4	1	0	0	6	0.57	1.47	0.5	0.29
19	3	2	1	0	0	6	0.65	1.26	0.36	0.62
20	1	3	1	0	0	5	0.7	1.39	0.47	0.55

 $^{^1}$ Intra-residue restraints, 2 Sequential restraints, 3 Medium range restraints, 4 Long range restraints, 5 Inter-chain restraints, 6 Standard deviation

9.2.1 Bar graph: Distance Violation statistics for each model (i)



The mean(dot),median(x) and the standard deviation are shown in blue with respect to the y axis on the right



9.3 Distance violation statistics for the ensemble (i)

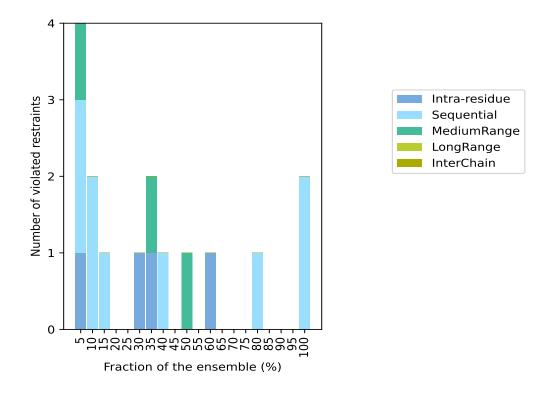
Violation analysis may find that some restraints are violated in few models and some are violated in most of models. The following table provides this information as number of violated restraints for a given fraction of the ensemble. In total, 32(IR:18, SQ:11, MR:3, LR:0, IC:0) restraints are not violated in the ensemble.

Nu	mber	of vio	lated	restra	aints	Fraction	n of the ensemble
IR^1	SQ^2	MR^3	LR^4	IC^5	Total	Count ⁶	%
1	2	1	0	0	4	1	5.0
0	2	0	0	0	2	2	10.0
0	1	0	0	0	1	3	15.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	4	20.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	5	25.0
1	0	0	0	0	1	6	30.0
1	0	1	0	0	2	7	35.0
0	1	0	0	0	1	8	40.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	9	45.0
0	0	1	0	0	1	10	50.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	11	55.0
1	0	0	0	0	1	12	60.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	13	65.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	14	70.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	15	75.0
0	1	0	0	0	1	16	80.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	17	85.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	18	90.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	19	95.0
0	2	0	0	0	2	20	100.0

 $^{^1}$ Intra-residue restraints, 2 Sequential restraints, 3 Medium range restraints, 4 Long range restraints, 5 Inter-chain restraints, 6 Number of models with violations



9.3.1 Bar graph: Distance violation statistics for the ensemble (i)

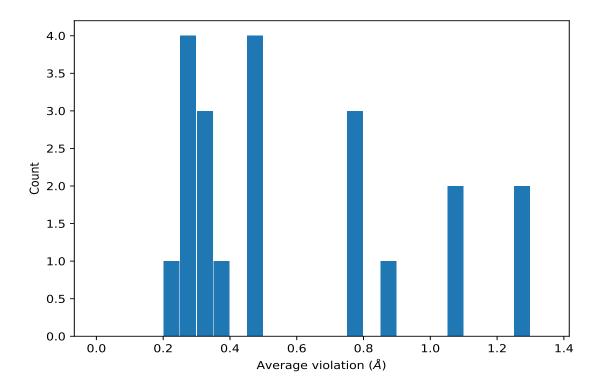


9.4 Most violated distance restraints in the ensemble (i)

9.4.1 Histogram: Distribution of mean distance violations (i)

The following histogram shows the distribution of the average value of the violation. The average is calculated for each restraint that is violated in more than one model over all the violated models in the ensemble





9.4.2 Table: Most violated distance restraints (i)

The following table provides the mean and the standard deviation of the violations for the 10 worst performing restraints, sorted by number of violated models and the mean violation value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint. Rows with same key represent combinatorial or ambiguous restraints and are counted as a single restraint.

Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	\mathbf{Models}^1	Mean (Å)	SD^1 (Å)	Median (Å)
(1,45)	1:12:A:GLY:H	1:13:A:ASP:HB2	20	1.29	0.25	1.34
(1,45)	1:12:A:GLY:H	1:13:A:ASP:HB3	20	1.29	0.25	1.34
(1,47)	1:13:A:ASP:HB2	1:14:A:GLU:H	20	1.06	0.12	1.04
(1,47)	1:13:A:ASP:HB3	1:14:A:GLU:H	20	1.06	0.12	1.04
(1,9)	1:16:A:LEU:H	1:17:A:ALA:H	16	0.22	0.06	0.2
(1,44)	1:11:A:GLU:H	1:11:A:GLU:HG2	12	0.26	0.11	0.22
(1,44)	1:11:A:GLU:H	1:11:A:GLU:HG3	12	0.26	0.11	0.22
(1,21)	1:12:A:GLY:H	1:14:A:GLU:H	10	0.29	0.17	0.26
(1,13)	1:14:A:GLU:H	1:15:A:LEU:H	8	0.77	0.12	0.78
(1,37)	1:5:A:ASN:HD21	1:7:A:ASP:HB2	7	0.47	0.27	0.46
(1,37)	1:5:A:ASN:HD21	1:7:A:ASP:HB3	7	0.47	0.27	0.46
(1,37)	1:5:A:ASN:HD22	1:7:A:ASP:HB2	7	0.47	0.27	0.46
(1,37)	1:5:A:ASN:HD22	1:7:A:ASP:HB3	7	0.47	0.27	0.46
(1,15)	1:15:A:LEU:H	1:15:A:LEU:HG	7	0.27	0.1	0.28
(1,18)	1:14:A:GLU:H	1:14:A:GLU:HG2	6	0.78	0.1	0.79
(1,18)	1:14:A:GLU:H	1:14:A:GLU:HG3	6	0.78	0.1	0.79

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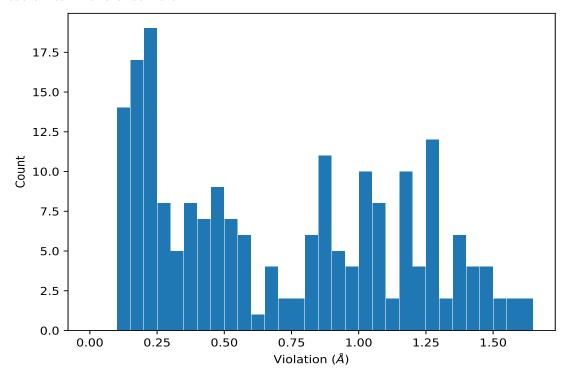
Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	$Models^1$	Mean (Å)	\mathbf{SD}^1 (Å)	Median (Å)
(1,26)	1:10:A:ILE:HD11	1:11:A:GLU:H	3	0.32	0.14	0.23

¹Number of violated models, ²Standard deviation

9.5 All violated distance restraints (i)

9.5.1 Histogram: Distribution of distance violations (i)

The following histogram shows the distribution of the absolute value of the violation for all violated restraints in the ensemble.



9.5.2 Table : All distance violations (i)

The following table provides the 10 worst performing restraints, sorted by the violation value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint. Rows with same key represent combinatorial or ambiguous restraints and are counted as a single restraint.

Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Model ID	Violation (Å)
(1,45)	1:12:A:GLY:H	1:13:A:ASP:HB2	9	1.61
(1,45)	1:12:A:GLY:H	1:13:A:ASP:HB3	9	1.61
(1,45)	1:12:A:GLY:H	1:13:A:ASP:HB2	16	1.56
(1,45)	1:12:A:GLY:H	1:13:A:ASP:HB3	16	1.56

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Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Model ID	Violation (Å)
(1,45)	1:12:A:GLY:H	1:13:A:ASP:HB2	12	1.53
(1,45)	1:12:A:GLY:H	1:13:A:ASP:HB3	12	1.53
(1,45)	1:12:A:GLY:H	1:13:A:ASP:HB2	6	1.48
(1,45)	1:12:A:GLY:H	1:13:A:ASP:HB3	6	1.48
(1,45)	1:12:A:GLY:H	1:13:A:ASP:HB2	18	1.47
(1,45)	1:12:A:GLY:H	1:13:A:ASP:HB3	18	1.47
(1,45)	1:12:A:GLY:H	1:13:A:ASP:HB2	3	1.44
(1,45)	1:12:A:GLY:H	1:13:A:ASP:HB3	3	1.44
(1,45)	1:12:A:GLY:H	1:13:A:ASP:HB2	8	1.44
(1,45)	1:12:A:GLY:H	1:13:A:ASP:HB3	8	1.44
(1,45)	1:12:A:GLY:H	1:13:A:ASP:HB2	20	1.39
(1,45)	1:12:A:GLY:H	1:13:A:ASP:HB3	20	1.39
(1,45)	1:12:A:GLY:H	1:13:A:ASP:HB2	11	1.37
(1,45)	1:12:A:GLY:H	1:13:A:ASP:HB3	11	1.37
(1,45)	1:12:A:GLY:H	1:13:A:ASP:HB2	13	1.37



10 Dihedral-angle violation analysis (i)

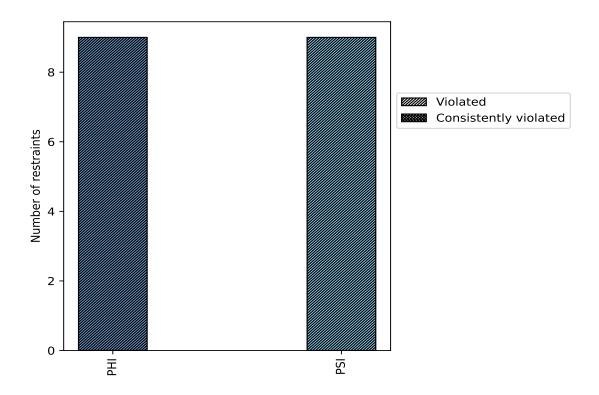
10.1 Summary of dihedral-angle violations (i)

The following table provides the summary of dihedral-angle violations in different dihedral-angle types. Violations less than 1° are not included in the calculation.

A1 - 4	Count % ¹		V	iolated	.3	Consistently Violated ⁴		
Angle type	Count	70	Count	$\%^2$	$\%^{1}$	Count	$\%^2$	% ¹
PHI	9	50.0	9	100.0	50.0	0	0.0	0.0
PSI	9	50.0	9	100.0	50.0	0	0.0	0.0
Total	18	100.0	18	100.0	100.0	0	0.0	0.0

 $^{^1}$ percentage calculated with respect to total number of dihedral-angle restraints, 2 percentage calculated with respect to number of restraints in a particular dihedral-angle type, 3 violated in at least one model, 4 violated in all the models

10.1.1 Bar chart: Distribution of dihedral-angles and violations (i)



Violated and consistently violated restraints are shown using different hatch patterns in their respective categories



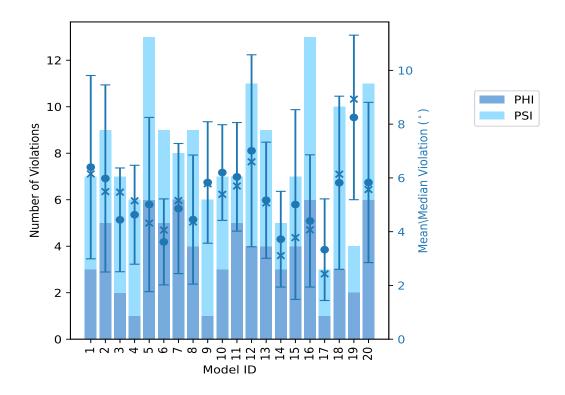
10.2 Dihedral-angle violation statistics for each model (i)

The following table provides the dihedral-angle violation statistics for each model in the ensemble. Violations less than 1° are not included in the statistics.

Model ID	Num	iber o	f violations	Moon (°)	Mov (°)	SD (°)	Modian (°)
Wiodei 1D	PHI	PSI	Total	$\mathbf{Mean} (^{\circ})$	$\mathbf{Max} \ (^{\circ})$	\mathbf{SD} (°)	\mid Median (°) \mid
1	3	4	7	6.4	11.51	3.41	6.15
2	5	4	9	5.98	13.01	3.48	5.49
3	2	5	7	4.44	6.71	1.93	5.47
4	1	5	6	4.63	7.09	1.84	5.15
5	6	7	13	5.01	10.55	3.24	4.32
6	5	4	9	3.62	6.11	1.6	4.06
7	6	2	8	4.86	10.03	2.42	5.16
8	4	5	9	4.45	8.35	2.4	4.36
9	1	5	6	5.83	8.78	2.26	5.78
10	3	4	7	6.2	8.73	1.78	5.39
11	5	2	7	6.04	9.55	2.02	5.7
12	4	7	11	7.01	12.67	3.57	6.6
13	4	5	9	5.17	8.36	2.16	5.07
14	3	2	5	3.72	7.0	1.78	3.11
15	4	3	7	5.01	12.41	3.53	3.78
16	6	7	13	4.4	8.43	2.46	4.07
17	1	2	3	3.33	5.97	1.89	2.43
18	3	7	10	5.82	10.55	3.22	6.14
19	2	2	4	8.25	11.62	3.06	8.93
20	6	5	11	5.83	11.38	2.98	5.57



10.2.1 Bar graph: Dihedral violation statistics for each model (i)



The mean(dot), median(x) and the standard deviation are shown in blue with respect to the y axis on the right

10.3 Dihedral-angle violation statistics for the ensemble (i)

Violation analysis may find that some restraints are violated in very few models and some are violated in most of models. The following table provides this information as number of violated restraints for a given fraction of ensemble.

Num	ıber o	f violated restraints	Fractio	n of the ensemble
PHI	PSI	Total	Count ¹	%
0	0	0	1	5.0
1	0	1	2	10.0
1	1	2	3	15.0
0	0	0	4	20.0
0	1	1	5	25.0
1	1	2	6	30.0
1	0	1	7	35.0
0	0	0	8	40.0
0	0	0	9	45.0
3	2	5	10	50.0
0	2	2	11	55.0

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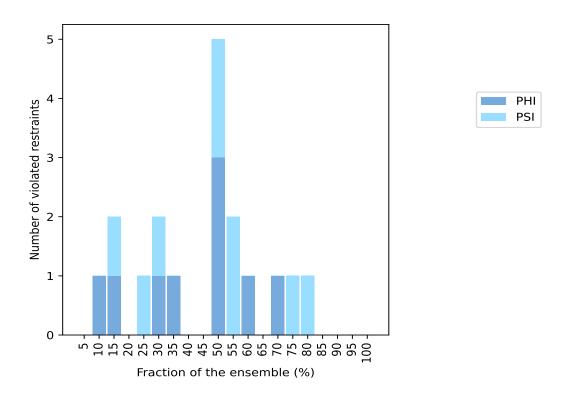


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Num	ber o	of violated restraints	Fractio	n of the ensemble
PHI	PSI	Total	Count ¹	%
1	0	1	12	60.0
0	0	0	13	65.0
1	0	1	14	70.0
0	1	1	15	75.0
0	1	1	16	80.0
0	0	0	17	85.0
0	0	0	18	90.0
0	0	0	19	95.0
0	0	0	20	100.0

¹ Number of models with violations

10.3.1 Bar graph: Dihedral-angle Violation statistics for the ensemble (i)



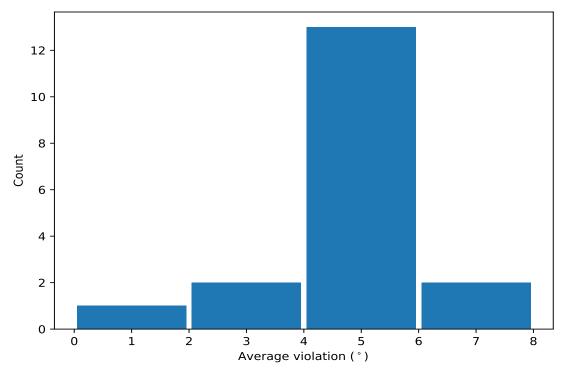
10.4 Most violated dihedral-angle restraints in the ensemble (i)

10.4.1 Histogram: Distribution of mean dihedral-angle violations (i)

The following histogram shows the distribution of the average value of the violation. The average is calculated for each restraint that is violated in more than one model over all the violated models



in the ensemble



10.4.2 Table: Most violated dihedral-angle restraints (i)

The following table provides the mean and the standard deviation of the violations for the 10 worst performing restraints, sorted by number of violated models and the mean violation value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint.

Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Atom-3	Atom-4	\mathbf{Models}^1	Mean	\mathbf{SD}^2	Median
(1,12)	1:11:A:GLU:N	1:11:A:GLU:CA	1:11:A:GLU:C	1:12:A:GLY:N	16	5.86	3.35	5.18
(1,14)	1:13:A:ASP:N	1:13:A:ASP:CA	1:13:A:ASP:C	1:14:A:GLU:N	15	5.44	2.47	5.49
(1,7)	1:8:A:GLY:C	1:9:A:TRP:N	1:9:A:TRP:CA	1:9:A:TRP:C	14	7.86	2.58	8.11
(1,11)	1:10:A:ILE:C	1:11:A:GLU:N	1:11:A:GLU:CA	1:11:A:GLU:C	12	3.99	2.11	3.43
(1,6)	1:8:A:GLY:N	1:8:A:GLY:CA	1:8:A:GLY:C	1:9:A:TRP:N	11	5.28	2.81	5.47
(1,10)	1:10:A:ILE:N	1:10:A:ILE:CA	1:10:A:ILE:C	1:11:A:GLU:N	11	4.4	2.52	4.06
(1,2)	1:3:A:ASP:N	1:3:A:ASP:CA	1:3:A:ASP:C	1:4:A:THR:N	10	7.5	3.29	8.25
(1,15)	1:14:A:GLU:C	1:15:A:LEU:N	1:15:A:LEU:CA	1:15:A:LEU:C	10	5.6	2.57	6.04
(1,5)	1:7:A:ASP:C	1:8:A:GLY:N	1:8:A:GLY:CA	1:8:A:GLY:C	10	4.95	3.52	3.44
(1,4)	1:5:A:ASN:N	1:5:A:ASN:CA	1:5:A:ASN:C	1:6:A:ASN:N	10	4.92	2.41	5.55

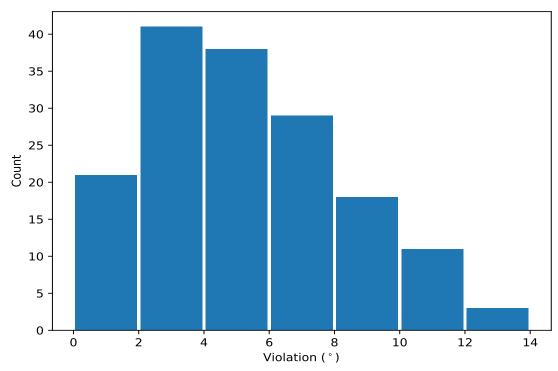
 $^{^1}$ Number of violated models, $^2\mathrm{Standard}$ deviation, All angle values are in degree (°)



10.5 All violated dihedral-angle restraints (i)

10.5.1 Histogram: Distribution of violations (i)

The following histogram shows the distribution of the absolute value of the violation for all violated restraints in the ensemble.



10.5.2 Table: All violated dihedral-angle restraints (i)

The following table provides the list of violations for the 10 worst performing restraints, sorted by the violation value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint.

Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Atom-3	Atom-4	Model ID	Violation (°)
(1,2)	1:3:A:ASP:N	1:3:A:ASP:CA	1:3:A:ASP:C	1:4:A:THR:N	2	13.01
(1,12)	1:11:A:GLU:N	1:11:A:GLU:CA	1:11:A:GLU:C	1:12:A:GLY:N	12	12.67
(1,7)	1:8:A:GLY:C	1:9:A:TRP:N	1:9:A:TRP:CA	1:9:A:TRP:C	15	12.41
(1,12)	1:11:A:GLU:N	1:11:A:GLU:CA	1:11:A:GLU:C	1:12:A:GLY:N	19	11.62
(1,2)	1:3:A:ASP:N	1:3:A:ASP:CA	1:3:A:ASP:C	1:4:A:THR:N	1	11.51
(1,13)	1:12:A:GLY:C	1:13:A:ASP:N	1:13:A:ASP:CA	1:13:A:ASP:C	20	11.38
(1,14)	1:13:A:ASP:N	1:13:A:ASP:CA	1:13:A:ASP:C	1:14:A:GLU:N	12	11.2
(1,12)	1:11:A:GLU:N	1:11:A:GLU:CA	1:11:A:GLU:C	1:12:A:GLY:N	1	11.15
(1,10)	1:10:A:ILE:N	1:10:A:ILE:CA	1:10:A:ILE:C	1:11:A:GLU:N	5	10.55
(1,5)	1:7:A:ASP:C	1:8:A:GLY:N	1:8:A:GLY:CA	1:8:A:GLY:C	18	10.55

