



Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Sep 13, 2020 – 10:08 AM BST

PDB ID : 2CJD
Title : Lysine aminotransferase from *M. tuberculosis* in external aldimine form
Authors : Tripathi, S.M.; Ramachandran, R.
Deposited on : 2006-03-31
Resolution : 2.00 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13
EDS : **FAILED**
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.14.4.dev1

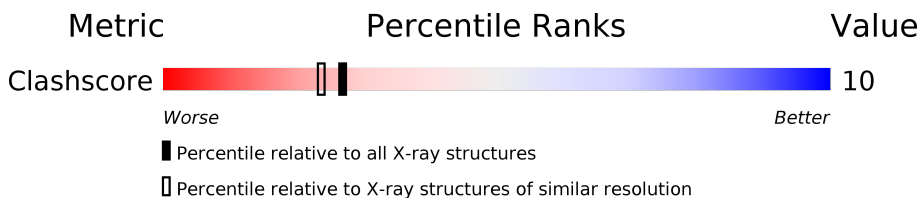
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.00 Å.


Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	141614	9178 (2.00-2.00)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$

Note EDS failed to run properly.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	449	

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
2	LYS	A	601	-	-	X	-

2 Entry composition [i](#)

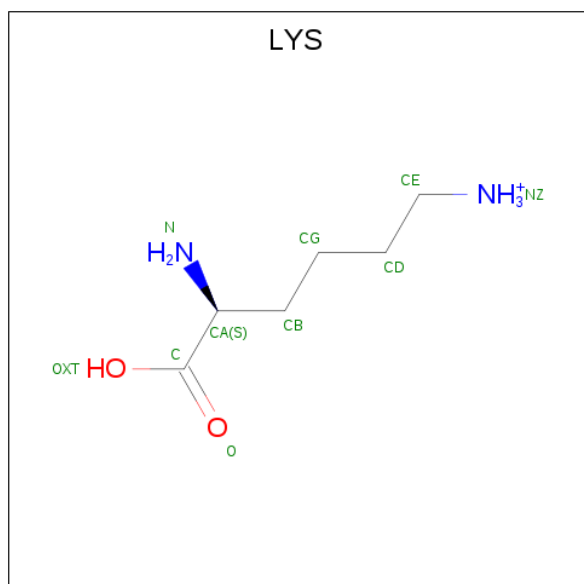
There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 3650 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called L-LYSINE-EPSILON AMINOTRANSFERASE.

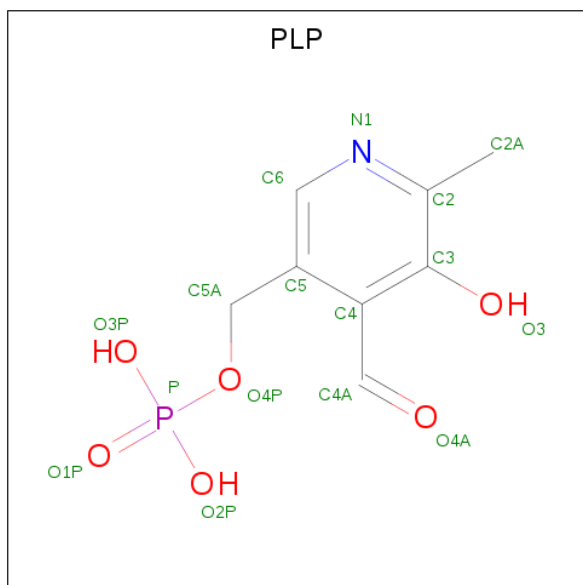
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
1	A	435	3350	2121	597	616	16	0	0	0

- Molecule 2 is LYSINE (three-letter code: LYS) (formula: C₆H₁₅N₂O₂).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	C	N	O		
2	A	1	10	6	2	2	0	0

- Molecule 3 is PYRIDOXAL-5'-PHOSPHATE (three-letter code: PLP) (formula: C₈H₁₀NO₆P).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	C	N	O	P		
3	A	1	15	8	1	5	1	0	0

- Molecule 4 is water.

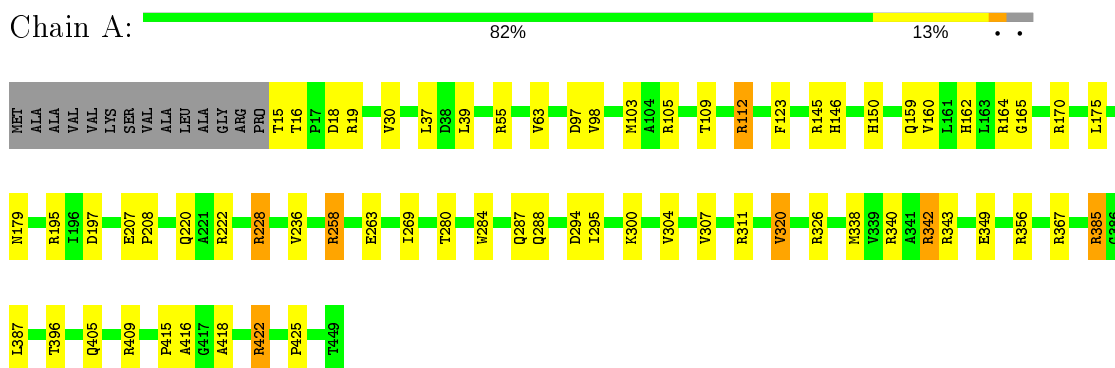
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	275	Total	O	0	0
			275	275		

3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

Note EDS failed to run properly.

- Molecule 1: L-LYSINE-EPSILON AMINOTRANSFERASE



4 Data and refinement statistics i

EDS failed to run properly - this section is therefore incomplete.

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 31 2 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	103.12Å 103.12Å 98.16Å 90.00° 90.00° 120.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	89.44 – 2.00	Depositor
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	97.1 (89.44-2.00)	Depositor
R_{merge}	0.11	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	2.20 (at 2.00Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.2.0005	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.149 , 0.176	Depositor
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	21.8	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.008	Xtriage
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.49$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.32$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.027 for -h,-k,l	Xtriage
Total number of atoms	3650	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	22.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 4.60% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹ Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

² Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: PLP

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z >5	RMSZ	# Z >5
1	A	0.72	0/3425	0.97	18/4659 (0.4%)

There are no bond length outliers.

All (18) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	340	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-15.21	112.69	120.30
1	A	340	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	12.21	126.40	120.30
1	A	55	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	11.04	125.82	120.30
1	A	145	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-10.92	114.84	120.30
1	A	385	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-9.97	115.31	120.30
1	A	258	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	9.26	124.93	120.30
1	A	258	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-8.87	115.86	120.30
1	A	342	ARG	CG-CD-NE	-8.81	93.30	111.80
1	A	55	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-8.79	115.90	120.30
1	A	145	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	8.70	124.65	120.30
1	A	422	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	8.62	124.61	120.30
1	A	112	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-7.80	116.40	120.30
1	A	422	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-7.39	116.61	120.30
1	A	320	VAL	CG1-CB-CG2	5.98	120.47	110.90
1	A	385	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.98	123.29	120.30
1	A	342	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-5.46	117.57	120.30
1	A	112	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.29	122.94	120.30
1	A	228	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.21	122.91	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts i

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	3350	0	3309	66	0
2	A	10	0	10	9	0
3	A	15	0	7	0	0
4	A	275	0	0	3	0
All	All	3650	0	3326	68	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 10.

All (68) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:A:601:LYS:HE3	2:A:601:LYS:N	1.33	1.42
1:A:15:THR:HB	4:A:2002:HOH:O	1.52	1.10
1:A:300:LYS:NZ	2:A:601:LYS:HD2	1.79	0.96
2:A:601:LYS:CE	2:A:601:LYS:N	2.28	0.95
1:A:300:LYS:HZ3	2:A:601:LYS:HD2	1.33	0.91
1:A:63:VAL:HG11	2:A:601:LYS:HD3	1.50	0.90
1:A:162:HIS:HE1	1:A:195:ARG:HE	1.24	0.85
1:A:162:HIS:CE1	1:A:195:ARG:HE	1.96	0.82
1:A:16:THR:HG23	1:A:18:ASP:OD1	1.81	0.81
1:A:15:THR:HA	4:A:2001:HOH:O	1.79	0.81
1:A:103:MET:HA	1:A:338:MET:CE	2.12	0.79
1:A:258:ARG:HD3	1:A:258:ARG:O	1.84	0.77
1:A:159:GLN:HE22	1:A:228:ARG:HH11	1.30	0.77
1:A:416:ALA:HB2	1:A:422:ARG:HD2	1.69	0.73
1:A:15:THR:HG22	1:A:19:ARG:HH21	1.53	0.72
1:A:164:ARG:HA	1:A:179:ASN:HD21	1.57	0.69
1:A:222:ARG:NH2	1:A:263:GLU:OE2	2.29	0.65
1:A:103:MET:HA	1:A:338:MET:HE1	1.79	0.64
1:A:405:GLN:HE21	1:A:409:ARG:HH12	1.45	0.64
1:A:16:THR:CG2	1:A:18:ASP:OD1	2.46	0.64
1:A:197:ASP:H	1:A:220:GLN:HE22	1.46	0.63
1:A:300:LYS:HZ1	2:A:601:LYS:HD2	1.62	0.63
1:A:37:LEU:HD13	1:A:39:LEU:HD23	1.81	0.62

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:15:THR:HG22	1:A:19:ARG:NH2	2.13	0.62
1:A:16:THR:HG22	1:A:19:ARG:HG3	1.80	0.61
1:A:258:ARG:HD3	1:A:258:ARG:C	2.14	0.61
1:A:280:THR:HB	1:A:385:ARG:HG2	1.82	0.61
1:A:105:ARG:O	1:A:109:THR:HG23	2.03	0.59
1:A:405:GLN:NE2	1:A:409:ARG:HH12	2.01	0.59
1:A:356:ARG:HG2	1:A:356:ARG:HH11	1.68	0.58
1:A:236:VAL:HG13	1:A:269:ILE:HG13	1.86	0.57
1:A:416:ALA:HB2	1:A:422:ARG:CD	2.33	0.57
1:A:112:ARG:HD2	1:A:349:GLU:OE2	2.05	0.56
1:A:396:THR:HB	1:A:418:ALA:O	2.06	0.56
1:A:170:ARG:HA	1:A:175:LEU:HD13	1.87	0.56
1:A:300:LYS:NZ	2:A:601:LYS:CD	2.64	0.55
1:A:367:ARG:HD2	4:A:2261:HOH:O	2.07	0.54
1:A:63:VAL:CG1	2:A:601:LYS:HD3	2.29	0.54
1:A:207:GLU:HB3	1:A:208:PRO:HD3	1.90	0.54
1:A:300:LYS:HZ1	2:A:601:LYS:CD	2.21	0.53
1:A:197:ASP:H	1:A:220:GLN:NE2	2.09	0.51
1:A:356:ARG:HG2	1:A:356:ARG:NH1	2.27	0.50
1:A:320:VAL:HG22	1:A:326:ARG:HB3	1.92	0.50
1:A:236:VAL:HG13	1:A:269:ILE:CG1	2.42	0.49
1:A:30:VAL:HG22	1:A:30:VAL:O	2.11	0.49
1:A:103:MET:HG3	1:A:338:MET:HE3	1.94	0.49
1:A:105:ARG:O	1:A:109:THR:CG2	2.60	0.49
1:A:162:HIS:HE1	1:A:195:ARG:NE	2.02	0.49
1:A:367:ARG:HH11	1:A:367:ARG:HA	1.78	0.48
1:A:103:MET:HA	1:A:338:MET:HE3	1.95	0.47
1:A:342:ARG:HG3	1:A:343:ARG:N	2.30	0.47
1:A:288:GLN:NE2	1:A:385:ARG:HE	2.12	0.47
1:A:284:TRP:H	1:A:287:GLN:NE2	2.13	0.46
1:A:258:ARG:C	1:A:258:ARG:CD	2.84	0.46
1:A:304:VAL:HG21	1:A:338:MET:HG2	1.99	0.45
1:A:146:HIS:O	1:A:150:HIS:HD2	2.00	0.43
1:A:258:ARG:O	1:A:258:ARG:CD	2.62	0.43
1:A:415:PRO:O	1:A:422:ARG:HD3	2.19	0.43
1:A:160:VAL:CG1	1:A:236:VAL:HG23	2.49	0.43
1:A:338:MET:HB3	1:A:338:MET:HE2	1.48	0.43
1:A:207:GLU:CB	1:A:208:PRO:HD3	2.48	0.42
1:A:294:ASP:OD1	1:A:311:ARG:HD3	2.19	0.42
1:A:405:GLN:HE21	1:A:409:ARG:NH1	2.15	0.42
1:A:295:ILE:CD1	1:A:307:VAL:HB	2.50	0.42

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:165:GLY:H	1:A:179:ASN:ND2	2.18	0.41
1:A:97:ASP:HB2	1:A:98:VAL:HG23	2.02	0.41
1:A:387:LEU:HG	1:A:425:PRO:HG2	2.03	0.41
1:A:123:PHE:HB3	1:A:307:VAL:HG22	2.03	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

There are no protein backbone outliers to report in this entry.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

There are no protein residues with a non-rotameric sidechain to report in this entry.

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

2 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the

expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# $ Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	# $ Z > 2$
3	PLP	A	1602	2	15,15,16	1.34	2 (13%)	20,22,23	1.09	3 (15%)
2	LYS	A	601	3	5,9,9	0.77	0	4,10,10	1.00	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	PLP	A	1602	2	-	0/6/6/8	0/1/1/1
2	LYS	A	601	3	-	3/5/9/9	-

All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
3	A	1602	PLP	C6-N1	2.66	1.40	1.34
3	A	1602	PLP	C2-N1	2.26	1.38	1.33

All (3) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed($^{\circ}$)	Ideal($^{\circ}$)
3	A	1602	PLP	C6-C5-C4	2.58	120.19	118.16
3	A	1602	PLP	O4P-P-O1P	2.37	113.13	106.47
3	A	1602	PLP	C5-C6-N1	-2.08	120.36	123.82

There are no chirality outliers.

All (3) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	A	601	LYS	N-CA-CB-CG
2	A	601	LYS	C-CA-CB-CG
2	A	601	LYS	CG-CD-CE-NZ

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 9 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	A	601	LYS	9	0

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains

EDS failed to run properly - this section is therefore empty.

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains

EDS failed to run properly - this section is therefore empty.

6.3 Carbohydrates

EDS failed to run properly - this section is therefore empty.

6.4 Ligands

EDS failed to run properly - this section is therefore empty.

6.5 Other polymers

EDS failed to run properly - this section is therefore empty.