

wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Jun 16, 2024 – 12:31 PM EDT

PDB ID : 2CJH

Title: Lysine aminotransferase from M. tuberculosis in the internal aldimine form

with bound substrate 2-ketoglutarate

Authors : Tripathi, S.M.; Ramachandran, R.

Deposited on : 2006-04-03

Resolution : 2.00 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

Mol Probity : 4.02b-467

Mogul : 2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.20.1

EDS : 2.37.1

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

 $Refmac \quad : \quad 5.8.0158$

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

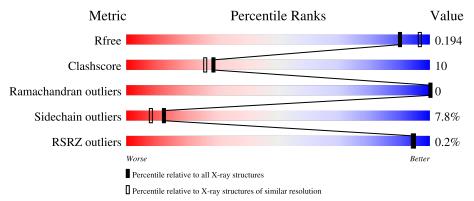
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.37.1

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $X\text{-}RAY\ DIFFRACTION$

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.00 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive $(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Similar\ resolution} \\ (\#{\rm Entries,\ resolution\ range(\mathring{\rm A})}) \end{array}$
R_{free}	130704	8085 (2.00-2.00)
Clashscore	141614	9178 (2.00-2.00)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	9054 (2.00-2.00)
Sidechain outliers	138945	9053 (2.00-2.00)
RSRZ outliers	127900	7900 (2.00-2.00)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain		
1	A	449	81%	11%	



2 Entry composition (i)

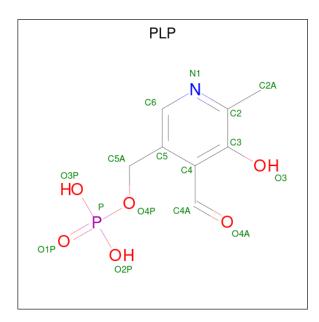
There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 3605 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called L-LYSINE-EPSILON AMINOTRANSFERASE.

Mol	Chain	Residues		At	oms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	٨	435	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1	A	433	3350	2121	597	616	16	0	0	

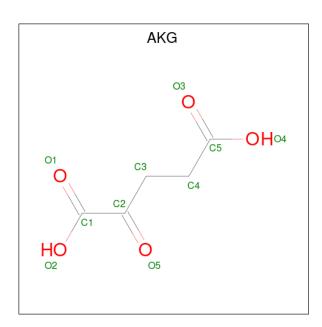
• Molecule 2 is PYRIDOXAL-5'-PHOSPHATE (three-letter code: PLP) (formula: C₈H₁₀NO₆P).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf		
2	Λ	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0
	Λ	1	15	8	1	5	1	0	

• Molecule 3 is 2-OXOGLUTARIC ACID (three-letter code: AKG) (formula: $C_5H_6O_5$).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total 10	C 5	O 5	0	0

• Molecule 4 is water.

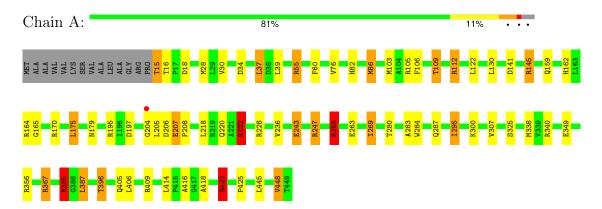
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	230	Total O 230 230	0	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: L-LYSINE-EPSILON AMINOTRANSFERASE





4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 31 2 1	Depositor
Cell constants	103.35Å 103.35Å 98.31Å	Domositon
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 90.00° 120.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	89.44 - 2.00	Depositor
Resolution (A)	20.53 - 2.00	EDS
% Data completeness	92.1 (89.44-2.00)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	92.2 (20.53-2.00)	EDS
R_{merge}	0.10	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	2.55 (at 2.01Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.2.0005	Depositor
D.D.	0.156 , 0.191	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.158 , 0.194	DCC
R_{free} test set	1938 reflections (5.08%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	19.6	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.116	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.34, 48.4	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$< L > = 0.49, < L^2> = 0.33$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.036 for -h,-k,l	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.96	EDS
Total number of atoms	3605	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	20.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 4.70% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of <|L|>, $<L^2>$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: AKG, PLP

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bo	ond angles	
IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ	lengths $\# Z > 5$	RMSZ	# Z > 5	
1	A	0.71	0/3425	0.93	$16/4659 \ (0.3\%)$	

There are no bond length outliers.

The worst 5 of 16 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
1	A	340	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-15.31	112.65	120.30
1	A	340	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	11.85	126.22	120.30
1	A	55	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	10.74	125.67	120.30
1	A	258	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-10.44	115.08	120.30
1	A	145	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-10.12	115.24	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	3350	0	3309	64	0
2	A	15	0	7	2	0
3	A	10	0	4	1	0
4	A	230	0	0	3	0
All	All	3605	0	3320	64	0



The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 10.

The worst 5 of 64 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	$egin{aligned} ext{Clash} \ ext{overlap } (ext{Å}) \end{aligned}$
1:A:300:LYS:HZ1	2:A:1450:PLP:C4A	1.63	0.98
1:A:103:MET:HA	1:A:338:MET:HE1	1.48	0.95
1:A:300:LYS:HZ2	2:A:1450:PLP:C4A	1.68	0.94
1:A:356:ARG:HG2	1:A:356:ARG:HH11	1.38	0.88
1:A:159:GLN:HE22	1:A:228:ARG:HH11	1.22	0.85

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured Allowed		Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	433/449 (96%)	417 (96%)	16 (4%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles		
1	A	344/354 (97%)	317 (92%)	27 (8%)	12 8		



5 of 27 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	243	GLU
1	A	269	ILE
1	A	406	LEU
1	A	258	ARG
1	A	295	ILE

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 11 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	288	GLN
1	A	360	HIS
1	A	408	GLN
1	A	405	GLN
1	A	179	ASN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

2 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	s Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
IVIOI			nes		Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
2	PLP	A	1450	1	15,15,16	1.47	2 (13%)	21,22,23	1.55	3 (14%)
3	AKG	A	1451	-	9,9,9	1.78	1 (11%)	11,11,11	2.10	4 (36%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

\mathbf{Mol}	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	PLP	A	1450	1	-	0/6/6/8	0/1/1/1
3	AKG	A	1451	-	-	1/9/9/9	-

All (3) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	Observed(A)	$Ideal(\AA)$
3	A	1451	AKG	C2-C1	-4.38	1.46	1.53
2	A	1450	PLP	C2-N1	3.62	1.40	1.33
2	A	1450	PLP	C6-N1	2.98	1.40	1.34

The worst 5 of 7 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$Observed(^o)$	$Ideal(^{o})$
3	A	1451	AKG	O1-C1-C2	-4.44	116.28	121.81
2	A	1450	PLP	C4A-C4-C5	-3.88	116.94	120.94
3	A	1451	AKG	O2-C1-C2	2.69	121.05	113.59
2	A	1450	PLP	C3-C4-C5	2.59	121.70	118.59
3	A	1451	AKG	C3-C4-C5	-2.58	106.82	113.67

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	A	1451	AKG	O2-C1-C2-C3

There are no ring outliers.

2 monomers are involved in 3 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	A	1450	PLP	2	0
3	A	1451	AKG	1	0



5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<rsrz></rsrz>	#R\$	$\# \mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$		$OWAB(Å^2)$	Q<0.9
1	A	435/449 (96%)	-0.76	1 (0%)	95	94	9, 18, 33, 53	0

All (1) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	204	GLY	3.3

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
3	AKG	A	1451	10/10	0.89	0.14	37,42,46,47	0
2	PLP	A	1450	15/16	0.97	0.10	20,23,25,25	0

6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

