

# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

May 25, 2020 – 05:07 am BST

PDB ID : 3CJW

Title : Crystal structure of the human COUP-TFII ligand binding domain

Authors: Kruse, S.W.; Reynolds, R.; Vonrhein, C.; Xu, H.E.

Deposited on : 2008-03-14

Resolution : 1.48 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

 $\begin{array}{ccc} Mol Probity & : & 4.02 \, b\text{-}467 \\ Xtriage & (Phenix) & : & 1.13 \end{array}$ 

EDS: 2.11

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

Refmac: 5.8.0158

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)

Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

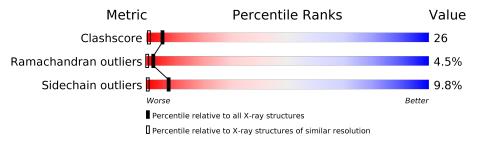
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.11

## 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:  $X\text{-}RAY\ DIFFRACTION$ 

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.48 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Whole archive} \\ (\#\text{Entries}) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Similar  resolution} \\ (\#{\rm Entries,  resolution  range(\AA)}) \end{array}$
Clashscore	141614	4955 (1.50-1.46)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	4846 (1.50-1.46)
Sidechain outliers	138945	4844 (1.50-1.46)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

$\mathbf{M}$	ol Chain	Length	Quality of chain				
1	A	244	50%	25%	7%	·	15%



## 2 Entry composition (i)

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 1636 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called COUP transcription factor 2.

M	[ol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
	1	A	207	Total 1636	C 1050	N 274	O 301	S 11	0	1	0

There are 4 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

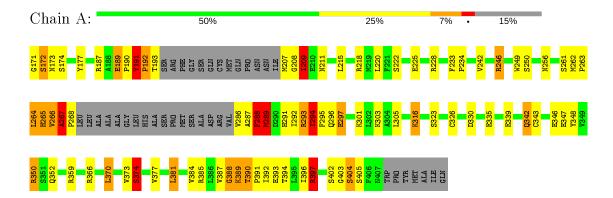
Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	171	GLY	_	expression tag	UNP P24468
A	172	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P24468
A	173	ASN	-	expression tag	UNP P24468
A	174	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P24468



## 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: COUP transcription factor 2





## 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	C 1 2 1	Depositor
Cell constants	97.85Å 47.76Å 43.13Å	Depositor
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	90.00° 100.87° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	6.00 - 1.48	Depositor
Resolution (A)	48.05 - 1.48	EDS
% Data completeness	7.7 (6.00-1.48)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	99.3 (48.05-1.48)	EDS
$R_{merge}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	1.98 (at 1.48Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC	Depositor
P. P.	0.168 , 0.238	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.252 , (Not available)	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	No test flags present.	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	24.3	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.156	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.38 , 49.4	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$ < L >=0.49, < L^2>=0.32$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.94	EDS
Total number of atoms	1636	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	34.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 9.92% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $< L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

# 5 Model quality (i)

### 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Mol Chain		nd lengths	Bond angles		
Mol   Chain		RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z >5	
1	A	1.70	19/1674 (1.1%)	1.50	28/2269 (1.2%)	

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	8

The worst 5 of 19 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\mathbf{Observed}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}})$	$Ideal(\AA)$
1	A	294	ILE	CB-CG2	13.71	1.95	1.52
1	A	343	CYS	CB-SG	-11.54	1.62	1.82
1	A	339	GLU	CG-CD	-10.36	1.36	1.51
1	A	397	ARG	CD-NE	-8.91	1.31	1.46
1	A	343	CYS	CA-CB	8.40	1.72	1.53

The worst 5 of 28 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^o)$
1	A	343	CYS	CA-CB-SG	-12.15	92.14	114.00
1	A	305	LEU	CA-CB-CG	11.69	142.19	115.30
1	A	330	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	10.82	128.04	118.30
1	A	397	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-10.09	115.25	120.30
1	A	343	CYS	CB-CA-C	8.21	126.83	110.40

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 8 planarity outliers are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	172	SER	Peptide
1	A	265	HIS	Peptide
1	A	267	ALA	Peptide
1	A	288	PHE	Peptide
1	A	388	GLY	Peptide

### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1636	0	1648	84	0
All	All	1636	0	1648	84	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 26.

The worst 5 of 84 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$egin{array}{l}  ext{Interatomic} \  ext{distance} \ ( ext{Å}) \end{array}$	$egin{array}{c}  ext{Clash} \  ext{overlap } ( ext{Å}) \end{array}$
1:A:294:ILE:CG2	1:A:294:ILE:CB	1.95	1.44
1:A:264:LEU:HD13	1:A:296:GLN:HG2	1.28	1.13
1:A:293:ARG:CZ	1:A:294:ILE:HG22	1.84	1.06
1:A:287:ALA:CB	1:A:292:ILE:HD11	1.89	1.03
1:A:293:ARG:HA	1:A:296:GLN:OE1	1.60	1.01

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.



Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	202/244 (83%)	188 (93%)	5 (2%)	9 (4%)	2 0

5 of 9 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	191	TYR
1	A	209	ILE
1	A	267	ALA
1	A	288	PHE
1	A	389	LYS

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	${f Rotameric}$	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	185/213 (87%)	167 (90%)	18 (10%)	8 0

5 of 18 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	${f Res}$	Type
1	A	293	ARG
1	A	294	ILE
1	A	385	ARG
1	A	288	PHE
1	A	289	MET

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (5) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	229	ASN
1	A	256	ASN
1	A	265	HIS
1	A	296	GLN
1	A	342	GLN



#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

#### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

### 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

### 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



## 6 Fit of model and data (i)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

### 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

### 6.4 Ligands (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

### 6.5 Other polymers (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

