



# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Feb 6, 2024 – 10:20 PM EST

PDB ID : 2CSG  
Title : Crystal Structure of the Putative Oxidoreductase from *Salmonella typhimurium* LT2  
Authors : Kim, Y.; Li, H.; Collart, F.; Joachimiak, A.; Midwest Center for Structural Genomics (MCSG)  
Deposited on : 2005-05-21  
Resolution : 2.90 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467  
Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)  
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13  
EDS : 2.36  
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)  
Refmac : 5.8.0158  
CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36

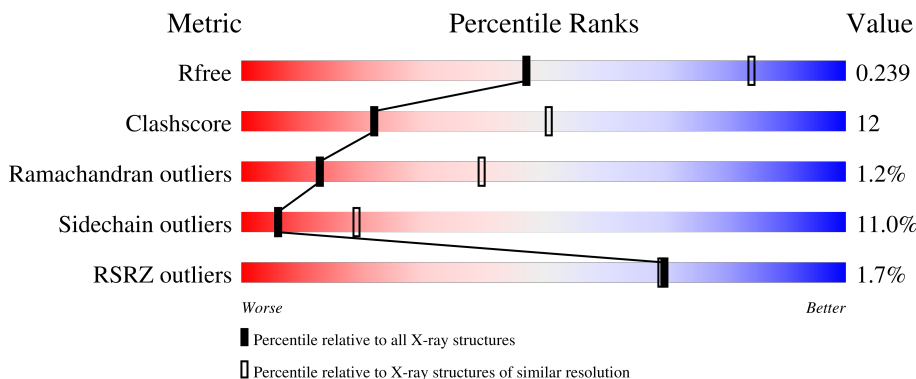
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

*X-RAY DIFFRACTION*

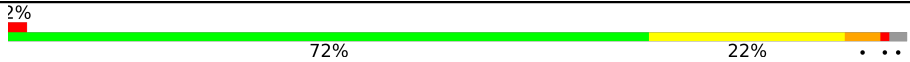
The reported resolution of this entry is 2.90 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
$R_{free}$	130704	1957 (2.90-2.90)
Clashscore	141614	2172 (2.90-2.90)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	2115 (2.90-2.90)
Sidechain outliers	138945	2117 (2.90-2.90)
RSRZ outliers	127900	1906 (2.90-2.90)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ . The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	424	

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
3	ICT	A	501	X	-	X	-

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<b>Mol</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>Chain</b>	<b>Res</b>	<b>Chirality</b>	<b>Geometry</b>	<b>Clashes</b>	<b>Electron density</b>
5	CIT	A	503	-	X	-	-

## 2 Entry composition

There are 6 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 3552 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called putative cytoplasmic protein.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
1	A	417	3453	2186	618	633	16	0	17	0

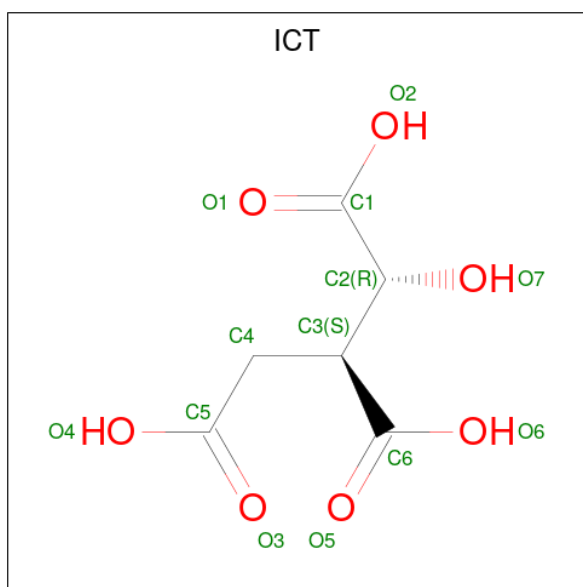
There are 3 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	-2	SER	-	cloning artifact	GB 16419348
A	-1	ASN	-	cloning artifact	GB 16419348
A	0	ALA	-	cloning artifact	GB 16419348

- Molecule 2 is FE (III) ION (three-letter code: FE) (formula: Fe).

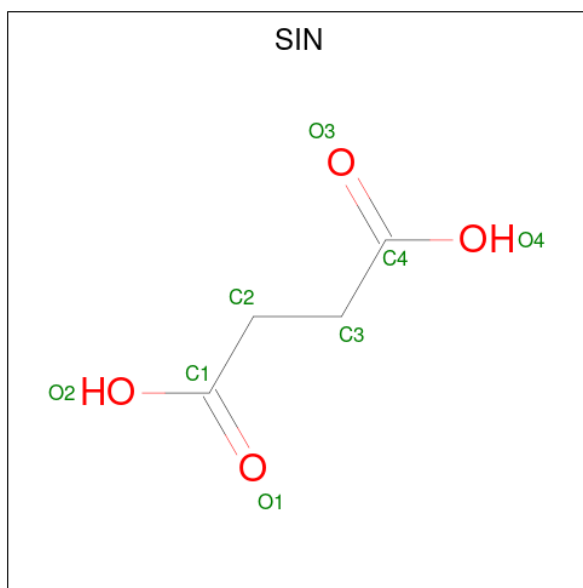
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	Fe		
2	A	1	1	1	0	0

- Molecule 3 is ISOCITRIC ACID (three-letter code: ICT) (formula: C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>8</sub>O<sub>7</sub>).



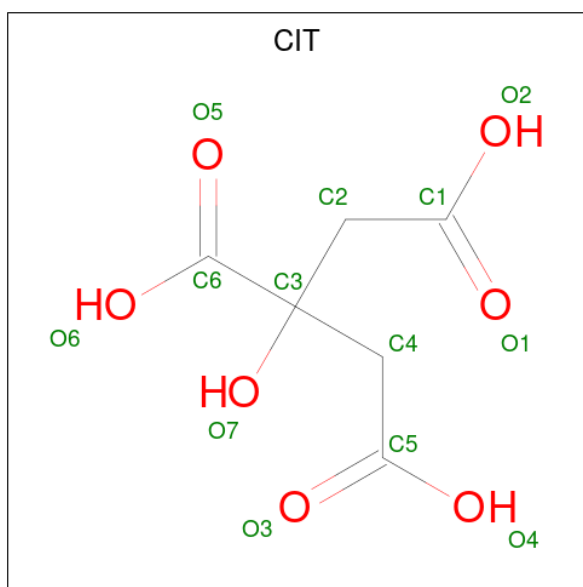
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			13	6	7		

- Molecule 4 is SUCCINIC ACID (three-letter code: SIN) (formula:  $C_4H_6O_4$ ).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			8	4	4		

- Molecule 5 is CITRIC ACID (three-letter code: CIT) (formula:  $C_6H_8O_7$ ).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	1	Total C O 13 6 7	0	0

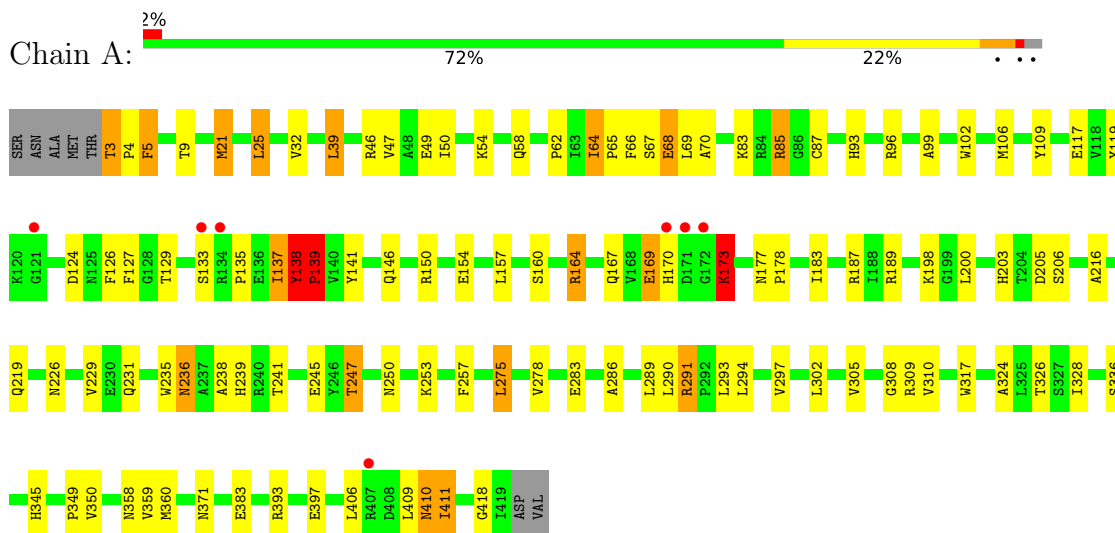
- Molecule 6 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	64	Total O 64 64	0	0

### 3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ( $RSRZ > 2$ ). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: putative cytoplasmic protein



## 4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 31 2 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	110.80Å 110.80Å 105.64Å 90.00° 90.00° 120.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	95.78 – 2.90 46.27 – 2.60	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	99.9 (95.78-2.90) 99.8 (46.27-2.60)	Depositor EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.12	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ <sup>1</sup>	2.23 (at 2.61Å)	Xtrriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.2.0000	Depositor
R, $R_{free}$	0.188 , 0.237 0.189 , 0.239	Depositor DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	2376 reflections (10.18%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	64.7	Xtrriage
Anisotropy	0.259	Xtrriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}$ (e/Å <sup>3</sup> ), $B_{sol}$ (Å <sup>2</sup> )	0.32 , 32.9	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$\langle  L  \rangle = 0.49$ , $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.32$	Xtrriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.033 for -h,-k,l	Xtrriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.95	EDS
Total number of atoms	3552	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	59.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtrriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.92% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

<sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

<sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



## 5 Model quality [i](#)

### 5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: SIN, ICT, CIT, FE

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z  >5	RMSZ	# Z  >5
1	A	0.57	0/3560	0.71	2/4846 (0.0%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	1

There are no bond length outliers.

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed( $^{\circ}$ )	Ideal( $^{\circ}$ )
1	A	138	TYR	C-N-CD	-6.87	105.50	120.60
1	A	138	TYR	C-N-CA	5.93	146.89	122.00

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	138	TYR	Peptide

### 5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	3453	0	3349	81	0
2	A	1	0	0	0	0
3	A	13	0	5	6	0
4	A	8	0	4	0	0
5	A	13	0	5	0	0
6	A	64	0	0	2	0
All	All	3552	0	3363	81	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 12.

All (81) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:135:PRO:HG3	1:A:200:LEU:HD13	1.30	1.06
1:A:146:GLN:HA	1:A:360:MET:HE2	1.34	1.05
1:A:257:PHE:H	1:A:371:ASN:HD21	0.94	0.93
1:A:135:PRO:HG3	1:A:200:LEU:CD1	2.07	0.85
1:A:146:GLN:CA	1:A:360:MET:HE2	2.08	0.83
1:A:129:THR:HG23	1:A:309[B]:ARG:HD3	1.62	0.81
1:A:257:PHE:N	1:A:371:ASN:HD21	1.79	0.71
1:A:250:ASN:HD21	1:A:393[B]:ARG:H	1.40	0.67
1:A:124:ASP:OD2	1:A:126:PHE:HB2	1.95	0.67
1:A:93:HIS:HE1	1:A:154:GLU:O	1.78	0.66
1:A:93:HIS:HD2	1:A:336:SER:OG	1.78	0.66
1:A:21:MET:HE3	1:A:25:LEU:CD2	2.26	0.65
1:A:127:PHE:CZ	3:A:501:ICT:O7	2.49	0.65
1:A:138:TYR:N	1:A:138:TYR:HD1	1.96	0.64
1:A:138:TYR:N	1:A:138:TYR:CD1	2.66	0.64
1:A:65:PRO:HD2	1:A:68:GLU:HG3	1.81	0.63
1:A:21:MET:CE	1:A:25:LEU:CD2	2.77	0.62
1:A:169:GLU:HG3	1:A:170:HIS:N	2.14	0.62
1:A:250:ASN:HD21	1:A:393[A]:ARG:H	1.48	0.60
1:A:257:PHE:H	1:A:371:ASN:ND2	1.80	0.59
1:A:3:THR:HG22	1:A:4:PRO:HD2	1.84	0.58
1:A:21:MET:CE	1:A:25:LEU:HD23	2.34	0.57
1:A:21:MET:HE3	1:A:25:LEU:HD22	1.86	0.57
1:A:135:PRO:CG	1:A:200:LEU:HD13	2.21	0.57
1:A:62:PRO:HG2	1:A:87:CYS:O	2.04	0.57
1:A:70:ALA:HA	1:A:157:LEU:HD13	1.87	0.55
1:A:21:MET:CE	1:A:25:LEU:HD22	2.36	0.55
1:A:169:GLU:HG3	1:A:170:HIS:H	1.71	0.54

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:189:ARG:HB3	1:A:359:VAL:HG22	1.90	0.53
1:A:169:GLU:HA	1:A:173:LYS:O	2.09	0.52
1:A:135:PRO:HB2	1:A:138:TYR:OH	2.11	0.51
1:A:247:THR:HG22	1:A:253:LYS:NZ	2.27	0.50
1:A:3:THR:HB	1:A:5:PHE:H	1.77	0.50
1:A:49:GLU:OE2	1:A:85:ARG:NH2	2.42	0.50
1:A:119:TYR:CE1	1:A:137:ILE:HG23	2.48	0.49
1:A:275:LEU:HG	1:A:328:ILE:HD11	1.94	0.49
1:A:62:PRO:CG	1:A:87:CYS:O	2.62	0.48
1:A:187:ARG:NH1	3:A:501:ICT:H3	2.29	0.47
1:A:203:HIS:CD2	1:A:310:VAL:HG21	2.50	0.47
1:A:127:PHE:CZ	3:A:501:ICT:O2	2.68	0.47
1:A:106[A]:MET:CE	1:A:109:TYR:HD1	2.28	0.46
1:A:189:ARG:O	1:A:358:ASN:HA	2.16	0.46
1:A:206:SER:HA	1:A:245:GLU:OE2	2.16	0.46
1:A:39:LEU:HD11	1:A:286:ALA:CB	2.46	0.46
1:A:99:ALA:O	1:A:102:TRP:HB2	2.16	0.45
1:A:21:MET:HE1	1:A:293:LEU:HD11	1.98	0.45
1:A:83:LYS:HA	1:A:235:TRP:CZ2	2.52	0.45
1:A:127:PHE:HZ	3:A:501:ICT:O2	2.01	0.45
1:A:291:ARG:HD2	1:A:317:TRP:O	2.16	0.45
1:A:139:PRO:HG2	1:A:139:PRO:O	2.18	0.44
1:A:216:ALA:O	1:A:219:GLN:HB2	2.17	0.44
1:A:291:ARG:CD	1:A:317:TRP:O	2.65	0.44
1:A:383:GLU:HG2	1:A:406:LEU:HD22	2.00	0.44
1:A:127:PHE:HZ	6:A:566:HOH:O	1.99	0.44
1:A:187:ARG:HH11	3:A:501:ICT:H3	1.83	0.44
1:A:21:MET:HE3	1:A:25:LEU:HD23	1.96	0.44
1:A:127:PHE:HZ	3:A:501:ICT:O7	1.99	0.44
1:A:21:MET:HE2	1:A:25:LEU:CD2	2.48	0.44
1:A:4:PRO:HG2	6:A:509:HOH:O	2.18	0.44
1:A:47:VAL:HG22	1:A:324:ALA:HB2	1.99	0.44
1:A:236:ASN:HD22	1:A:238:ALA:H	1.66	0.43
1:A:226:ASN:C	1:A:226:ASN:OD1	2.57	0.43
1:A:66:PHE:CZ	1:A:154:GLU:HB2	2.54	0.43
1:A:411:ILE:HD13	1:A:411:ILE:HA	1.91	0.43
1:A:198:LYS:O	1:A:349:PRO:HB3	2.18	0.43
1:A:205:ASP:OD2	1:A:345:HIS:HE1	1.97	0.43
1:A:150:ARG:HB3	1:A:183:ILE:HD12	1.99	0.43
1:A:32:VAL:HG11	1:A:293:LEU:HB3	2.01	0.42
1:A:139:PRO:O	1:A:139:PRO:CG	2.67	0.42

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:58:GLN:HA	1:A:58:GLN:OE1	2.20	0.42
1:A:164:ARG:HD2	1:A:178:PRO:HB2	2.02	0.42
1:A:302:LEU:HB2	1:A:305:VAL:HB	2.01	0.42
1:A:308:GLY:O	1:A:309[A]:ARG:HD3	2.19	0.42
1:A:219:GLN:HB3	1:A:239:HIS:CD2	2.55	0.42
1:A:410:ASN:HD22	1:A:410:ASN:HA	1.59	0.42
1:A:141:TYR:N	1:A:397:GLU:OE2	2.39	0.41
1:A:68:GLU:H	1:A:68:GLU:HG2	1.55	0.41
1:A:50:ILE:HG22	1:A:54:LYS:HE3	2.03	0.41
1:A:64:ILE:O	1:A:64:ILE:CG1	2.69	0.40
1:A:46:ARG:HA	1:A:46:ARG:HD3	1.85	0.40
1:A:160:SER:O	1:A:164:ARG:HD3	2.21	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	432/424 (102%)	399 (92%)	28 (6%)	5 (1%)	<b>13</b> 40

All (5) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	138	TYR
1	A	139	PRO
1	A	173	LYS
1	A	137	ILE
1	A	418	GLY

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	363/352 (103%)	323 (89%)	40 (11%)	<b>6</b> <b>19</b>

All (40) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	3	THR
1	A	5	PHE
1	A	9	THR
1	A	21	MET
1	A	25	LEU
1	A	39	LEU
1	A	64	ILE
1	A	67	SER
1	A	68	GLU
1	A	69	LEU
1	A	85	ARG
1	A	96	ARG
1	A	117	GLU
1	A	133	SER
1	A	139	PRO
1	A	164	ARG
1	A	167[A]	GLN
1	A	167[B]	GLN
1	A	169	GLU
1	A	173	LYS
1	A	177	ASN
1	A	229	VAL
1	A	231[A]	GLN
1	A	231[B]	GLN
1	A	236	ASN
1	A	241	THR
1	A	247	THR
1	A	275	LEU
1	A	278	VAL
1	A	283	GLU

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	289	LEU
1	A	290	LEU
1	A	291	ARG
1	A	294	LEU
1	A	297	VAL
1	A	326	THR
1	A	350	VAL
1	A	409	LEU
1	A	410	ASN
1	A	411	ILE

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (10) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	33	GLN
1	A	93	HIS
1	A	163	ASN
1	A	177	ASN
1	A	219	GLN
1	A	236	ASN
1	A	239	HIS
1	A	250	ASN
1	A	371	ASN
1	A	410	ASN

### 5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

## 5.6 Ligand geometry

Of 4 ligands modelled in this entry, 1 is monoatomic - leaving 3 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
3	ICT	A	501	2	12,12,12	0.98	0	13,16,16	1.60	2 (15%)
4	SIN	A	502	2	7,7,7	1.03	0	8,8,8	1.41	1 (12%)
5	CIT	A	503	-	12,12,12	1.37	0	17,17,17	2.09	8 (47%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	ICT	A	501	2	2/2/5/5	9/16/16/16	-
4	SIN	A	502	2	-	2/5/5/5	-
5	CIT	A	503	-	-	11/16/16/16	-

There are no bond length outliers.

All (11) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
5	A	503	CIT	O6-C6-C3	4.68	121.18	113.05
4	A	502	SIN	C3-C2-C1	-3.13	106.86	113.60
5	A	503	CIT	O2-C1-C2	3.00	123.99	114.35
5	A	503	CIT	O2-C1-O1	-2.93	115.99	123.30
3	A	501	ICT	O6-C6-C3	2.86	121.90	114.03
3	A	501	ICT	O5-C6-C3	-2.75	116.05	122.95
5	A	503	CIT	O4-C5-O3	-2.73	116.51	123.30
5	A	503	CIT	C3-C4-C5	2.48	119.81	113.81
5	A	503	CIT	O4-C5-C4	2.46	122.25	114.35
5	A	503	CIT	C3-C2-C1	2.36	119.53	113.81
5	A	503	CIT	O6-C6-O5	-2.21	116.78	123.82

All (2) chirality outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atom
3	A	501	ICT	C3
3	A	501	ICT	C2

All (22) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	A	501	ICT	C1-C2-C3-C4
3	A	501	ICT	C1-C2-C3-C6
3	A	501	ICT	O7-C2-C3-C4
3	A	501	ICT	O7-C2-C3-C6
5	A	503	CIT	C1-C2-C3-O7
5	A	503	CIT	C1-C2-C3-C6
5	A	503	CIT	O7-C3-C6-O5
5	A	503	CIT	O7-C3-C6-O6
5	A	503	CIT	C4-C3-C6-O5
5	A	503	CIT	C4-C3-C6-O6
5	A	503	CIT	C1-C2-C3-C4
5	A	503	CIT	C2-C3-C4-C5
5	A	503	CIT	O2-C1-C2-C3
5	A	503	CIT	O1-C1-C2-C3
5	A	503	CIT	C6-C3-C4-C5
3	A	501	ICT	O1-C1-C2-C3
3	A	501	ICT	C3-C4-C5-O3
3	A	501	ICT	C3-C4-C5-O4
4	A	502	SIN	O2-C1-C2-C3
4	A	502	SIN	O1-C1-C2-C3
3	A	501	ICT	O1-C1-C2-O7
3	A	501	ICT	O2-C1-C2-C3

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 6 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	A	501	ICT	6	0

## 5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.



## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ > 2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q < 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
1	A	417/424 (98%)	-0.44	7 (1%) 70 69	41, 57, 86, 94	1 (0%)

All (7) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	170	HIS	3.2
1	A	407	ARG	2.5
1	A	171	ASP	2.4
1	A	134	ARG	2.2
1	A	133	SER	2.2
1	A	121	GLY	2.2
1	A	172	GLY	2.0

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

### 6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q < 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
5	CIT	A	503	13/13	0.76	0.20	100,101,102,102	0

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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors( $\text{\AA}^2$ )	Q<0.9
3	ICT	A	501	13/13	0.90	0.23	79,81,82,83	0
4	SIN	A	502	8/8	0.99	0.22	63,67,73,75	0
2	FE	A	504	1/1	0.99	0.15	49,49,49,49	0

## 6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.