

# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

#### Aug 7, 2023 – 03:49 PM EDT

PDB ID 8CS4

Title [AGC/GTC] Self-Assembled 3D DNA Hexagonal Tensegrity Triangle Authors Lu, B.; Vecchioni, S.; Ohayon, Y.P.; Seeman, N.C.; Mao, C.; Sha, R.

2022-05-12 Deposited on

6.03 Å(reported) Resolution

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

> The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity 4.02b-467Xtriage (Phenix) 1.13

EDS 2.35

Percentile statistics 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

> Refmac 5.8.0158

CCP4 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) Parkinson et al. (1996)

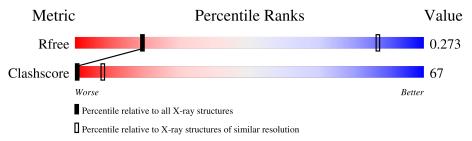
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) 2.35

# 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$ 

The reported resolution of this entry is 6.03 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive $(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Similar\ resolution} \\ (\#{\rm Entries},{\rm resolution\ range}(\mathring{\rm A})) \end{array}$				
$R_{free}$	130704	1001 (8.20-3.88)				
Clashscore	141614	1049 (8.00-3.90)				

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain					
1	A	21		38%				
2	В	7	14%	43%	43%			
3	С	5		100%				
4	D	9	11%	67%	22%			



# 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 855 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a DNA chain called DNA (5'-D(\*AP\*GP\*CP\*CP\*AP\*GP\*CP\*CP\*TP\*GP\* TP\*AP\*CP\*GP\*GP\*AP\*CP\*AP\*TP\*CP\*A)-3').

$\mathbf{M}$	ol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	Ĺ	A	21	Total 426	C 203	N 82	O 121	P 20	0	0	0

• Molecule 2 is a DNA chain called DNA (5'-D(P\*CP\*CP\*GP\*TP\*AP\*CP\*A)-3').

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
2	В	7	Total 141	C 67	N 26	O 41	P 7	0	0	0

• Molecule 3 is a DNA chain called DNA (5'-D(P\*GP\*GP\*CP\*TP\*G)-3').

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
2	C	F	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0	0
3		9	105	49	20	31	5	0	U	U

• Molecule 4 is a DNA chain called DNA (5'-D(\*GP\*TP\*CP\*TP\*GP\*AP\*TP\*GP\*T)-3').

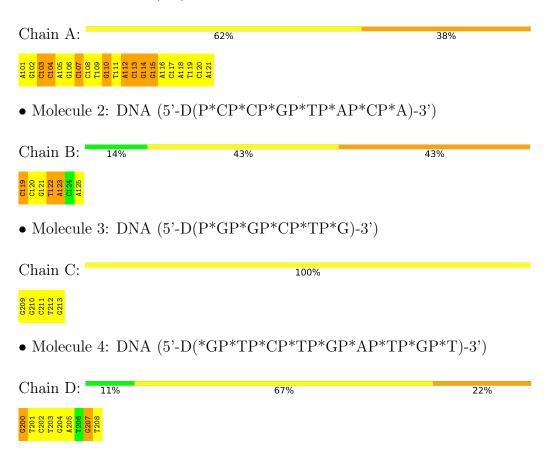
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
4	D	9	Total 183	C 89	N 31	O 55	P 8	0	0	0



## 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: DNA (5'-D(\*AP\*GP\*CP\*CP\*AP\*GP\*CP\*CP\*TP\*GP\*TP\*AP\*CP\*GP\*GP\*AP\*CP\*AP\*TP\*CP\*A)-3')





# 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 63	Depositor
Cell constants	122.03Å 122.03Å 58.89Å	Donositon
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	$90.00^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$ $120.00^{\circ}$	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	61.02 - 6.03	Depositor
Resolution (A)	61.02 - 6.03	EDS
% Data completeness	85.9 (61.02-6.03)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	73.2 (61.02-6.03)	EDS
$R_{merge}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	0.56 (at 6.17Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX 1.19.2_4158	Depositor
D.D.	0.191 , 0.262	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.197 , $0.273$	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	76 reflections (6.71%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	330.0	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.663	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.67, 999.0	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$< L >=0.42, < L^2>=0.25$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.148 for h,-h-k,-l	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.75	EDS
Total number of atoms	855	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	528.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 7.19% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $<L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

## 5 Model quality (i)

#### 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol Chain		Bo	nd lengths	Bond angles		
MIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	
1	A	1.72	11/478 (2.3%)	1.37	$3/735 \ (0.4\%)$	
2	В	1.79	3/157 (1.9%)	1.47	$2/239 \ (0.8\%)$	
3	С	1.22	0/117	1.19	0/179	
4	D	2.59	10/204 (4.9%)	1.61	3/314 (1.0%)	
All	All	1.90	$24/956 \ (2.5\%)$	1.42	8/1467 (0.5%)	

The worst 5 of 24 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(\text{\AA})$
4	D	200	DG	N1-C2	14.17	1.49	1.37
4	D	200	DG	C6-N1	13.25	1.48	1.39
4	D	200	DG	C5-C4	10.03	1.45	1.38
1	A	104	DC	C3'-O3'	9.68	1.56	1.44
4	D	200	DG	C3'-O3'	9.54	1.56	1.44

The worst 5 of 8 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
2	В	119	DC	O5'-P-OP1	7.29	119.44	110.70
4	D	200	DG	C5-C6-N1	-5.97	108.52	111.50
1	A	115	DG	O4'-C1'-N9	5.64	111.94	108.00
4	D	200	DG	C4'-C3'-C2'	-5.63	98.03	103.10
1	A	104	DC	P-O3'-C3'	5.38	126.16	119.70

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

## 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen



atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	426	0	236	60	0
2	В	141	0	79	6	0
3	С	105	0	57	13	0
4	D	183	0	105	14	0
All	All	855	0	477	85	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 67.

The worst 5 of 85 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Clash} \\ \text{overlap } (\text{\AA}) \end{array}$
1:A:108:DC:N3	3:C:209:DG:N2	2.09	0.99
1:A:111:DT:H2"	1:A:112:DA:C8	2.03	0.94
1:A:108:DC:H42	3:C:209:DG:H1	1.18	0.91
1:A:107:DC:O2	1:A:108:DC:N4	2.07	0.88
3:C:212:DT:H2'	3:C:213:DG:C8	2.09	0.88

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

There are no protein molecules in this entry.

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

There are no protein molecules in this entry.

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

#### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.



## 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

## 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

#### 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

#### 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



## 6 Fit of model and data (i)

#### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

#### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

#### 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

#### 6.4 Ligands (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

#### 6.5 Other polymers (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

