

# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

#### Nov 5, 2023 – 10:38 pm GMT

PDB ID	:	4CUO
Title	:	Banyan peroxidase with glycosylation
Authors	:	Palm, G.J.; Sharma, A.; Hinrichs, W.
Deposited on		
Resolution	:	1.67  Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

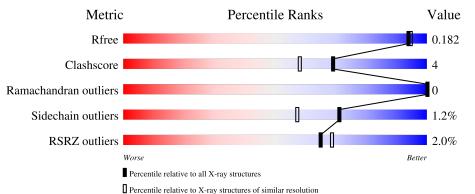
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	1.8.4, CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.13
EDS	:	2.36
buster-report	:	1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac	:	5.8.0158
CCP4	:	7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.36

# 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:  $X\text{-}RAY \, DIFFRACTION$ 

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.67 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Whole archive} \\ (\#\textbf{Entries}) \end{array}$	${f Similar\ resolution}\ (\#{ m Entries,\ resolution\ range}({ m \AA}))$
$R_{free}$	130704	6780 (1.70-1.66)
Clashscore	141614	7310 (1.70-1.66)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	7173 (1.70-1.66)
Sidechain outliers	138945	7172 (1.70-1.66)
RSRZ outliers	127900	6661 (1.70-1.66)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain	
1	А	306	91%	9% •
2	В	2	50% 50%	
3	С	7	86%	14%
4	D	3	100%	
4	Е	3	100%	



The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
11	CO3	А	1338	-	Х	-	-
2	FUC	В	2	-	-	-	Х
6	NAG	А	1320	Х	-	-	-
6	NAG	А	1324	Х	-	-	-
6	NAG	А	1325	-	-	-	Х



# 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 12 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 2989 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called BANYAN PEROXIDASE.

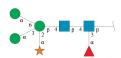
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace	
1	А	306	Total 2360	C 1466	N 405	0 478	S 11	0	11	0

• Molecule 2 is an oligosaccharide called alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-3)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-bet a-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	A	Aton	ns		ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	В	2	Total 24	C 14	N 1	O 9	0	0	0

• Molecule 3 is an oligosaccharide called alpha-D-xylopyranose-(1-2)-[alpha-D-mannopyranos e-(1-3)][alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)]beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-be ta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-[alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-3)]2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyr anose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	A	4ton	ns		ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
3	С	7	Total 80	C 45	N 2	O 33	0	0	0

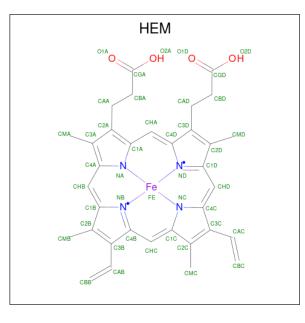
• Molecule 4 is an oligosaccharide called alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-3)-[2-acetamido-2-deoxy-be ta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)]2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
4	D	3	Total 38		N 2		0	0	0
4	Е	3	Total 39		N 2		0	1	0

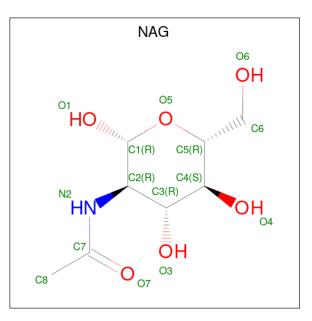
• Molecule 5 is PROTOPORPHYRIN IX CONTAINING FE (three-letter code: HEM) (formula:  $C_{34}H_{32}FeN_4O_4$ ).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	А	1	Total 43	С 34	Fe 1	N 4	0 4	0	0

• Molecule 6 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (three-letter code: NAG) (formula:  $C_8H_{15}NO_6$ ).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	А	1	Total C N O 14 8 1 5	0	0
6	А	1	Total C N O 14 8 1 5	0	0
6	А	1	Total         C         N         O           14         8         1         5	0	0

• Molecule 7 is CALCIUM ION (three-letter code: CA) (formula: Ca).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	А	2	Total Ca 2 2	0	0

• Molecule 8 is SODIUM ION (three-letter code: NA) (formula: Na).

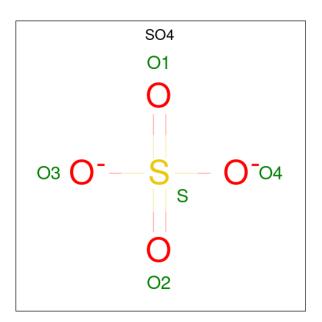
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atom	s	ZeroOcc	AltConf
8	А	1	Total 1 1	Na 1	0	0

• Molecule 9 is CHLORIDE ION (three-letter code: CL) (formula: Cl).

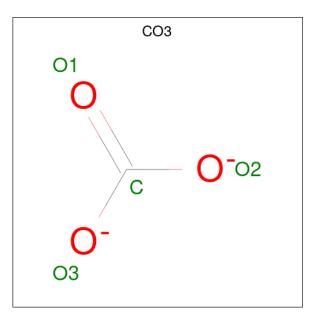
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
9	А	3	Total Cl 3 3	0	0

• Molecule 10 is SULFATE ION (three-letter code: SO4) (formula:  $O_4S$ ).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
10	А	1	$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Total} & \text{O} & \text{S} \\ 5 & 4 & 1 \end{array}$	0	0
10	А	1	$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Total} & \text{O} & \text{S} \\ 5 & 4 & 1 \end{array}$	0	0
10	А	1	$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Total} & \text{O} & \text{S} \\ 5 & 4 & 1 \end{array}$	0	0



Mol	Chain	Residues	Ato	$\mathbf{ms}$		ZeroOcc	AltConf
11	А	1	Total 4	С 1	O 3	0	0

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Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
11	А	1	$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Total} & \text{C} & \text{O} \\ 4 & 1 & 3 \end{array}$	0	0
11	А	1	$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Total} & \text{C} & \text{O} \\ 4 & 1 & 3 \end{array}$	0	0
11	А	1	$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Total} & \text{C} & \text{O} \\ 4 & 1 & 3 \end{array}$	0	0

• Molecule 12 is water.

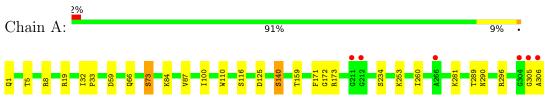
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
12	А	321	Total O 326 326	0	5



# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: BANYAN PEROXIDASE



• Molecule 2: alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-3)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain B:	50%	50%
FUC2		

 $\label{eq:constraint} \bullet \mbox{Molecule 3: alpha-D-xylopyranose-(1-2)-[alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)][alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)]beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-[alpha-L-fu copyranose-(1-3)]2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose \\ \mbox{(1-3)}]2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose \\ \mbox{(1-3)}[2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose \\ \mbox{(1-3)}]2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose \\ \mbox{(1-3)}[2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose \\ \mbox{(1-3)}[2-acetamido-2-deoxy-be$ 

Chain C:	86%	14%
NAG1 NAG2 BMA3 BMA3 XYS4 MAN5 MAN6 FUC7		

• Molecule 4: alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-3)-[2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)]2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain D:	100%
NAG1 FUC2 NAG3	

• Molecule 4: alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-3)-[2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)]2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain E:

100%

NAG1 FUC2 NAG3



# 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 32 2 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness	99.6 (63.32-1.67)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	99.7 (19.78-1.67)	EDS
R <sub>merge</sub>	0.05	Depositor
R <sub>sym</sub>	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	$1.44 (at 1.67 \text{\AA})$	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.8.0049	Depositor
D D	0.157 , $0.180$	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.159 , $0.182$	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	3049 reflections $(5.06%)$	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor $(Å^2)$	26.5	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.508	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3), B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.36, $58.3$	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$<  L  > = 0.47, < L^2 > = 0.30$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.036 for -h,-k,l	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.97	EDS
Total number of atoms	2989	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms $(Å^2)$	41.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.94% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

# 5 Model quality (i)

## 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: HEM, NAG, FUC, CO3, MAN, SNN, CA, SO4, XYS, CL, NA, BMA

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bo	nd lengths	Bo	ond angles
	Chain	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5
1	А	1.07	2/2418~(0.1%)	1.00	4/3290~(0.1%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	А	0	1

All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Ζ	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	А	73	SER	CB-OG	-6.54	1.33	1.42
1	А	140	SER	CB-OG	-5.19	1.35	1.42

All (4) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Ζ	$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
1	А	173	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	6.79	123.69	120.30
1	А	125	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	6.74	124.36	118.30
1	А	173	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-5.81	117.40	120.30
1	А	296	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	5.58	123.09	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	А	289	THR	Mainchain



### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	А	2360	0	2287	18	0
2	В	24	0	22	1	0
3	С	80	0	68	1	0
4	D	38	0	34	0	0
4	Ε	39	0	29	0	0
5	А	43	0	30	1	0
6	А	42	0	39	2	0
7	А	2	0	0	0	0
8	А	1	0	0	0	0
9	А	3	0	0	0	0
10	А	15	0	0	0	0
11	А	16	0	0	1	0
12	А	326	0	0	5	0
All	All	2989	0	2509	19	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 4.

The worst 5 of 19 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:87[B]:VAL:HG21	1:A:100:ILE:HD11	1.69	0.74
1:A:253:LYS:HG2	12:A:2254:HOH:O	1.90	0.71
1:A:260:ILE:HD11	6:A:1325:NAG:H82	1.72	0.71
1:A:305[B]:GLY:O	1:A:306[B]:ALA:HB2	1.93	0.69
12:A:2312:HOH:O	3:C:4:XYS:H51	1.96	0.65

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries



of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	А	312/306~(102%)	306~(98%)	6(2%)	0	100 100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	А	268/260~(103%)	265~(99%)	3(1%)	73 61	

All (3) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	А	1	GLN
1	А	140	SER
1	А	171	PHE

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 9 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	А	273	ASN
1	А	284	ASN
1	А	136	GLN
1	А	155	GLN
1	А	210	GLN

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.



### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

1 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residue is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	B	ond leng	,		ond ang	,
IVI01	Type	Ullalli	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2
1	SNN	А	290	1	7,8,8	7.29	2 (28%)	7,11,11	6.01	5 (71%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
1	SNN	А	290	1	-	-	0/1/1/1

All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	А	290	SNN	C5-N1	15.28	1.60	1.37
1	А	290	SNN	C-N1	11.56	1.52	1.37

All (5) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
1	А	290	SNN	CA-C-N1	14.00	118.12	107.30
1	А	290	SNN	O-C-N1	-6.05	117.62	124.94
1	А	290	SNN	O-C-CA	-2.68	124.24	126.18
1	А	290	SNN	CA-C4-C5	2.30	106.16	103.50
1	А	290	SNN	O5-C5-N1	-2.14	122.13	125.00

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.



### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

16 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bo	ond leng	ths	B	ond ang	les
	Type	Chain	nes		Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2
2	NAG	В	1	2,1	$14,\!14,\!15$	0.71	0	$17,\!19,\!21$	2.10	3 (17%)
2	FUC	В	2	2	10,10,11	0.63	0	$14,\!14,\!16$	0.62	0
3	NAG	С	1	$^{3,1}$	$14,\!14,\!15$	0.84	0	$17,\!19,\!21$	1.49	4 (23%)
3	NAG	С	2	3	14,14,15	0.90	1 (7%)	17,19,21	1.47	3 (17%)
3	BMA	С	3	3	11,11,12	1.11	1 (9%)	$15,\!15,\!17$	1.20	2 (13%)
3	XYS	С	4	3	$9,\!9,\!10$	1.65	2 (22%)	$10,\!12,\!14$	2.32	4 (40%)
3	MAN	С	5	3	$11,\!11,\!12$	0.80	1 (9%)	$15,\!15,\!17$	1.87	4 (26%)
3	MAN	С	6	3	$11,\!11,\!12$	0.64	0	$15,\!15,\!17$	1.72	3 (20%)
3	FUC	С	7	3	10, 10, 11	1.23	1 (10%)	$14,\!14,\!16$	1.18	1 (7%)
4	NAG	D	1	4,1	$14,\!14,\!15$	0.80	0	$17,\!19,\!21$	1.25	3 (17%)
4	FUC	D	2	4	$10,\!10,\!11$	0.75	0	$14,\!14,\!16$	1.12	1 (7%)
4	NAG	D	3	4	$14,\!14,\!15$	0.56	0	17,19,21	1.12	1 (5%)
4	NAG	Е	1[A]	-	14,14,15	0.80	0	17,19,21	1.78	4 (23%)
4	NAG	Е	1[B]	-	14,14,15	0.80	0	17,19,21	1.79	4 (23%)
4	FUC	Е	2	4	10,10,11	0.60	0	14,14,16	0.94	1 (7%)
4	NAG	Е	3	4	14,14,15	0.50	0	17,19,21	1.86	4 (23%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	NAG	В	1	2,1	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	FUC	В	2	2	-	-	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	С	1	3,1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	С	2	3	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	BMA	С	3	3	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1

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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	XYS	С	4	3	-	-	0/1/1/1
3	MAN	С	5	3	-	2/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
3	MAN	С	6	3	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
3	FUC	С	7	3	-	-	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	D	1	4,1	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	FUC	D	2	4	-	-	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	D	3	4	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	Е	1[A]	-	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	Е	1[B]	-	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	FUC	Е	2	4	-	-	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	Е	3	4	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

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The worst 5 of 6 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms		Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
3	С	4	XYS	O5-C1	3.18	1.49	1.42
3	С	3	BMA	O2-C2	3.06	1.49	1.43
3	С	4	XYS	C2-C3	3.00	1.56	1.52
3	С	7	FUC	C2-C3	2.71	1.56	1.52
3	С	5	MAN	C2-C3	2.12	1.55	1.52

The worst 5 of 42 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
2	В	1	NAG	C2-N2-C7	-5.69	114.79	122.90
3	С	4	XYS	C1-C2-C3	5.25	116.12	109.67
4	Е	1[A]	NAG	O5-C1-C2	-4.75	103.79	111.29
4	Е	1[B]	NAG	O5-C1-C2	-4.75	103.79	111.29
2	В	1	NAG	C1-O5-C5	4.68	118.54	112.19

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 8 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
4	D	1	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
2	В	1	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
4	Е	3	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
3	С	5	MAN	C4-C5-C6-O6
2	В	1	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6

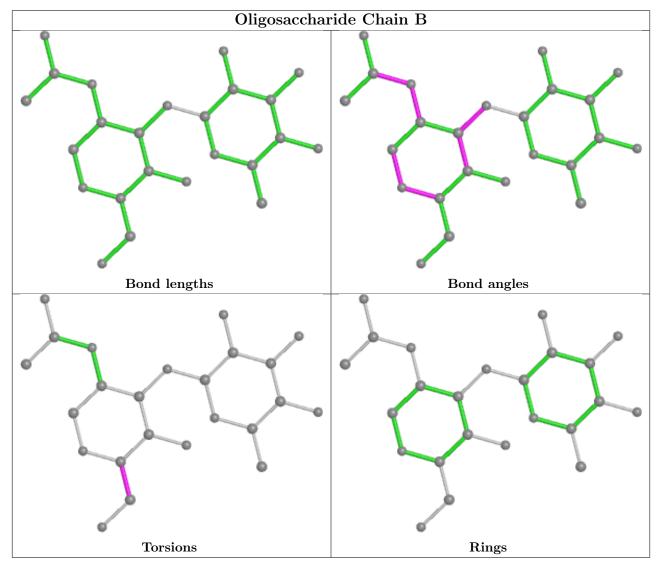
There are no ring outliers.



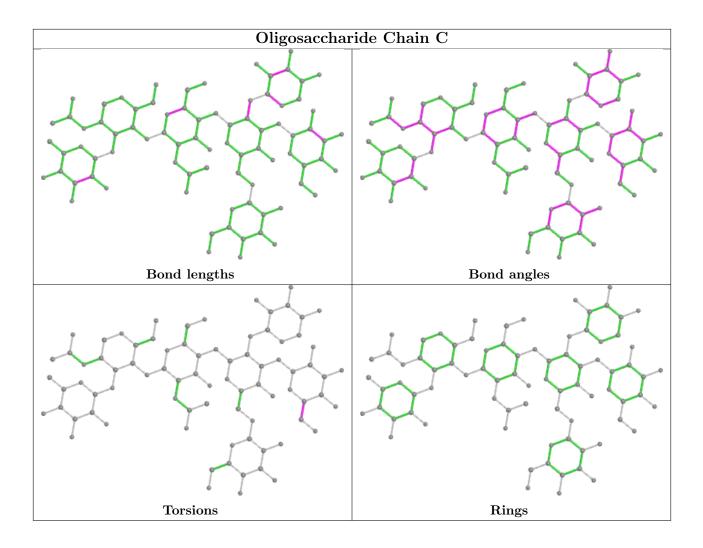
2 monomers are involved in 2 short contacts:

Mo	1	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3		С	4	XYS	1	0
2		В	1	NAG	1	0

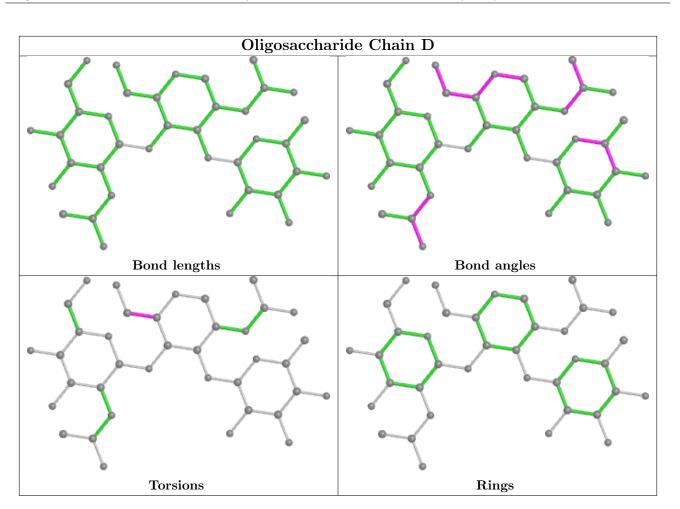
The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.





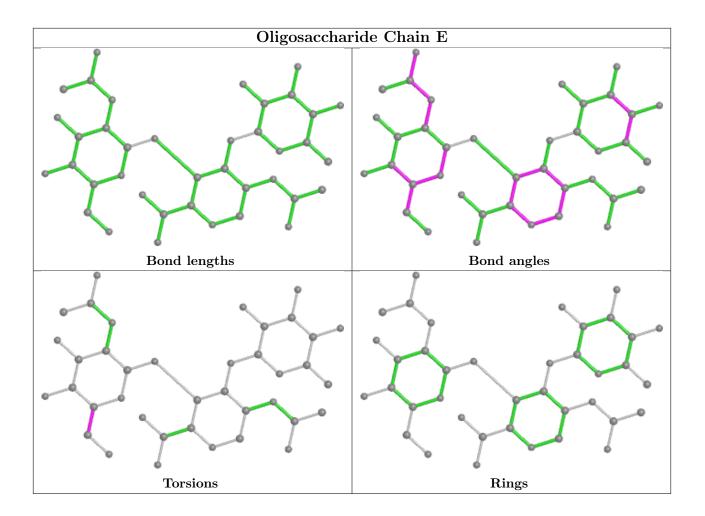












## 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 17 ligands modelled in this entry, 6 are monoatomic - leaving 11 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bo	ond leng	ths	E	Bond angles		
MIOI	туре	Ullalli	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2	
6	NAG	А	1320	1	$14,\!14,\!15$	0.64	0	17,19,21	1.39	4 (23%)	
6	NAG	А	1324	1	14,14,15	0.74	1 (7%)	17,19,21	1.23	2 (11%)	
10	SO4	А	1334	-	4,4,4	0.43	0	6,6,6	0.28	0	
11	CO3	А	1337	-	$2,\!3,\!3$	1.31	0	2,3,3	0.40	0	
11	CO3	А	1335	-	$2,\!3,\!3$	1.19	0	2,3,3	0.55	0	
11	CO3	А	1336	-	$2,\!3,\!3$	1.29	0	2,3,3	1.06	0	



Mol	Turne	Chain	Res	Link	Bo	ond leng	ths	E	Bond angles			
10101	Type	Unam	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2		
5	HEM	А	1307	1	41,50,50	1.56	9 (21%)	45,82,82	1.75	10 (22%)		
10	SO4	А	1333	-	4,4,4	0.32	0	6,6,6	1.00	1 (16%)		
11	CO3	А	1338	-	$2,\!3,\!3$	1.69	1 (50%)	2,3,3	4.74	2 (100%)		
10	SO4	А	1332	-	4,4,4	0.48	0	6,6,6	0.61	0		
6	NAG	А	1325	1	$14,\!14,\!15$	0.91	0	17,19,21	2.85	5 (29%)		

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
5	HEM	А	1307	1	-	2/12/54/54	-
6	NAG	А	1320	1	1/1/5/7	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
6	NAG	А	1324	1	1/1/5/7	3/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
6	NAG	А	1325	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

The worst 5 of 11 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	$\mathrm{Ideal}(\mathrm{\AA})$
5	А	1307	HEM	O1A-CGA	3.20	1.32	1.22
5	А	1307	HEM	CHA-C4D	2.98	1.42	1.35
5	А	1307	HEM	O1D-CGD	2.93	1.31	1.22
5	А	1307	HEM	CMB-C2B	2.79	1.56	1.50
5	А	1307	HEM	C4A-NA	2.79	1.41	1.36

The worst 5 of 24 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Ζ	$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
6	А	1325	NAG	C1-O5-C5	7.61	122.50	112.19
6	А	1325	NAG	O5-C1-C2	6.63	121.75	111.29
11	А	1338	CO3	O3-C-O1	-6.00	103.98	119.55
5	А	1307	HEM	CHA-C4D-ND	4.76	130.26	124.38
5	А	1307	HEM	CHC-C4B-NB	3.92	128.69	124.43

All (2) chirality outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atom
6	А	1320	NAG	C1
6	А	1324	NAG	C1



Mol	Chain	$\mathbf{Res}$	Type	Atoms
6	А	1324	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
6	А	1324	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
6	А	1320	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
6	А	1320	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
5	А	1307	HEM	CAA-CBA-CGA-O1A

5 of 7 torsion outliers are listed below:

There are no ring outliers.

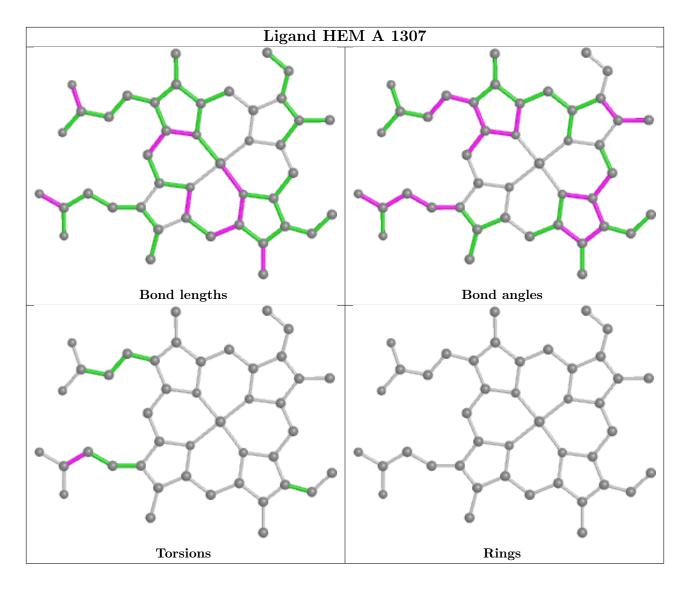
3 monomers are involved in 4 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
11	А	1335	CO3	1	0
5	А	1307	HEM	1	0
6	А	1325	NAG	2	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.







## 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



# 6 Fit of model and data (i)

## 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ> 2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	$\langle RSRZ \rangle$	#RSRZ>2		$OWAB(Å^2)$	Q<0.9
1	А	305/306~(99%)	-0.34	6 (1%) 65	69	26, 35, 53, 80	0

The worst 5 of 6 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	А	305[A]	GLY	6.2
1	А	306[A]	ALA	5.5
1	А	304	GLY	4.3
1	А	211	GLY	4.2
1	А	212	GLY	3.9

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
1	SNN	А	290	8/8	0.98	0.05	37,38,44,46	0

### 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$B-factors(Å^2)$	Q < 0.9
2	FUC	В	2	10/11	0.67	0.49	92,97,100,101	10

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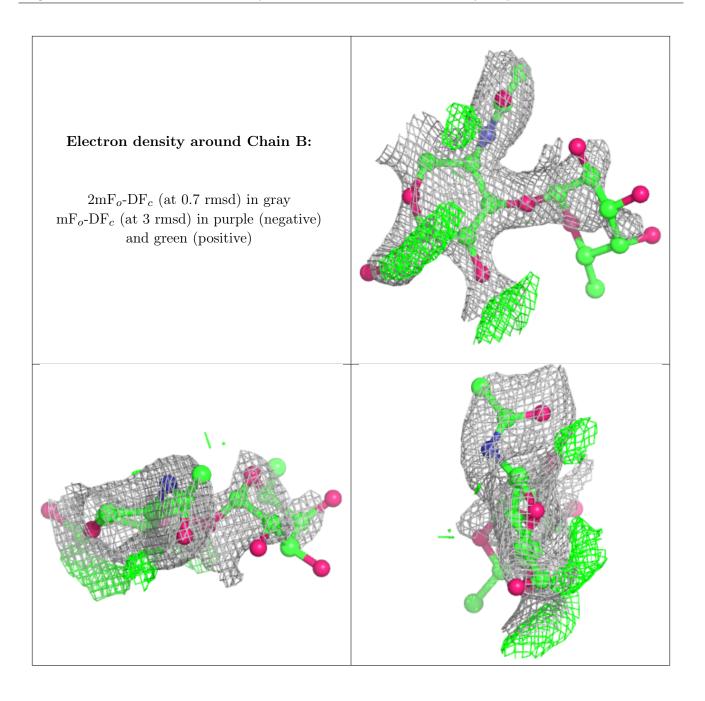


Mol	Type	Chain	$\mathbf{Res}$	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
2	NAG	В	1	14/15	0.76	0.26	55,74,83,84	14
4	NAG	D	3	14/15	0.78	0.39	90,100,107,110	0
4	FUC	E	2	10/11	0.81	0.30	61,73,79,80	0
3	MAN	C	5	$\frac{10}{11}$	0.82	0.28	60,70,80,82	0
4	NAG	Ē	3	14/15	0.83	0.36	80,94,110,112	0
4	NAG	D	1	14/15	0.89	0.14	60,67,79,83	0
3	XYS	С	4	9/10	0.90	0.26	55,66,73,76	0
3	MAN	С	6	11/12	0.90	0.21	52,57,61,62	0
4	NAG	Е	1[B]	14/15	0.92	0.15	38,43,56,75	1
4	FUC	D	2	10/11	0.92	0.41	90,99,104,104	0
4	NAG	Е	1[A]	14/15	0.92	0.15	38,43,56,75	1
3	BMA	С	3	11/12	0.95	0.12	42,45,50,52	0
3	NAG	С	2	14/15	0.96	0.10	40,42,45,46	0
3	NAG	С	1	14/15	0.97	0.05	35,38,45,48	0
3	FUC	С	7	10/11	0.98	0.04	38,39,40,41	0

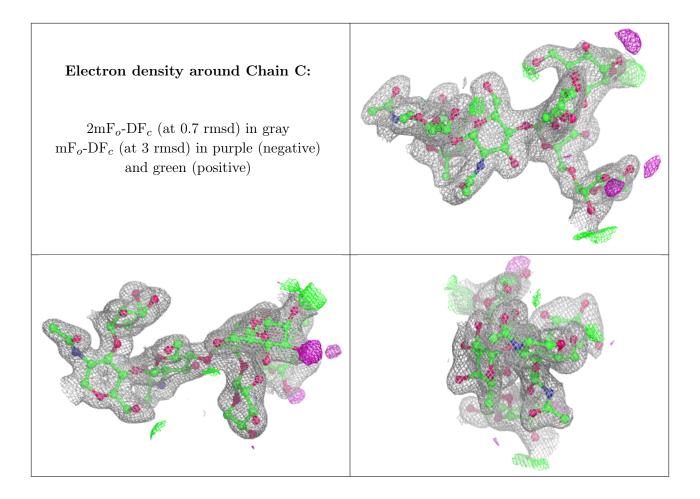
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The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density for oligosaccharide. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

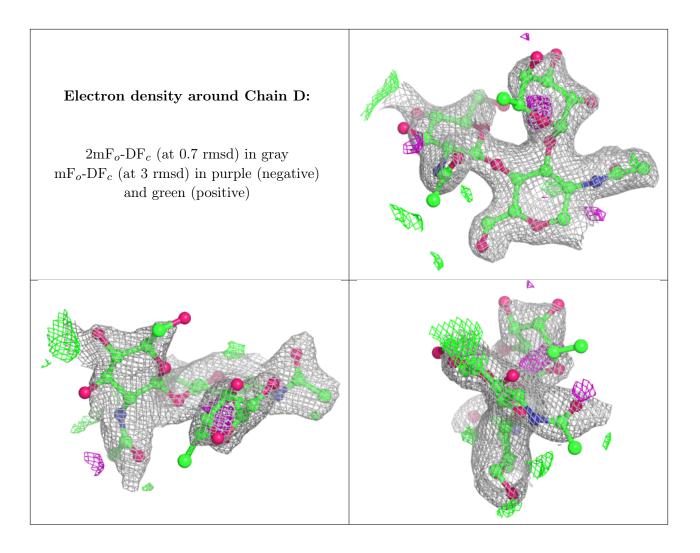




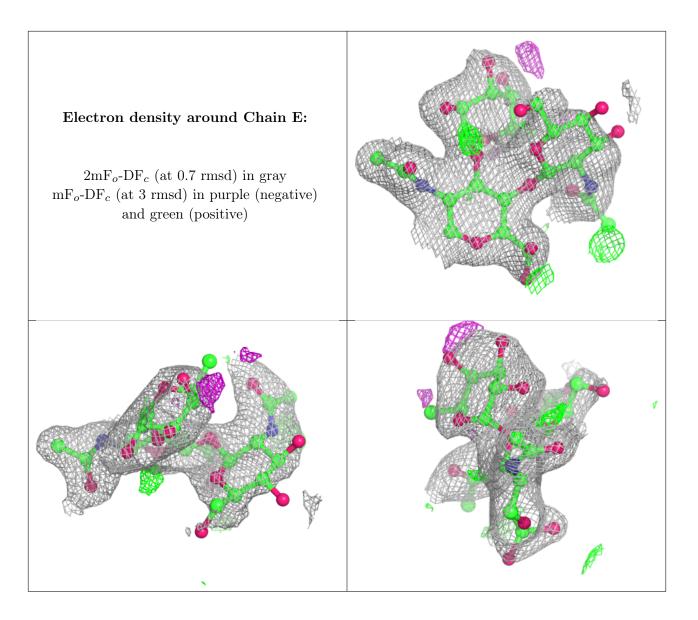












## 6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$B$ -factors $(Å^2)$	Q < 0.9
6	NAG	А	1325	14/15	0.41	0.41	$63,\!79,\!86,\!88$	14
6	NAG	А	1320	14/15	0.54	0.38	90,107,116,117	0
6	NAG	А	1324	14/15	0.71	0.35	103,118,130,131	0
11	CO3	А	1337	4/4	0.91	0.08	73,77,78,81	0
11	CO3	А	1336	4/4	0.93	0.13	$73,\!77,\!78,\!79$	0
11	CO3	А	1338	4/4	0.94	0.12	34,39,43,48	4
9	CL	А	1329	1/1	0.95	0.09	29,29,29,29	1

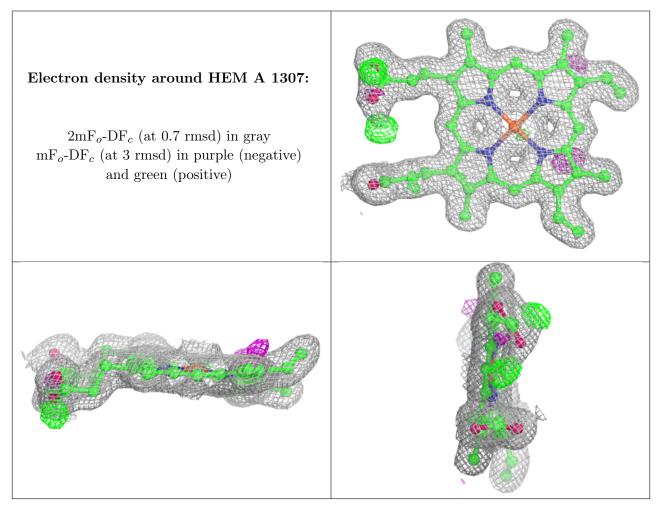
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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-factors}(\mathbf{A}^2)$	Q<0.9
10	SO4	А	1334	5/5	0.95	0.17	78,78,90,91	0
11	CO3	А	1335	4/4	0.95	0.10	55,70,75,76	0
10	SO4	А	1333	5/5	0.99	0.05	38,39,42,44	0
7	CA	А	1326	1/1	0.99	0.03	32,32,32,32	0
5	HEM	А	1307	43/43	0.99	0.06	26,28,32,44	0
9	CL	А	1330	1/1	0.99	0.07	38,38,38,38	1
9	CL	А	1331	1/1	0.99	0.05	36,36,36,36	1
10	SO4	А	1332	5/5	0.99	0.12	44,44,47,50	0
7	CA	А	1327	1/1	1.00	0.03	34,34,34,34	1
8	NA	А	1328	1/1	1.00	0.04	24,24,24,24	1

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The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.





## 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

