

# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

#### May 26, 2020 – 10:38 pm BST

PDB ID : 2CY8

Title : Crystal structure of D-phenylglycine aminotransferase (D-PhgAT) from Pseu-

domonas strutzeri ST-201

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nomics/Proteomics Initiative (RSGI)

Deposited on : 2005-07-05

Resolution : 2.30 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

 $\begin{array}{ccc} Mol Probity & : & 4.02 \text{b-}467 \\ Xtriage (Phenix) & : & 1.13 \end{array}$ 

EDS: 2.11

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

Refmac: 5.8.0158

 $\begin{array}{cccc} & CCP4 & : & 7.0.044 \; (Gargrove) \\ Ideal \; geometry \; (proteins) & : & Engh \; \& \; Huber \; (2001) \end{array}$ 

Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

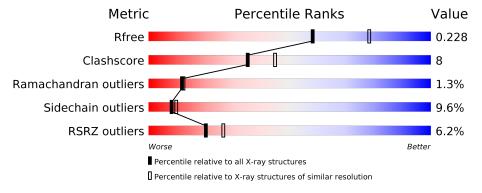
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.11

## 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.30 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Whole archive} \\ (\#\text{Entries}) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Similar \; resolution} \\ (\#{\rm Entries, \; resolution \; range(\AA)}) \end{array}$
$R_{free}$	130704	5042 (2.30-2.30)
Clashscore	141614	5643 (2.30-2.30)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	5575 (2.30-2.30)
Sidechain outliers	138945	5575 (2.30-2.30)
RSRZ outliers	127900	4938 (2.30-2.30)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length		Quality of chai	in	
			6%			
1	A	453	629	6	20%	6% • 11%



# 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 3185 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called D-phenylglycine aminotransferase.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	Λ	402	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1	A	402	3055	1926	555	562	12	U	0	

• Molecule 2 is water.

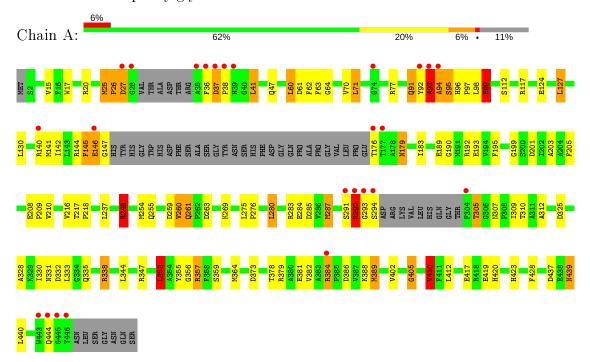
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	130	Total O 130 130	0	0



# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: D-phenylglycine aminotransferase





# 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 31 2 1	Depositor
Cell constants	74.68Å 74.68Å 147.41Å	Donogiton
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	$90.00^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$ $120.00^{\circ}$	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	31.60 - 2.30	Depositor
rtesolution (A)	31.59 - 2.30	EDS
% Data completeness	95.4 (31.60-2.30)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	95.4 (31.59-2.30)	EDS
$R_{merge}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	9.27 (at 2.31Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.1.24	Depositor
D D	0.184 , 0.223	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.191 , $0.228$	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	1073 reflections $(5.16%)$	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	29.3	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.158	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.39 , 49.0	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$< L >=0.48, < L^2>=0.31$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.039 for -h,-k,l	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.94	EDS
Total number of atoms	3185	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	40.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 4.64% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $< L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

## 5 Model quality (i)

## 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bo	nd lengths	Bo	ond angles
10101	Chain	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# $ Z  > 5$
1	A	1.74	40/3116 (1.3%)	1.40	40/4216 (0.9%)

The worst 5 of 40 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\operatorname{Observed}(\operatorname{\AA})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}( ext{\AA})$
1	A	145	PHE	CB-CG	-11.51	1.31	1.51
1	A	410	VAL	CB-CG2	-10.30	1.31	1.52
1	A	92	TYR	CD2-CE2	9.76	1.53	1.39
1	A	208	GLU	CD-OE1	9.04	1.35	1.25
1	A	402	VAL	CB-CG1	-8.95	1.34	1.52

The worst 5 of 40 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^o)$
1	A	325	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	11.08	128.27	118.30
1	A	20	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	-9.60	115.50	120.30
1	A	386	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	9.03	126.42	118.30
1	A	389	MET	CG-SD-CE	-8.72	86.25	100.20
1	A	127	LEU	CB-CG-CD1	8.38	125.24	111.00

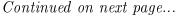
There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

## 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	$\mathbf{H}(\mathbf{model})$	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	Α	3055	0	3013	50	0





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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	A	130	0	0	4	0
All	All	3185	0	3013	50	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 8.

The worst 5 of 50 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$egin{array}{l}  ext{Interatomic} \  ext{distance} \ ( ext{Å}) \end{array}$	$egin{array}{c}  ext{Clash} \  ext{overlap } ( ext{Å}) \end{array}$
1:A:389:MET:CE	1:A:389:MET:SD	2.02	1.47
1:A:389:MET:CE	1:A:389:MET:CG	2.59	0.81
1:A:145:PHE:CD2	1:A:145:PHE:N	2.48	0.76
1:A:94:ALA:O	1:A:95:SER:OG	2.07	0.73
1:A:379:ARG:HD2	1:A:381:GLU:OE1	1.90	0.71

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

## 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	394/453 (87%)	370 (94%)	19 (5%)	5 (1%)	12 12

#### All (5) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	93	ALA
1	A	444	GLN
1	A	27	ASP
1	A	26	PRO
1	A	38	PRO



#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	311/353 (88%)	281 (90%)	30 (10%)	8 10

5 of 30 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	${f Res}$	$\mathbf{Type}$
1	A	176	THR
1	A	280	LEU
1	A	410	VAL
1	A	248	ARG
1	A	284	GLU

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 9 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	179	ASN
1	A	423	HIS
1	A	335	GLN
1	A	91	GLN
1	A	331	ASN

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.



## 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

## 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



## 6 Fit of model and data (i)

## 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	#RSRZ	>2	$OWAB( m \AA^2)$	Q<0.9
1	A	402/453 (88%)	0.02	25 (6%) 20	26	23, 36, 73, 98	0

The worst 5 of 25 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	445	GLY	12.3
1	A	291	SER	10.9
1	A	293	GLY	9.6
1	A	94	ALA	8.7
1	A	28	GLY	8.5

## 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

## 6.4 Ligands (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

## 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

