



Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report ⓘ

May 29, 2020 – 09:45 am BST

PDB ID : 6CZT
Title : CS-rosetta determined structures of the N-terminal domain of AlgF from *P. aeruginosa*
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Deposited on : 2018-04-09

This is a Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

Cyrange : Kirchner and Güntert (2011)
NmrClust : Kelley et al. (1996)
MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
RCI : v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)
ShiftChecker : 2.11
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.11

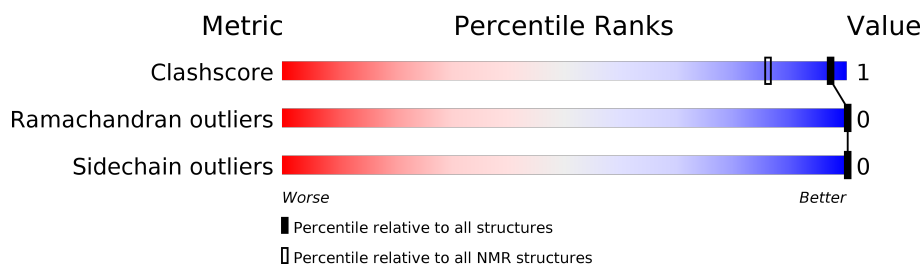
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

SOLUTION NMR

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 93%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	158937	12864
Ramachandran outliers	154571	11451
Sidechain outliers	154315	11428

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	196	

2 Ensemble composition and analysis

This entry contains 10 models. Model 3 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: *lowest energy*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues			
Well-defined core	Residue range (total)	Backbone RMSD (Å)	Medoid model
1	A:40-A:119 (80)	0.99	3

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 1 clusters and 1 single-model cluster was found.

Cluster number	Models
1	1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10
Single-model clusters	4

3 Entry composition

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 1185 atoms, of which 584 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Alginate biosynthesis protein AlgF.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					Trace
			Total	C	H	N	O	
1	A	82	1185	380	584	98	123	0

There are 9 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

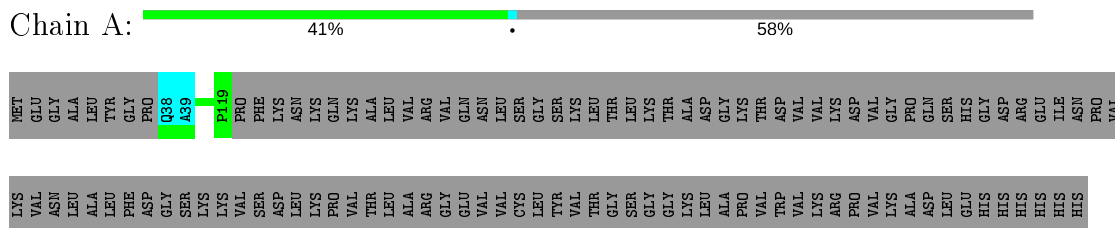
Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	30	MET	-	initiating methionine	UNP Q06062
A	218	LEU	-	expression tag	UNP Q06062
A	219	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP Q06062
A	220	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q06062
A	221	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q06062
A	222	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q06062
A	223	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q06062
A	224	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q06062
A	225	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q06062

4 Residue-property plots

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Alginate biosynthesis protein AlgF

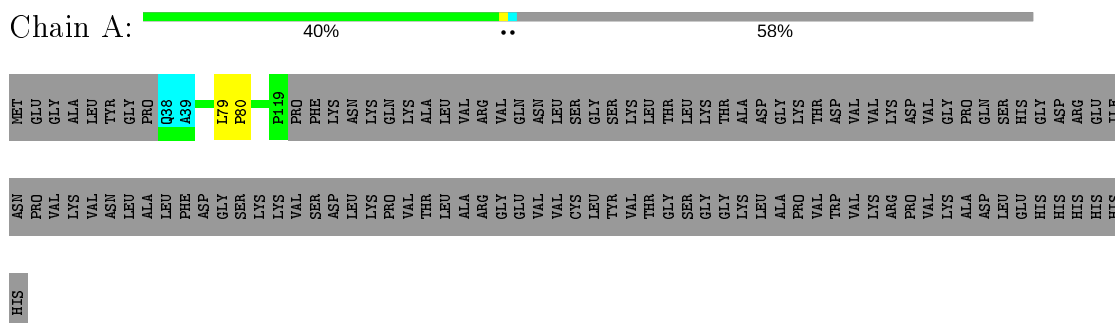


4.2 Scores per residue for each member of the ensemble

Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

4.2.1 Score per residue for model 1

- Molecule 1: Alginate biosynthesis protein AlgF

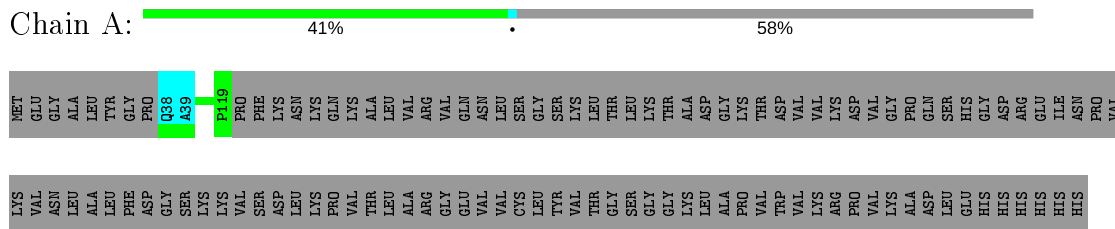


4.2.2 Score per residue for model 2

- Molecule 1: Alginate biosynthesis protein AlgF

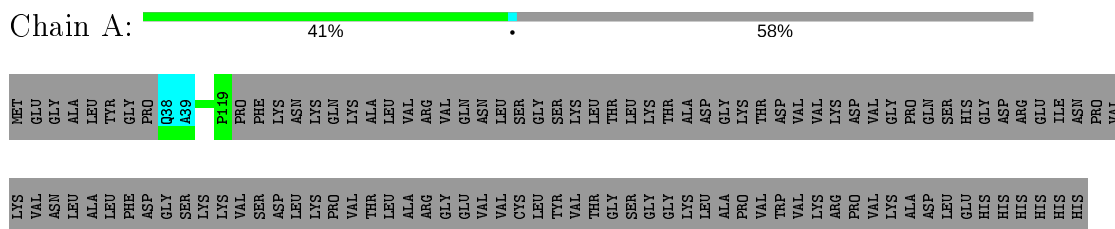
4.2.6 Score per residue for model 6

- Molecule 1: Alginate biosynthesis protein AlgF



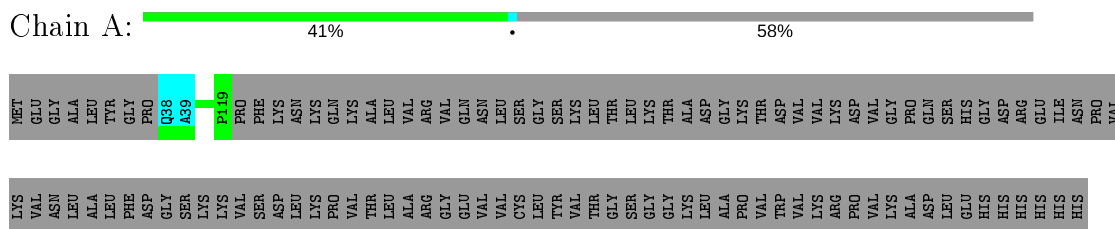
4.2.7 Score per residue for model 7

- Molecule 1: Alginate biosynthesis protein AlgF



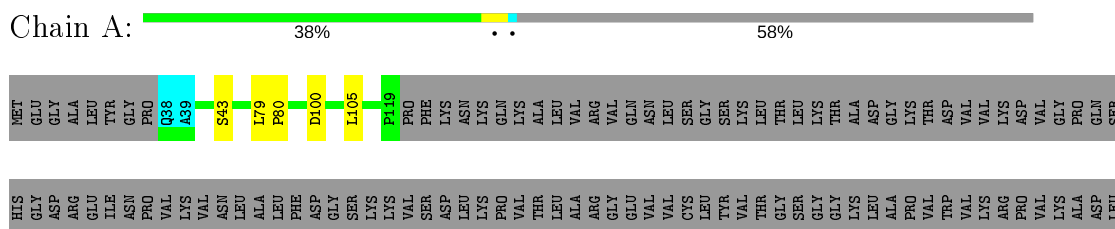
4.2.8 Score per residue for model 8

- Molecule 1: Alginate biosynthesis protein AlgF



4.2.9 Score per residue for model 9

- Molecule 1: Alginate biosynthesis protein AlgF



GLU
HIS
HIS
HIS
HIS
HIS
HIS

4.2.10 Score per residue for model 10

- Molecule 1: Alginate biosynthesis protein AlgF

Chain A:  41% . 58%

MET
GLU
GLY
ALA
LEU
LEU
TYR
GLY
PRO
Q38
A39
P119
PRO
PHE
LYS
LYS
ASN
LYS
GLN
LYS
LYS
ALA
LEU
VAL
ARG
VAL
GLY
GLN
ASN
LEU
SER
SER
GLY
SER
SER
LYS
LEU
LEU
THR
LYS
LYS
THR
ALA
ASP
GLY
LYS
THR
ASP
ASP
VAL
VAL
VAL
LYS
ASP
VAL
VAL
GLY
PRO
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PRO
GLN
SER
HIS
HIS
GLY
ASP
ASP
ARG
GLU
ILE
ASN
PRO
VAL

LYS
VAL
ASN
LEU
ALA
LEU
PHE
ASP
GLY
SER
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LYS
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ALA
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TRP
VAL
LYS
ARG
PRO
VAL
VAL
LYS
ALA
ASP
LEU
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HIS
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5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview

The models were refined using the following method: *molecular dynamics*.

Of the 3000 calculated structures, 10 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *structures with the lowest energy*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
CS-ROSETTA	refinement	
CS-ROSETTA	structure calculation	

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	input_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	2322
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	2322
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	93%

No validations of the models with respect to experimental NMR restraints is performed at this time.

6 Model quality [i](#)

6.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

There are no covalent bond-length or bond-angle outliers.

There are no bond-length outliers.

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

6.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	587	571	571	1±1
All	All	5870	5710	5710	7

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 1.

All unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:105:LEU:C	1:A:105:LEU:HD23	0.47	2.30	9	1
1:A:43:SER:O	1:A:100:ASP:N	0.44	2.51	9	1
1:A:79:LEU:N	1:A:80:PRO:CD	0.44	2.81	9	3
1:A:56:LEU:HD12	1:A:56:LEU:C	0.43	2.33	4	1
1:A:79:LEU:N	1:A:80:PRO:HD2	0.42	2.28	2	1

6.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

6.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	79/196 (40%)	77±1 (98±2%)	2±1 (2±2%)	0±0 (0±0%)	100	100
All	All	790/1960 (40%)	773 (98%)	17 (2%)	0 (0%)	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers.

6.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	66/163 (40%)	66±0 (100±0%)	0±0 (0±0%)	100	100
All	All	660/1630 (40%)	660 (100%)	0 (0%)	100	100

There are no protein residues with a non-rotameric sidechain to report.

6.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

7 Chemical shift validation [i](#)

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 93% for the well-defined parts and 93% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: input_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: *NMRstarSubmit.str*

7.1.1 Bookkeeping [i](#)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	2322
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	2322
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	7

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing [i](#)

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	Correction \pm precision, ppm	Suggested action
$^{13}\text{C}_\alpha$	191	0.25 ± 0.16	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}\text{C}_\beta$	173	0.15 ± 0.22	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}\text{C}'$	181	0.46 ± 0.15	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
^{15}N	171	-0.56 ± 0.38	None needed (imprecise)

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments [i](#)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 93%, i.e. 830 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 895. 16 out of 16 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	^1H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Backbone	366/382 (96%)	147/151 (97%)	152/160 (95%)	67/71 (94%)
Sidechain	419/454 (92%)	255/269 (95%)	155/170 (91%)	9/15 (60%)

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	Total	¹ H	¹³ C	¹⁵ N
Aromatic	45/59 (76%)	31/31 (100%)	14/28 (50%)	0/0 (—%)
Overall	830/895 (93%)	433/451 (96%)	321/358 (90%)	76/86 (88%)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the full structure. The overall completeness is 93%, i.e. 852 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 917. 16 out of 16 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	¹ H	¹³ C	¹⁵ N
Backbone	376/392 (96%)	151/155 (97%)	156/164 (95%)	69/73 (95%)
Sidechain	431/466 (92%)	262/276 (95%)	159/174 (91%)	10/16 (62%)
Aromatic	45/59 (76%)	31/31 (100%)	14/28 (50%)	0/0 (—%)
Overall	852/917 (93%)	444/462 (96%)	329/366 (90%)	79/89 (89%)

7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts [i](#)

The following table lists the statistically unusual chemical shifts. These are statistical measures, and large deviations from the mean do not necessarily imply incorrect assignments. Molecules containing paramagnetic centres or hemes are expected to give rise to anomalous chemical shifts.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift, ppm	Expected range, ppm	Z-score
1	A	220	HIS	HD2	0.26	9.28 – 4.78	-15.0
1	A	221	HIS	CB	46.98	40.69 – 19.69	8.0
1	A	128	LEU	HB3	-0.70	3.34 – -0.26	-6.2
1	A	136	GLY	N	132.75	129.07 – 90.27	5.9
1	A	212	ARG	CG	20.79	33.23 – 21.23	-5.4
1	A	179	LYS	HD3	2.78	2.75 – 0.45	5.1
1	A	179	LYS	HD2	2.78	2.76 – 0.46	5.1

7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots [i](#)

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:

