

# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

#### Aug 9, 2020 – 05:07 PM BST

PDB ID : 4D72

Title : Crystal structure of a family 98 glycoside hydrolase catalytic module

(Sp3GH98) in complex with the type 2 blood group A-tetrasaccharide (E558A

L19 mutant)

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Deposited on : 2014-11-19

Resolution : 2.11 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467

Mogul: 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13 EDS : 2.13.1

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

Refmac: 5.8.0158

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)

Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

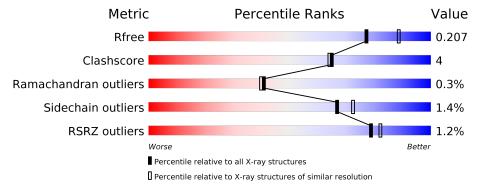
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.13.1

## 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.11 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Whole archive} \\ (\#\text{Entries}) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Similar \; resolution} \\ (\#{\rm Entries, \; resolution \; range(\AA)}) \end{array}$
$R_{free}$	130704	6241 (2.14-2.10)
Clashscore	141614	6778 (2.14-2.10)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	6705 (2.14-2.10)
Sidechain outliers	138945	6706 (2.14-2.10)
RSRZ outliers	127900	6112 (2.14-2.10)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain			
1	A	596	91%	7% ••		
2	В	3	67% 33%			



## 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 5 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 5419 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called GLYCOSIDE HYDROLASE.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	Λ	586	Total	С	N	О	S	0	4	0
1	A	360	4796	3073	809	901	13	0	4	0

There are 17 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	1004	LEU	=	expression tag	UNP A5LBQ0
A	1005	GLU	=	expression tag	UNP A5LBQ0
A	1006	HIS	_	expression tag	UNP A5LBQ0
A	1007	PRO	=	expression tag	UNP A5LBQ0
A	1008	PRO	_	expression tag	UNP A5LBQ0
A	1009	PRO	_	expression tag	UNP A5LBQ0
A	1010	PRO	=	expression tag	UNP A5LBQ0
A	1011	PRO	_	expression tag	UNP A5LBQ0
A	1012	LEU	-	expression tag	UNP A5LBQ0
A	1013	ARG	-	expression tag	UNP A5LBQ0
A	1014	SER	_	expression tag	UNP A5LBQ0
A	1015	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP A5LBQ0
A	1016	CYS	_	expression tag	UNP A5LBQ0
A	530	HIS	TYR	engineered mutation	UNP A5LBQ0
A	558	ALA	GLU	engineered mutation	UNP A5LBQ0
A	559	SER	ASN	engineered mutation	UNP A5LBQ0
A	592	SER	ASN	engineered mutation	UNP A5LBQ0

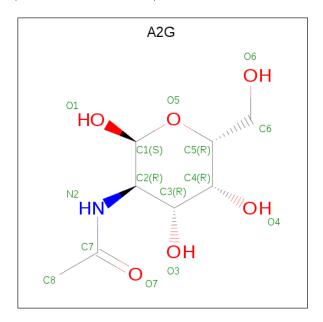
• Molecule 2 is an oligosaccharide called alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-2)-beta-D-galactopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.





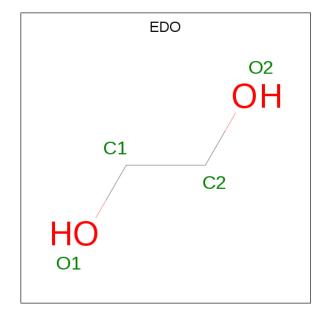
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
2	В	3	Total 36	C 20	N 1	O 15	0	0	0

• Molecule 3 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-alpha-D-galactopyranose (three-letter code: A2G) (formula:  $C_8H_{15}NO_6$ ).



$\mathbf{M}$	ol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
9		Λ	1	Total	С	N	О	0	0
)		А	1	14	8	1	5	U	0

• Molecule 4 is 1,2-ETHANEDIOL (three-letter code: EDO) (formula: C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>6</sub>O<sub>2</sub>).





$\mathbf{Mol}$	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total C O 4 2 2	0	0
4	A	1	Total C O 4 2 2	0	0

## $\bullet\,$ Molecule 5 is water.

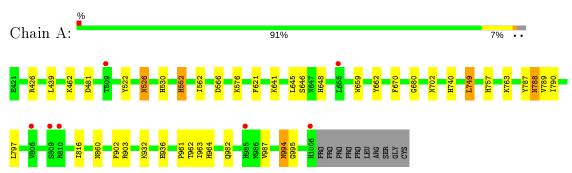
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	565	Total O 565 565	0	0



# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: GLYCOSIDE HYDROLASE



• Molecule 2: alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-2)-beta-D-galactopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-bet a-D-glucopyranose

Chain B: 67% 33%





## 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source	
Space group	C 2 2 21	Depositor	
Cell constants	$92.25 ext{Å}$ $154.42 ext{Å}$ $97.08 ext{Å}$	Denesiten	
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	$90.00^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$	Depositor	
Resolution (Å)	30.68 - 2.11	Depositor	
Resolution (A)	30.68 - 2.11	EDS	
% Data completeness	99.5 (30.68-2.11)	Depositor	
(in resolution range)	99.5 (30.68-2.11)	EDS	
$R_{merge}$	0.13	Depositor	
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor	
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	2.79 (at 2.12Å)	Xtriage	
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.5.0109	Depositor	
D D.	0.168 , 0.206	Depositor	
$R, R_{free}$	0.168 , $0.207$	DCC	
$R_{free}$ test set	2009 reflections $(5.02\%)$	wwPDB-VP	
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	18.1	Xtriage	
Anisotropy	0.034	Xtriage	
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.33 , 50.1	EDS	
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$< L >=0.49, < L^2>=0.32$	Xtriage	
Estimated twinning fraction	0.019  for  1/2*h-1/2*k,-3/2*h-1/2*k,-l	Xtriage	
Estimated twinning fraction	0.026  for  1/2 *h + 1/2 *k, 3/2 *h - 1/2 *k, -1	Airiage	
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.95	EDS	
Total number of atoms	5419	wwPDB-VP	
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	16.0	wwPDB-VP	

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.91% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $< L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

# 5 Model quality (i)

## 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: FUC, GAL, NAG, A2G, EDO

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

	/[a]	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
1	V101	Chain	RMSZ	# Z >5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	
	1	A	0.52	0/4930	0.58	0/6682	

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

## 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	$\mathbf{H}(\mathbf{model})$	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	4796	0	4612	37	0
2	В	36	0	33	3	0
3	A	14	0	12	2	0
4	A	8	0	12	0	0
5	A	565	0	0	6	0
All	All	5419	0	4669	39	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 4.

The worst 5 of 39 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.



Atom-1	Atom-2	$egin{array}{l}  ext{Interatomic} \  ext{distance} \ ( ext{Å}) \end{array}$	Clash overlap (Å)
3:A:2010:A2G:C1	2:B:2:GAL:O3	1.89	1.21
1:A:426:ARG:HH11	1:A:552:HIS:HD2	1.18	0.86
1:A:903:ARG:H	1:A:994:ASN:HD21	1.36	0.73
1:A:932:LYS:HE3	1:A:936:GLU:OE2	1.88	0.73
1:A:670:PHE:H	1:A:860:ASN:HD21	1.37	0.72

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles		
1	A	588/596 (99%)	568 (97%)	18 (3%)	2 (0%)	41 40		

#### All (2) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	481	ASP
1	A	562	ILE

## 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Analysed Rotameric		Percentiles		
1	A	514/524 (98%)	507 (99%)	7 (1%)	67 72		

5 of 7 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	749	LEU
1	A	994	ASN
1	A	788	ASN
1	A	552	HIS
1	A	982	GLN

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 21 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	648	HIS
1	A	740	HIS
1	A	924	GLN
1	A	632	ASN
1	A	964	HIS

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

3 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Tuno	Chain	Res	Link	Bo	nd leng	ths	В	ond ang	les
MIOI	Type	Chain	nes	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
2	NAG	В	1	2	15,15,15	0.49	0	21,21,21	1.11	0
2	GAL	В	2	2	11,11,12	0.71	0	15,15,17	2.25	5 (33%)
2	FUC	В	3	2	10,10,11	0.61	0	14,14,16	0.60	0



In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	${f Res}$	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	NAG	В	1	2	-	1/6/26/26	0/1/1/1
2	GAL	В	2	2	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
2	FUC	В	3	2	-	-	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

All (5) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\mathbf{Ideal}(^o)$
2	В	2	GAL	C1-O5-C5	6.18	120.56	112.19
2	В	2	GAL	O5-C1-C2	3.01	115.42	110.77
2	В	2	GAL	C1-C2-C3	2.71	112.99	109.67
2	В	2	GAL	O4-C4-C5	2.36	115.14	109.30
2	В	2	GAL	O3-C3-C2	-2.14	105.90	109.99

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	В	1	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6

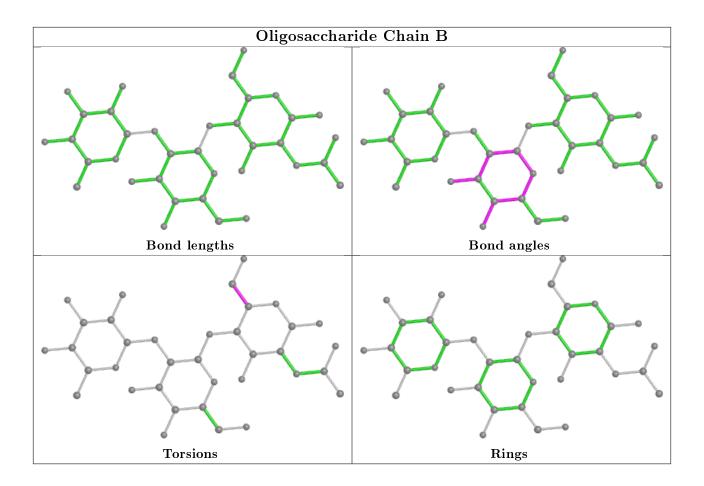
There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 3 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	В	2	GAL	3	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.





## 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

3 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Т	Chain	Dec	Dag	Des	Dec	Dag	Res	Dag	Des	Link	Bo	nd leng	ths	Bond angles		
MIOI	Type	Chain	nes	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2							
3	A2G	A	2010	-	14,14,15	0.92	0	17,19,21	1.75	3 (17%)							
4	EDO	A	2011	-	3,3,3	0.52	0	2,2,2	0.14	0							
4	EDO	A	2012	-	3,3,3	0.50	0	2,2,2	0.26	0							

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	A2G	A	2010	_	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	EDO	A	2011	-	-	0/1/1/1	-
4	EDO	A	2012	-	-	0/1/1/1	-

There are no bond length outliers.

All (3) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\mathbf{Ideal}(^o)$
3	A	2010	A2G	O5-C1-C2	4.92	119.05	111.29
3	A	2010	A2G	C1-O5-C5	3.36	116.75	112.19
3	A	2010	A2G	C2-N2-C7	-3.12	118.45	122.90

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 2 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	$\operatorname{Res}$	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	A	2010	A2G	2	0

## 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



## 6 Fit of model and data (i)

## 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	# RSRZ > 2		$OWAB(Å^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	A	586/596 (98%)	-0.43	7 (1%)	79 82	8, 14, 28, 40	7 (1%)

The worst 5 of 7 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	806	VAL	5.1
1	A	509	THR	2.3
1	A	810	ARG	2.3
1	A	809	SER	2.3
1	A	1006	HIS	2.1

## 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

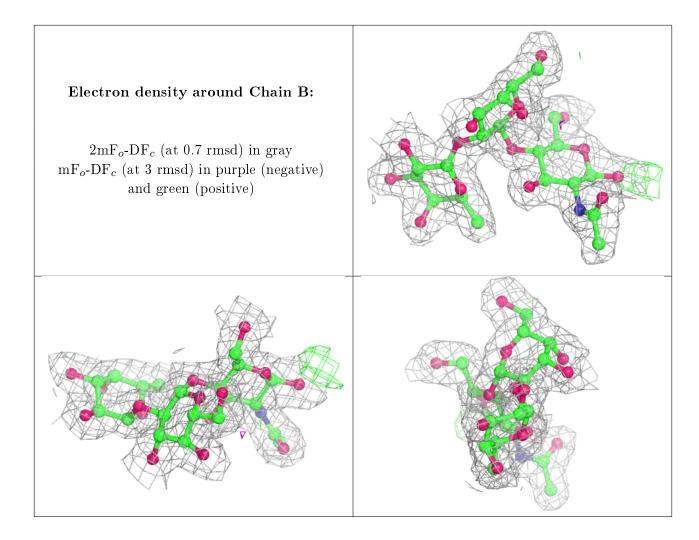
## 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	${f B-factors}({f A}^2)$	Q < 0.9
2	NAG	В	1	15/15	0.97	0.09	9,11,16,18	0
2	GAL	В	2	11/12	0.97	0.06	8,10,11,11	0
2	FUC	В	3	10/11	0.98	0.09	9,10,11,12	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density for oligosaccharide. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.





## 6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	m Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	${f B-factors(A^2)}$	$\mathbf{Q}{<}0.9$
3	A2G	A	2010	14/15	0.93	0.11	11,12,18,20	0
4	EDO	A	2012	4/4	0.98	0.13	13,14,17,19	0
4	EDO	A	2011	4/4	0.99	0.09	13,14,14,15	0

## 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

