

# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

Dec 12, 2023 – 01:51 pm GMT

PDB ID : 4D7T

Title : Structure of the SthK Carboxy-Terminal Region in complex with cAMP

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Tytgat, J.; Ulens, C.

Deposited on : 2014-11-27

Resolution : 2.58 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.orgA user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Mogul : 1.8.4, CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13

EDS : 2.36

buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

Refmac : 5.8.0158

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

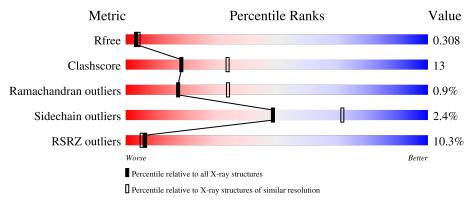
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36

# 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$ 

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.58 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	Similar resolution
Metric	$(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$(\#  ext{Entries},  ext{ resolution range}( ext{Å}))$
$R_{free}$	130704	3676 (2.60-2.56)
Clashscore	141614	4049 (2.60-2.56)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	3979 (2.60-2.56)
Sidechain outliers	138945	3979 (2.60-2.56)
RSRZ outliers	127900	3614 (2.60-2.56)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length		Qualit	y of chain	
1	A	198	6%	81%		18% •
1	В	198	14%	58%	27%	• 13%



# 2 Entry composition (i)

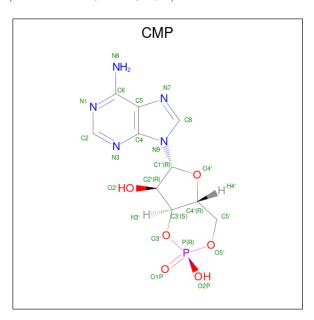
There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 2975 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called STHK\_CNBD\_CAMP.

Mol	Chain	Residues		$\mathbf{At}$	oms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	197	Total 1590	C 1020	7.1	O 287	S 4	0	0	0
1	В	173	Total 1340	C 870		O 244	S 3	0	0	0

• Molecule 2 is ADENOSINE-3',5'-CYCLIC-MONOPHOSPHATE (three-letter code: CMP) (formula:  $C_{10}H_{12}N_5O_6P$ ).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	
9	Λ	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0
	$Z \mid A$	1	22	10	5	6	1	0	0
2	D	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0
	Б	1	22	10	5	6	1	0	0

• Molecule 3 is water.



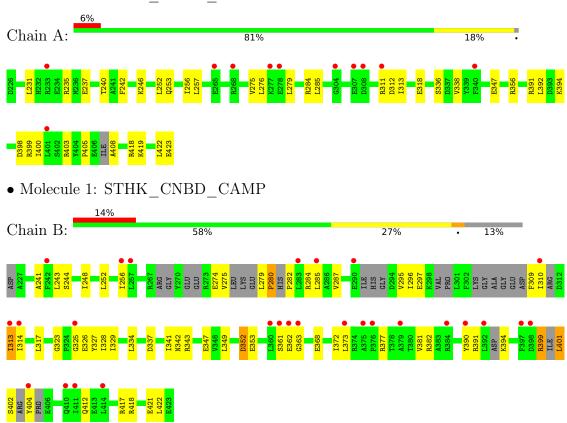
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	В	1	Total O 1 1	0	0



# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: STHK CNBD CAMP





# 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 4	Depositor
Cell constants	87.44Å 87.44Å 79.47Å	Donositon
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	$90.00^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	48.80 - 2.58	Depositor
Resolution (A)	48.80 - 2.58	EDS
% Data completeness	98.9 (48.80-2.58)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	91.9 (48.80-2.58)	EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.05	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	1.01 (at 2.58Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX (PHENIX.REFINE)	Depositor
D D.	0.265 , 0.310	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.268 , $0.308$	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	971 reflections (5.18%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	64.3	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.168	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.27 , 54.6	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$< L > = 0.48, < L^2> = 0.30$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.063 for h,-k,-l	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.91	EDS
Total number of atoms	2975	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	99.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The analyses of the Patterson function reveals a significant off-origin peak that is 29.02 % of the origin peak, indicating pseudo-translational symmetry. The chance of finding a peak of this or larger height randomly in a structure without pseudo-translational symmetry is equal to 1.6649e-03. The detected translational NCS is most likely also responsible for the elevated intensity ratio.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $<L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

# 5 Model quality (i)

### 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: CMP

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol Chain		Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
MIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	
1	A	0.27	0/1620	0.45	0/2185	
1	В	0.29	0/1356	0.57	$2/1826 \ (0.1\%)$	
All	All	0.28	0/2976	0.50	2/4011 (0.0%)	

There are no bond length outliers.

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
1	В	401	LEU	CA-CB-CG	7.74	133.11	115.30
1	В	334	LEU	CA-CB-CG	5.38	127.67	115.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1590	0	1584	20	0
1	В	1340	0	1271	56	0
2	A	22	0	11	1	0
2	В	22	0	11	3	0
3	В	1	0	0	0	0
All	All	2975	0	2877	78	0



The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 13.

All (78) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic	Clash
		distance (Å)	overlap (Å)
2:A:1424:CMP:H2	2:A:1424:CMP:C2	0.97	1.49
2:B:1424:CMP:H2	2:B:1424:CMP:C2	0.97	1.48
1:B:399:ARG:HE	1:B:402:SER:CA	1.51	1.23
1:B:399:ARG:NE	1:B:402:SER:HB2	1.55	1.19
1:B:399:ARG:CD	1:B:402:SER:HB2	1.76	1.14
1:B:399:ARG:C	1:B:401:LEU:N	2.03	1.12
1:B:402:SER:HG	1:B:404:TYR:N	1.47	1.12
1:B:399:ARG:HE	1:B:402:SER:CB	1.69	1.06
1:B:399:ARG:NE	1:B:402:SER:CB	2.24	0.97
1:B:399:ARG:HD3	1:B:402:SER:HB2	1.50	0.93
1:B:399:ARG:HG3	1:B:402:SER:H	1.38	0.88
1:B:399:ARG:NE	1:B:402:SER:CA	2.36	0.87
1:B:325:GLY:O	1:B:382:ARG:NH1	2.07	0.87
1:B:399:ARG:HE	1:B:402:SER:HA	1.41	0.83
1:B:399:ARG:CG	1:B:402:SER:H	1.93	0.82
1:B:353:GLU:OE1	1:B:382:ARG:NH2	2.16	0.77
1:B:399:ARG:HG3	1:B:401:LEU:N	2.01	0.76
1:B:402:SER:OG	1:B:404:TYR:N	2.18	0.75
1:B:337:ASP:OD1	1:B:394:LYS:N	2.21	0.73
1:B:399:ARG:CD	1:B:402:SER:CB	2.60	0.73
1:B:399:ARG:HG3	1:B:402:SER:N	2.02	0.73
1:B:399:ARG:HE	1:B:402:SER:N	1.86	0.72
1:B:342:ASN:HD22	1:B:390:TYR:HE1	1.37	0.72
1:B:377:ARG:NH1	2:B:1424:CMP:O2P	2.24	0.69
1:B:285:LEU:HD12	1:B:314:ILE:HG12	1.77	0.66
1:A:336:SER:HB2	1:A:394:LYS:HB3	1.80	0.63
1:A:313:ILE:HD13	1:A:400:ILE:HG13	1.80	0.63
1:B:342:ASN:O	1:B:362:GLU:HG3	1.99	0.63
1:B:399:ARG:NE	1:B:402:SER:N	2.45	0.63
1:A:275:VAL:HG13	1:A:276:LEU:HG	1.81	0.62
1:B:243:LEU:HB3	1:B:248:ILE:HG13	1.83	0.60
1:B:362:GLU:CD	1:B:363:GLY:H	2.05	0.60
1:B:309:PHE:HB3	1:B:404:TYR:CZ	2.38	0.59
1:B:399:ARG:CA	1:B:401:LEU:N	2.65	0.59
1:B:323:GLY:N	1:B:326:GLU:OE2	2.35	0.59
1:A:231:LEU:O	1:A:235:ARG:HG2	2.03	0.59
1:A:398:ASP:OD1	1:A:399:ARG:N	2.35	0.58

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Continued from prev	lous page	Interatomic	Clash
Atom-1	Atom-2	distance (Å)	overlap (Å)
1:A:318:GLU:OE1	1:A:391:ARG:NH1	2.37	0.58
1:B:368:GLU:OE2	1:B:418:ARG:NH1	2.37	0.57
1:B:349:LEU:HB3	1:B:353:GLU:HA	1.91	0.53
1:B:252:LEU:O	1:B:256:ILE:HG12	2.10	0.52
1:B:317:LEU:HD22	1:B:390:TYR:HB3	1.92	0.52
1:B:399:ARG:N	1:B:401:LEU:N	2.57	0.52
1:B:399:ARG:CG	1:B:402:SER:N	2.65	0.51
1:B:372:ILE:HG23	1:B:412:GLN:HG2	1.93	0.51
1:B:352:ASP:OD1	1:B:352:ASP:N	2.31	0.50
1:A:235:ARG:HH11	1:A:235:ARG:HG3	1.77	0.49
1:B:241:ALA:O	1:B:244:SER:OG	2.30	0.49
1:B:313:ILE:HG23	1:B:317:LEU:HG	1.95	0.49
1:A:418:ARG:O	1:A:422:LEU:HB2	2.13	0.48
1:A:276:LEU:HA	1:A:279:LEU:HD13	1.96	0.47
1:B:399:ARG:HD3	1:B:402:SER:CB	2.35	0.47
1:B:284:ARG:H	1:B:284:ARG:HG2	1.49	0.47
1:B:279:LEU:HA	1:B:280:PRO:HD3	1.56	0.47
1:B:280:PRO:O	1:B:284:ARG:HG2	2.15	0.47
1:B:295:VAL:HG21	1:B:342:ASN:HA	1.98	0.46
1:A:276:LEU:O	1:A:284:ARG:HD3	2.15	0.46
1:A:285:LEU:HD21	1:A:311:ARG:HG3	1.98	0.46
1:B:296:ILE:HD13	1:B:310:ILE:HG13	1.97	0.46
1:A:419:LYS:HE3	1:A:423:GLU:OE2	2.17	0.45
1:A:338:VAL:HG13	1:A:392:LEU:HB3	1.98	0.45
1:B:328:ILE:O	1:B:329:ILE:HD13	2.17	0.44
1:B:284:ARG:HA	1:B:287:VAL:HG22	1.99	0.44
1:B:368:GLU:OE1	2:B:1424:CMP:O2'	2.34	0.44
1:A:253:GLN:O	1:A:257:LEU:HG	2.18	0.44
1:A:347:GLU:OE2	1:A:356:ARG:NH2	2.49	0.44
1:B:399:ARG:NE	1:B:402:SER:HA	2.20	0.43
1:B:327:TYR:OH	1:B:382:ARG:NH2	2.51	0.42
1:B:418:ARG:O	1:B:422:LEU:HB2	2.20	0.42
1:A:312:ASP:CG	1:A:403:ARG:HH22	2.23	0.42
1:A:405:PRO:HA	1:A:408:ALA:HB3	2.02	0.41
1:B:417:ARG:O	1:B:421:GLU:HG2	2.20	0.41
1:A:252:LEU:O	1:A:256:ILE:HG12	2.21	0.41
1:B:347:GLU:O	1:B:381:VAL:HA	2.21	0.41
1:A:237:GLU:HA	1:A:240:THR:HB	2.03	0.41
1:B:342:ASN:HB3	1:B:343:ARG:HG2	2.03	0.41
1:A:242:PHE:O	1:A:246:LYS:HG2	2.21	0.40
1:B:341:ILE:HD12	1:B:361:SER:O	2.21	0.40



There are no symmetry-related clashes.

### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	entiles
1	A	193/198 (98%)	184 (95%)	9 (5%)	0	100	100
1	В	151/198 (76%)	135 (89%)	13 (9%)	3 (2%)	7	13
All	All	344/396 (87%)	319 (93%)	22 (6%)	3 (1%)	17	34

#### All (3) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	280	PRO
1	В	282	PRO
1	В	297	GLU

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percen	ntiles
1	A	161/171 (94%)	161 (100%)	0	100	100
1	В	128/171 (75%)	121 (94%)	7 (6%)	21	41
All	All	289/342 (84%)	282 (98%)	7 (2%)	49	72

All (7) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	274	GLU
1	В	275	VAL
1	В	313	ILE
1	В	352	ASP
1	В	373	LEU
1	В	391	ARG
1	В	399	ARG

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (1) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	342	ASN

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

### 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

2 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Т	Chain	Dag	Link	Во	ond leng	ths	В	ond ang	les
MIOI	Type	Chain	Res	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
2	CMP	A	1424	-	22,25,25	2.36	8 (36%)	24,39,39	1.45	5 (20%)
2	CMP	В	1424	-	22,25,25	2.28	8 (36%)	24,39,39	1.57	5 (20%)



In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	CMP	A	1424	-	-	0/0/31/31	0/4/4/4
2	CMP	В	1424	-	-	0/0/31/31	0/4/4/4

All (16) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	Ideal(A)
2	A	1424	CMP	P-O5'	6.69	1.65	1.57
2	В	1424	CMP	P-O5'	6.34	1.64	1.57
2	A	1424	CMP	P-O3'	3.83	1.64	1.57
2	A	1424	CMP	O4'-C1'	3.77	1.46	1.41
2	В	1424	CMP	O4'-C1'	3.65	1.46	1.41
2	В	1424	CMP	P-O3'	3.65	1.63	1.57
2	A	1424	CMP	O5'-C5'	-3.45	1.41	1.46
2	В	1424	CMP	O5'-C5'	-3.12	1.41	1.46
2	В	1424	CMP	O3'-C3'	-2.88	1.40	1.44
2	В	1424	CMP	C2'-C1'	2.86	1.58	1.53
2	A	1424	CMP	O4'-C4'	-2.64	1.39	1.45
2	A	1424	CMP	O3'-C3'	-2.56	1.40	1.44
2	A	1424	CMP	C2'-C1'	2.48	1.57	1.53
2	В	1424	CMP	O4'-C4'	-2.18	1.40	1.45
2	A	1424	CMP	C2-N3	2.18	1.35	1.32
2	В	1424	CMP	C2-N3	2.12	1.35	1.32

All (10) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
2	В	1424	CMP	O5'-P-O3'	-4.17	99.93	105.68
2	A	1424	CMP	O5'-P-O3'	-3.79	100.46	105.68
2	В	1424	CMP	O2P-P-O5'	2.92	114.27	107.16
2	В	1424	CMP	C1'-N9-C4	-2.66	121.97	126.64
2	A	1424	CMP	O2P-P-O5'	2.64	113.61	107.16
2	A	1424	CMP	C1'-N9-C4	-2.56	122.14	126.64
2	В	1424	CMP	C5'-C4'-C3'	2.44	117.45	112.49
2	A	1424	CMP	O3'-C3'-C2'	2.31	117.87	115.61
2	В	1424	CMP	C2'-C3'-C4'	-2.25	99.23	103.22
2	A	1424	CMP	C5'-C4'-C3'	2.01	116.57	112.49

There are no chirality outliers.



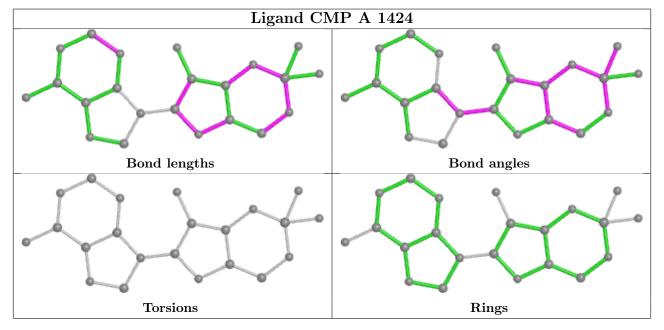
There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

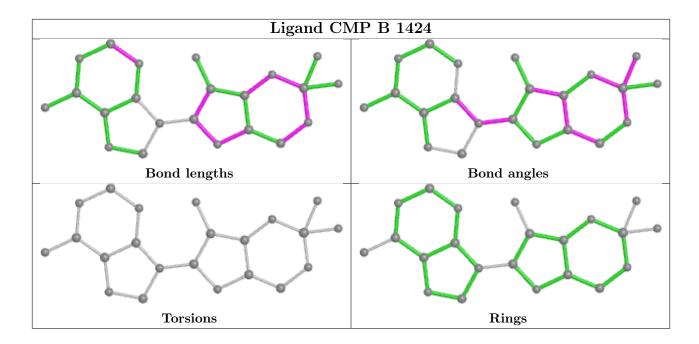
2 monomers are involved in 4 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	A	1424	CMP	1	0
2	В	1424	CMP	3	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.







# 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

# 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



# 6 Fit of model and data (i)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	$\#\mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$	$OWAB(A^2)$	Q<0.9
1	A	197/198 (99%)	0.54	11 (5%) 24 21	51, 79, 136, 192	0
1	В	173/198 (87%)	0.83	27 (15%) 2 1	79, 112, 166, 228	0
All	All	370/396 (93%)	0.68	38 (10%) 6 5	51, 98, 151, 228	0

All (38) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	В	313	ILE	8.4
1	В	314	ILE	7.8
1	В	397	PHE	6.9
1	В	242	PHE	6.5
1	В	398	ASP	5.6
1	A	401	LEU	5.5
1	В	256	ILE	5.3
1	A	304	GLY	5.0
1	В	376	PRO	4.7
1	A	307	GLU	3.8
1	В	362	GLU	3.6
1	В	363	GLY	3.5
1	A	308	ASP	3.5
1	В	392	LEU	3.3
1	В	390	TYR	3.0
1	A	311	ARG	3.0
1	В	410	GLN	3.0
1	A	265	GLU	2.9
1	A	278	GLU	2.8
1	В	384	ARG	2.7
1	В	379	ALA	2.6
1	A	340	PHE	2.6
1	В	325	GLY	2.5
1	A	277	LYS	2.5

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	В	283	LEU	2.5
1	В	404	TYR	2.5
1	В	375	ALA	2.5
1	A	268	ARG	2.4
1	В	285	LEU	2.4
1	В	361	SER	2.4
1	В	411	ILE	2.4
1	В	290	GLU	2.3
1	В	373	LEU	2.2
1	В	310	ILE	2.2
1	В	257	LEU	2.1
1	В	360	LEU	2.1
1	В	414	LEU	2.1
1	A	233	ARG	2.1

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

### 6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

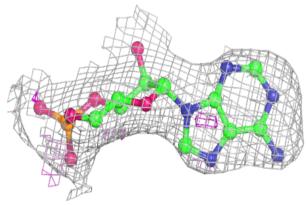
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
2	CMP	В	1424	22/22	0.93	0.18	69,78,106,135	0
2	CMP	A	1424	22/22	0.97	0.16	55,68,80,113	0

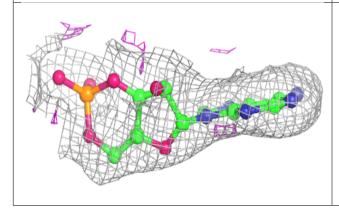
The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

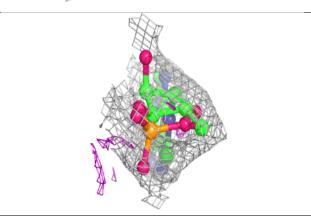


# Electron density around CMP B 1424:

 $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  $\mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

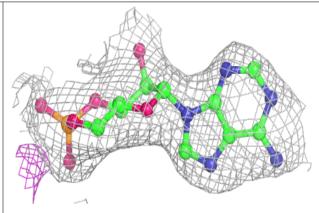


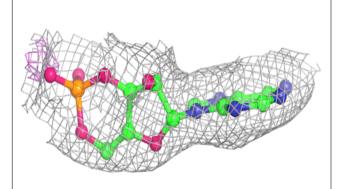


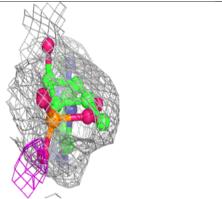


#### Electron density around CMP A 1424:

 $2 {
m mF}_o {
m -DF}_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  ${
m mF}_o {
m -DF}_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)









# 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

