

wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report (i)

Nov 21, 2022 – 07:01 PM JST

PDB ID : 7DD6

EMDB ID : EMD-30645

Title: Structure of Ca2+/L-Trp-bound Calcium-Sensing Receptor in active state

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Deposited on : 2020-10-27

Resolution : 3.20 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB EM Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (i)) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev43

Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

MapQ: 1.9.9

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

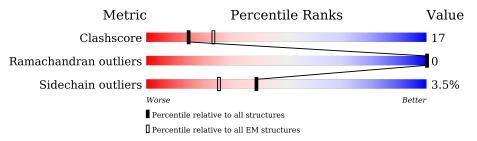
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.31.3

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.20 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive $(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	${ m EM\ structures} \ (\#{ m Entries})$
Clashscore	158937	4297
Ramachandran outliers	154571	4023
Sidechain outliers	154315	3826

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion <40%). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain				
1	Λ	1069	<u> </u>			_	
1	A	1009	51%		22%	•	26%
1	В	1069	53%		21%	•	26%
2	С	2	50%			50%	
2	D	2		100%			
2	Е	2	50%			50%	
2	F	2		100%			



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 6 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 12678 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Calcium-sensing Receptor.

Mol	Chain	Residues	\mathbf{Atoms}					AltConf	Trace
1	A	791	Total 6209	C 4031	N 1003	O 1140	S 35	0	0
1	В	792	Total 6235	C 4048	N 1007	O 1145	S 35	0	0

• Molecule 2 is an oligosaccharide called 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-a cetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	AltConf	Trace
2	С	2	Total C N O	0	0
2		2	28 16 2 10	0	U
2	D	2	Total C N O	0	0
2	D		28 16 2 10		U
2	Е	2	Total C N O	0	0
2	<u> 1</u> 2	2	28 16 2 10	0	U
2	F	9	Total C N O	0	0
2	I'	2	28 16 2 10	0	U

• Molecule 3 is CHLORIDE ION (three-letter code: CL) (formula: Cl).

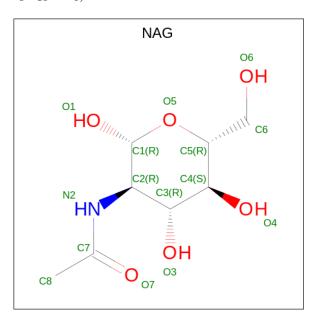
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	AltConf
3	A	1	Total Cl 1 1	0
3	В	1	Total Cl 1 1	0

• Molecule 4 is CALCIUM ION (three-letter code: CA) (formula: Ca).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	AltConf
4	A	3	Total Ca 3 3	0
4	В	3	Total Ca 3 3	0

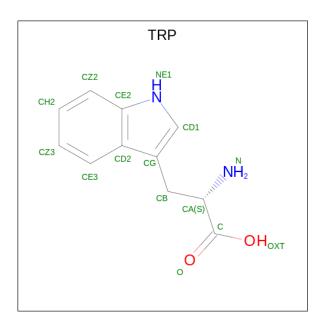
 \bullet Molecule 5 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (three-letter code: NAG) (formula: $\rm C_8H_{15}NO_6).$



Mol	Chain	Residues	A	Atoms			
5	A	1	Total	С	N	О	0
9	Λ	1	42	24	3	15	0
5	A	1	Total	С	N	О	0
9	Λ	1	42	24	3	15	U
5	A	1	Total	С	N	О	0
	Λ	1	42	24	3	15	U
5	В	1	Total	С	N	O	0
	Ъ	1	42	24	3	15	U
5	В	1	Total	С	N	O	0
	D	1	42	24	3	15	U
5	В	1	Total	С	N	O	0
	ט	1	42	24	3	15	

 \bullet Molecule 6 is TRYPTOPHAN (three-letter code: TRP) (formula: $C_{11}H_{12}N_2O_2).$





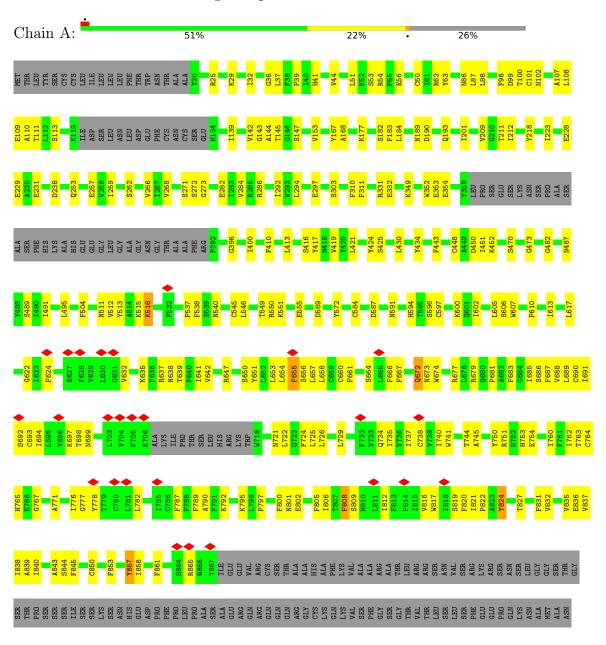
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			AltConf	
6	Λ	1	Total	С	N	О	0
0	A	1	15	11	2	2	U
6	D	1	Total	С	N	О	0
0	Б	1	15	11	2	2	U



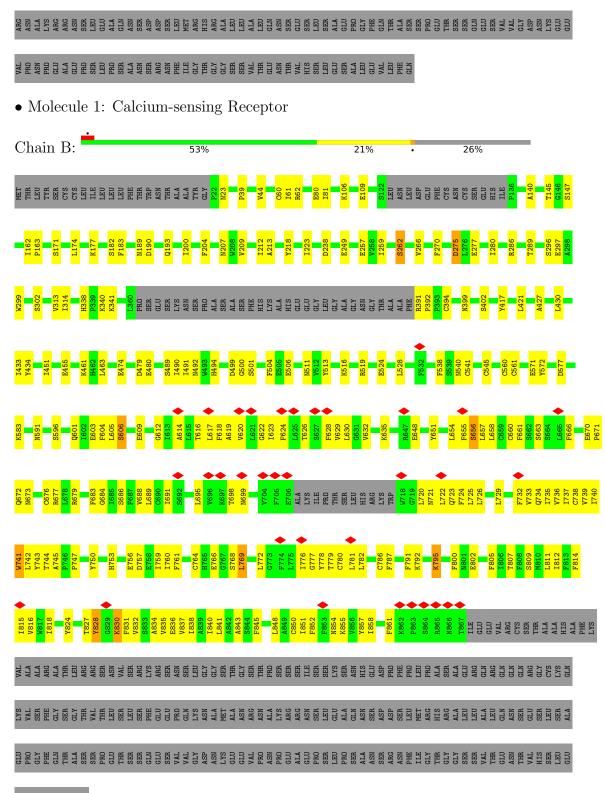
3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Calcium-sensing Receptor







SER ALA LEU GLU VAL LEU PHE GLN

 $\bullet \ \, \text{Molecule 2: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2$

Chain C: 50% 50%





 \bullet Molecule 2: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain D: 100%



 \bullet Molecule 2: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain E: 50% 50%



 \bullet Molecule 2: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain F:





4 Experimental information (i)

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, Not provided	
Number of particles used	100488	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	NONE	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TITAN	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose $(e^-/\text{Å}^2)$	50	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	Not provided	
Maximum defocus (nm)	Not provided	
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	GATAN K2 SUMMIT (4k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	3.136	Depositor
Minimum map value	-1.794	Depositor
Average map value	0.000	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.091	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.4	Depositor
Map size (Å)	283.92, 283.92, 283.92	wwPDB
Map dimensions	280, 280, 280	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	1.014, 1.014, 1.014	Depositor



5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: CL, CA, NAG

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5	
1	A	0.40	0/6368	0.50	0/8648	
1	В	0.40	0/6395	0.50	0/8683	
All	All	0.40	0/12763	0.50	0/17331	

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	6209	0	6018	207	0
1	В	6235	0	6055	206	0
2	С	28	0	25	1	0
2	D	28	0	25	0	0
2	Е	28	0	25	2	0
2	F	28	0	25	2	0
3	A	1	0	0	0	0
3	В	1	0	0	0	0
4	A	3	0	0	0	0
4	В	3	0	0	0	0
5	A	42	0	39	0	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
5	В	42	0	39	0	0
6	A	15	0	9	1	0
6	В	15	0	9	1	0
All	All	12678	0	12269	412	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 17.

The worst 5 of 412 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	$egin{aligned} ext{Clash} \ ext{overlap } (ext{Å}) \end{aligned}$
1:B:623:ILE:CD1	1:B:661:PHE:HB3	1.50	1.38
1:A:827:THR:HG23	1:A:832:VAL:CG2	1.64	1.27
1:B:623:ILE:HD11	1:B:661:PHE:CB	1.63	1.26
1:A:60:CYS:SG	1:A:101:CYS:HB3	1.75	1.25
1:A:60:CYS:SG	1:A:101:CYS:CB	2.24	1.25

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	avoured Allowed		Percentiles	
1	A	783/1069~(73%)	740 (94%)	43 (6%)	0	100 100	0
1	В	784/1069~(73%)	744 (95%)	40 (5%)	0	100 100	0
All	All	$1567/2138 \ (73\%)$	1484 (95%)	83 (5%)	0	100 100	0

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.



5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric Outliers		Percentiles		
1	A	670/926 (72%)	647 (97%)	23 (3%)	37	70	
1	В	675/926 (73%)	651 (96%)	24 (4%)	35	69	
All	All	1345/1852 (73%)	1298 (96%)	47 (4%)	39	69	

5 of 47 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	275	ASP
1	В	656	SER
1	В	394	CYS
1	В	618	PHE
1	В	741	TRP

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 13 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	245	GLN
1	В	260	GLN
1	В	734	GLN
1	В	465	HIS
1	В	492	ASN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.



5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

8 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link Bond lengths			ths	Bond angles		
MIOI	Type	Chain	nes	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2
2	NAG	С	1	1,2	14,14,15	1.62	3 (21%)	17,19,21	2.30	4 (23%)
2	NAG	С	2	2	14,14,15	1.80	4 (28%)	17,19,21	1.56	6 (35%)
2	NAG	D	1	1,2	14,14,15	1.70	3 (21%)	17,19,21	1.27	3 (17%)
2	NAG	D	2	2	14,14,15	1.80	4 (28%)	17,19,21	1.23	2 (11%)
2	NAG	Е	1	1,2	14,14,15	1.84	4 (28%)	17,19,21	1.70	5 (29%)
2	NAG	Е	2	2	14,14,15	1.76	4 (28%)	17,19,21	1.21	2 (11%)
2	NAG	F	1	1,2	14,14,15	1.72	3 (21%)	17,19,21	1.20	2 (11%)
2	NAG	F	2	2	14,14,15	1.72	3 (21%)	17,19,21	1.24	2 (11%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	NAG	С	1	1,2	-	4/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	С	2	2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	D	1	1,2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	D	2	2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	Е	1	1,2	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	Е	2	2	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	F	1	1,2	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	F	2	2	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

The worst 5 of 28 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\operatorname{Observed}(\operatorname{\AA})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(ext{ iny A})$
2	Ε	1	NAG	O5-C1	3.42	1.49	1.43

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	$Ideal(\AA)$
2	F	1	NAG	C7-N2	3.29	1.45	1.34
2	D	2	NAG	O5-C1	3.26	1.48	1.43
2	С	2	NAG	C7-N2	3.25	1.45	1.34
2	D	2	NAG	C7-N2	3.24	1.45	1.34

The worst 5 of 26 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$Observed(^o)$	$\mathrm{Ideal}(^{o})$
2	С	1	NAG	C3-C4-C5	5.22	119.55	110.24
2	С	1	NAG	C1-O5-C5	-4.77	105.73	112.19
2	Е	1	NAG	C1-O5-C5	3.43	116.84	112.19
2	С	1	NAG	C4-C3-C2	3.25	115.78	111.02
2	С	2	NAG	C2-N2-C7	-3.16	118.41	122.90

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 12 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	С	1	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
2	F	1	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
2	F	1	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
2	Е	2	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
2	С	1	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6

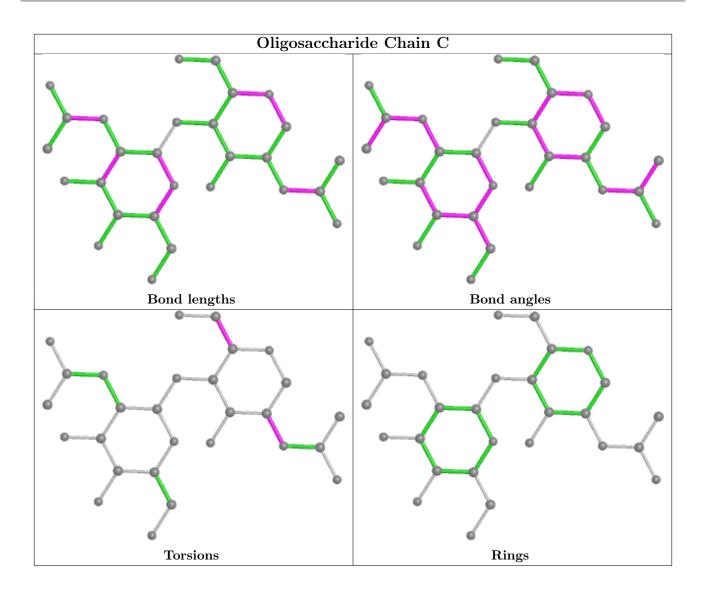
There are no ring outliers.

4 monomers are involved in 5 short contacts:

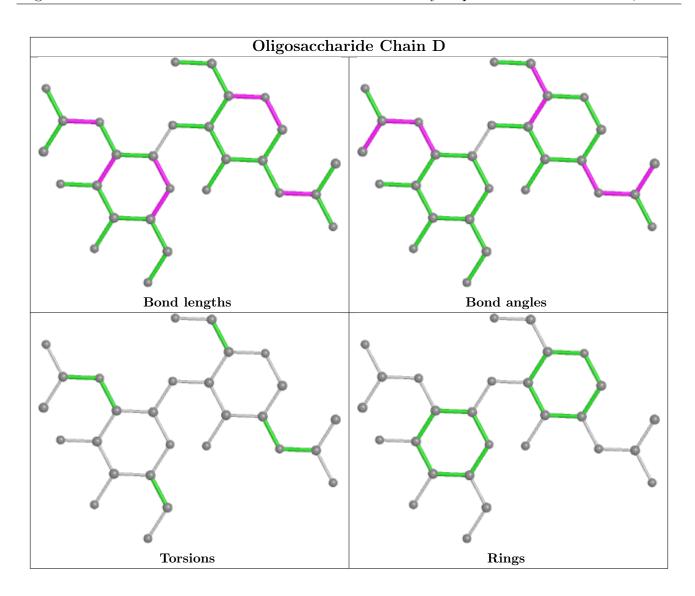
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	Е	1	NAG	2	0
2	F	1	NAG	2	0
2	F	2	NAG	1	0
2	С	1	NAG	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.

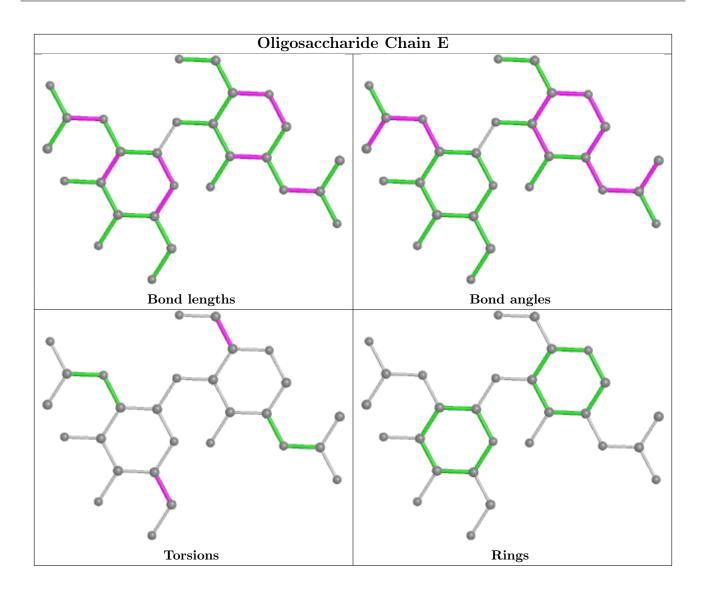




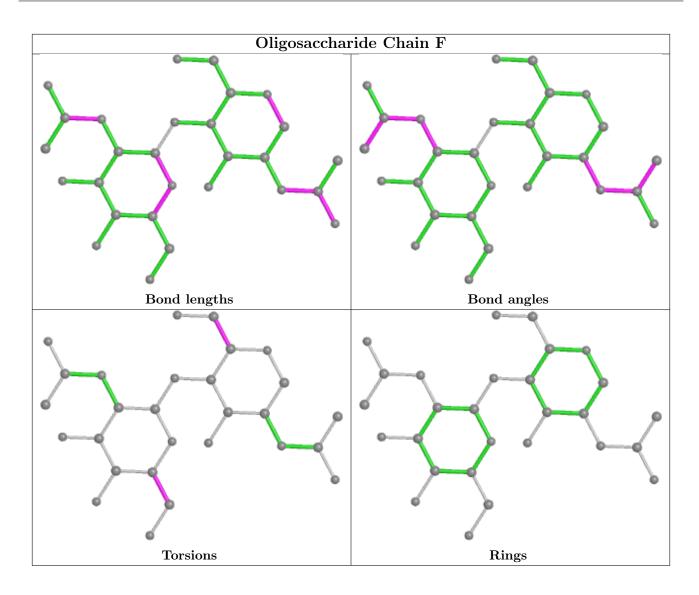












5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 16 ligands modelled in this entry, 8 are monoatomic - leaving 8 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Tune	Chain	Res Link		Вс	ond leng	ths	В	ond ang	les
MIOI	Type	Chain	nes	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
5	NAG	В	1106	1	14,14,15	1.75	3 (21%)	17,19,21	1.40	4 (23%)
5	NAG	В	1107	1	14,14,15	1.80	4 (28%)	17,19,21	1.18	2 (11%)
5	NAG	A	1105	1	14,14,15	1.76	3 (21%)	17,19,21	1.10	1 (5%)



Mol	Tuno	Chain	Res	Res Link Bond lengths			Bond angles			
MIOI	Type	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
6	TRP	A	1108	-	14,16,16	1.15	1 (7%)	16,22,22	0.84	0
5	NAG	A	1107	1	14,14,15	1.77	3 (21%)	17,19,21	1.04	0
5	NAG	В	1105	1	14,14,15	1.80	4 (28%)	17,19,21	1.09	1 (5%)
6	TRP	В	1108	-	14,16,16	1.14	1 (7%)	16,22,22	0.85	0
5	NAG	A	1106	1	14,14,15	1.84	3 (21%)	17,19,21	1.31	2 (11%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
5	NAG	В	1106	1	-	4/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
5	NAG	В	1107	1	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
5	NAG	A	1105	1	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
6	TRP	A	1108	-	-	2/7/8/8	0/2/2/2
5	NAG	A	1107	1	-	4/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
5	NAG	В	1105	1	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
6	TRP	В	1108	-	-	1/7/8/8	0/2/2/2
5	NAG	A	1106	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

The worst 5 of 22 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	Ideal(A)
5	A	1106	NAG	O5-C1	3.50	1.49	1.43
5	A	1107	NAG	C7-N2	3.32	1.45	1.34
5	В	1105	NAG	C7-N2	3.32	1.45	1.34
5	В	1106	NAG	C7-N2	3.31	1.45	1.34
5	В	1107	NAG	C7-N2	3.29	1.45	1.34

The worst 5 of 10 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(^{o})$
5	A	1106	NAG	C2-N2-C7	-2.93	118.73	122.90
5	В	1106	NAG	C3-C4-C5	2.85	115.33	110.24
5	A	1106	NAG	C8-C7-N2	2.43	120.21	116.10
5	A	1105	NAG	C8-C7-N2	2.35	120.08	116.10
5	В	1107	NAG	C6-C5-C4	-2.26	107.72	113.00

There are no chirality outliers.



5 of 17 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
5	A	1107	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
5	В	1106	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
5	A	1105	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
5	A	1107	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
5	В	1106	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6

There are no ring outliers.

2 monomers are involved in 2 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
6	A	1108	TRP	1	0
6	В	1108	TRP	1	0

5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



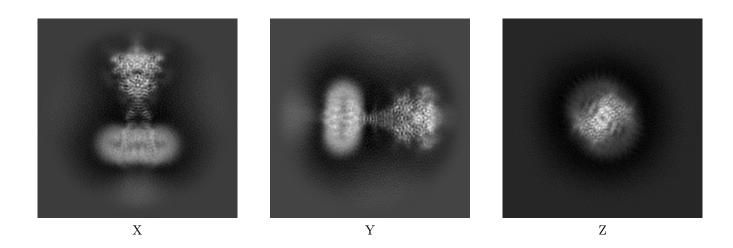
6 Map visualisation (i)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-30645. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

No raw map or half-maps were deposited for this entry and therefore no images, graphs, etc. pertaining to the raw map can be shown.

6.1 Orthogonal projections (i)

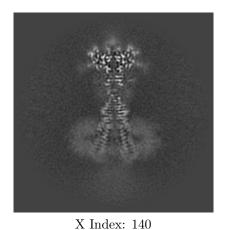
6.1.1 Primary map

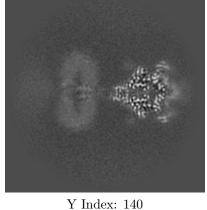


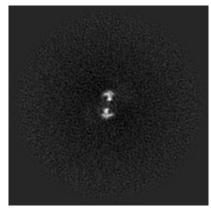
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices (i)

6.2.1 Primary map







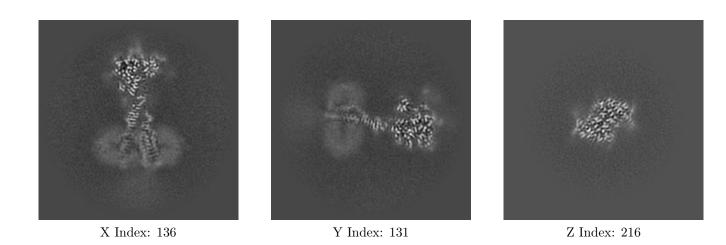
ex: 140 Z Index: 140



The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices (i)

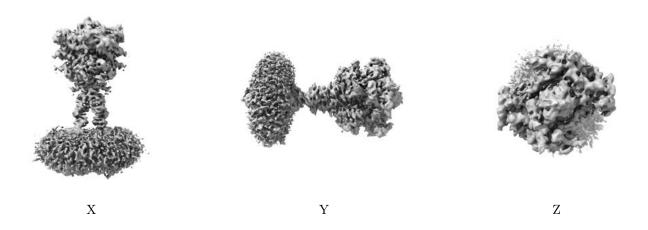
6.3.1 Primary map



The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal surface views (i)

6.4.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.4. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.



6.5 Mask visualisation (i)

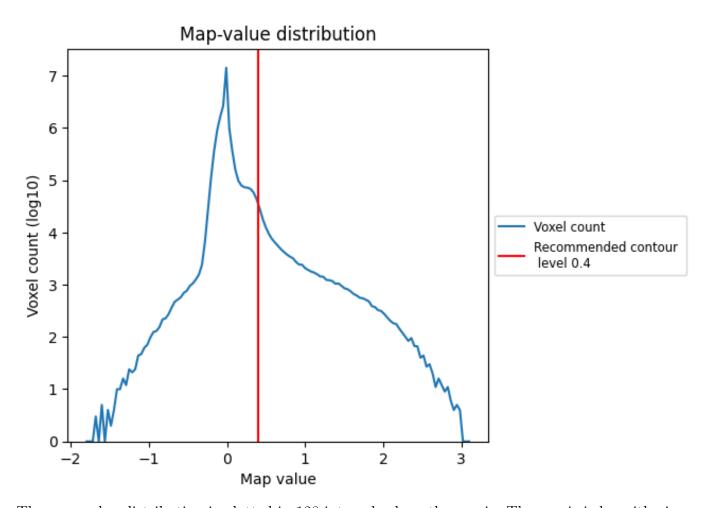
This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.



7 Map analysis (i)

This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

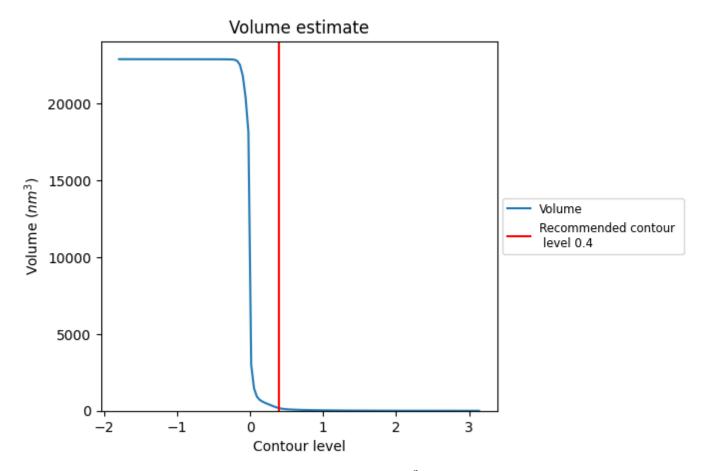
7.1 Map-value distribution (i)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.



7.2 Volume estimate (i)

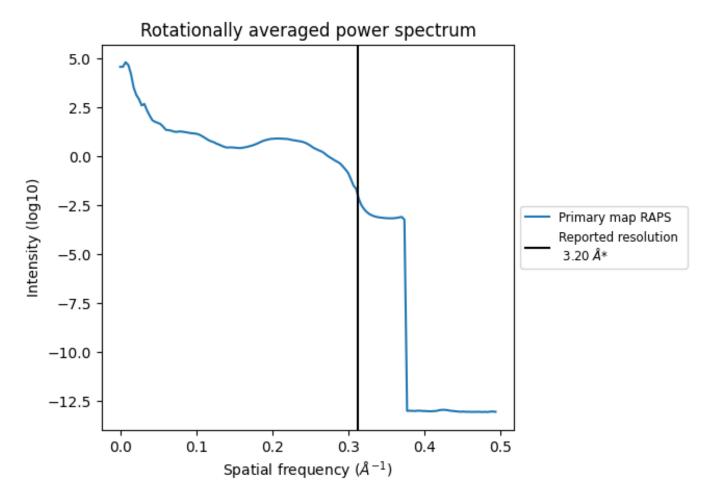


The volume at the recommended contour level is $169~\mathrm{nm}^3$; this corresponds to an approximate mass of $153~\mathrm{kDa}$.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.



7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum (i)



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.312 $\rm \mathring{A}^{-1}$



8 Fourier-Shell correlation (i)

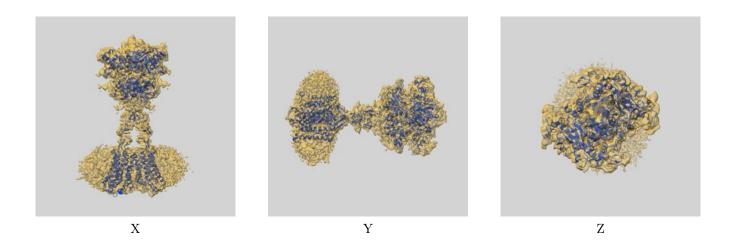
This section was not generated. No FSC curve or half-maps provided.



9 Map-model fit (i)

This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-30645 and PDB model 7DD6. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 6.

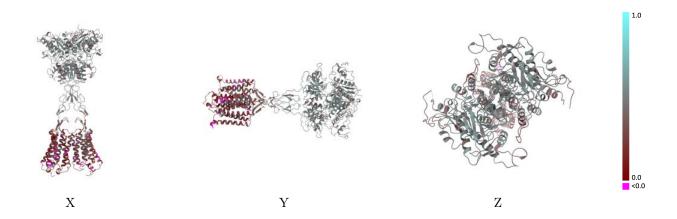
9.1 Map-model overlay (i)



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.4 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

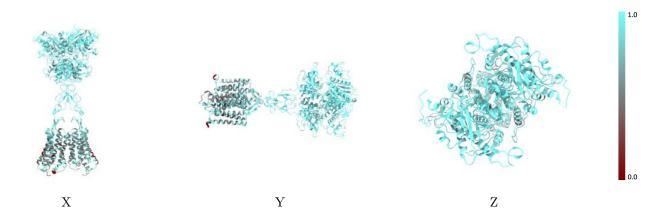


9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model (i)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

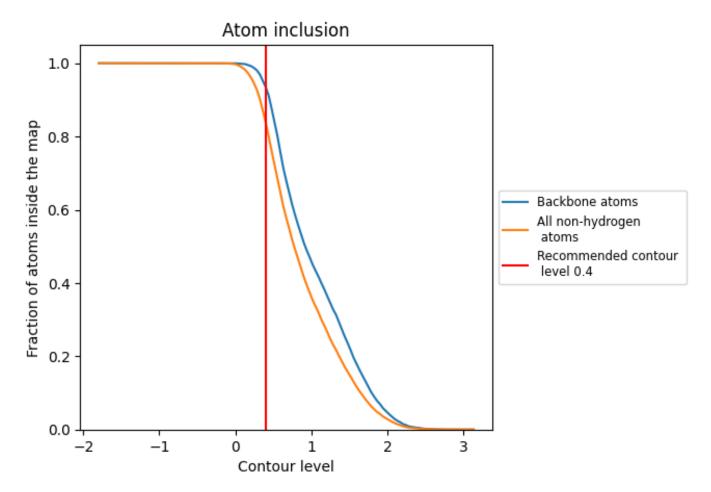
9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model (i)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.4).



9.4 Atom inclusion (i)



At the recommended contour level, 94% of all backbone atoms, 84% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.



9.5 Map-model fit summary (i)

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.4) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	0.8391	0.4100
A	0.8433	0.4100
В	0.8338	0.4080
С	0.8929	0.4190
D	0.9643	0.5370
Е	0.8214	0.4240
F	0.9286	0.4580



