

Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

Oct 7, 2023 – 07:29 PM EDT

PDB ID	:	6DQB
Title	:	LINKED KDM5A JMJ DOMAIN FORMING COVALENT BOND TO IN-
		HIBITOR N71 i.e. 2-((3-(4-(dimethylamino)but-2-enamido)phenyl)(2-(piperi
		din-1-yl)ethoxy)methyl)thieno[3,2-b]pyridine-7-carboxylic acid
Authors	:	Horton, J.R.; Cheng, X.
Deposited on		
Resolution	:	1.79 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org* A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (i)) were used in the production of this report:

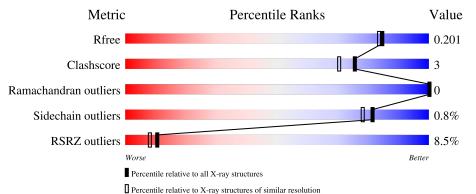
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.13
EDS	:	2.35.1
buster-report	:	1.1.7(2018)
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac	:	5.8.0158
CCP4	:	7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.35.1

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $X\text{-}RAY \, DIFFRACTION$

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.79 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$egin{array}{c} { m Whole \ archive} \ (\#{ m Entries}) \end{array}$	${f Similar\ resolution}\ (\#{ m Entries,\ resolution\ range}({ m \AA}))$
R_{free}	130704	5950 (1.80-1.80)
Clashscore	141614	6793(1.80-1.80)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	6697 (1.80-1.80)
Sidechain outliers	138945	6696 (1.80-1.80)
RSRZ outliers	127900	5850 (1.80-1.80)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain						
			8%						
1	А	330	82%	7%	11%				



6DQB

2 Entry composition (i)

There are 8 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 2590 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

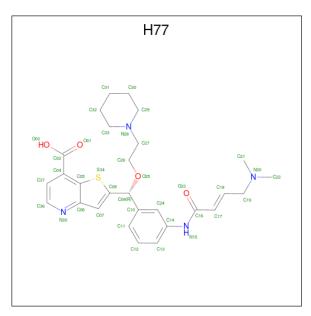
• Molecule 1 is a protein called Linked KDM5A Jmj Domain.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace	
1	А	295	Total 2321	C 1505	N 375	0 423	S 18	0	4	0

There are 2 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
А	-1	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P29375
А	0	ASN	-	expression tag	UNP P29375

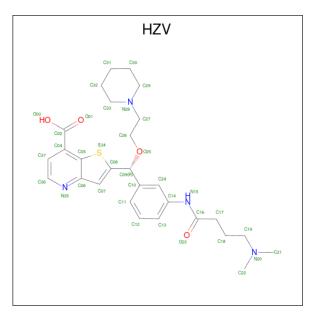
• Molecule 2 is 2-{(R)-(3-{[(2E)-4-(dimethylamino)but-2-enoyl]amino}phenyl)[2-(piperidin-1-yl)ethoxy]methyl}thieno[3,2-b]pyridine-7-carboxylic acid (three-letter code: H77) (formula: $C_{28}H_{34}N_4O_4S$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf		
9	Δ	1	Total	С	Ν	0	\mathbf{S}	0	1
	А	A 1	37	28	4	4	1	0	

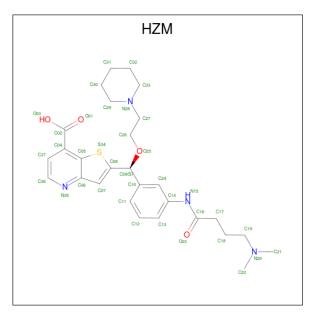


• Molecule 3 is 2-{(R)-(3-{[4-(dimethylamino)butanoyl]amino}phenyl)[2-(piperidin-1-yl)e thoxy]methyl}thieno[3,2-b]pyridine-7-carboxylic acid (three-letter code: HZV) (formula: $C_{28}H_{36}N_4O_4S$).



Mol	Chain	Residues		Atc	\mathbf{ms}			ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	А	1	Total 37	C 28	N 4	0 4	S 1	0	1

• Molecule 4 is 2-{(S)-(3-{[4-(dimethylamino)butanoyl]amino}phenyl)[2-(piperidin-1-yl)e thoxy]methyl}thieno[3,2-b]pyridine-7-carboxylic acid (three-letter code: HZM) (formula: $C_{28}H_{36}N_4O_4S$).



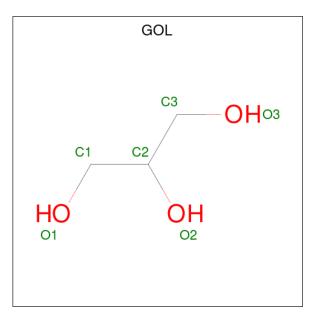


Mol	Chain	Residues		Ato	\mathbf{ms}			ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	А	1	Total 30	C 22	N 3	$\begin{array}{c} 0\\ 4 \end{array}$	S 1	0	1

• Molecule 5 is MANGANESE (II) ION (three-letter code: MN) (formula: Mn).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	А	1	Total Mn 1 1	0	0

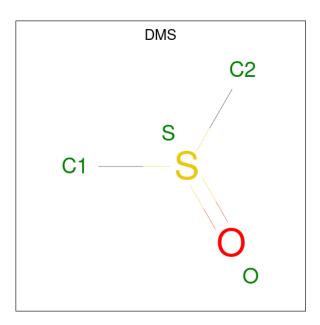
 $\bullet\,$ Molecule 6 is GLYCEROL (three-letter code: GOL) (formula: $\rm C_3H_8O_3).$



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	А	1	$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Total} & \text{C} & \text{O} \\ 6 & 3 & 3 \end{array}$	0	0
6	А	1	$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Total} & \text{C} & \text{O} \\ 6 & 3 & 3 \end{array}$	0	0

• Molecule 7 is DIMETHYL SULFOXIDE (three-letter code: DMS) (formula: C_2H_6OS).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	А	1	$\begin{array}{cccc} \text{Total} & \text{C} & \text{O} & \text{S} \\ 4 & 2 & 1 & 1 \end{array}$	0	0
7	А	1	$\begin{array}{cccc} \text{Total} & \text{C} & \text{O} & \text{S} \\ 4 & 2 & 1 & 1 \end{array}$	0	0

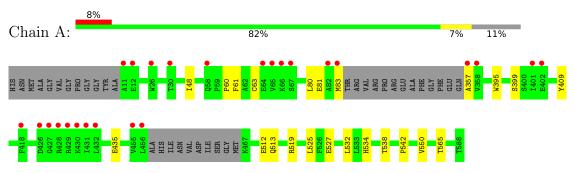
• Molecule 8 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
8	А	144	Total O 144 144	0	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.



• Molecule 1: Linked KDM5A Jmj Domain



4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	C 1 2 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	99.8 (37.21-1.79) 99.8 (37.21-1.79)	Depositor EDS
R _{merge}	0.09	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	$2.44 (at 1.79 \text{\AA})$	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX (1.13_2998: ???)	Depositor
R, R_{free}	$\begin{array}{rrrr} 0.169 & , & 0.201 \\ 0.169 & , & 0.201 \end{array}$	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	1633 reflections (5.16%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor $(Å^2)$	24.4	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.671	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3), B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.38 , 62.2	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$< L > = 0.49, < L^2 > = 0.33$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.023 for -h,-k,l	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.97	EDS
Total number of atoms	2590	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms $(Å^2)$	38.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 6.37% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: DMS, H77, HZM, HZV, GOL, MN

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
	Chain	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5	
1	А	0.35	0/2417	0.48	0/3308	

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	А	2321	0	2106	13	0
2	А	37	0	0	1	0
3	А	37	0	0	0	0
4	А	30	0	0	0	0
5	А	1	0	0	0	0
6	А	12	0	16	0	0
7	А	8	0	12	0	0
8	А	144	0	0	2	0
All	All	2590	0	2134	14	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 3.

All (14) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash



Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:513:GLN:HG2	1:A:550:VAL:HG22	1.72	0.71
1:A:81:GLU:HG3	1:A:399[B]:SER:HA	1.93	0.51
1:A:81:GLU:HG3	1:A:399[A]:SER:HA	1.93	0.51
1:A:60:PRO:HG3	1:A:435:GLU:HG2	1.93	0.50
1:A:80:LEU:O	1:A:83:MET:HG2	2.13	0.49
1:A:357:ALA:N	8:A:705:HOH:O	2.46	0.48
2:A:601[A]:H77:C17	2:A:601[A]:H77:C24	2.94	0.46
1:A:534:HIS:O	1:A:538:THR:HG23	2.16	0.45
1:A:532:LEU:HG	8:A:785:HOH:O	2.17	0.45
1:A:48:ILE:HG22	1:A:565:THR:HG22	2.00	0.43
1:A:395:TRP:CZ2	1:A:542:PRO:HD3	2.53	0.43
1:A:525:LEU:HD23	1:A:525:LEU:HA	1.88	0.42
1:A:61:PHE:CE1	1:A:63:CYS:HB2	2.57	0.40
1:A:519:ARG:NH1	1:A:527:GLU:O	2.54	0.40

magnitude.

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Analysed Favoured Allow		Outliers	Percentiles	
1	А	294/330~(89%)	291 (99%)	3 (1%)	0	100 100	

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was



analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	А	243/290~(84%)	241~(99%)	2(1%)	81 78	

All (2) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	А	409	TYR
1	А	512	GLU

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. There are no such sidechains identified.

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 8 ligands modelled in this entry, 1 is monoatomic - leaving 7 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	ol Type Chain Res		Res Link		Bo	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
	Type	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2	
2	H77	А	601[A]	5	37,40,40	1.55	5 (13%)	44,54,54	1.98	11 (25%)	
6	GOL	А	606	-	$5,\!5,\!5$	0.91	0	$5,\!5,\!5$	0.97	0	



Mol	Turne	Chain	Res	Dea Link		es Link Bond lengths					Bond angles		
	Type	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2			
7	DMS	А	607	-	3,3,3	0.65	0	$3,\!3,\!3$	0.54	0			
6	GOL	А	605	-	$5,\!5,\!5$	1.06	0	$5,\!5,\!5$	1.00	0			
3	HZV	А	602[B]	1,5	37,40,40	1.29	5 (13%)	$45,\!54,\!54$	1.59	7 (15%)			
4	HZM	А	603[C]	1,5	29,32,40	1.39	5 (17%)	35,44,54	1.71	7 (20%)			
7	DMS	А	608	-	3,3,3	0.65	0	3,3,3	0.35	0			

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	H77	А	601[A]	5	-	6/24/36/36	0/4/4/4
6	GOL	А	606	-	-	0/4/4/4	-
6	GOL	А	605	-	-	0/4/4/4	-
3	HZV	А	602[B]	1,5	-	0/24/36/36	0/4/4/4
4	HZM	А	603[C]	$1,\!5$	-	2/20/24/36	0/3/3/4

All (15) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Ζ	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	А	601[A]	H77	C16-N15	6.17	1.46	1.35
3	А	602[B]	HZV	C16-N15	4.78	1.46	1.35
4	А	603[C]	HZM	C16-N15	4.77	1.46	1.35
2	А	601[A]	H77	O23-C16	-2.89	1.18	1.24
2	А	601[A]	H77	C17-C16	2.60	1.53	1.48
3	А	602[B]	HZV	C14-N15	2.48	1.46	1.41
2	А	601[A]	H77	C14-N15	2.46	1.46	1.41
4	А	603[C]	HZM	C14-N15	2.45	1.46	1.41
2	А	601[A]	H77	C08-S34	-2.30	1.69	1.74
3	А	602[B]	HZV	O23-C16	-2.20	1.18	1.23
4	А	603[C]	HZM	O23-C16	-2.14	1.18	1.23
4	А	603[C]	HZM	C08-S34	-2.14	1.70	1.74
3	А	602[B]	HZV	C08-S34	-2.11	1.70	1.74
3	А	602[B]	HZV	C06-N35	-2.11	1.33	1.37
4	А	603[C]	HZM	C06-N35	-2.01	1.33	1.37

All (25) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
2	А	601[A]	H77	C17-C16-N15	5.24	122.41	114.09

Continued on next page...



age 13	3		Full wwF	PDB X-ray Stru	cture V	alidation Report	Ĵ
Conti	nued fron	n nreviou	s naae				
Mol	Chain	\mathbf{Res}	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
4	A	603[C]	HZM	C04-C05-S34	5.09	133.99	124.59
3	A	602[B]	HZV	C04-C05-S34	5.07	133.96	124.59
2	А	601[A]	H77	C04-C05-S34	4.93	133.71	124.59
2	А	601[A]	H77	O23-C16-N15	-4.64	117.73	123.05
2	А	601[A]	H77	C37-C04-C02	4.29	123.05	116.71
3	А	602[B]	HZV	C37-C04-C02	4.14	122.83	116.71
2	А	601[A]	H77	C19-C18-C17	-3.94	118.33	124.67
4	А	603[C]	HZM	C37-C04-C02	3.93	122.52	116.71
2	А	601[A]	H77	C05-C04-C02	-3.43	118.58	123.82
3	А	602[B]	HZV	C05-C04-C02	-3.39	118.64	123.82
4	А	603[C]	HZM	C05-C04-C02	-3.21	118.92	123.82
4	А	603[C]	HZM	C06-C05-S34	-3.20	107.70	111.84
3	А	602[B]	HZV	C06-C05-S34	-3.10	107.83	111.84
2	А	601[A]	H77	C06-C05-S34	-3.05	107.90	111.84
3	А	602[B]	HZV	C37-C36-N35	-2.75	120.32	124.58
2	А	601[A]	H77	C37-C36-N35	-2.68	120.43	124.58
4	А	603[C]	HZM	C37-C36-N35	-2.66	120.46	124.58
4	А	603[C]	HZM	C36-N35-C06	2.62	120.99	116.93
3	А	602[B]	HZV	C36-N35-C06	2.56	120.90	116.93
2	А	601[A]	H77	C36-N35-C06	2.47	120.76	116.93
4	А	603[C]	HZM	C17-C16-N15	2.46	118.92	114.59
3	А	602[B]	HZV	C17-C16-N15	2.40	118.81	114.59
2	А	601[A]	H77	C33-N28-C29	2.12	113.60	108.83
-		a a . [1]	**				

There are no chirality outliers.

А

2

All (8) torsion outliers are listed below:

601[A]

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	А	601[A]	H77	C17-C16-N15-C14
2	А	601[A]	H77	O23-C16-N15-C14
2	А	601[A]	H77	C26-C27-N28-C33
2	А	601[A]	H77	O25-C26-C27-N28
4	А	603[C]	HZM	C10-C09-O25-C26
4	А	603[C]	HZM	C08-C09-O25-C26
2	А	601[A]	H77	O23-C16-C17-C18
2	А	601[A]	H77	N15-C16-C17-C18

H77

O03-C02-C04

2.02

120.10

114.39

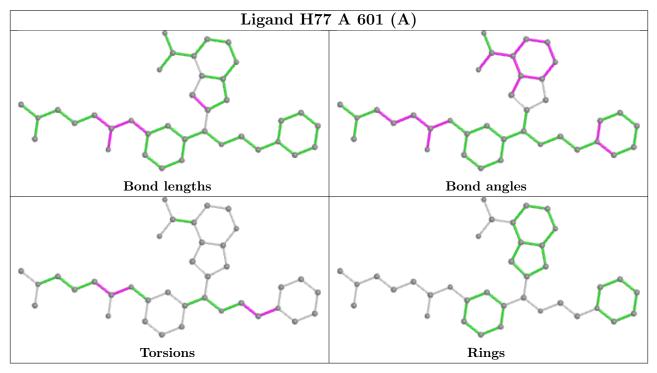
There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 1 short contact:

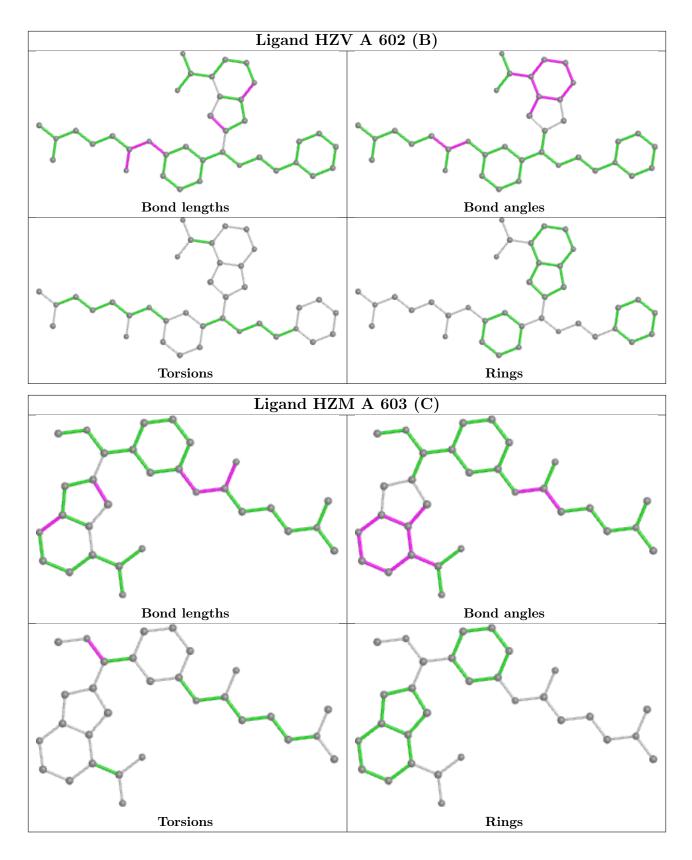


Mo	bl	Chain	\mathbf{Res}	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2		А	601[A]	H77	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and sufficient the outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.







5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.



5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ> 2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	< RSRZ >	#RSRZ>2	$\mathbf{OWAB}(\mathrm{\AA}^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	А	295/330~(89%)	0.34	25 (8%) 10 8	16, 34, 77, 116	0

All (25) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	А	456	LEU	7.3
1	А	11	ALA	6.7
1	А	401	ILE	6.6
1	А	428	ARG	5.1
1	А	455	VAL	5.1
1	А	427	GLY	4.5
1	А	357	ALA	4.3
1	А	426	ASP	4.1
1	А	429	ARG	3.9
1	А	431	ILE	3.8
1	А	358	VAL	3.7
1	А	430	LYS	3.6
1	А	65	VAL	3.4
1	А	402	GLU	3.3
1	А	26	TRP	3.1
1	А	66	LYS	2.9
1	А	64	GLU	2.9
1	А	30	THR	2.7
1	А	67	SER	2.6
1	А	82	ALA	2.6
1	А	418	PHE	2.5
1	А	432	LEU	2.5
1	А	58	GLN	2.4
1	А	83	MET	2.4
1	А	12	GLU	2.2



6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

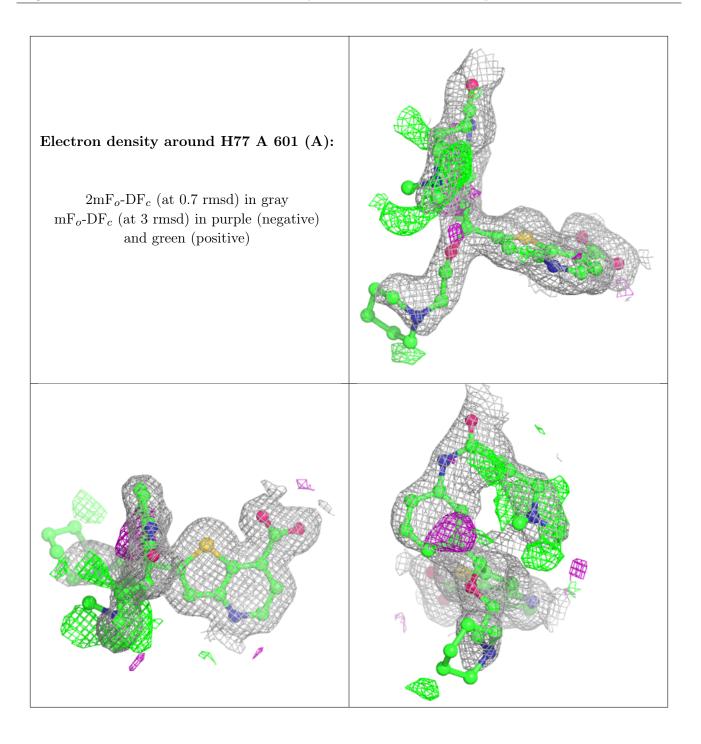
6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

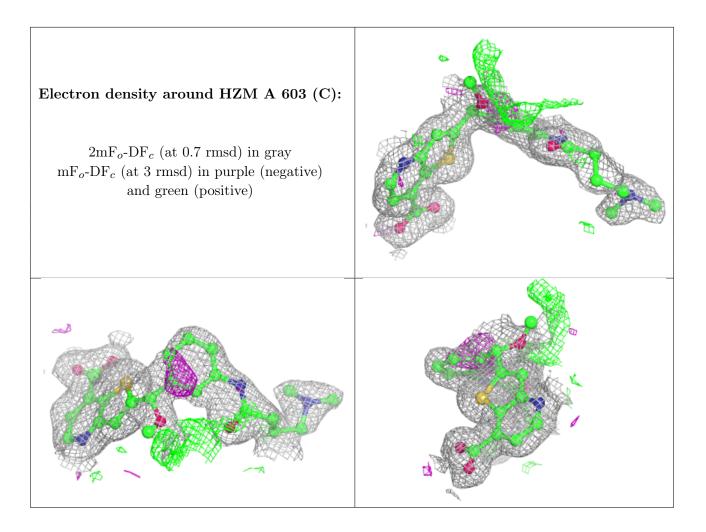
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$B-factors(Å^2)$	Q < 0.9
6	GOL	А	606	6/6	0.59	0.23	75,78,78,79	0
6	GOL	А	605	6/6	0.90	0.15	41,48,52,59	0
7	DMS	А	607	4/4	0.90	0.18	87,89,89,89	0
7	DMS	А	608	4/4	0.93	0.16	76,76,76,76	0
2	H77	А	601[A]	37/37	0.94	0.15	18,33,39,39	37
4	HZM	А	603[C]	30/37	0.95	0.11	18,29,37,38	30
3	HZV	А	602[B]	37/37	0.96	0.12	18,33,39,39	37
5	MN	А	604	1/1	1.00	0.07	20,20,20,20	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

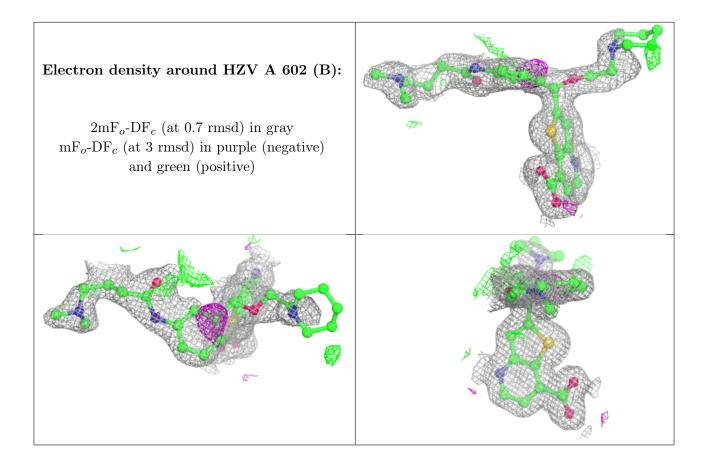












6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

