

wwPDB Geometry-Only Validation Summary Report (i)

May 22, 2020 – 06:33 pm BST

PDB ID : 2DXM

Title: Neutron Structure Analysis of Deoxy Human Hemoglobin

Authors : Morimoto, Y. Deposited on : 2006-08-28

Resolution : 2.10 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB Geometry-Only Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

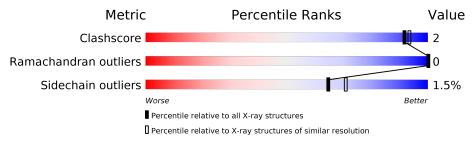
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.11

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $NEUTRON\ DIFFRACTION$

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.10 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	Similar resolution
Metric	$(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$(\# ext{Entries}, ext{resolution range}(ext{Å}))$
Clashscore	141614	5710 (2.10-2.10)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	5647 (2.10-2.10)
Sidechain outliers	138945	5648 (2.10-2.10)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Note EDS was not executed.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain	
1	A	141	97%	
1	С	141	98%	
2	В	146	99%	
2	D	146	99%	



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 9868 atoms, of which 4116 are hydrogens and 995 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

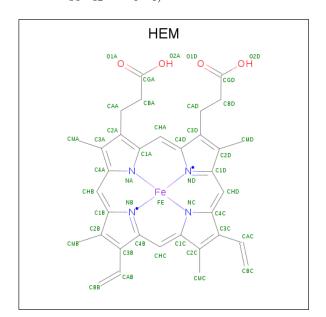
• Molecule 1 is a protein called Hemoglobin subunit alpha.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Atoms						ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	141	Total 2248	C 685	D 202	H 977	N 187	O 194	S 3	28	133	0
1	С	141	Total 2237	C 685	D 191	H 977	N 187	O 194	S 3	30	133	0

• Molecule 2 is a protein called Hemoglobin subunit beta.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Atoms						ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
9	D	B 146	Total	С	D	Н	N	О	S	22	138	0
	140	2332	724	188	1021	195	201	3	22	130	0	
9	D	1.46	Total	С	D	Н	N	О	S	10	138	0
2	2 D	146	2332	724	188	1021	195	201	3	19		

• Molecule 3 is PROTOPORPHYRIN IX CONTAINING FE (three-letter code: HEM) (formula: C₃₄H₃₂FeN₄O₄).





Mol	Chain	Residues		Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	
3	2 1	1	Total	С	Fe	H	Ν	О	0	0	
)	A	1	73	34	1	30	4	4	0	0	
3	В	1	Total	С	Fe	H	N	О	0	0	
)	Б	1	73	34	1	30	4	4	0	U	
3	С	1	Total	С	Fe	H	N	О	0	0	
)		1	73	34	1	30	4	4	0		
3	D	1	Total	С	Fe	H	N	О	0	0	
3	D	$D \mid 1$	73	34	1	30	4	4	0		

• Molecule 4 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf	
1	А	53	Total D O	0	0	
4	Λ	99	111 58 53	3	U	
1	В	44	Total D O	0	0	
4	Ъ	44	80 36 44	Į U	U	
1	С	62	Total D O	0	0	
4	C	02	148 86 62	2 0	0	
1	D	49	Total D O	0	0	
4	4 D	42	88 46 42	2 0	U	

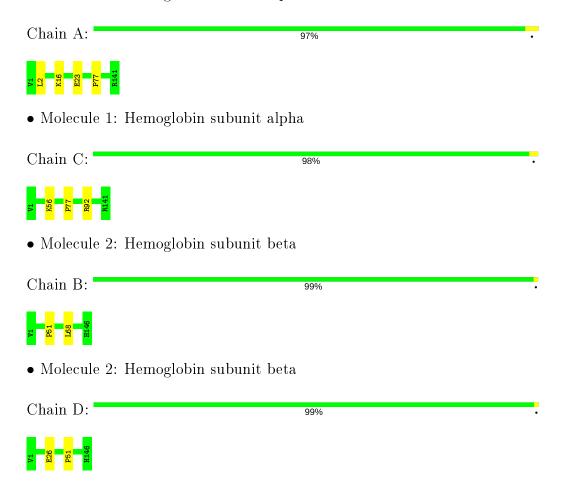


3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

Note EDS was not executed.

• Molecule 1: Hemoglobin subunit alpha





4 Model quality (i)

4.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: HEM, DOD

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
IVIOI		RMSZ	# Z >5	RMSZ	# Z > 5	
1	A	0.34	0/2131	0.52	0/2895	
1	С	0.33	0/2131	0.54	0/2895	
2	В	0.34	0/2243	0.55	0/3044	
2	D	0.34	0/2243	0.55	0/3044	
All	All	0.34	0/8748	0.54	0/11878	

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

4.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	$\mathbf{H}(\mathbf{added})$	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1271	977	60	1	0
1	С	1260	977	60	1	0
2	В	1311	1021	60	1	0
2	D	1311	1021	60	1	0
3	A	43	30	30	0	0
3	В	43	30	30	0	0
3	С	43	30	30	0	0
3	D	43	30	30	0	0
4	A	111	0	0	1	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	$\mathbf{H}(\mathbf{added})$	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	В	80	0	0	4	0
4	С	148	0	0	3	0
4	D	88	0	0	0	0
All	All	5752	4116	360	11	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 2.

The worst 5 of 11 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$egin{array}{ll} ext{Interatomic} \ ext{distance} \ (ext{\AA}) \end{array}$	$egin{array}{c} ext{Clash} \ ext{overlap } (ext{Å}) \end{array}$
1:A:77:PRO:O	4:A:183:DOD:O	2.03	0.75

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

4.3 Torsion angles (i)

4.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	\mathbf{ntiles}
1	A	$271/141\ (192\%)$	265 (98%)	6 (2%)	0	100	100
1	$^{\mathrm{C}}$	271/141 (192%)	264 (97%)	7 (3%)	0	100	100
2	В	281/146 (192%)	275 (98%)	6 (2%)	0	100	100
2	D	281/146 (192%)	275 (98%)	6 (2%)	0	100	100
All	All	$1104/574 \ (192\%)$	1079 (98%)	25 (2%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.



4.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	A	218/113 (193%)	212 (97%)	6 (3%)	43	47
1	С	218/113 (193%)	214 (98%)	4 (2%)	59	65
2	В	228/118 (193%)	226 (99%)	2 (1%)	78	84
2	D	228/118 (193%)	226 (99%)	2 (1%)	78	84
All	All	892/462 (193%)	878 (98%)	14 (2%)	65	69

5 of 14 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	${f Res}$	Type
2	В	68[A]	LEU
2	В	68[B]	LEU
1	С	92[B]	ARG
1	A	23[B]	GLU
1	С	92[A]	ARG

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. There are no such sidechains identified.

4.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

4.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

4.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.



4.6 Ligand geometry (i)

4 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol Type Cha	T-m	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
	Chain	nam ites	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	
3	HEM	A	142	1	27,50,50	1.76	6 (22%)	17,82,82	1.25	2 (11%)
3	HEM	D	147	2	27,50,50	1.91	7 (25%)	17,82,82	1.52	3 (17%)
3	HEM	В	147	2	27,50,50	1.79	7 (25%)	17,82,82	0.86	0
3	HEM	С	142	1	27,50,50	1.79	8 (29%)	17,82,82	1.27	2 (11%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	HEM	A	142	1	-	0/6/54/54	-
3	HEM	D	147	2	-	0/6/54/54	-
3	HEM	В	147	2	-	0/6/54/54	-
3	HEM	С	142	1	_	0/6/54/54	Ī

The worst 5 of 28 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	${ m Observed}({ m \AA})$	$\mathbf{Ideal}(\mathbf{\AA})$
3	D	147	HEM	C3C-CAC	-4.80	1.38	1.47
3	С	142	HEM	C3B-CAB	-4.55	1.38	1.47
3	D	147	HEM	C3B-CAB	-4.38	1.39	1.47
3	A	142	HEM	C3C-CAC	-4.27	1.39	1.47
3	В	147	HEM	C3B-CAB	-4.27	1.39	1.47

The worst 5 of 7 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
3	D	147	HEM	CMC-C2C-C3C	3.14	130.56	124.68
3	С	142	HEM	CMC-C2C-C3C	2.94	130.18	124.68

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^o)$
3	A	142	HEM	C3B-C4B-NB	2.55	112.50	109.21
3	A	142	HEM	C4C-C3C-C2C	-2.47	105.17	106.90
3	D	147	HEM	CMA-C3A-C4A	-2.45	124.69	128.46

There are no chirality outliers.

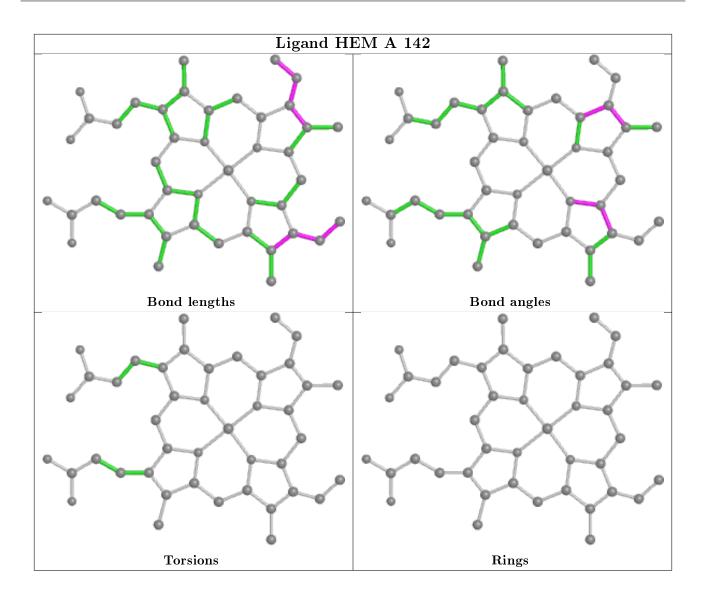
There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

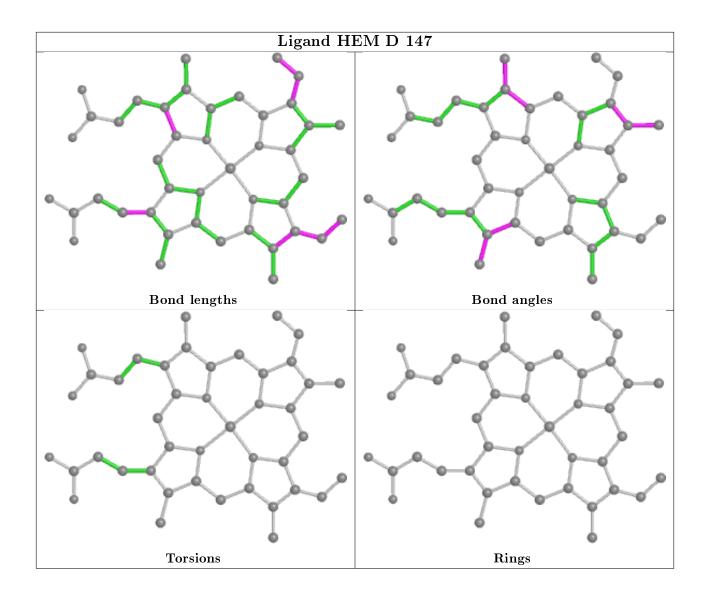
No monomer is involved in short contacts.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.

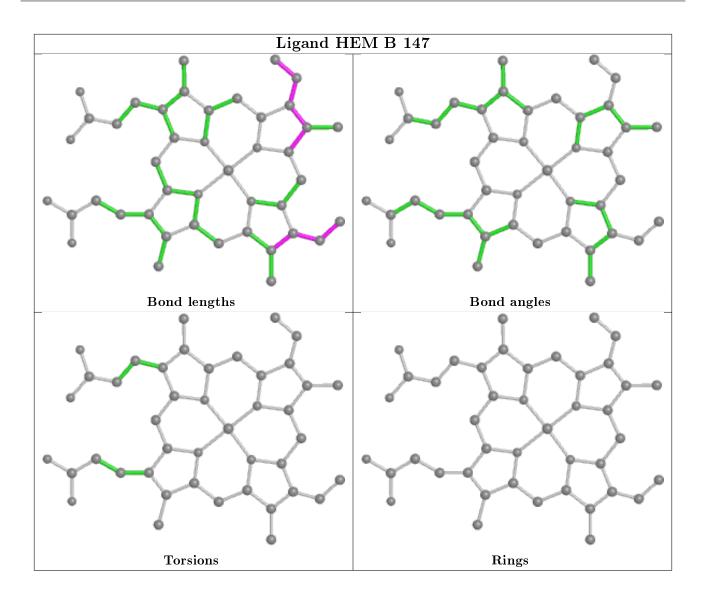




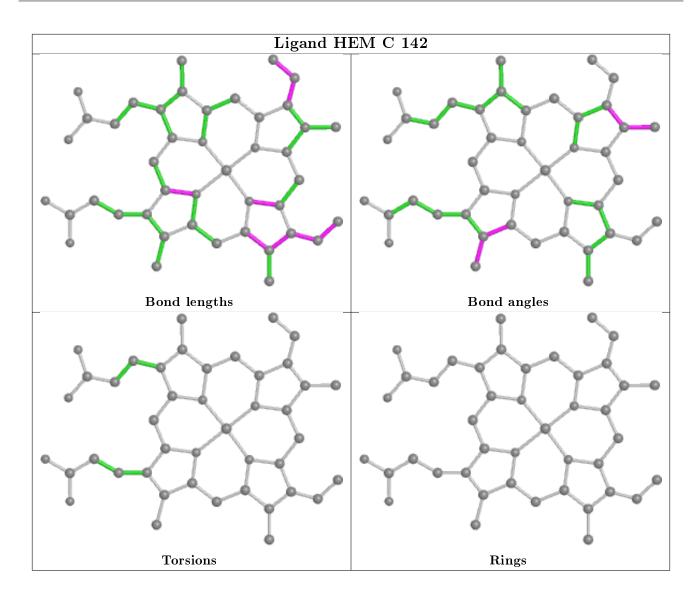












4.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

4.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

