

wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Aug 22, 2023 – 09:41 PM EDT

PDB ID	:	3E6Y
Title	:	Structure of 14-3-3 in complex with the differentiation-inducing agent
		Cotylenin A
Authors	:	Ottmann, C.; Weyand, M.; Wittinghofer, A.; Oecking, C.
Deposited on	:	2008-08-17
Resolution	:	2.50 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

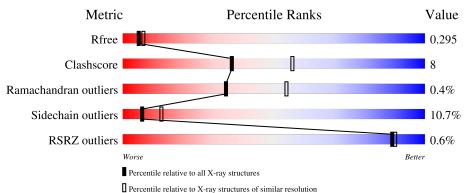
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix)		
EDS	:	2.35
buster-report	:	1.1.7(2018)
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac	:	5.8.0158
CCP4	:	7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.35

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $X\text{-}RAY \, DIFFRACTION$

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.50 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Whole archive} \\ \textbf{(\#Entries)} \end{array}$	${f Similar\ resolution}\ (\#{ m Entries,\ resolution\ range}({ m \AA}))$
R_{free}	130704	4661 (2.50-2.50)
Clashscore	141614	5346 (2.50-2.50)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	5231 (2.50-2.50)
Sidechain outliers	138945	5233 (2.50-2.50)
RSRZ outliers	127900	4559 (2.50-2.50)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length		Quality of cha	ain	
1	А	260		9%	18%	• 10%
1	В	260	.% • 6	9%	17%	• 11%
2	С	5	40%	20%	40%	
2	D	5	60%		20%	20%

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard



residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit crite-
restrates in protein, Drift, it in chains that are outliers for geometric of electron density in effec
ria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
3	CW1	А	261	Х	-	-	-
3	CW1	В	261	X	-	-	-



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 5 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 3926 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

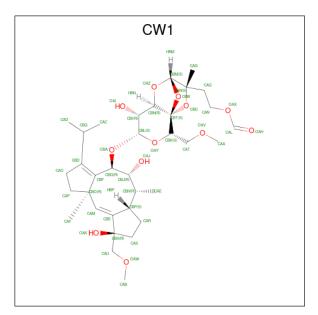
• Molecule 1 is a protein called 14-3-3-like protein C.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	Λ	234	Total	С	Ν	Ο	\mathbf{S}	0	0	0
		204	1840	1156	309	368	7	0	0	0
1	В	232	Total	С	Ν	Ο	S	0	0	0
	D	232	1801	1130	302	362	7	U	0	U

• Molecule 2 is a protein called H+-ATPase phosphopeptide QSYpTV.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace			
0	C	F	Total	С	Ν	Ο	Р	0	0	0	
	5	46	26	6	13	1	0	0	0		
0	2 D	Л	Б	Total	С	Ν	Ο	Р	0	0	0
		Э	46	26	6	13	1	0		0	

• Molecule 3 is Cotylenin A (three-letter code: CW1) (formula: $C_{34}H_{52}O_{12}$).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	А	1	Total C O 46 34 12	0	0
3	В	1	Total C O 46 34 12	0	0

• Molecule 4 is CHLORIDE ION (three-letter code: CL) (formula: Cl).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	А	1	Total 1	Cl 1	0	0

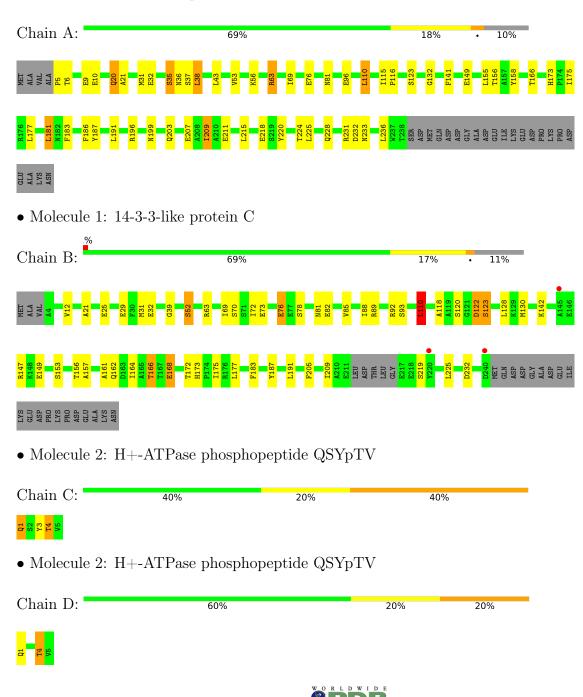
• Molecule 5 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	А	55	$\begin{array}{cc} \text{Total} & \text{O} \\ 55 & 55 \end{array}$	0	0
5	В	42	$\begin{array}{cc} \text{Total} & \text{O} \\ 42 & 42 \end{array}$	0	0
5	С	3	Total O 3 3	0	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.



• Molecule 1: 14-3-3-like protein C

4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
Cell constants	41.80Å 141.90Å 51.40Å	Depositor
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 114.10° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	14.95 - 2.50	Depositor
Resolution (A)	14.95 - 2.50	EDS
% Data completeness	$100.0 \ (14.95-2.50)$	Depositor
(in resolution range)	98.4 (14.95 - 2.50)	EDS
R _{merge}	0.05	Depositor
R_{sym}	0.04	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	$5.62 (at 2.51 \text{\AA})$	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.5.0035	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.195 , 0.285	Depositor
n, nfree	0.209 , 0.295	DCC
R_{free} test set	930 reflections (5.00%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor $(Å^2)$	41.4	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.166	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.27, 9.5	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$< L > = 0.45, < L^2 > = 0.27$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.177 for h,-k,-h-l	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.95	EDS
Total number of atoms	3926	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms $(Å^2)$	22.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 6.29% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: CW1, CL, TPO

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles		
	Chain	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5	
1	А	0.86	0/1868	0.97	5/2524~(0.2%)	
1	В	0.83	0/1828	0.82	3/2471~(0.1%)	
2	С	1.09	0/34	0.73	0/42	
2	D	0.87	0/34	0.69	0/42	
All	All	0.85	0/3764	0.90	8/5079~(0.2%)	

There are no bond length outliers.

The worst 5 of 8 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\mathbf{Observed}(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
1	А	63	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	12.30	126.45	120.30
1	А	63	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-9.47	115.56	120.30
1	А	110	LEU	CA-CB-CG	6.78	130.89	115.30
1	А	38	LEU	CA-CB-CG	6.10	129.34	115.30
1	В	110	LEU	CA-CB-CG	6.02	129.15	115.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	А	1840	0	1787	26	0
1	В	1801	0	1720	30	0



Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes			
2	С	46	0	38	4	0			
2	D	46	0	38	1	0			
3	А	46	0	52	3	0			
3	В	46	0	52	5	0			
4	А	1	0	0	1	0			
5	А	55	0	0	2	0			
5	В	42	0	0	3	0			
5	С	3	0	0	1	0			
All	All	3926	0	3687	60	0			

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The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 8.

The worst 5 of 60 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:233:ASN:HD21	2:C:3:TYR:H	1.27	0.79
1:B:128:LEU:HB3	1:B:161:ALA:HB2	1.70	0.74
1:B:173:HIS:HD2	1:B:175:ILE:H	1.33	0.74
1:A:96:GLU:HG2	1:A:141:PHE:CD2	2.30	0.67
1:B:73:GLU:HB3	1:B:88:ILE:HG21	1.77	0.66

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	А	232/260~(89%)	223~(96%)	8(3%)	1 (0%)	34	54
1	В	228/260~(88%)	210 (92%)	17 (8%)	1 (0%)	34	54
2	С	2/5~(40%)	2 (100%)	0	0	100	100



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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percer	ntiles
2	D	2/5~(40%)	2 (100%)	0	0	100	100
All	All	464/530~(88%)	437 (94%)	25~(5%)	2 (0%)	34	54

All (2) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	А	6	THR
1	В	39	GLY

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent side chain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the side chain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Pe	erce	entiles
1	А	191/221~(86%)	169~(88%)	22~(12%)		5	11
1	В	183/221~(83%)	166 (91%)	17 (9%)		9	17
2	С	4/4~(100%)	3~(75%)	1 (25%)		0	1
2	D	4/4 (100%)	3~(75%)	1 (25%)		0	1
All	All	382/450~(85%)	341 (89%)	41 (11%)		6	13

 $5~{\rm of}~41$ residues with a non-rotameric side chain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	93	SER
1	В	183	PHE
1	В	110	LEU
1	В	149	GLU
1	В	225	LEU

Sometimes side chains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 8 such side chains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	D	1	GLN
1	В	233	ASN



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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	74	GLN
1	В	49	ASN
1	В	173	HIS

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

2 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Mol Type Chain H	Dec	Link	B	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
	Type	Chain	Res	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
2	TPO	D	4	2	8,10,11	0.63	0	$10,\!14,\!16$	1.62	2 (20%)
2	TPO	С	4	2	8,10,11	0.90	0	10,14,16	1.23	1 (10%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	TPO	D	4	2	-	3/9/11/13	-
2	TPO	С	4	2	-	2/9/11/13	-

There are no bond length outliers.

All (3) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms		$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
2	D	4	TPO	CG2-CB-CA	-2.85	107.54	113.16
2	D	4	TPO	OG1-P-O1P	-2.61	99.32	109.39



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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
2	С	4	TPO	O-C-CA	-2.23	118.93	124.78

There are no chirality outliers.

All (5) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	D	4	TPO	CB-OG1-P-O1P
2	С	4	TPO	CB-OG1-P-O2P
2	D	4	TPO	CB-OG1-P-O2P
2	С	4	TPO	O-C-CA-CB
2	D	4	TPO	O-C-CA-CB

There are no ring outliers.

2 monomers are involved in 3 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	D	4	TPO	1	0
2	С	4	TPO	2	0

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 3 ligands modelled in this entry, 1 is monoatomic - leaving 2 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Turne	Chain	Res Link		Bond lengths			Bond angles		
IVIOI	Type	Unam	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2
3	CW1	В	261	-	$48,\!51,\!51$	2.70	13 (27%)	44,81,81	2.40	14 (31%)
3	CW1	А	261	-	48,51,51	2.67	11 (22%)	44,81,81	3.46	23 (52%)



In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	CW1	В	261	-	1/1/17/19	7/21/119/119	1/7/6/6
3	CW1	А	261	-	1/1/17/19	7/21/119/119	1/7/6/6

The worst 5 of 24 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
3	В	261	CW1	CAM-CBE	11.33	1.42	1.33
3	А	261	CW1	CAM-CBE	10.39	1.41	1.33
3	А	261	CW1	CBR-CBM	8.79	1.67	1.54
3	В	261	CW1	CBR-CBM	6.42	1.63	1.54
3	В	261	CW1	CBD-CBF	5.77	1.41	1.33

The worst 5 of 37 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Ζ	$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
3	А	261	CW1	OAZ-CBM-OBB	-12.09	90.97	105.85
3	А	261	CW1	CBG-CBD-CBF	-6.74	120.72	129.59
3	В	261	CW1	OAZ-CBM-OBB	-6.58	97.75	105.85
3	А	261	CW1	CBT-CBN-CBI	-6.53	106.20	114.33
3	А	261	CW1	OAW-CAU-CBS	-5.91	103.97	109.88

All (2) chirality outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atom
3	А	261	CW1	CBR
3	В	261	CW1	CBR

5 of 14 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	А	261	CW1	OAX-CAN-CAQ-CBR
3	А	261	CW1	CAN-CAQ-CBR-CAG
3	А	261	CW1	OAV-CAT-CBK-OAY
3	А	261	CW1	OAW-CAU-CBS-CBE
3	А	261	CW1	OAW-CAU-CBS-OAK

All (2) ring outliers are listed below:

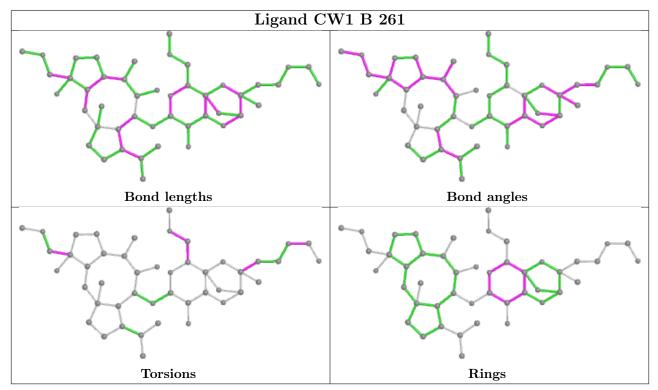


Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms		
3	А	261	CW1	CBI-CBK-CBL-CBN-CBT-OAY		
3	В	261	CW1	CBI-CBK-CBL-CBN-CBT-OAY		

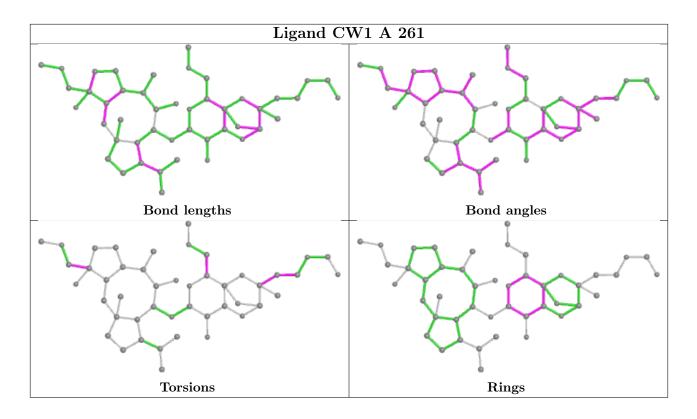
2 monomers are involved in 8 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	В	261	CW1	5	0
3	А	261	CW1	3	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.







5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ> 2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	#RSRZ>2	$OWAB(Å^2)$	Q<0.9
1	А	234/260~(90%)	-0.47	0 100 100	13, 21, 33, 39	0
1	В	232/260~(89%)	-0.28	3 (1%) 77 79	12, 21, 36, 46	0
2	С	4/5~(80%)	0.24	0 100 100	15, 16, 17, 19	0
2	D	4/5~(80%)	0.46	0 100 100	15, 19, 20, 24	0
All	All	474/530~(89%)	-0.36	3 (0%) 89 90	12, 21, 34, 46	0

All (3) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	В	220	TYR	2.4
1	В	240	ASP	2.3
1	В	145	ALA	2.1

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$B-factors(Å^2)$	Q<0.9
2	TPO	С	4	11/12	0.98	0.12	8,11,14,16	0
2	TPO	D	4	11/12	0.98	0.12	14,16,17,17	0

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

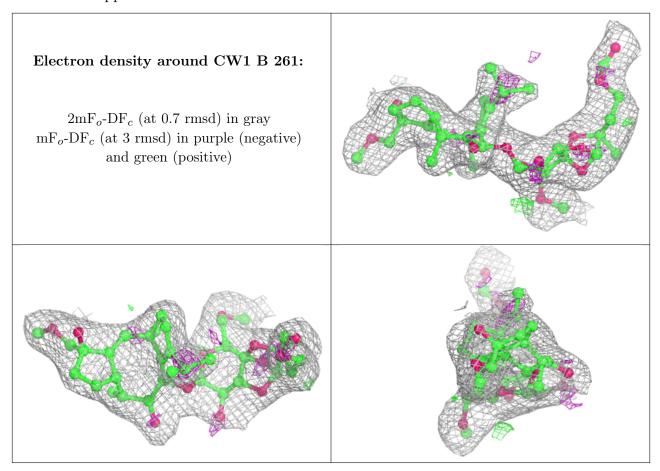


6.4 Ligands (i)

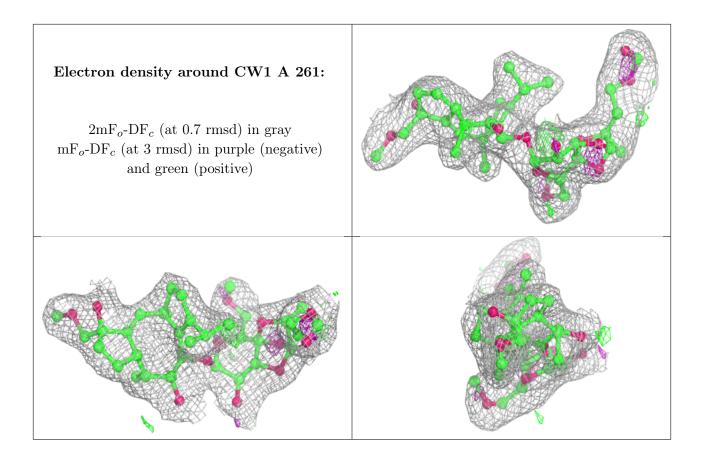
In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-factors}(\mathbf{A}^2)$	Q<0.9
4	CL	А	262	1/1	0.83	0.25	43,43,43,43	0
3	CW1	В	261	46/46	0.92	0.14	15,20,34,42	0
3	CW1	А	261	46/46	0.95	0.11	10,17,26,29	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.







6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

