

wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

May 29, 2024 – 03:57 PM EDT

PDB ID : 1ELG

Title : NATURE OF THE INACTIVATION OF ELASTASE BY N-PEPTIDYL-O-

AROYL HYDROXYLAMINE AS A FUNCTION OF PH

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Deposited on : 1995-03-13

Resolution : 1.65 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : NOT EXECUTED

EDS : NOT EXECUTED

buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

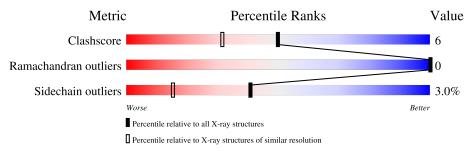
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36.2

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.65 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	Similar resolution
Metric	$(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$(\# ext{Entries}, ext{ resolution range}(ext{Å}))$
Clashscore	141614	1931 (1.66-1.66)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	1891 (1.66-1.66)
Sidechain outliers	138945	1891 (1.66-1.66)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Note EDS was not executed.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain		
1	A	240	86%	13%	•

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
3	BAA	A	256	_	-	X	-



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 2030 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called PORCINE PANCREATIC ELASTASE.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	Δ	240	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1	11	240	1822	1135	330	347	10			

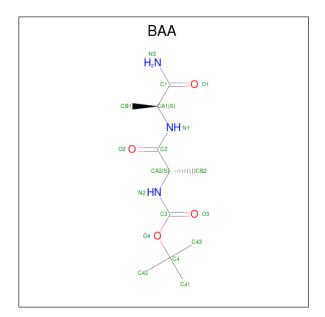
There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	81	ASN	ASP	conflict	UNP P00772

• Molecule 2 is CALCIUM ION (three-letter code: CA) (formula: Ca).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	1	Total Ca 1 1	0	0

• Molecule 3 is (TERT-BUTYLOXYCARBONYL)-ALANYL-ALANYL-AMINE (three-letter code: BAA) (formula: C₁₁H₂₁N₃O₄).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
9	Λ	1	Total	С	N	О	0	0
3	A	1	18	11	3	4	U	0

$\bullet\,$ Molecule 4 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	189	Total O 189 189	0	0

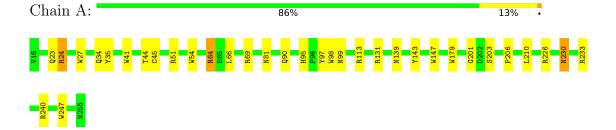


3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

Note EDS was not executed.

• Molecule 1: PORCINE PANCREATIC ELASTASE





4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Xtriage (Phenix) and EDS were not executed - this section is therefore incomplete.

Property	Value	Source	
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor	
Cell constants	51.08Å 58.04Å 75.18Å	Depositor	
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor	
Resolution (Å)	(Not available) - 1.65	Depositor	
% Data completeness	(Not available) ((Not available)-1.65)	Depositor	
(in resolution range)		1	
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor	
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor	
Refinement program	X-PLOR	Depositor	
R, R_{free}	0.170 , (Not available)	Depositor	
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage	
Total number of atoms	2030	wwPDB-VP	
Average B, all atoms (\mathring{A}^2)	13.0	wwPDB-VP	



5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: BAA, CA

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Chain	$\begin{array}{c c} \textbf{Bond lengths} \\ \text{RMSZ} & \# Z > 5 \end{array}$		Bond angles	
IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5
1	A	0.97	0/1862	1.48	31/2543 (1.2%)

There are no bond length outliers.

The worst 5 of 31 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
1	A	240	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-21.08	109.76	120.30
1	A	240	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	15.99	128.29	120.30
1	A	24	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-9.54	115.53	120.30
1	A	41	TRP	CD1-CG-CD2	9.48	113.88	106.30
1	A	24	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	8.97	124.78	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1822	0	1758	19	0
2	A	1	0	0	0	0
3	A	18	0	20	7	0
4	A	189	0	0	2	1
All	All	2030	0	1778	20	1



The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 6.

The worst 5 of 20 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Clash} \\ \text{overlap } (\text{\AA}) \end{array}$
1:A:203:SER:CB	3:A:256:BAA:N3	2.47	0.77
1:A:24:ARG:HH22	1:A:81:ASN:HD22	1.35	0.74
1:A:90:GLN:HE22	1:A:113:ARG:HH21	1.37	0.73
1:A:230:ASN:HD22	1:A:230:ASN:H	1.40	0.68
1:A:95:HIS:HD2	1:A:97:TYR:H	1.43	0.67

All (1) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	Clash overlap (Å)
4:A:753:HOH:O	4:A:961:HOH:O[4_466]	2.13	0.07

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentile	\mathbf{s}
1	A	238/240 (99%)	234 (98%)	4 (2%)	0	100 100	

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.



Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	198/198 (100%)	192 (97%)	6 (3%)	41 15	

5 of 6 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	139	ASN
1	A	210	LEU
1	A	230	ASN
1	A	64	ARG
1	A	23	GLN

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 10 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	230	ASN
1	A	249	ASN
1	A	250	ASN
1	A	99	ASN
1	A	125	GLN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 2 ligands modelled in this entry, 1 is monoatomic - leaving 1 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond



length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Type	Chain	Pog	Link	Bond lengths		$ ag{ths}$	В	ond ang	les
IVIOI	туре	Chain	rtes	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
3	BAA	A	256	1	17,17,17	1.77	3 (17%)	24,24,24	1.97	9 (37%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	\mathbf{Type}	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	BAA	A	256	1	-	9/21/21/21	-

All (3) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	Observed(A)	$\operatorname{Ideal}(ext{\AA})$
3	A	256	BAA	O4-C3	5.16	1.45	1.34
3	A	256	BAA	O1-C1	-2.47	1.19	1.23
3	A	256	BAA	O4-C4	-2.21	1.44	1.48

The worst 5 of 9 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^o)$
3	A	256	BAA	C1-CA1-N1	4.04	127.19	110.05
3	A	256	BAA	CB2-CA2-N2	-3.28	104.22	110.38
3	A	256	BAA	CA1-C1-N3	2.97	127.09	116.59
3	A	256	BAA	CA2-C2-N1	2.92	123.54	116.75
3	A	256	BAA	O1-C1-N3	-2.61	118.47	123.00

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 9 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	A	256	BAA	N1-C2-CA2-CB2
3	A	256	BAA	O2-C2-CA2-CB2
3	A	256	BAA	O3-C3-O4-C4
3	A	256	BAA	C43-C4-O4-C3
3	A	256	BAA	C42-C4-O4-C3

There are no ring outliers.

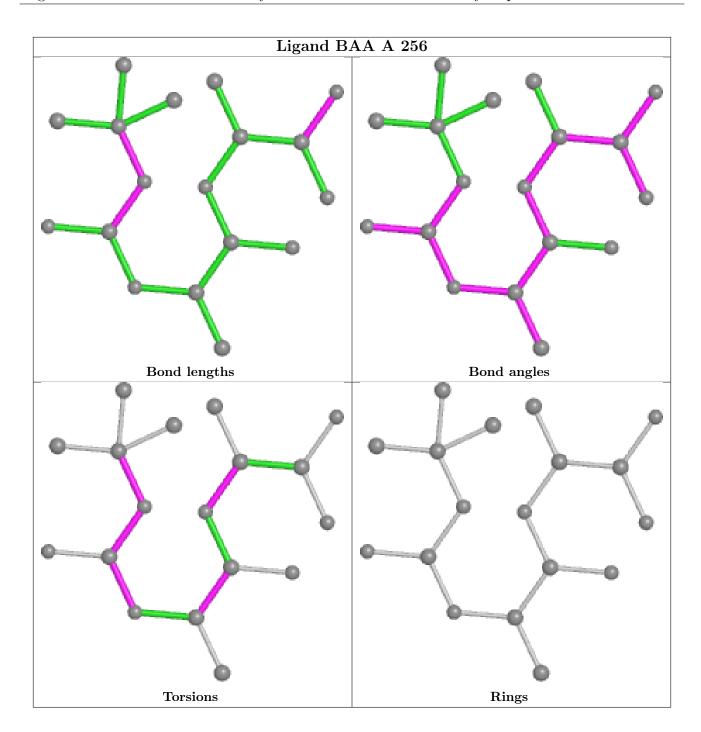


1 monomer is involved in 7 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	A	256	BAA	7	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.





5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.4 Ligands (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.5 Other polymers (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

