

wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Oct 22, 2023 – 04:22 AM EDT

PDB ID : 3ERI

Title : First structural evidence of substrate specificity in mammalian peroxidases:

Crystal structures of substrate complexes with lactoperoxidases from two dif-

ferent species

Authors: Singh, A.K.; Singh, N.; Sheikh, I.A.; Sinha, M.; Bhushan, A.; Kaur, P.; Srini-

vasan, A.; Sharma, S.; Singh, T.P.

Deposited on : 2008-10-02

Resolution : 2.50 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

 $Mol Probity \quad : \quad 4.02b\text{--}467$

Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13

EDS: 2.36

buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

Refmac : 5.8.0158

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36

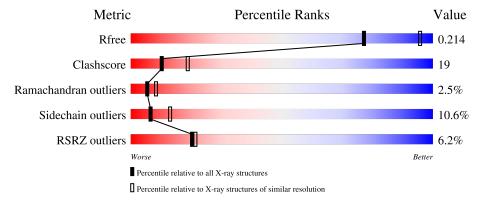


1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.50 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive $(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Similar\ resolution} \\ (\#{\rm Entries},{\rm resolution\ range}(\mathring{\rm A})) \end{array}$
R_{free}	130704	4661 (2.50-2.50)
Clashscore	141614	5346 (2.50-2.50)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	5231 (2.50-2.50)
Sidechain outliers	138945	5233 (2.50-2.50)
RSRZ outliers	127900	4559 (2.50-2.50)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain						
1	A	595	65%		27	% 6% •			
2	В	3	33%		67%				
2	D	3		100%					
3	С	2		100%					
4	Е	2		100%					



The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
2	NAG	В	2	-	-	-	X
2	MAN	В	3	-	-	-	X
4	NDG	Е	2	-	-	-	X



2 Entry composition (i)

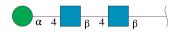
There are 9 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 5304 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Lactoperoxidase.

Mol	Chain	Residues		A	Atom	\mathbf{s}			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	595	Total 4774	C 3037	N 847	O 863	P 1	S 26	0	0	0

• Molecule 2 is an oligosaccharide called alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



\mathbf{Mol}	Chain	Residues	A	Aton	\mathbf{ns}	ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	В	3	Total 39	C 22		0	0	0
2	D	3	Total 39	C 22		0	0	0

• Molecule 3 is an oligosaccharide called 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-a cetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	I	Aton	ns		ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
3	С	2	Total 28	C 16	N 2	O 10	0	0	0

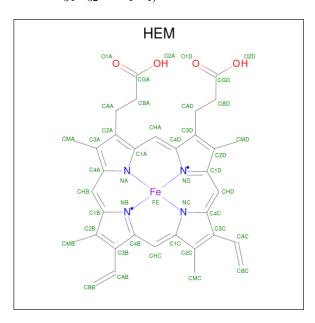
• Molecule 4 is an oligosaccharide called 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
4	Е	2	Total C N 28 16 2	O 10	0	0	0

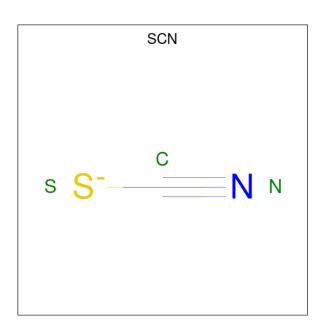
 \bullet Molecule 5 is PROTOPORPHYRIN IX CONTAINING FE (three-letter code: HEM) (formula: $\rm C_{34}H_{32}FeN_4O_4).$



Mol	Chain	Residues		Ato	oms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	Λ	1	Total	С	Fe	N	О	0	0
	A	1	43	34	1	4	4		U

• Molecule 6 is THIOCYANATE ION (three-letter code: SCN) (formula: CNS).





Mol	Chain	Residues	A	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	1	Total 3	C 1	N 1	S 1	0	0
6	A	1	Total 3	C 1	N 1	S 1	0	0

• Molecule 7 is CALCIUM ION (three-letter code: CA) (formula: Ca).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	A	1	Total Ca 1 1	0	0

• Molecule 8 is IODIDE ION (three-letter code: IOD) (formula: I).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
8	A	7	Total I 7 7	0	0

• Molecule 9 is water.

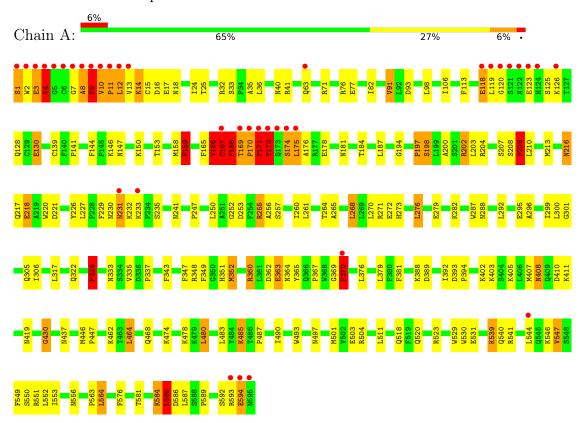
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
9	A	339	Total O 339 339	0	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Lactoperoxidase



 \bullet Molecule 2: alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain B: 33% 67%

 \bullet Molecule 2: alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain D: 100%





 \bullet Molecule 3: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain C:

100%



 \bullet Molecule 4: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-alpha-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain E: 100%

NAG1 NDG2



4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
Cell constants	54.54Å 80.59Å 77.83Å	Donositor
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 102.63° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	19.48 - 2.50	Depositor
rtesolution (A)	19.47 - 2.50	EDS
% Data completeness	94.5 (19.48-2.50)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	94.6 (19.47-2.50)	EDS
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	1.49 (at 2.50Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	CNS 0.9	Depositor
D D.	0.181 , 0.201	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.174 , 0.214	DCC
R_{free} test set	1089 reflections (5.04%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	31.3	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.228	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.29, 54.2	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$ < L > = 0.49, < L^2> = 0.32$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.95	EDS
Total number of atoms	5304	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	34.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 6.90% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of <|L|>, $<L^2>$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: SEP, NDG, IOD, SCN, CA, MAN, NAG, HEM

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Chain	Bo	nd lengths	Bond angles		
IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5	
1	A	0.55	3/4891 (0.1%)	0.94	$20/6634 \ (0.3\%)$	

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a maintain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	4

All (3) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\mathbf{Observed}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}})$	Ideal(A)
1	A	9	PRO	N-CA	5.64	1.56	1.47
1	A	585	LEU	CG-CD1	-5.58	1.31	1.51
1	A	326	PRO	CA-C	-5.17	1.42	1.52

The worst 5 of 20 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$Observed(^{o})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(^{o})$
1	A	585	LEU	CB-CG-CD1	-12.91	89.06	111.00
1	A	585	LEU	CB-CG-CD2	10.39	128.67	111.00
1	A	209	PRO	CA-N-CD	-8.44	99.69	111.50
1	A	370	PRO	CA-N-CD	-8.28	99.91	111.50
1	A	171	PRO	CA-N-CD	-8.24	99.96	111.50

There are no chirality outliers.

All (4) planarity outliers are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	166	VAL	Mainchain
1	A	167	CYS	Mainchain
1	A	197	PRO	Peptide
1	A	198	SEP	Mainchain

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	4774	0	4688	175	0
2	В	39	0	34	2	0
2	D	39	0	34	4	0
3	С	28	0	25	2	0
4	Е	28	0	24	0	0
5	A	43	0	30	4	0
6	A	6	0	0	0	0
7	A	1	0	0	0	0
8	A	7	0	0	0	0
9	A	339	0	0	27	0
All	All	5304	0	4835	184	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 19.

The worst 5 of 184 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	$egin{aligned} ext{Clash} \ ext{overlap } (ext{Å}) \end{aligned}$
1:A:169:THR:HB	1:A:170:PRO:CD	1.74	1.18
1:A:169:THR:HB	1:A:170:PRO:HD2	1.23	1.09
1:A:119:LEU:HD12	1:A:169:THR:HG22	1.39	1.04
1:A:552:LEU:HD12	9:A:771:HOH:O	1.59	1.01
1:A:14:LYS:HG2	1:A:15:CYS:N	1.79	0.95

There are no symmetry-related clashes.



5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

\mathbf{Mol}	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	592/595 (100%)	549 (93%)	28 (5%)	15 (2%)	5 8

5 of 15 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	9	PRO
1	A	167	CYS
1	A	168	PRO
1	A	169	THR
1	A	170	PRO

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	517/517 (100%)	462 (89%)	55 (11%)	6 13

5 of 55 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	292	LEU
1	A	360	ARG
1	A	594	GLU
1	A	564	LEU
1	A	317	LEU

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 8 such



sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	545	GLN
1	A	520	GLN
1	A	468	GLN
1	A	437	ASN
1	A	497	ASN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

1 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residue is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Pos	Bond lengths			Bond angles			
IVIOI	туре	Chain	rtes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
1	SEP	A	198	1	8,9,10	1.43	1 (12%)	8,12,14	2.91	5 (62%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
1	SEP	A	198	1	-	3/5/8/10	-

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\operatorname{Observed}(\operatorname{\AA})$	Ideal(A)
1	A	198	SEP	P-O1P	-2.34	1.43	1.50

All (5) bond angle outliers are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
1	A	198	SEP	O2P-P-OG	4.88	119.71	106.73
1	A	198	SEP	O3P-P-O2P	-4.05	92.15	107.64
1	A	198	SEP	OG-P-O1P	3.70	116.85	106.47
1	A	198	SEP	OG-CB-CA	-2.59	105.62	108.14
1	A	198	SEP	O3P-P-OG	-2.50	100.09	106.73

There are no chirality outliers.

All (3) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
1	A	198	SEP	N-CA-CB-OG
1	A	198	SEP	CB-OG-P-O3P
1	A	198	SEP	CB-OG-P-O1P

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

10 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Trino	Chain	Res	Link	Bo	ond leng	ths	В	ond ang	gles
MIOI	Type	Chain	nes	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
2	NAG	В	1	2,1	14,14,15	0.59	0	17,19,21	1.00	1 (5%)
2	NAG	В	2	2	14,14,15	0.80	0	17,19,21	1.45	3 (17%)
2	MAN	В	3	2	11,11,12	0.78	0	15,15,17	0.62	0
3	NAG	С	1	3,1	14,14,15	0.52	0	17,19,21	0.82	0
3	NAG	С	2	3	14,14,15	0.60	0	17,19,21	1.09	2 (11%)
2	NAG	D	1	2,1	14,14,15	0.66	0	17,19,21	0.71	1 (5%)
2	NAG	D	2	2	14,14,15	0.84	1 (7%)	17,19,21	1.31	3 (17%)
2	MAN	D	3	2	11,11,12	0.67	0	15,15,17	1.21	3 (20%)
4	NAG	Е	1	1,4	14,14,15	0.52	0	17,19,21	1.10	1 (5%)
4	NDG	Е	2	4	14,14,15	0.58	0	17,19,21	0.91	1 (5%)



In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	NAG	В	1	2,1	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	В	2	2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	MAN	В	3	2	-	2/2/19/22	1/1/1/1
3	NAG	С	1	3,1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	С	2	3	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	D	1	2,1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	D	2	2	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	MAN	D	3	2	-	1/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	E	1	1,4	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	NDG	Е	2	4	-	4/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	Ideal(A)
2	D	2	NAG	O5-C5	2.07	1.47	1.43

The worst 5 of 15 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\mathrm{Ideal}(^{o})$
2	В	2	NAG	C4-C3-C2	4.37	117.42	111.02
2	D	2	NAG	C4-C3-C2	-3.68	105.63	111.02
2	D	3	MAN	C3-C4-C5	2.87	115.37	110.24
3	С	2	NAG	C2-N2-C7	-2.63	119.15	122.90
4	Е	2	NDG	C2-N2-C7	-2.52	119.32	122.90

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 15 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	D	2	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
2	В	3	MAN	O5-C5-C6-O6
2	D	2	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
4	Е	2	NDG	C8-C7-N2-C2
2	В	1	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6

All (1) ring outliers are listed below:

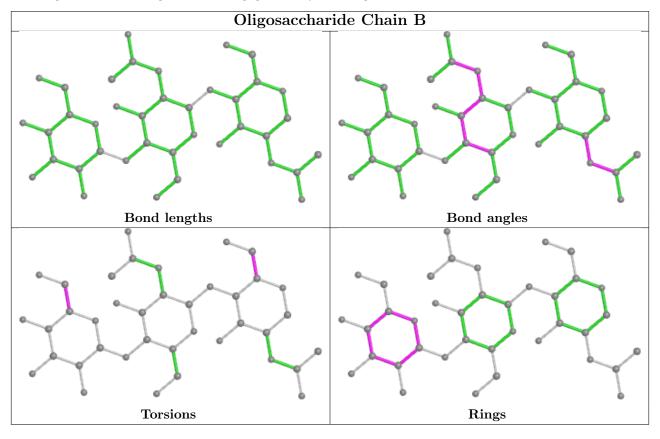


Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	В	3	MAN	C1-C2-C3-C4-C5-O5

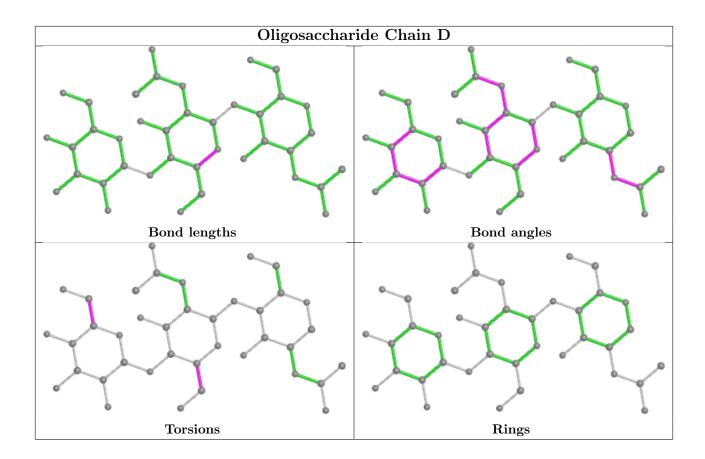
6 monomers are involved in 8 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	С	1	NAG	2	0
2	В	1	NAG	2	0
2	D	3	MAN	2	0
2	D	2	NAG	3	0
2	D	1	NAG	1	0
2	В	2	NAG	2	0

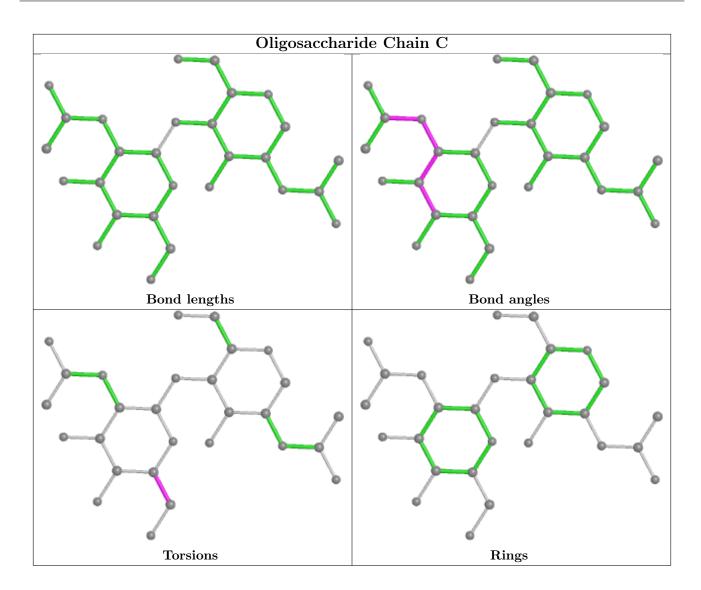
The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.



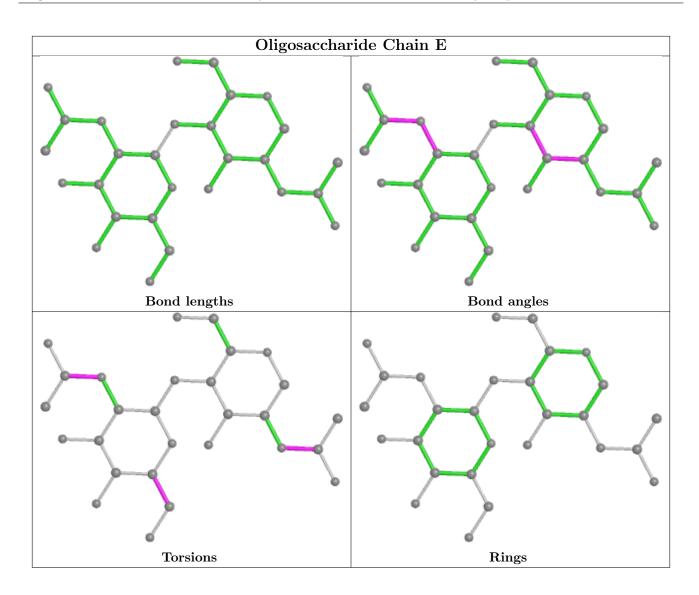












5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 11 ligands modelled in this entry, 8 are monoatomic - leaving 3 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Tuno	Chain	Res	s Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
IVIOI	Type	Chain	nes		Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
5	HEM	A	605	9,1	41,50,50	2.09	10 (24%)	45,82,82	2.40	18 (40%)
6	SCN	A	608	-	1,2,2	0.13	0	0,1,1	-	-
6	SCN	A	607	-	1,2,2	0.60	0	0,1,1	-	-



In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
5	HEM	A	605	9,1	-	4/12/54/54	-

The worst 5 of 10 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	Ideal(Å)
5	A	605	HEM	C3D-C2D	7.24	1.52	1.36
5	A	605	HEM	C3C-CAC	5.18	1.58	1.47
5	A	605	HEM	C2C-C1C	4.14	1.51	1.42
5	A	605	HEM	CAB-C3B	3.15	1.56	1.47
5	A	605	HEM	CAD-C3D	2.99	1.59	1.51

The worst 5 of 18 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
5	A	605	HEM	C4B-CHC-C1C	7.96	133.06	122.56
5	A	605	HEM	C2C-C3C-C4C	-5.83	102.83	106.90
5	A	605	HEM	CMA-C3A-C4A	-4.50	121.55	128.46
5	A	605	HEM	C1B-NB-C4B	3.64	108.83	105.07
5	A	605	HEM	CHD-C1D-ND	3.58	128.32	124.43

There are no chirality outliers.

All (4) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
5	A	605	HEM	CAD-CBD-CGD-O2D
5	A	605	HEM	CAA-CBA-CGA-O1A
5	A	605	HEM	CAD-CBD-CGD-O1D
5	A	605	HEM	CAA-CBA-CGA-O2A

There are no ring outliers.

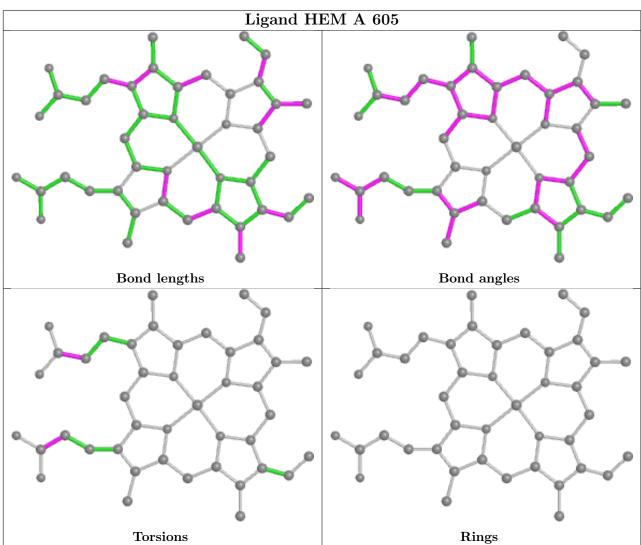
1 monomer is involved in 4 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
5	A	605	HEM	4	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In



addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.



5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.



5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	$\langle { m RSRZ} \rangle$	$\#\mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$		$\mathbf{OWAB}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	A	594/595 (99%)	-0.12	37 (6%) 20	21	12, 29, 66, 84	0

The worst 5 of 37 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	7	GLY	11.7
1	A	2	TRP	10.5
1	A	8	ALA	8.6
1	A	174	SER	8.3
1	A	170	PRO	7.3

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
1	SEP	A	198	10/11	0.96	0.13	24,34,42,42	0

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q < 0.9
2	MAN	В	3	11/12	0.45	0.49	97,98,99,99	0

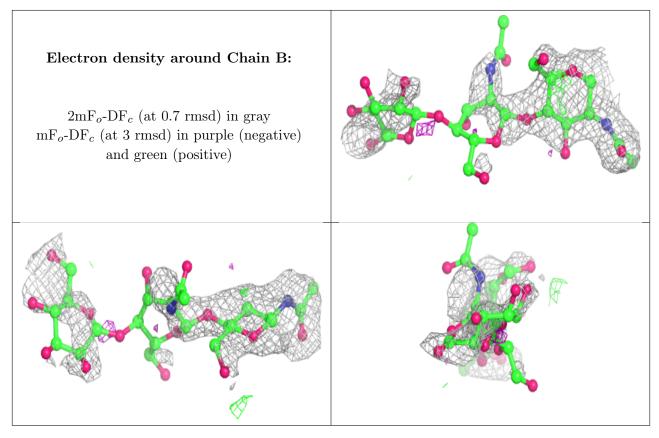
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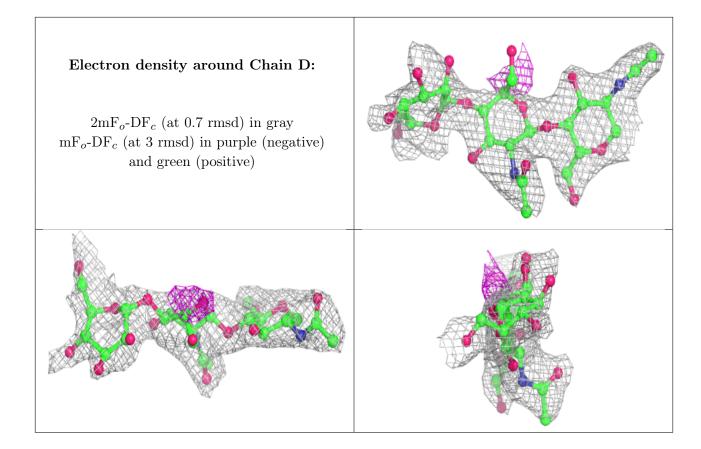
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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathring{\mathbf{A}}^2)$	Q < 0.9
4	NDG	Е	2	14/15	0.69	0.54	76,78,82,83	0
2	MAN	D	3	11/12	0.71	0.39	83,86,86,88	0
2	NAG	В	2	14/15	0.71	0.59	84,90,93,94	0
4	NAG	Е	1	14/15	0.73	0.28	59,64,66,71	0
3	NAG	С	2	14/15	0.74	0.37	55,57,58,58	0
2	NAG	D	2	14/15	0.81	0.34	66,69,73,79	0
2	NAG	В	1	14/15	0.85	0.24	56,61,67,76	0
3	NAG	С	1	14/15	0.92	0.16	41,46,48,51	0
2	NAG	D	1	14/15	0.93	0.14	45,50,54,59	0

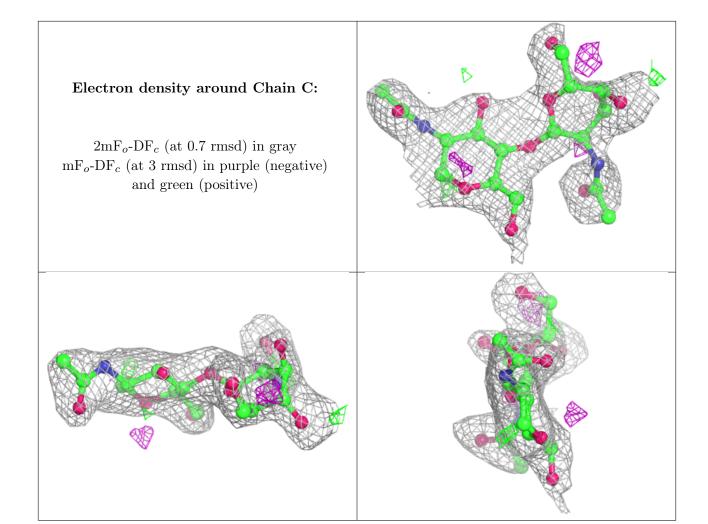
The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density for oligosaccharide. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.



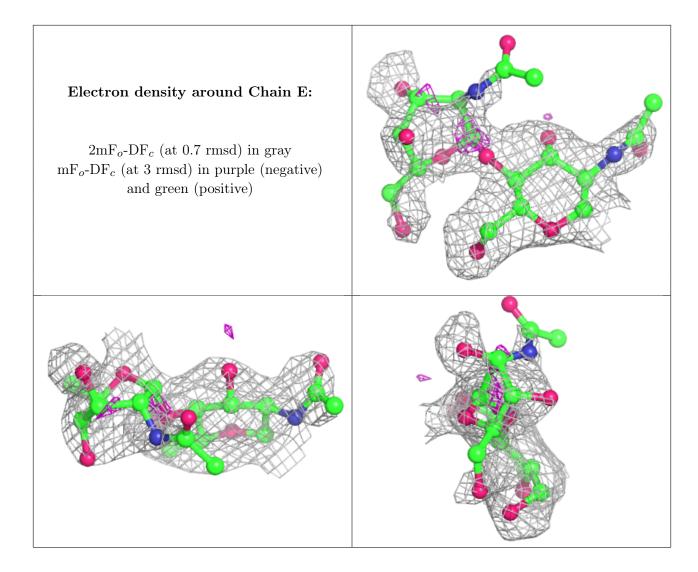












6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\operatorname{B-factors}(\mathring{\mathbf{A}}^2)$	Q < 0.9
6	SCN	A	607	3/3	0.90	0.15	24,24,24,31	0
6	SCN	A	608	3/3	0.94	0.14	21,21,27,29	0
5	HEM	A	605	43/43	0.98	0.08	10,16,21,24	0
8	IOD	A	610	1/1	0.98	0.05	99,99,99,99	0
8	IOD	A	611	1/1	0.98	0.10	59,59,59,59	1
8	IOD	A	613	1/1	0.98	0.04	86,86,86,86	0
7	CA	A	609	1/1	0.99	0.10	20,20,20,20	0
8	IOD	A	614	1/1	0.99	0.03	65,65,65,65	0
8	IOD	A	616	1/1	0.99	0.03	60,60,60,60	0

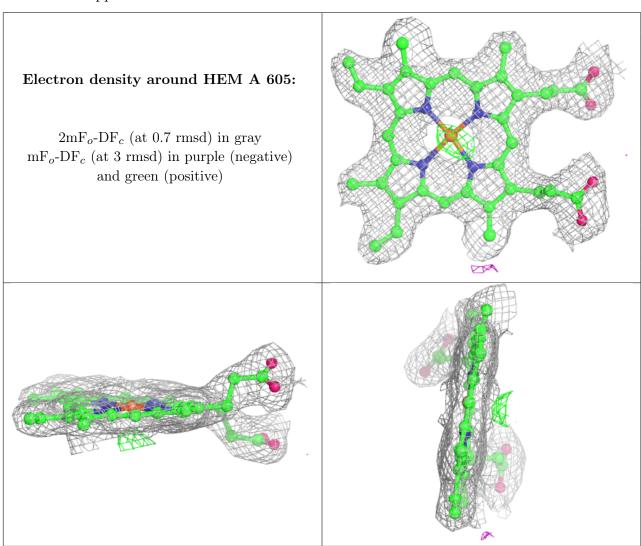
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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q < 0.9
8	IOD	A	615	1/1	1.00	0.07	26,26,26,26	0
8	IOD	A	612	1/1	1.00	0.03	67,67,67	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.



6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

