



# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Jul 17, 2024 – 01:30 pm BST

PDB ID : 9F14  
Title : The crystal structure of full length tetramer CysB from *Klebsiella aerogenes* in complex with N-acetylserine  
Authors : Verschueren, K.H.G.; Dodson, E.J.; Wilkinson, A.J.  
Deposited on : 2024-04-18  
Resolution : 2.30 Å (reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467  
Mogul : 1.8.4, CSD as541be (2020)  
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13  
EDS : 2.37.1  
buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)  
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)  
Refmac : 5.8.0158  
CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.37.1

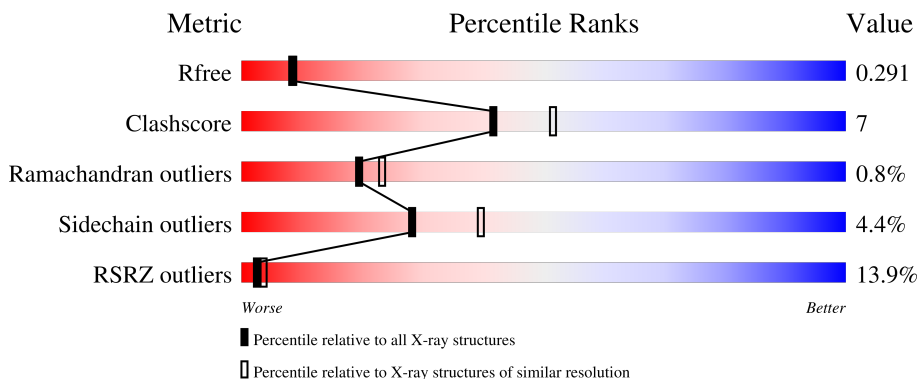
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

*X-RAY DIFFRACTION*



The reported resolution of this entry is 2.30 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
$R_{free}$	130704	5042 (2.30-2.30)
Clashscore	141614	5643 (2.30-2.30)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	5575 (2.30-2.30)
Sidechain outliers	138945	5575 (2.30-2.30)
RSRZ outliers	127900	4938 (2.30-2.30)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ . The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	324	
1	B	324	

## 2 Entry composition [i](#)

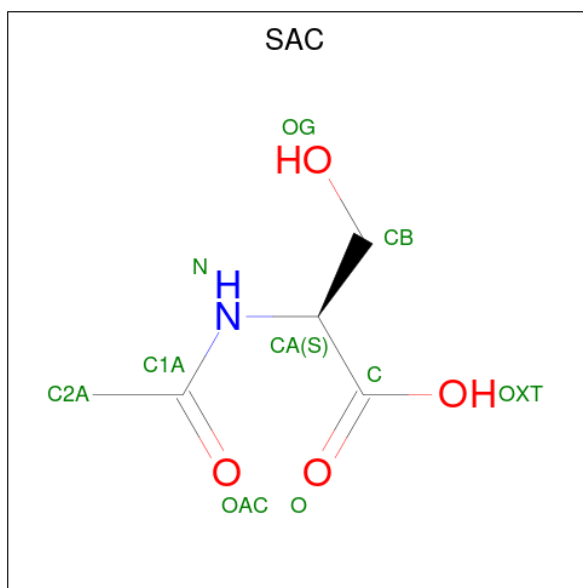
There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 10473 atoms, of which 5140 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called HTH-type transcriptional regulator CysB.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace	
			Total	C	H	N	O				S
1	A	324	Total	C	H	N	O	S	82	2	0
			5118	1619	2573	442	476	8			
1	B	323	Total	C	H	N	O	S	82	0	0
			5077	1608	2551	438	472	8			

- Molecule 2 is N-ACETYL-SERINE (three-letter code: SAC) (formula: C<sub>5</sub>H<sub>9</sub>NO<sub>4</sub>) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	
			Total	C	H	N			O
2	A	1	Total	C	H	N	O	4	0
			18	5	8	1	4		
2	B	1	Total	C	H	N	O	4	0
			18	5	8	1	4		

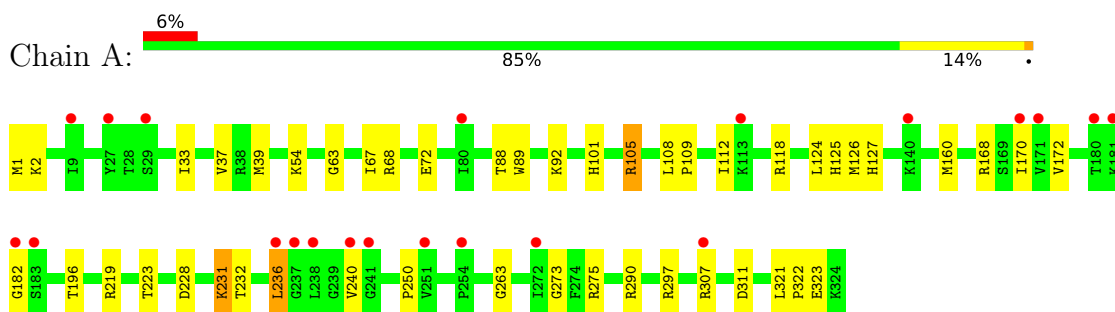
- Molecule 3 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	171	Total 171	O 171	0	0
3	B	71	Total 71	O 71	0	0

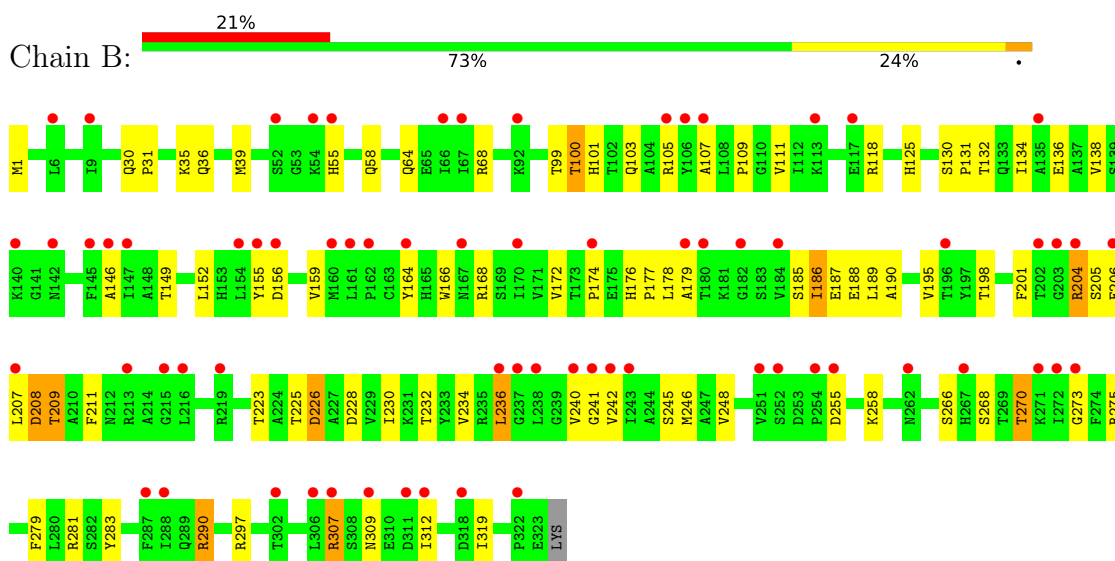
### 3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ( $RSRZ > 2$ ). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: HTH-type transcriptional regulator CysB



- Molecule 1: HTH-type transcriptional regulator CysB



## 4 Data and refinement statistics i

Property	Value	Source
Space group	H 3 2	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	185.86Å 185.86Å 113.04Å 90.00° 90.00° 120.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	19.82 – 2.30 19.81 – 2.30	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	99.8 (19.82-2.30) 100.0 (19.81-2.30)	Depositor EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.07	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ <sup>1</sup>	2.37 (at 2.30Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.8.0425, REFMAC 5.8.0425	Depositor
R, $R_{free}$	0.211 , 0.290 0.215 , 0.291	Depositor DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	1681 reflections (5.06%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	46.1	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.406	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}$ (e/Å <sup>3</sup> ), $B_{sol}$ (Å <sup>2</sup> )	0.36 , 43.9	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$\langle  L  \rangle = 0.49$ , $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.32$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.024 for $-2/3^*h-1/3^*k-4/3^*l,-1/3^*h-2/3^*k+4/3^*l,-1/3^*h+1/3^*k+1/3^*l$ 0.020 for $-h,1/3^*h-1/3^*k-4/3^*l,-1/3^*h-2/3^*k+1/3^*l$ 0.017 for $-1/3^*h+1/3^*k+4/3^*l,-k,2/3^*h+1/3^*k+1/3^*l$	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.95	EDS
Total number of atoms	10473	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	64.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.08% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

<sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

<sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

## 5 Model quality [i](#)

### 5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: SAC

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z  >5	RMSZ	# Z  >5
1	A	0.48	0/2612	0.90	4/3548 (0.1%)
1	B	0.47	0/2580	0.84	4/3506 (0.1%)
All	All	0.47	0/5192	0.87	8/7054 (0.1%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	6
1	B	0	6
All	All	0	12

There are no bond length outliers.

All (8) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	1	MET	CG-SD-CE	8.22	113.36	100.20
1	B	297	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-7.60	116.50	120.30
1	B	1	MET	CG-SD-CE	6.67	110.86	100.20
1	A	39	MET	CG-SD-CE	6.38	110.41	100.20
1	A	168	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	6.15	123.37	120.30
1	B	297	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.63	123.11	120.30
1	A	88	THR	CA-CB-OG1	-5.52	97.40	109.00
1	B	283	TYR	CB-CA-C	5.24	120.87	110.40

There are no chirality outliers.

All (12) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	105	ARG	Sidechain
1	A	219	ARG	Sidechain
1	A	275	ARG	Sidechain
1	A	290	ARG	Sidechain
1	A	297	ARG	Sidechain
1	A	68	ARG	Sidechain
1	B	118	ARG	Sidechain
1	B	204	ARG	Sidechain
1	B	275	ARG	Sidechain
1	B	290	ARG	Sidechain
1	B	307	ARG	Sidechain
1	B	68	ARG	Sidechain

## 5.2 Too-close contacts [\(i\)](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2545	2573	2552	27	0
1	B	2526	2551	2540	48	0
2	A	10	8	8	0	0
2	B	10	8	8	3	0
3	A	171	0	0	6	1
3	B	71	0	0	1	1
All	All	5333	5140	5108	71	1

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 7.

All (71) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:228:ASP:O	1:B:232:THR:HG23	1.75	0.85
1:B:195:VAL:HG12	1:B:230:ILE:HG23	1.61	0.83
1:B:138:VAL:HG21	1:B:146:ALA:HB2	1.61	0.81
1:B:206:GLU:HG2	1:B:266:SER:HB2	1.69	0.73
1:A:112:ILE:HD12	1:A:124:LEU:HD21	1.69	0.73
1:A:108:LEU:HD13	1:A:126:MET:HE1	1.77	0.67

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:138:VAL:CG2	1:B:146:ALA:HB2	2.26	0.64
1:B:309:ASN:O	1:B:312:ILE:HG13	2.01	0.61
1:B:111:VAL:HG13	1:B:290:ARG:HB3	1.84	0.60
1:A:170:ILE:HG23	1:A:240:VAL:CG1	2.33	0.58
1:B:149:THR:HG23	1:B:270:THR:HG22	1.86	0.58
1:A:108:LEU:CD1	1:A:126:MET:HE1	2.35	0.56
1:B:101:HIS:HE1	1:B:225:THR:HG22	1.71	0.56
1:B:103:GLN:O	1:B:107:ALA:HB3	2.05	0.56
1:A:307:ARG:HG2	1:A:311:ASP:OD2	2.06	0.55
1:B:246:MET:SD	2:B:401:SAC:H2A2	2.47	0.54
1:A:72:GLU:HG2	3:A:658:HOH:O	2.08	0.53
1:A:101:HIS:HB3	1:A:105:ARG:HH12	1.72	0.53
1:A:33:ILE:O	1:A:37:VAL:HG23	2.08	0.53
1:B:176:HIS:O	1:B:178:LEU:N	2.42	0.53
1:B:230:ILE:O	1:B:234:VAL:HG23	2.10	0.52
1:B:36:GLN:OE1	1:B:39:MET:HE3	2.09	0.52
1:B:168:ARG:HH12	1:B:206:GLU:HB2	1.74	0.51
1:B:159:VAL:O	1:B:273:GLY:HA2	2.10	0.51
1:A:108:LEU:HD13	1:A:126:MET:CE	2.40	0.50
1:B:149:THR:HG21	2:B:401:SAC:N	2.25	0.50
1:B:164:TYR:CE1	1:B:246:MET:HE1	2.46	0.50
1:B:134:ILE:HG22	1:B:155:TYR:HE1	1.77	0.49
1:A:263:GLY:N	3:A:508:HOH:O	2.43	0.49
1:B:99:THR:OG1	1:B:100:THR:N	2.44	0.49
1:B:105:ARG:O	1:B:109:PRO:HG2	2.13	0.48
1:B:35:LYS:HG2	1:B:39:MET:HE2	1.96	0.47
1:B:189:LEU:CD1	1:B:240:VAL:HG11	2.45	0.47
1:B:245:SER:HB3	1:B:258:LYS:HZ1	1.80	0.46
1:B:195:VAL:O	1:B:241:GLY:HA2	2.15	0.46
1:B:206:GLU:HG3	3:B:559:HOH:O	2.15	0.46
1:B:201:PHE:HA	1:B:208:ASP:OD1	2.15	0.46
1:A:321:LEU:HB3	1:A:322:PRO:HD2	1.98	0.46
1:A:160:MET:SD	1:A:273:GLY:HA3	2.55	0.46
1:A:196:THR:O	1:A:223:THR:HA	2.16	0.46
1:B:176:HIS:C	1:B:178:LEU:H	2.19	0.46
1:A:118:ARG:NH2	3:A:507:HOH:O	2.42	0.46
1:A:2:LYS:HD3	3:A:647:HOH:O	2.16	0.45
1:B:190:ALA:HB2	1:B:211:PHE:HE2	1.81	0.45
1:B:245:SER:HB3	1:B:258:LYS:NZ	2.31	0.45
1:A:223:THR:OG1	1:B:125:HIS:HD2	2.00	0.45
1:B:185:SER:OG	1:B:188:GLU:HG2	2.17	0.44

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:279:PHE:HE2	1:B:281:ARG:HD3	1.82	0.44
1:B:208:ASP:OD1	1:B:208:ASP:N	2.51	0.44
1:A:89:TRP:CE3	1:A:92:LYS:HE3	2.53	0.44
1:A:263:GLY:HA3	3:A:508:HOH:O	2.18	0.44
1:B:208:ASP:O	1:B:209:THR:C	2.57	0.43
1:B:130:SER:O	1:B:131:PRO:C	2.57	0.43
1:B:149:THR:HG21	2:B:401:SAC:C1A	2.49	0.43
1:B:186:ILE:HG23	1:B:187:GLU:OE2	2.18	0.43
1:B:242:VAL:O	1:B:242:VAL:HG12	2.18	0.43
1:B:155:TYR:CD2	1:B:155:TYR:N	2.86	0.43
1:A:63:GLY:O	1:A:67:ILE:HG12	2.18	0.43
1:B:166:TRP:CE2	1:B:268:SER:HB2	2.54	0.43
1:A:125:HIS:HD2	1:B:223:THR:OG1	2.02	0.42
1:A:228:ASP:O	1:A:232:THR:HG23	2.20	0.42
1:A:108:LEU:N	1:A:109:PRO:CD	2.83	0.42
1:A:263:GLY:CA	3:A:508:HOH:O	2.67	0.42
1:B:174:PRO:O	1:B:179:ALA:CB	2.68	0.42
1:A:127:HIS:CD2	1:B:198:THR:HG21	2.55	0.42
1:A:101:HIS:CD2	1:B:226:ASP:OD2	2.73	0.41
1:A:231:LYS:HB3	1:A:231:LYS:HE3	1.90	0.41
1:B:206:GLU:O	1:B:207:LEU:C	2.59	0.41
1:B:30:GLN:N	1:B:31:PRO:HD2	2.36	0.41
1:B:132:THR:O	1:B:136:GLU:HG3	2.19	0.41
1:A:112:ILE:HG23	1:A:124:LEU:CD2	2.51	0.40

All (1) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
3:A:661:HOH:O	3:B:567:HOH:O[8_555]	2.16	0.04

## 5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was

analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	324/324 (100%)	309 (95%)	12 (4%)	3 (1%)	17	20
1	B	321/324 (99%)	294 (92%)	25 (8%)	2 (1%)	25	31
All	All	645/648 (100%)	603 (94%)	37 (6%)	5 (1%)	19	23

All (5) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	236	LEU
1	B	177	PRO
1	A	182	GLY
1	B	236	LEU
1	A	250	PRO

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	278/276 (101%)	273 (98%)	5 (2%)	59	75
1	B	275/276 (100%)	256 (93%)	19 (7%)	15	20
All	All	553/552 (100%)	529 (96%)	24 (4%)	28	40

All (24) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	54	LYS
1	A	172	VAL
1	A	231	LYS
1	A	236	LEU
1	A	323	GLU
1	B	55	HIS
1	B	58	GLN
1	B	64	GLN
1	B	100	THR

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	152	LEU
1	B	156	ASP
1	B	172	VAL
1	B	186	ILE
1	B	204	ARG
1	B	205	SER
1	B	208	ASP
1	B	209	THR
1	B	226	ASP
1	B	236	LEU
1	B	248	VAL
1	B	255	ASP
1	B	270	THR
1	B	307	ARG
1	B	319	ILE

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (7) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	101	HIS
1	A	125	HIS
1	A	128	GLN
1	B	101	HIS
1	B	125	HIS
1	B	167	ASN
1	B	262	ASN

### 5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

## 5.6 Ligand geometry

2 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
2	SAC	B	401	-	9,9,9	0.77	1 (11%)	10,11,11	0.56	0
2	SAC	A	401	-	9,9,9	0.70	0	10,11,11	0.90	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	SAC	B	401	-	-	2/10/10/10	-
2	SAC	A	401	-	-	0/10/10/10	-

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	B	401	SAC	OXT-C	-2.08	1.23	1.30

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) torsion outliers are listed below:

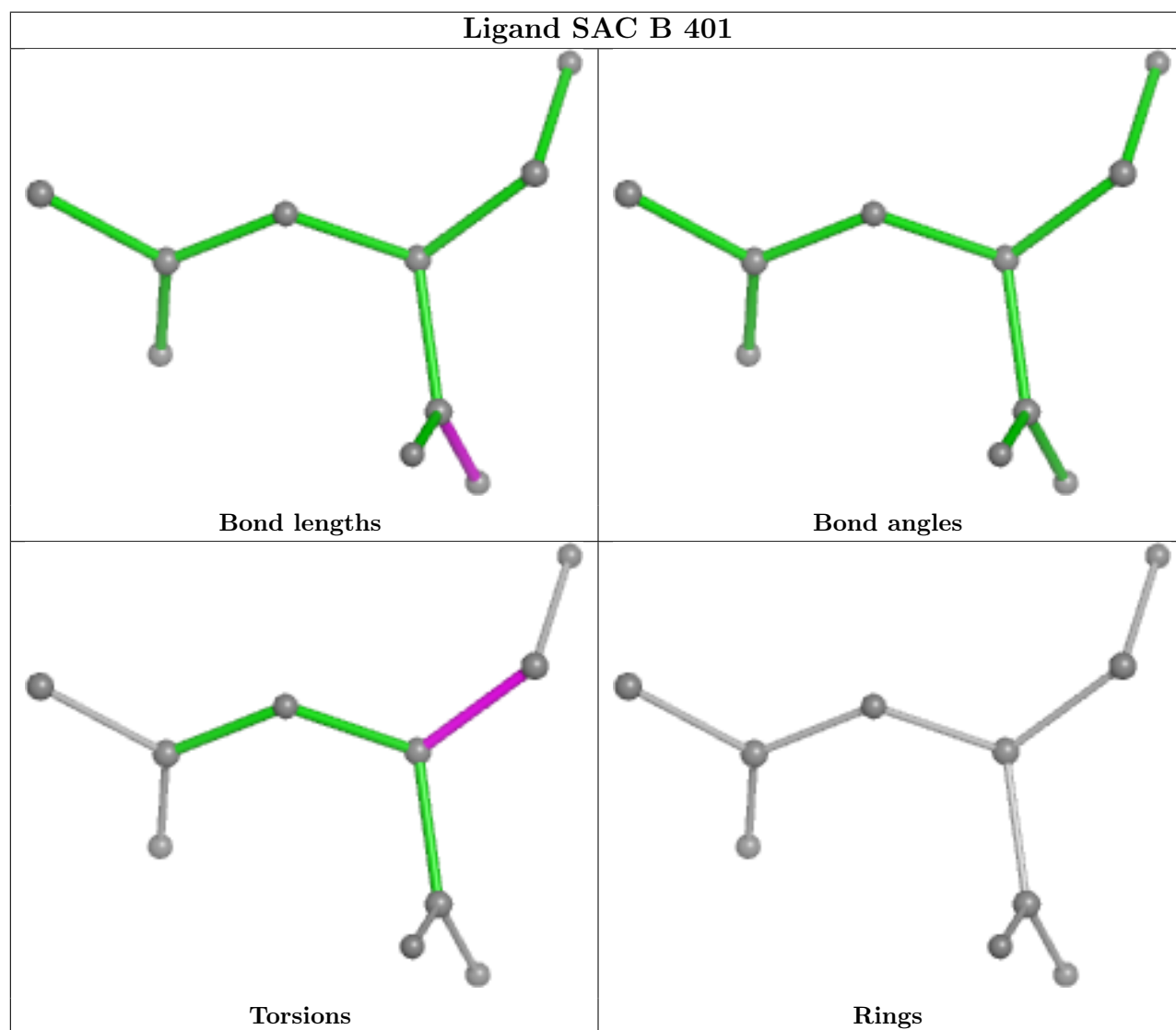
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	B	401	SAC	C-CA-CB-OG
2	B	401	SAC	N-CA-CB-OG

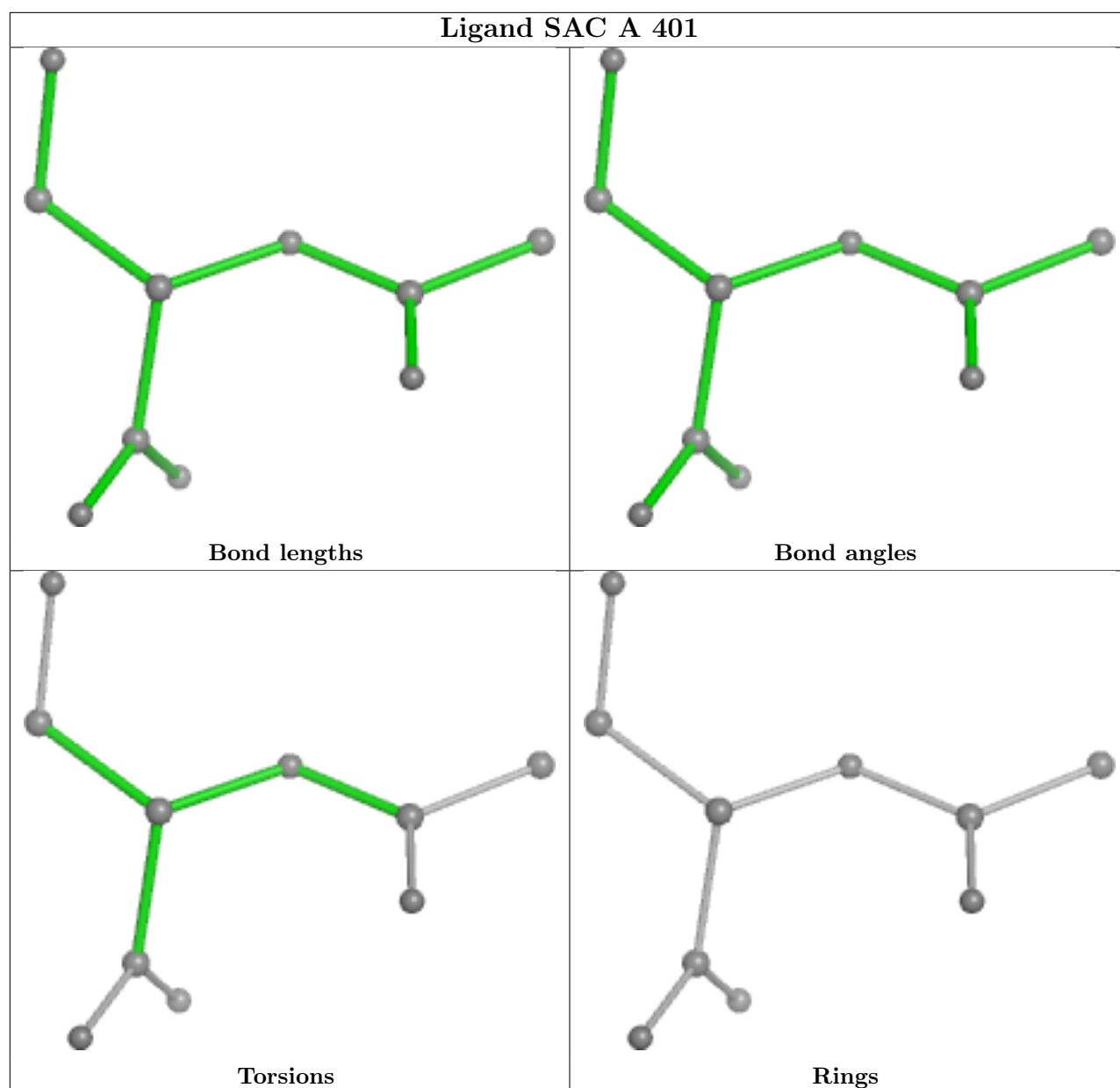
There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 3 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	B	401	SAC	3	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.





## 5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 6 Fit of model and data

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ > 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q < 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
1	A	324/324 (100%)	0.18	21 (6%) 18 24	28, 50, 93, 125	0
1	B	323/324 (99%)	1.02	69 (21%) 0 1	37, 72, 111, 146	0
All	All	647/648 (99%)	0.60	90 (13%) 2 4	28, 61, 106, 146	0

All (90) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	B	242	VAL	7.3
1	B	180	THR	6.0
1	B	106	TYR	5.9
1	B	236	LEU	5.5
1	B	164	TYR	5.2
1	B	272	ILE	5.1
1	B	267	HIS	5.0
1	B	307	ARG	5.0
1	B	237	GLY	4.8
1	A	183	SER	4.8
1	B	182	GLY	4.7
1	B	55	HIS	4.1
1	B	203	GLY	4.1
1	B	241	GLY	4.0
1	A	251	VAL	4.0
1	B	160	MET	4.0
1	A	236	LEU	3.9
1	B	288	ILE	3.6
1	B	306	LEU	3.5
1	B	146	ALA	3.5
1	B	9	ILE	3.5
1	B	107	ALA	3.5
1	B	66	ILE	3.4
1	B	251	VAL	3.4

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<b>Mol</b>	<b>Chain</b>	<b>Res</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>RSRZ</b>
1	B	309	ASN	3.4
1	A	27	TYR	3.4
1	B	140	LYS	3.3
1	B	52	SER	3.3
1	B	6	LEU	3.3
1	A	237	GLY	3.3
1	A	272	ILE	3.2
1	B	105	ARG	3.1
1	B	262	ASN	3.1
1	A	181	LYS	3.1
1	B	147	ILE	3.1
1	B	113	LYS	3.0
1	A	171	VAL	3.0
1	A	180	THR	2.9
1	B	204	ARG	2.9
1	B	167	ASN	2.9
1	A	80	ILE	2.9
1	B	215	GLY	2.9
1	B	161	LEU	2.9
1	B	155	TYR	2.8
1	A	182	GLY	2.8
1	B	202	THR	2.8
1	B	142	ASN	2.8
1	B	243	ILE	2.8
1	A	307	ARG	2.8
1	B	145	PHE	2.7
1	B	271	LYS	2.7
1	B	255	ASP	2.7
1	A	29	SER	2.7
1	B	154	LEU	2.7
1	B	238	LEU	2.7
1	B	174	PRO	2.6
1	B	322	PRO	2.6
1	B	179	ALA	2.5
1	B	206	GLU	2.5
1	B	156	ASP	2.5
1	A	240	VAL	2.5
1	A	254	PRO	2.4
1	B	162	PRO	2.4
1	B	273	GLY	2.4
1	B	207	LEU	2.4
1	B	216	LEU	2.4

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	B	312	ILE	2.4
1	B	54	LYS	2.3
1	B	92	LYS	2.3
1	B	67	ILE	2.3
1	B	302	THR	2.3
1	A	9	ILE	2.3
1	A	170	ILE	2.3
1	B	240	VAL	2.3
1	A	238	LEU	2.2
1	A	140	LYS	2.2
1	B	254	PRO	2.2
1	B	196	THR	2.2
1	B	252	SER	2.2
1	B	184	VAL	2.1
1	A	241	GLY	2.1
1	B	219	ARG	2.1
1	B	170	ILE	2.1
1	A	113	LYS	2.1
1	B	311	ASP	2.1
1	B	318	ASP	2.0
1	B	213	ARG	2.0
1	B	287	PHE	2.0
1	B	135	ALA	2.0
1	B	117	GLU	2.0

## 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

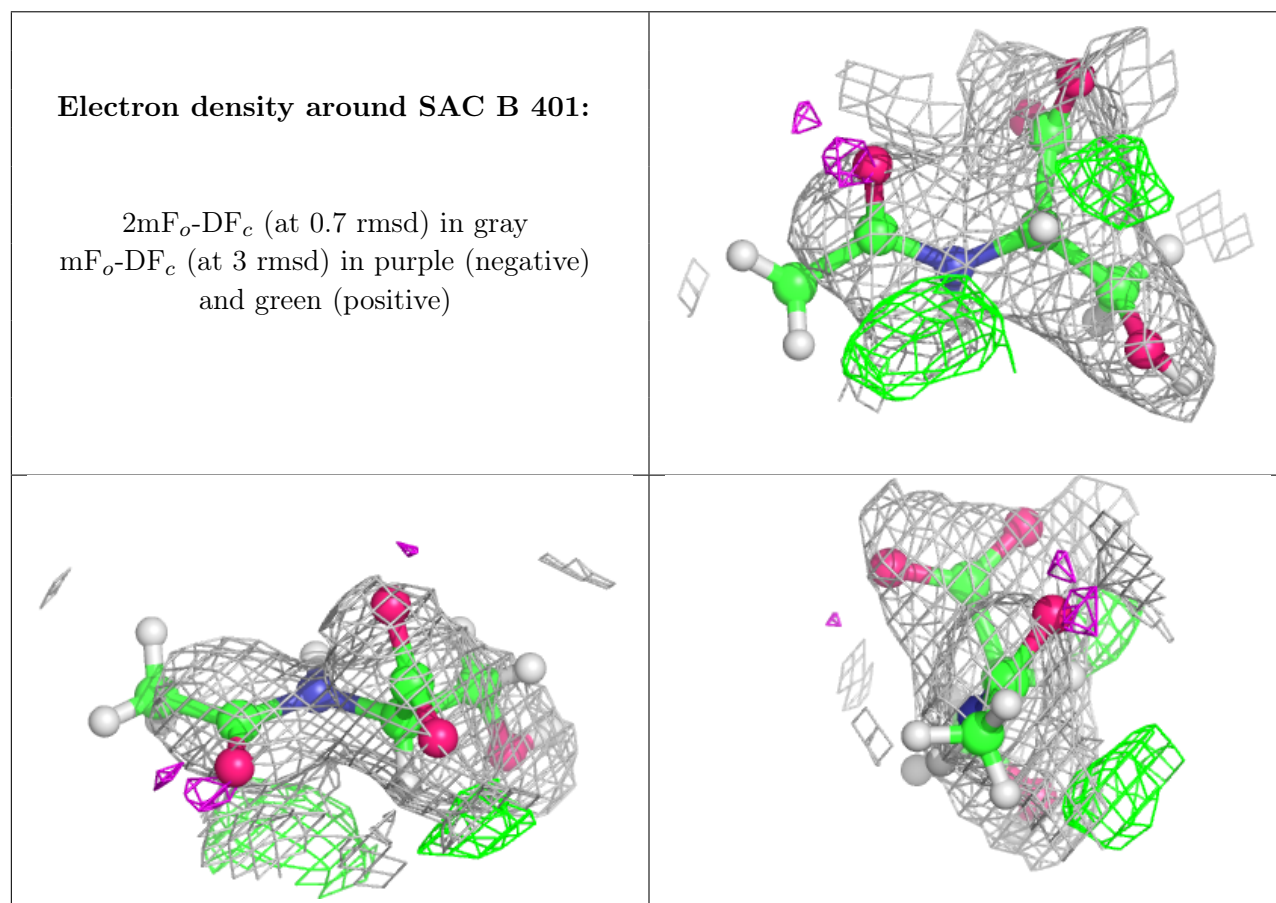
There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

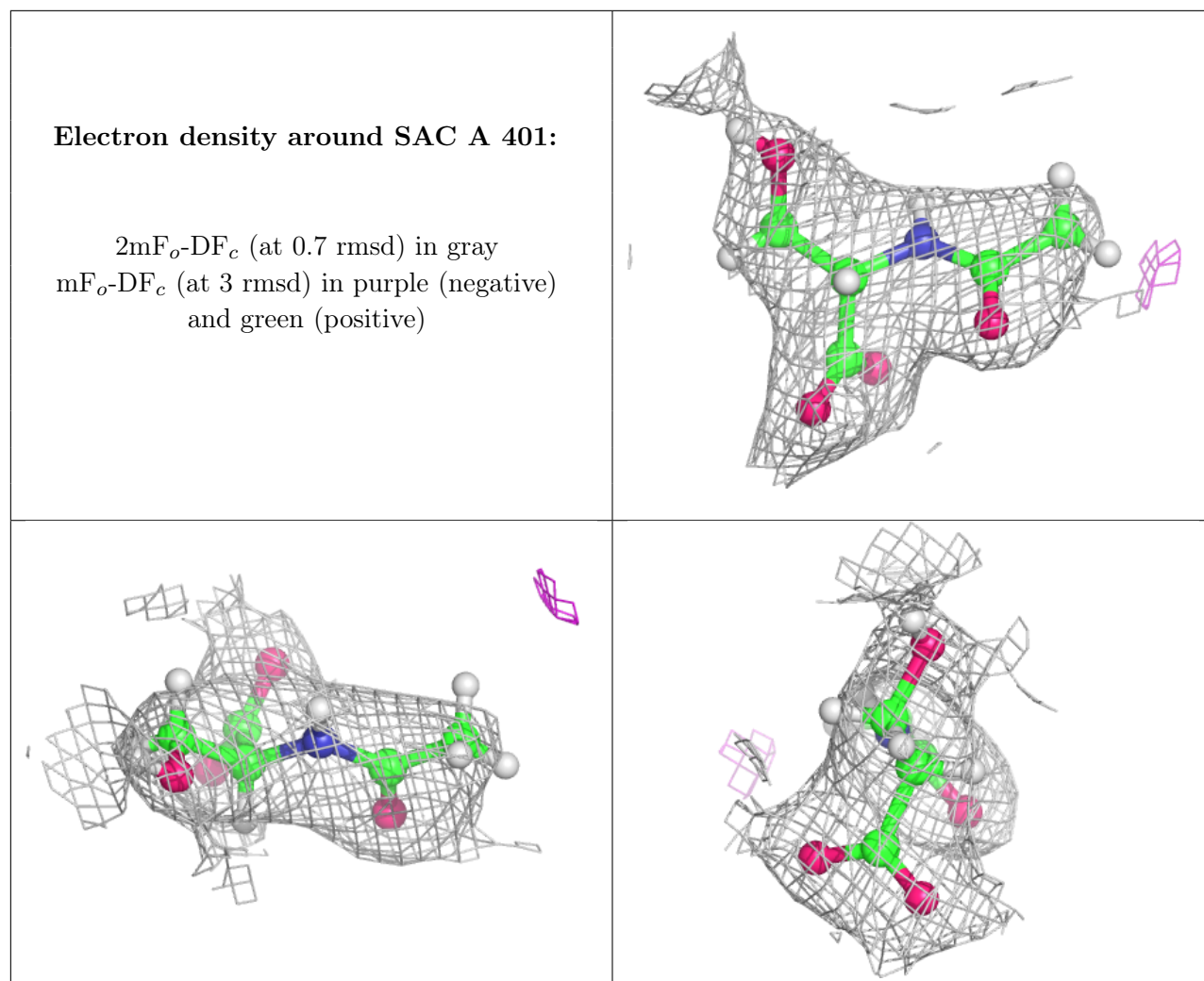
## 6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors( $\text{\AA}^2$ )	Q<0.9
2	SAC	B	401	10/10	0.77	0.25	56,77,92,92	4
2	SAC	A	401	10/10	0.97	0.17	36,38,42,42	4

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.





## 6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.