

wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

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PDB ID	:	1F3C
Title	:	REFINED SOLUTION STRUCTURE OF 8KDA DYNEIN LIGHT CHAIN
		(DLC8)
Authors	:	Fan, JS.; Zhang, Q.; Tochio, H.; Zhang, M.
Deposited on	:	2000-06-02

This is a wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org* A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (i)) were used in the production of this report:

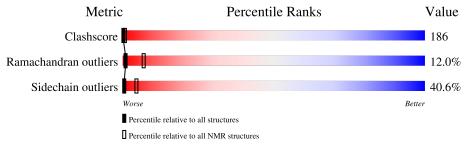
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
RCI	:	v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV	:	Wang et al. (2010)
ShiftChecker	:	2.26
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.26

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $SOLUTION\ NMR$

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment was not calculated.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$egin{array}{c} { m Whole \ archive} \ (\#{ m Entries}) \end{array}$	${f NMR} \ { m archive} \ (\#{ m Entries})$
Clashscore	158937	12864
Ramachandran outliers	154571	11451
Sidechain outliers	154315	11428

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain								
1	А	89	• 52%	42% 6%							
1	В	89	• 61%	35% •							



2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 20 models. Model 3 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 2 as representative, based on the following criterion: *lowest energy*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

	Well-defined (core) protein residues										
Well-defined core	Residue range (total)	Backbone RMSD (Å)	Medoid model								
1	1 A:5-A:88, B:4-B:89 (170) 0.42 3										

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 4 clusters and 1 single-model cluster was found.

Cluster number	Models
1	1, 5, 7, 10, 13, 15, 16, 20
2	4, 6, 9, 11, 19
3	3, 8, 12, 17
4	14, 18
Single-model clusters	2



3 Entry composition (i)

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 2892 atoms, of which 1436 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Atoms						
1	Λ	80	Total	-			-		0	
	1 A	89	1446	465	718	122	135	6		
1	В	80	Total	С	Η	Ν	0	S	0	
	D	69	1446	465	718	122	135	6		

• Molecule 1 is a protein called DYNEIN.



4 Residue-property plots (i)

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

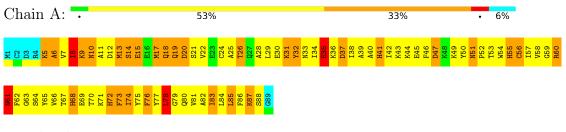
• Molecule 1: DYNEIN

Chain .	A: •					52%	6												42	%						6%	ò		
M1 C2 D3 R4 K5	A6 V7 I8 K9	N10 A11 D12	M13 S14	E15 E16 M17	010 018	419 D20 S21	V22 E22	624 C24	A25 T26	Q27 A28	L29	E30 K31	Y32 M33	134	E35 K36	D37 I38	A39	A40 H41	I42 K43	K44 F45	F46	K48	Y50	N51	T53	W54 H55	CE6	15/ V58	G59 R60
N61 F62 G63 S64 Y65	V66 T67 H68 E69	T70 K71 H72	F73 I74	Y75 F76 V77	L78	6/9 080 V81	A82 T 02	L84	L85 F86	K87 S88	G 89																		
• Mole	cule 1	1: D	YN	EII	N																								
Chain I	B: •						61	%								-				3	5%					•	•		
M1 C2 D3 K5 K5	A6 V7 I8 K9	N10 A11 D12	M13 S14	E15 E16 M17	010 010	020 821	V22 E23	E23 C24	A25 T26	Q27 A28	L29	E30 K31	Y32 N32	134 134	<u>к</u> 36 К36	D37 I38	A39	A40 H41	142 K43	K44 F45	F46	K48	K49 Y50	N51	T53	W54 H55	C56	15/ V58	G 59 R60
N61 F62 G63 Y65	V66 T67 H68 E69	T70 K71 H72	F73 I74	Y75 F76 V77	L78	679 080 V81	A82 Te2	L84 L84	L85 F86	K87 S88	G 89																		

4.2 Residue scores for the representative (medoid) model from the NMR ensemble

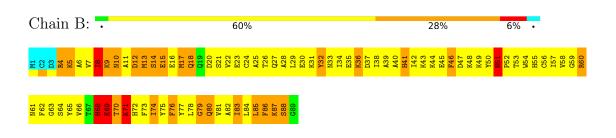
The representative model is number 3. Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

• Molecule 1: DYNEIN



• Molecule 1: DYNEIN







5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i)

The models were refined using the following method: torsion angle dynamics.

Of the 200 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *structures with the lowest energy*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version			
X-PLOR	structure solution	3.8			
X-PLOR	refinement	3.8			

No chemical shift data was provided.



6 Model quality (i)

6.1 Standard geometry (i)

There are no covalent bond-length or bond-angle outliers.

There are no bond-length outliers.

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

6.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes		
1	А	690	682	678	$298{\pm}16$		
1	В	706	698	694	$298{\pm}14$		
All	All	27920	27600	27440	10322		

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 186.

5 of 2697 unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models			
Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(A)	Distance(A)	Worst	Total		
1:A:66:VAL:HG13	1:B:57:ILE:HD11	1.11	1.20	15	14		
1:A:29:LEU:HD21	1:A:81:VAL:HG11	1.03	1.31	11	10		
1:B:57:ILE:HG13	1:B:84:LEU:HD23	1.02	1.30	7	6		
1:B:39:ALA:HB2	1:B:58:VAL:HG12	1.01	1.29	8	20		
1:A:39:ALA:HB2	1:A:58:VAL:HG12	1.01	1.27	16	20		

6.3 Torsion angles (i)

6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR



Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles			
1	А	84/89~(94%)	$54\pm3(64\pm3\%)$	$20\pm3(24\pm4\%)$	$10\pm2~(12\pm3\%)$	1 6			
1	В	85/89~(96%)	$56\pm3(65\pm4\%)$	$20\pm2(23\pm3\%)$	$10\pm2~(12\pm2\%)$	1 7			
All	All	3380/3560~(95%)	2183~(65%)	793 (23%)	404 (12%)	1 7			

entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

5 of 59 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	А	35	GLU	20
1	А	51	ASN	20
1	В	51	ASN	20
1	В	79	GLY	19
1	В	60	ARG	17

6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	А	74/78~(95%)	$44 \pm 4 (59 \pm 6\%)$	$30\pm4~(41\pm6\%)$	0 4
1	В	75/78~(96%)	$45 \pm 4 \ (60 \pm 5\%)$	$30\pm4~(40\pm5\%)$	0 5
All	All	2980/3120~(96%)	1770 (59%)	1210 (41%)	0 4

5 of 123 unique residues with a non-rotameric side chain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	А	32	TYR	20
1	А	83	ILE	20
1	В	18	GLN	20
1	В	32	TYR	20
1	В	83	ILE	20



6.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



7 Chemical shift validation (i)

No chemical shift data were provided

