



Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Aug 26, 2023 – 02:19 PM EDT

PDB ID : 3FCE
Title : Crystal Structure of Bacillus cereus D-alanyl Carrier Protein Ligase DltA in Complex with ATP: Implications for Adenylation Mechanism
Authors : Osman, K.T.; Du, L.; He, Y.; Luo, Y.
Deposited on : 2008-11-21
Resolution : 1.90 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13
EDS : 2.35
buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac : 5.8.0158
CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.35

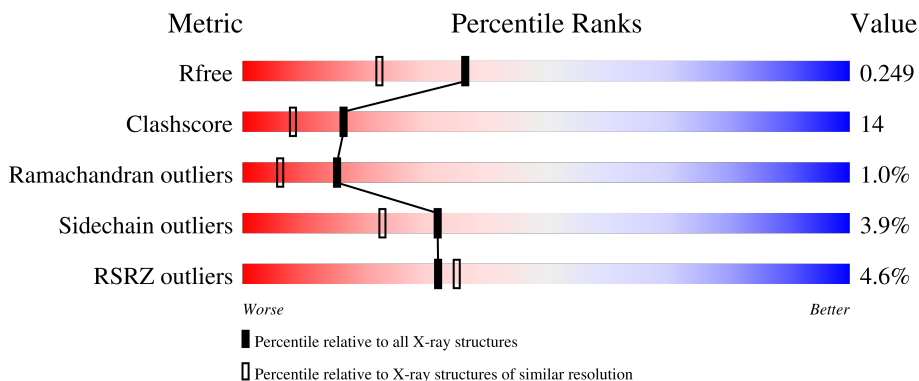
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.90 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	130704	6207 (1.90-1.90)
Clashscore	141614	6847 (1.90-1.90)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	6760 (1.90-1.90)
Sidechain outliers	138945	6760 (1.90-1.90)
RSRZ outliers	127900	6082 (1.90-1.90)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	512	

2 Entry composition

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 4399 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called D-alanine--poly(phosphoribitol) ligase subunit 1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
1	A	500	3943	2531	640	749	23	0	0	0

There are 8 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	505	LEU	-	expression tag	UNP Q81G39
A	506	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP Q81G39
A	507	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q81G39
A	508	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q81G39
A	509	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q81G39
A	510	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q81G39
A	511	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q81G39
A	512	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q81G39

- Molecule 2 is CALCIUM ION (three-letter code: CA) (formula: Ca).

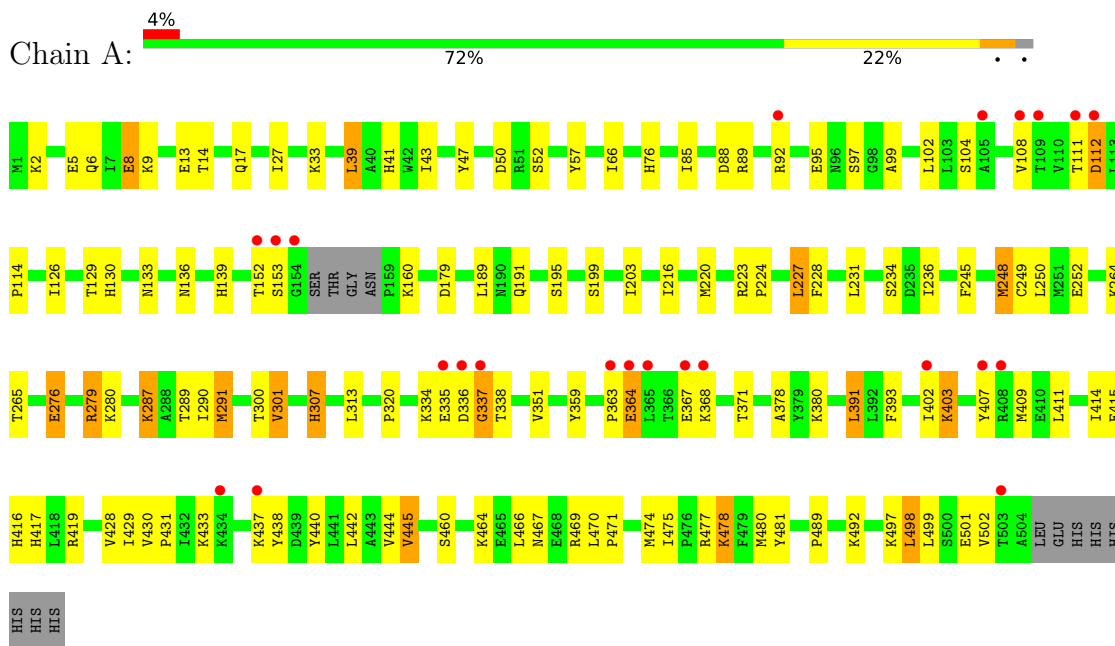
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	1	Total	Ca	0	0
			1	1		

- Molecule 3 is ADENOSINE-5'-TRIPHOSPHATE (three-letter code: ATP) (formula: C₁₀H₁₆N₅O₁₃P₃).

3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($RSRZ > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: D-alanine--poly(phosphoribitol) ligase subunit 1



4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	61.40Å 87.40Å 57.40Å 90.00° 114.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	20.00 – 1.90 34.47 – 1.88	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	87.6 (20.00-1.90) 85.0 (34.47-1.88)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	0.06	Depositor
R_{sym}	0.06	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	1.19 (at 1.88Å)	Xtrriage
Refinement program	CNS	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.207 , 0.252 0.207 , 0.249	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	1933 reflections (5.01%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	16.3	Xtrriage
Anisotropy	0.177	Xtrriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.35 , 49.6	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.49$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.32$	Xtrriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtrriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.93	EDS
Total number of atoms	4399	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	22.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtrriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 5.64% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: CA, ATP

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z >5	RMSZ	# Z >5
1	A	0.32	0/4034	0.59	0/5469

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	3943	0	3922	112	0
2	A	1	0	0	0	0
3	A	31	0	12	0	0
4	A	424	0	0	14	0
All	All	4399	0	3934	112	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 14.

All (112) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:409:MET:SD	1:A:474:MET:HG2	2.05	0.97
1:A:279:ARG:HD2	1:A:313:LEU:HD13	1.53	0.91
1:A:415:GLU:HG2	1:A:429:ILE:HD13	1.64	0.79
1:A:27:ILE:HD12	1:A:66:ILE:HD11	1.66	0.78
1:A:227:LEU:HD22	1:A:231:LEU:HD21	1.66	0.78
1:A:471:PRO:HD2	1:A:474:MET:SD	2.26	0.76
1:A:477:ARG:HD2	1:A:478:LYS:HE3	1.69	0.74
1:A:111:THR:HG22	1:A:112:ASP:OD1	1.89	0.72
1:A:216:ILE:HG23	1:A:220:MET:SD	2.30	0.72
1:A:287:LYS:HE3	1:A:287:LYS:HA	1.75	0.69
1:A:47:TYR:HB3	1:A:50:ASP:HB3	1.76	0.68
1:A:228:PHE:CE2	1:A:252:GLU:HG3	2.29	0.68
1:A:276:GLU:HB2	4:A:1059:HOH:O	1.93	0.68
1:A:227:LEU:HD22	1:A:231:LEU:CD2	2.24	0.67
1:A:428:VAL:HG11	1:A:498:LEU:CD2	2.25	0.66
1:A:364:GLU:O	1:A:368:LYS:HG2	1.95	0.66
1:A:108:VAL:HG12	4:A:978:HOH:O	1.94	0.66
1:A:415:GLU:CG	1:A:429:ILE:HD13	2.25	0.66
1:A:264:LYS:HD3	1:A:265:THR:OG1	1.97	0.65
1:A:76:HIS:HE1	4:A:916:HOH:O	1.80	0.64
1:A:52:SER:O	1:A:76:HIS:HD2	1.80	0.64
1:A:497:LYS:O	1:A:501:GLU:HG2	1.99	0.62
1:A:403:LYS:HB2	1:A:403:LYS:NZ	2.12	0.62
1:A:334:LYS:HZ2	1:A:338:THR:HB	1.65	0.62
1:A:41:HIS:ND1	1:A:130:HIS:HD2	1.98	0.61
1:A:189:LEU:HB2	1:A:236:ILE:HD13	1.83	0.61
1:A:39:LEU:HA	1:A:126:ILE:HD13	1.83	0.61
1:A:136:ASN:HB3	1:A:139:HIS:CD2	2.37	0.60
1:A:402:ILE:CG1	1:A:409:MET:HG3	2.31	0.60
1:A:440:TYR:CE1	1:A:478:LYS:HD3	2.36	0.59
1:A:85:ILE:HG23	1:A:89:ARG:HE	1.66	0.59
1:A:403:LYS:HG3	4:A:1021:HOH:O	2.04	0.58
1:A:428:VAL:HG11	1:A:498:LEU:HD21	1.85	0.58
1:A:433:LYS:HE2	1:A:438:TYR:CZ	2.38	0.58
1:A:336:ASP:C	1:A:338:THR:H	2.06	0.57
1:A:466:LEU:HG	1:A:470:LEU:HD12	1.85	0.57
1:A:85:ILE:HD11	1:A:195:SER:OG	2.04	0.57
1:A:437:LYS:HG3	4:A:1021:HOH:O	2.05	0.57
1:A:336:ASP:OD1	1:A:337:GLY:N	2.38	0.57
1:A:2:LYS:HB2	1:A:5:GLU:HG3	1.87	0.56
1:A:8:GLU:CG	1:A:33:LYS:HE2	2.36	0.56
1:A:428:VAL:HG11	1:A:498:LEU:HD23	1.88	0.55

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:2:LYS:O	1:A:6:GLN:HG2	2.07	0.55
1:A:419:ARG:HD2	4:A:1071:HOH:O	2.06	0.54
1:A:428:VAL:CG1	1:A:444:VAL:HB	2.38	0.54
1:A:336:ASP:O	1:A:338:THR:N	2.40	0.53
1:A:14:THR:OG1	1:A:17:GLN:HB2	2.08	0.53
1:A:14:THR:HG21	4:A:963:HOH:O	2.09	0.53
1:A:428:VAL:HG13	1:A:444:VAL:HB	1.91	0.53
1:A:250:LEU:HD13	1:A:280:LYS:HE3	1.90	0.52
1:A:334:LYS:HZ1	1:A:338:THR:HG21	1.74	0.52
1:A:152:THR:HG23	1:A:152:THR:O	2.09	0.52
1:A:291:MET:HE2	1:A:307:HIS:HA	1.91	0.52
1:A:430:VAL:HG11	1:A:502:VAL:HG21	1.91	0.52
1:A:433:LYS:HE2	1:A:438:TYR:CE2	2.44	0.52
1:A:8:GLU:HG2	1:A:33:LYS:HE2	1.92	0.51
1:A:403:LYS:HB2	1:A:403:LYS:HZ2	1.74	0.51
1:A:290:ILE:O	1:A:291:MET:HE2	2.10	0.51
1:A:227:LEU:CD2	1:A:231:LEU:HD21	2.38	0.51
1:A:445:VAL:HG22	1:A:481:TYR:CD2	2.46	0.51
1:A:489:PRO:HG2	4:A:831:HOH:O	2.11	0.51
1:A:14:THR:HG23	1:A:14:THR:O	2.12	0.50
1:A:9:LYS:O	1:A:13:GLU:HG2	2.12	0.49
1:A:220:MET:HG2	1:A:227:LEU:HA	1.92	0.49
1:A:403:LYS:HA	1:A:407:TYR:O	2.12	0.49
1:A:499:LEU:O	1:A:502:VAL:HG22	2.13	0.49
1:A:498:LEU:O	1:A:502:VAL:HG13	2.12	0.49
1:A:289:THR:HG23	1:A:307:HIS:CE1	2.48	0.48
1:A:391:LEU:HD13	1:A:393:PHE:CZ	2.49	0.48
1:A:234:SER:HB2	1:A:236:ILE:HG13	1.96	0.48
1:A:27:ILE:CD1	1:A:66:ILE:HD11	2.42	0.47
1:A:416:HIS:HD2	4:A:860:HOH:O	1.97	0.47
1:A:57:TYR:HB3	1:A:104:SER:HB3	1.97	0.47
1:A:108:VAL:HG13	1:A:108:VAL:O	2.15	0.46
1:A:460:SER:O	1:A:464:LYS:HG3	2.15	0.46
1:A:89:ARG:HA	1:A:92:ARG:HH11	1.80	0.46
1:A:199:SER:O	1:A:203:ILE:HG13	2.16	0.46
1:A:492:LYS:HE2	4:A:930:HOH:O	2.15	0.46
1:A:402:ILE:HD11	1:A:414:ILE:CD1	2.46	0.45
1:A:95:GLU:HG2	1:A:114:PRO:HG3	1.97	0.45
1:A:88:ASP:O	1:A:92:ARG:HG3	2.16	0.45
1:A:245:PHE:O	1:A:248:MET:HG3	2.16	0.45
1:A:467:ASN:HA	1:A:475:ILE:HD11	1.97	0.45

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:478:LYS:HE3	4:A:1031:HOH:O	2.17	0.45
1:A:402:ILE:HG13	1:A:409:MET:CG	2.46	0.44
1:A:102:LEU:C	1:A:102:LEU:HD23	2.38	0.44
1:A:97:SER:C	1:A:99:ALA:H	2.20	0.44
1:A:442:LEU:HD11	1:A:480:MET:HG3	1.99	0.44
1:A:227:LEU:O	1:A:231:LEU:CD2	2.66	0.44
1:A:320:PRO:HB3	1:A:393:PHE:CE2	2.52	0.44
1:A:371:THR:CG2	1:A:378:ALA:HB3	2.48	0.43
1:A:402:ILE:HG22	1:A:438:TYR:CE2	2.53	0.43
1:A:411:LEU:C	1:A:411:LEU:HD23	2.38	0.43
1:A:57:TYR:CE2	1:A:108:VAL:HA	2.54	0.43
1:A:336:ASP:C	1:A:338:THR:N	2.72	0.43
1:A:129:THR:HG22	1:A:130:HIS:ND1	2.34	0.42
1:A:223:ARG:HA	1:A:224:PRO:HD2	1.88	0.42
1:A:248:MET:HG3	1:A:249:CYS:N	2.35	0.42
1:A:111:THR:O	1:A:112:ASP:C	2.58	0.42
1:A:41:HIS:CD2	1:A:133:ASN:HB3	2.54	0.42
1:A:501:GLU:HG2	1:A:501:GLU:H	1.63	0.42
1:A:334:LYS:NZ	1:A:338:THR:HG21	2.35	0.41
1:A:363:PRO:O	1:A:367:GLU:OE2	2.38	0.41
1:A:300:THR:C	1:A:301:VAL:HG23	2.41	0.41
1:A:431:PRO:HG2	4:A:846:HOH:O	2.21	0.41
1:A:291:MET:CE	1:A:307:HIS:HA	2.49	0.41
1:A:380:LYS:HG3	4:A:1092:HOH:O	2.20	0.41
1:A:39:LEU:HD22	1:A:43:ILE:HG13	2.03	0.40
1:A:179:ASP:HB3	4:A:1203:HOH:O	2.20	0.40
1:A:417:HIS:HD2	1:A:469:ARG:HH21	1.69	0.40
1:A:409:MET:HB2	1:A:474:MET:CE	2.51	0.40
1:A:160:LYS:HE2	1:A:359:TYR:CZ	2.57	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	496/512 (97%)	474 (96%)	17 (3%)	5 (1%)	15 6

All (5) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	153	SER
1	A	112	ASP
1	A	335	GLU
1	A	337	GLY
1	A	301	VAL

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	434/446 (97%)	417 (96%)	17 (4%)	32 23

All (17) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	8	GLU
1	A	39	LEU
1	A	191	GLN
1	A	227	LEU
1	A	248	MET
1	A	276	GLU
1	A	279	ARG
1	A	287	LYS
1	A	291	MET
1	A	307	HIS
1	A	351	VAL
1	A	364	GLU
1	A	391	LEU
1	A	403	LYS
1	A	445	VAL
1	A	478	LYS

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	498	LEU

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (16) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	76	HIS
1	A	130	HIS
1	A	133	ASN
1	A	139	HIS
1	A	146	ASN
1	A	190	ASN
1	A	191	GLN
1	A	237	GLN
1	A	307	HIS
1	A	315	GLN
1	A	389	ASN
1	A	395	ASN
1	A	401	GLN
1	A	416	HIS
1	A	417	HIS
1	A	467	ASN

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 2 ligands modelled in this entry, 1 is monoatomic - leaving 1 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
3	ATP	A	711	2	26,33,33	2.52	10 (38%)	31,52,52	1.42	5 (16%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	ATP	A	711	2	-	5/18/38/38	0/3/3/3

All (10) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
3	A	711	ATP	C5'-C4'	-5.73	1.33	1.51
3	A	711	ATP	C4-N3	5.28	1.42	1.35
3	A	711	ATP	O2'-C2'	4.94	1.54	1.43
3	A	711	ATP	C2-N1	4.42	1.42	1.33
3	A	711	ATP	O4'-C1'	2.69	1.44	1.41
3	A	711	ATP	PG-O3G	-2.49	1.45	1.54
3	A	711	ATP	C2-N3	2.43	1.36	1.32
3	A	711	ATP	C8-N7	-2.30	1.30	1.34
3	A	711	ATP	O5'-C5'	2.28	1.53	1.44
3	A	711	ATP	PB-O2B	-2.06	1.45	1.55

All (5) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
3	A	711	ATP	N3-C2-N1	-4.27	122.00	128.68
3	A	711	ATP	PB-O3B-PG	-3.39	121.18	132.83
3	A	711	ATP	PA-O3A-PB	-2.95	122.72	132.83
3	A	711	ATP	O3'-C3'-C2'	2.36	119.45	111.82
3	A	711	ATP	C3'-C2'-C1'	2.21	104.30	100.98

There are no chirality outliers.

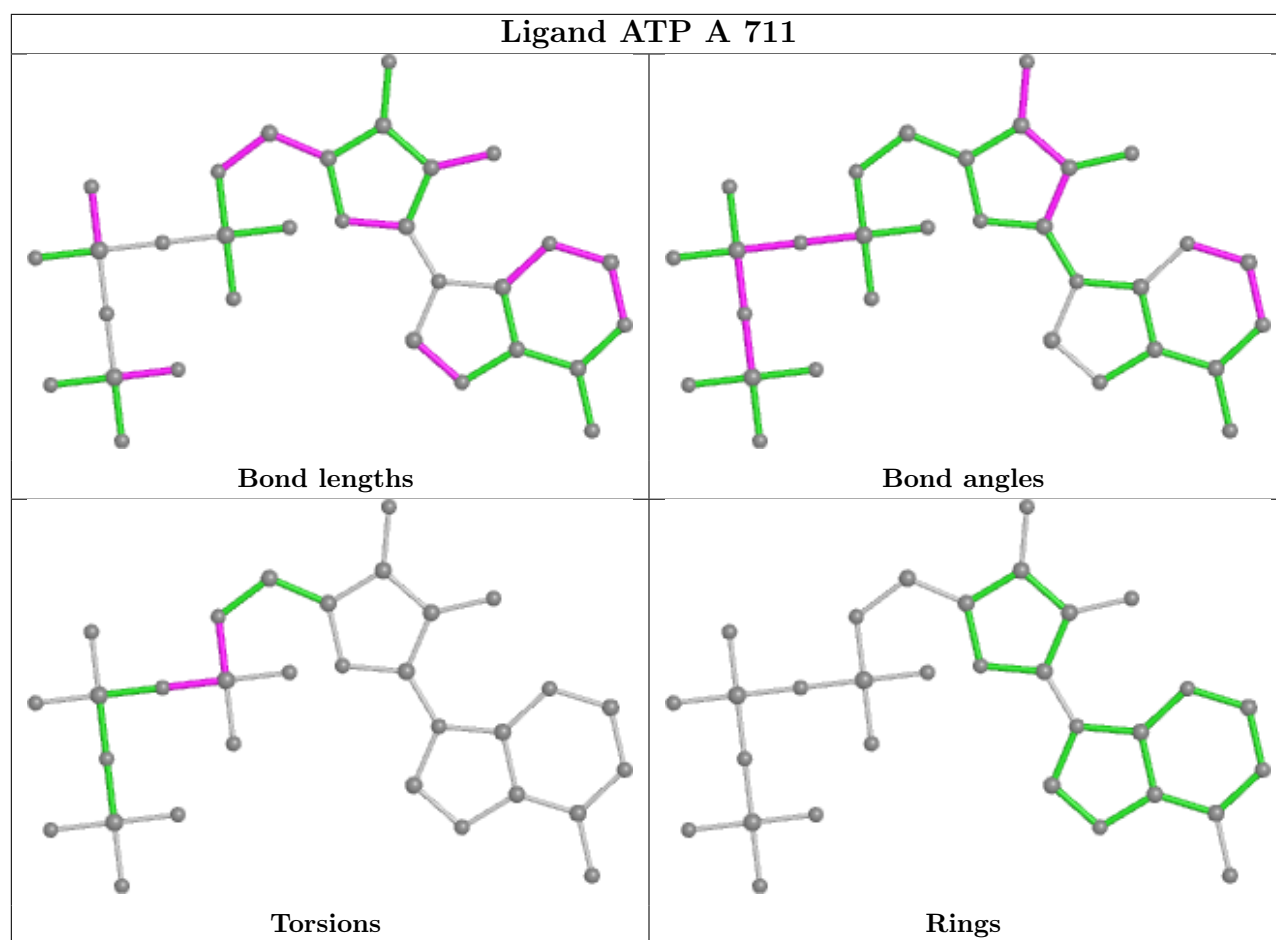
All (5) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	A	711	ATP	PB-O3A-PA-O5'
3	A	711	ATP	C5'-O5'-PA-O1A
3	A	711	ATP	C5'-O5'-PA-O2A
3	A	711	ATP	C5'-O5'-PA-O3A
3	A	711	ATP	PB-O3A-PA-O2A

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.



5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	A	500/512 (97%)	0.12	23 (4%) 32 35	8, 20, 41, 54	0

All (23) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	365	LEU	4.5
1	A	111	THR	4.3
1	A	364	GLU	4.2
1	A	112	ASP	3.9
1	A	336	ASP	3.8
1	A	408	ARG	3.7
1	A	154	GLY	3.6
1	A	367	GLU	3.4
1	A	402	ILE	3.4
1	A	92	ARG	3.3
1	A	503	THR	3.3
1	A	109	THR	3.2
1	A	335	GLU	3.2
1	A	434	LYS	3.2
1	A	337	GLY	3.2
1	A	407	TYR	3.1
1	A	108	VAL	3.1
1	A	363	PRO	2.9
1	A	368	LYS	2.8
1	A	437	LYS	2.6
1	A	152	THR	2.5
1	A	153	SER	2.3
1	A	105	ALA	2.1

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

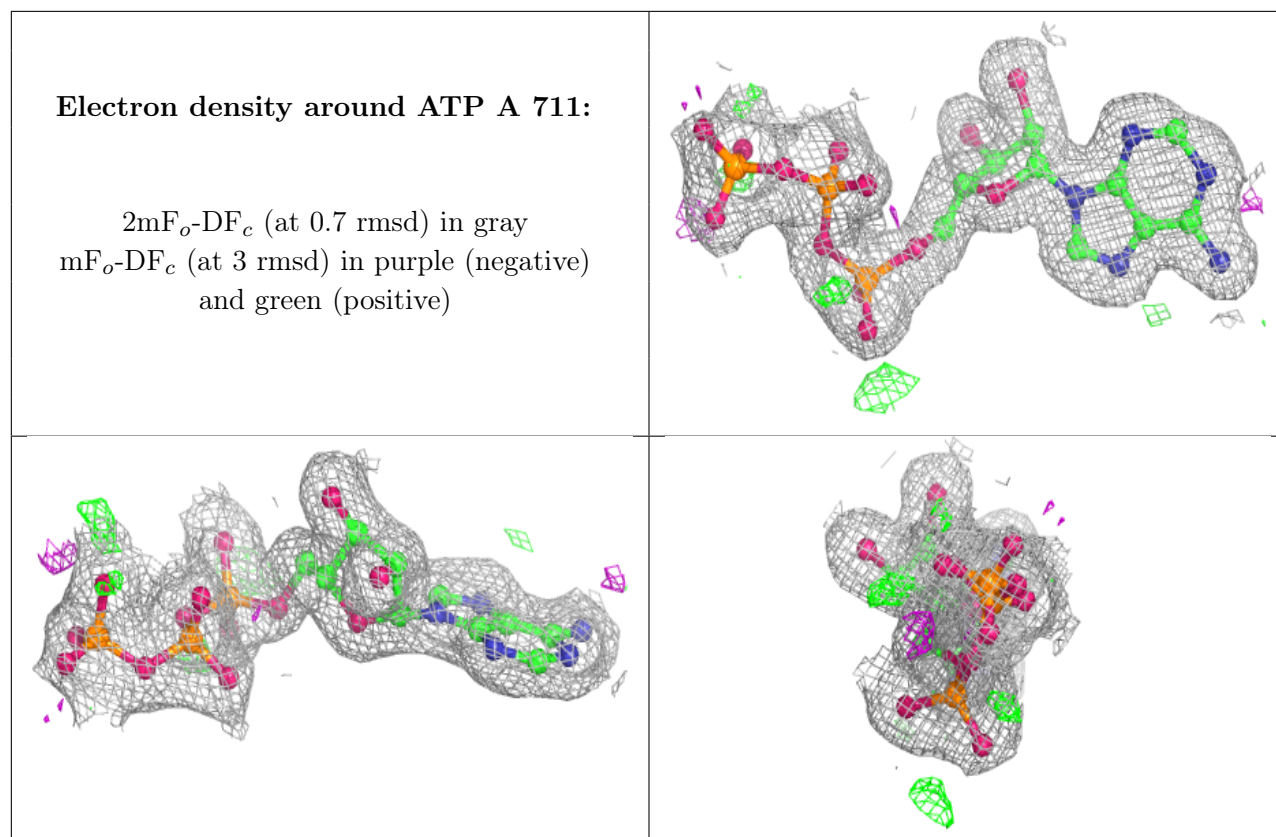
There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å ²)	Q<0.9
3	ATP	A	711	31/31	0.94	0.13	11,14,40,41	0
2	CA	A	710	1/1	0.98	0.05	33,33,33,33	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.



6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.