

wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Mar 24, 2022 – 12:11 pm GMT

PDB ID : 6FCU

Title : The X-ray Structure of Lytic Transglycosylase Slt inactive mutant E503Q from

Pseudomonas aeruginosa in complex with 4(NAG-NAMpentapeptide)

Authors: Batuecas, M.T.; Dominguez-Gil, T.; Hermoso, J.A.

Deposited on : 2017-12-21

Resolution : 3.20 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467

Mogul : 1.8.4, CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13 EDS : 2.27

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

 $Refmac \quad : \quad 5.8.0267$

CCP4 : 7.1.010 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

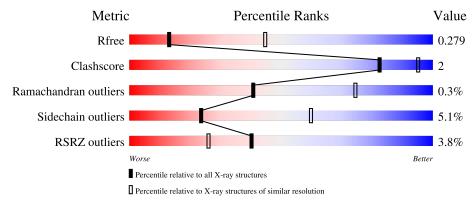
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.27

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.20 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	Similar resolution		
Metric	$(\# ext{Entries})$	$(\# ext{Entries}, ext{ resolution range}(ext{Å}))$		
R_{free}	130704	1133 (3.20-3.20)		
Clashscore	141614	1253 (3.20-3.20)		
Ramachandran outliers	138981	1234 (3.20-3.20)		
Sidechain outliers	138945	1233 (3.20-3.20)		
RSRZ outliers	127900	1095 (3.20-3.20)		

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain					
1	A	613	90%	9%				
2	В	8	62%	38%				

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:



-	Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
	2	NAG	В	2	-	-	-	X
	5	DGL	A	712	-	-	-	X



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 6 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 5173 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Soluble lytic murein transglycosylase.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace	
1	Λ	613	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1	A	013	4972	3154	913	894	11	0	0	U

There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

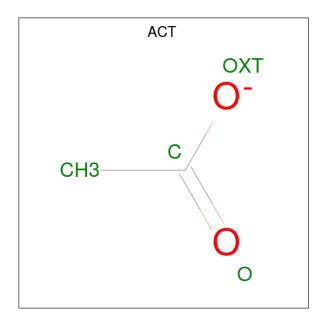
Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	503	GLN	GLU	engineered mutation	UNP A0A069QJX4

• Molecule 2 is an oligosaccharide called 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-a cetamido-3-O-[(2R)-1-amino-1-oxopropan-2-yl]-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-aceta mido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-N-acetyl-beta-muramic acid-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-N-acetyl-beta-muramic acid-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-methyl 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranoside.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	В	8	Total 127	C 74		O 44	0	0	0

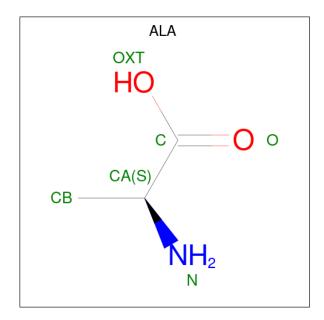
• Molecule 3 is ACETATE ION (three-letter code: ACT) (formula: C₂H₃O₂).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total C O 4 2 2	0	0
3	A	1	Total C O 4 2 2	0	0

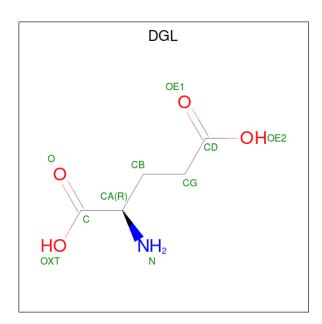
• Molecule 4 is ALANINE (three-letter code: ALA) (formula: $C_3H_7NO_2$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total 5	C 3	N 1	O 1	0	0

 \bullet Molecule 5 is D-GLUTAMIC ACID (three-letter code: DGL) (formula: $\mathrm{C_5H_9NO_4}).$





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	Δ	1	Total	С	N	О	0	0
	11	1	9	5	1	3		

• Molecule 6 is water.

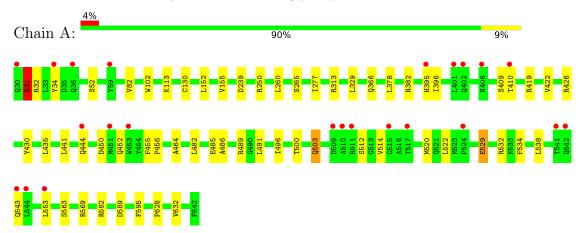
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	52	Total O 52 52	0	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Soluble lytic murein transglycosylase



• Molecule 2: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-3-O-[(2R)-1-amino-1 -oxopropan-2-yl]-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-N-acetyl-beta-muramic acid-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-methyl 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranoside





4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 63	Depositor
Cell constants	164.29Å 164.29Å 55.95Å	Donositon
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 90.00° 120.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	142.28 - 3.20	Depositor
Resolution (A)	47.43 - 3.20	EDS
% Data completeness	99.9 (142.28-3.20)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	100.0 (47.43-3.20)	EDS
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	1.45 (at 3.19Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.8.0189	Depositor
D.D.	0.193 , 0.272	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.201 , 0.279	DCC
R_{free} test set	681 reflections (4.69%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	92.2	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.087	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	(Not available), (Not available)	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$< L >=0.49, < L^2>=0.32$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.038 for h,-h-k,-l	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.94	EDS
Total number of atoms	5173	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	97.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.29% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of <|L|>, $<L^2>$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: NAG, MAG, DGL, AMU, ACT, NM6

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
IVIOI		RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5	
1	A	0.45	0/5096	0.73	2/6909 (0.0%)	

There are no bond length outliers.

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(^{o})$
1	A	31	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.92	123.26	120.30
1	A	569	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.32	122.96	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	4972	0	4903	24	0
2	В	127	0	99	4	0
3	A	8	0	6	1	0
4	A	5	0	4	0	0
5	A	9	0	6	0	0
6	A	52	0	0	1	0
All	All	5173	0	5018	25	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including



hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 2.

The worst 5 of 25 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	Clash overlap (Å) 0.80 0.66 0.61 0.54	
1:A:503:GLN:HE21	1:A:503:GLN:HA	1.45	0.80	
3:A:701:ACT:C	6:A:801:HOH:O	2.44	0.66	
1:A:529:GLU:HG3	2:B:8:NAG:H81	1.82	0.61	
1:A:313:ARG:HD2	1:A:329:LEU:HD11	1.89	0.54	
1:A:500:THR:HG22	1:A:520:MET:HG2	1.89	0.54	

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	611/613 (100%)	572 (94%)	37 (6%)	2 (0%)	41 74	

All (2) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	155	VAL
1	A	628	PRO

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.



Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	507/507 (100%)	481 (95%)	26 (5%)	24 60	

5 of 26 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	444	GLN
1	A	503	GLN
1	A	582	ARG
1	A	452	GLN
1	A	529	GLU

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (3) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	347	GLN
1	A	355	GLN
1	A	577	ASN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

8 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Tuno	Chain	Chain Res Link			ond leng	$ ag{ths}$	Bond angles		
MIOI	Туре	Chain	nes	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
2	MAG	В	1	2	16,16,16	2.64	2 (12%)	22,22,22	2.25	7 (31%)



Mol	Tuno	pe Chain Res Link			Вс	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
IVIOI	Type	Chain	rtes	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	
2	NAG	В	2	2	14,14,15	2.43	6 (42%)	17,19,21	4.09	8 (47%)	
2	AMU	В	3	2	17,18,20	1.66	4 (23%)	21,24,28	3.79	9 (42%)	
2	NAG	В	4	2	14,14,15	1.40	3 (21%)	17,19,21	2.89	7 (41%)	
2	AMU	В	5	4,2	17,18,20	1.93	5 (29%)	21,24,28	2.92	8 (38%)	
2	NAG	В	6	2	14,14,15	1.18	1 (7%)	17,19,21	1.95	4 (23%)	
2	NM6	В	7	2	19,19,20	1.76	3 (15%)	22,26,28	1.96	9 (40%)	
2	NAG	В	8	2	14,14,15	0.90	0	17,19,21	1.31	3 (17%)	

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	MAG	В	1	2	-	5/8/28/28	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	В	2	2	-	3/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	AMU	В	3	2	-	4/10/29/34	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	В	4	2	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	AMU	В	5	4,2	-	3/10/29/34	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	В	6	2	-	1/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NM6	В	7	2	-	3/14/31/34	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	В	8	2	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

The worst 5 of 24 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	Ideal(A)
2	В	1	MAG	O7-C7	8.92	1.43	1.23
2	В	7	NM6	C3C-N3A	5.80	1.47	1.32
2	В	2	NAG	O4-C4	5.11	1.55	1.43
2	В	2	NAG	C7-N2	4.16	1.48	1.34
2	В	5	AMU	C1-C2	3.68	1.57	1.52

The worst 5 of 55 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(^{o})$
2	В	2	NAG	C1-O5-C5	12.18	128.69	112.19
2	В	3	AMU	C2-N2-C7	11.47	139.23	122.90
2	В	4	NAG	C1-O5-C5	7.98	123.00	112.19
2	В	5	AMU	C1-C2-C3	6.71	118.74	109.17

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
2	В	2	NAG	C4-C3-C2	-6.21	101.92	111.02

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 23 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	В	1	MAG	C2-C1-O1-CM
2	В	3	AMU	C3-C2-N2-C7
2	В	3	AMU	C10-C9-O3-C3
2	В	7	NM6	O3-C3A-C3C-N3A
2	В	4	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6

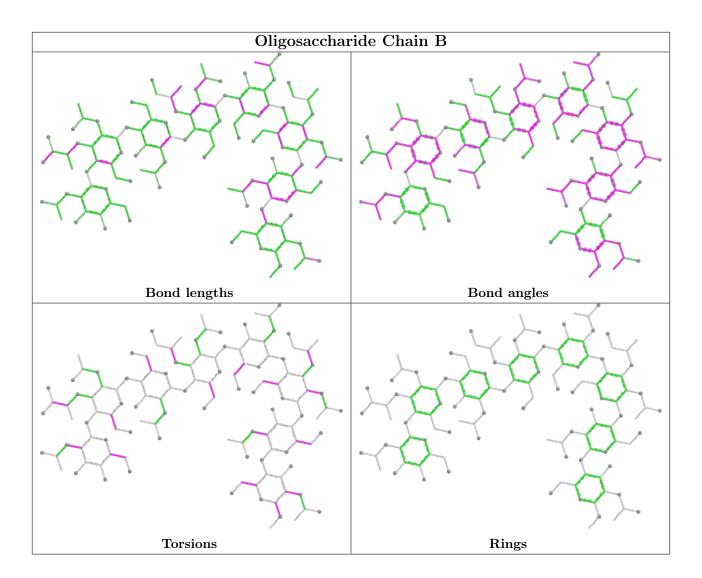
There are no ring outliers.

3 monomers are involved in 4 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	В	8	NAG	1	0
2	В	5	AMU	2	0
2	В	2	NAG	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.





5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

4 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Tuno	Chain	Res	Link	В	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
MIOI	Type				Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	
5	DGL	A	712	4	4,8,9	0.60	0	2,9,11	1.30	0	
3	ACT	A	702	-	1,3,3	2.36	1 (100%)	0,3,3	-	-	
4	ALA	A	711	2,5	3,4,5	0.53	0	2,4,6	1.13	0	
3	ACT	A	701	-	1,3,3	1.43	0	0,3,3	-	-	



In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
5	DGL	A	712	4	-	2/3/8/9	-
4	ALA	A	711	2,5	-	0/0/2/4	-

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(A)	$Ideal(\AA)$
3	A	702	ACT	СН3-С	2.36	1.51	1.48

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
5	A	712	DGL	N-CA-CB-CG
5	A	712	DGL	C-CA-CB-CG

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 1 short contact:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	A	701	ACT	1	0

5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	# RSRZ > 2		$\mathbf{OWAB}(\mathrm{\AA}^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	A	613/613 (100%)	0.19	23 (3%) 40 20	3	58, 89, 142, 172	0

The worst 5 of 23 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	544	LEU	5.4
1	A	541	THR	3.8
1	A	59	TYR	3.1
1	A	542	GLN	2.9
1	A	543	GLN	2.8

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathring{\mathbf{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
2	NAG	В	2	14/15	0.52	0.52	140,179,189,195	0
2	AMU	В	3	18/20	0.66	0.34	120,155,169,172	0
2	MAG	В	1	16/16	0.80	0.45	124,154,165,172	0
2	NAG	В	8	14/15	0.82	0.33	138,144,146,150	0
2	NM6	В	7	19/20	0.86	0.34	132,145,154,155	0
2	NAG	В	4	14/15	0.86	0.34	133,143,149,152	0
2	AMU	В	5	18/20	0.93	0.26	112,121,143,151	0

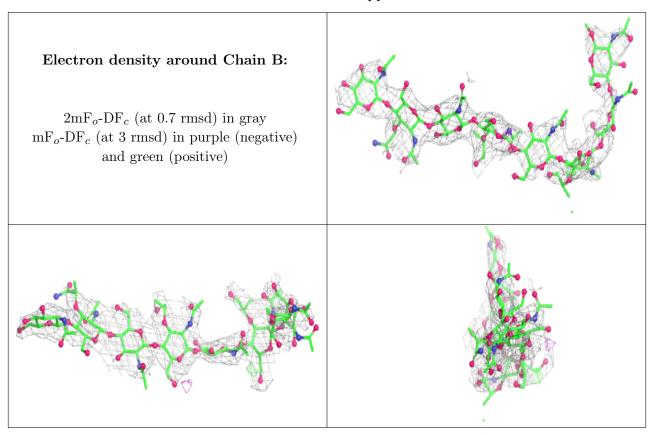
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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q < 0.9
2	NAG	В	6	14/15	0.94	0.29	103,120,134,142	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density for oligosaccharide. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.



6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q < 0.9
5	DGL	A	712	9/10	0.46	0.62	124,141,152,155	0
3	ACT	A	701	4/4	0.80	0.28	95,100,102,105	0
4	ALA	A	711	5/6	0.87	0.25	142,142,151,152	0
3	ACT	A	702	4/4	0.89	0.47	79,81,83,84	0



6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

