

# wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

#### Aug 20, 2023 – 03:01 AM EDT

PDB ID : 2FQL

Title : Crystal structure of trimeric frataxin from the yeast Saccharomyces cerevisiae

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Deposited on : 2006-01-18

Resolution : 3.01 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

 $\begin{array}{ccc} \text{MolProbity} & : & 4.02\text{b-}467 \\ \text{Xtriage (Phenix)} & : & 1.13 \end{array}$ 

EDS : 2.35

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

Refmac : 5.8.0158

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

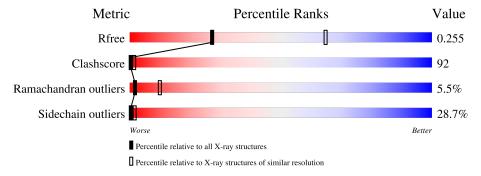
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.35

## 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$ 

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.01 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	Similar resolution
Metric	$(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$(\#  ext{Entries},  ext{ resolution range}( ext{Å}))$
$R_{free}$	130704	2399 (3.04-3.00)
Clashscore	141614	2734 (3.04-3.00)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	2640 (3.04-3.00)
Sidechain outliers	138945	2643 (3.04-3.00)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain				
1	Λ	199					
1	A	123	20%	41%	20%	11%	9%



## 2 Entry composition (i)

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 883 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Frataxin homolog, mitochondrial.

$\mathbf{Mol}$	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	A	112	Total 883	C 561	N 143	O 177	S 2	3	0	0

There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

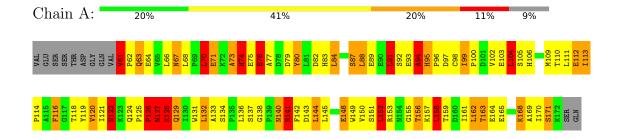
Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	73	ALA	TYR	engineered mutation	UNP Q07540



## 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Frataxin homolog, mitochondrial





## 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	I 21 3	Depositor
Cell constants	121.22Å 121.22Å 121.22Å	Depositor
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	$90.00^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	19.74 - 3.01	Depositor
Resolution (A)	28.57 - 3.00	EDS
% Data completeness	100.0 (19.74-3.01)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	100.0 (28.57-3.00)	EDS
$R_{merge}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	4.30 (at 3.00Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	CNS 1.1	Depositor
D.D.	0.286 , $0.305$	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.238 , $0.255$	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	303  reflections  (5.00%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	82.4	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.000	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.33, 70.5	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$< L > = 0.48, < L^2> = 0.31$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.045 for -l,-k,-h	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.94	EDS
Total number of atoms	883	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	73.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 4.09% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $<L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

# 5 Model quality (i)

## 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol		Chain	Bo	nd lengths	Bo	ond angles
	IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5
	1	A	2.02	$26/903 \ (2.9\%)$	1.75	19/1233 (1.5%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a maintain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mo	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	4

The worst 5 of 26 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\mathbf{Observed}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}})$	Ideal(A)
1	A	128	LYS	N-CA	12.85	1.72	1.46
1	A	148	GLU	CG-CD	12.16	1.70	1.51
1	A	128	LYS	CD-CE	11.84	1.80	1.51
1	A	129	GLN	N-CA	10.62	1.67	1.46
1	A	148	GLU	CB-CG	10.44	1.72	1.52

The worst 5 of 19 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
1	A	129	GLN	N-CA-C	10.40	139.08	111.00
1	A	74	HIS	CB-CA-C	-8.82	92.75	110.40
1	A	152	LEU	CA-CB-CG	-8.40	95.97	115.30
1	A	128	LYS	CD-CE-NZ	8.39	131.01	111.70
1	A	122	ASN	CB-CA-C	-7.53	95.33	110.40

There are no chirality outliers.

All (4) planarity outliers are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	122	ASN	Peptide
1	A	126	PRO	Peptide
1	A	127	ASN	Peptide
1	A	61	VAL	Peptide

## 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	883	0	865	160	3
All	All	883	0	865	160	3

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 92.

The worst 5 of 160 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Interatomic} \\ \text{distance (Å)} \end{array}$	$egin{aligned} \operatorname{Clash} \ \operatorname{overlap}\ (\mathring{\mathbf{A}}) \end{aligned}$
1:A:128:LYS:CB	1:A:128:LYS:CG	1.75	1.57
1:A:129:GLN:N	1:A:129:GLN:CA	1.67	1.56
1:A:128:LYS:CD	1:A:128:LYS:CE	1.80	1.55
1:A:128:LYS:CE	1:A:128:LYS:NZ	1.70	1.52
1:A:128:LYS:N	1:A:128:LYS:CA	1.72	1.50

All (3) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Interatomic} \\ \text{distance (Å)} \end{array}$	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:127:ASN:CA	1:A:129:GLN:NE2[7_454]	1.85	0.35
1:A:127:ASN:CB	1:A:129:GLN:NE2[7_454]	1.89	0.31
1:A:127:ASN:ND2	1:A:129:GLN:CG[7_454]	2.12	0.08



### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	110/123 (89%)	79 (72%)	25 (23%)	6 (6%)	2 10

#### 5 of 6 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	94	ALA
1	A	126	PRO
1	A	105	SER
1	A	127	ASN
1	A	128	LYS

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	101/111 (91%)	72 (71%)	29 (29%)	0 1

#### 5 of 29 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	116	PHE
1	A	168	LYS
1	A	132	LEU
1	A	156	THR
1	A	128	LYS

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 6 such



sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	95	HIS
1	A	124	GLN
1	A	127	ASN
1	A	67	ASN
1	A	63	GLN

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

## 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

## 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

### 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



## 6 Fit of model and data (i)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

## 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

## 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

## 6.4 Ligands (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

## 6.5 Other polymers (i)

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

