

wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Aug 19, 2023 – 09:15 PM EDT

PDB ID : 2FZG

Title : The Structure of Wild-Type E. Coli Aspartate Transcarbamoylase in Complex

with Novel T State Inhibitors at 2.25 Resolution

Authors: Heng, S.; Stieglitz, K.A.; Eldo, J.; Xia, J.; Cardia, J.P.; Kantrowitz, E.R.

Deposited on : 2006-02-09

Resolution : 2.25 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467

Mogul: 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13

EDS : 2.35

buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

Refmac : 5.8.0158

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

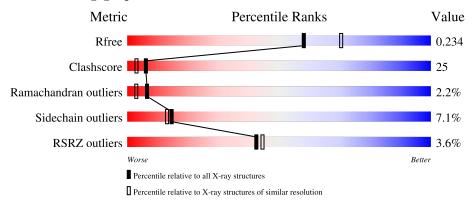
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.35

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.25 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	Similar resolution
Metric	$(\# ext{Entries})$	$(\# ext{Entries}, ext{ resolution range}(ext{Å}))$
R_{free}	130704	1377 (2.26-2.26)
Clashscore	141614	1487 (2.26-2.26)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	1449 (2.26-2.26)
Sidechain outliers	138945	1450 (2.26-2.26)
RSRZ outliers	127900	1356 (2.26-2.26)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain						
1	A	310	67%		27%	5% •			
1	С	310	71%		23%	5%			
2	В	153	44%	44%		9% ••			
2	D	153	61%		31%	7% ••			

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard



residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
3	EOB	A	611	-	-	X	-
3	EOB	С	612	-	-	X	-
5	CTP	В	901	-	-	X	-



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 6 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 7861 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

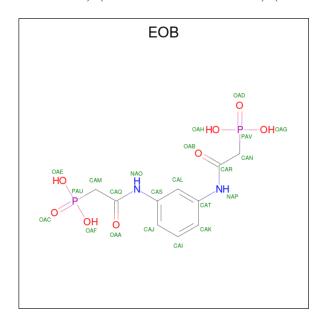
• Molecule 1 is a protein called Aspartate carbamoyltransferase catalytic chain.

\mathbf{Mol}	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	Λ	310	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1	A	310	2415	1527	423	456	9	0	U	
1	С	310	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1		310	2415	1527	423	456	9	0	U	

• Molecule 2 is a protein called Aspartate carbamoyltransferase regulatory chain.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
9	D	152	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
	Б	152	1193	747	212	229	5	0		
9	D	152	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
	D	102	1193	747	212	229	5	U	U	

• Molecule 3 is {1,3-PHENYLENEBIS[IMINO(2-OXOETHANE-2,1-DIYL)]}BIS(PHOSPHO NIC ACID) (three-letter code: EOB) (formula: C₁₀H₁₄N₂O₈P₂).



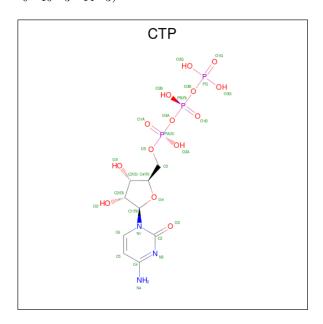


\mathbf{Mol}	Chain	Residues	${f Atoms}$			ZeroOcc	AltConf			
3	Δ	1	Total	С	N	Ο	Р	0	0	
3	11	1	22	10	2	8	2	0		
2	С	1	Total	С	N	О	Р	0	0	
3			22	10	2	8	2	U		

• Molecule 4 is ZINC ION (three-letter code: ZN) (formula: Zn).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	В	1	Total Zn 1 1	0	0
4	D	1	Total Zn 1 1	0	0

• Molecule 5 is CYTIDINE-5'-TRIPHOSPHATE (three-letter code: CTP) (formula: $C_9H_{16}N_3O_{14}P_3$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf		
5	В	1	Total 29			_		0	0
5	D	1	Total 29			O 14		0	0

• Molecule 6 is water.

\mathbf{Mol}	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	154	Total O 154 154	0	0

Continued on next page...



Continued from previous page...

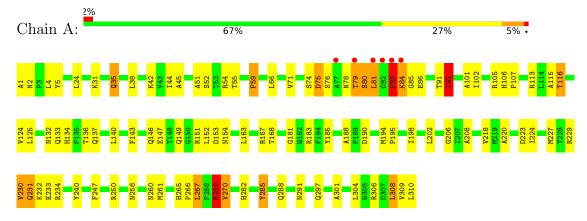
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	В	86	Total O 86 86	0	0
6	С	195	Total O 195 195	0	0
6	D	106	Total O 106 106	0	0



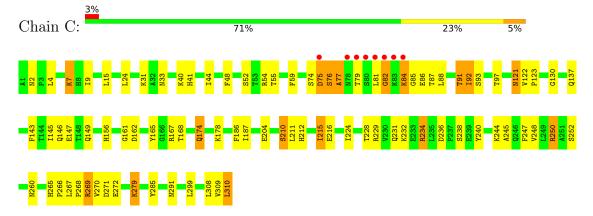
3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

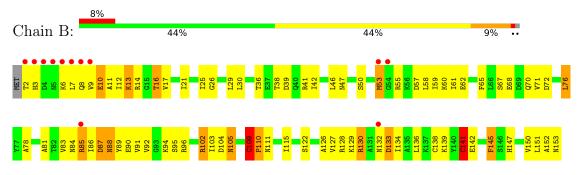
• Molecule 1: Aspartate carbamoyltransferase catalytic chain



• Molecule 1: Aspartate carbamoyltransferase catalytic chain

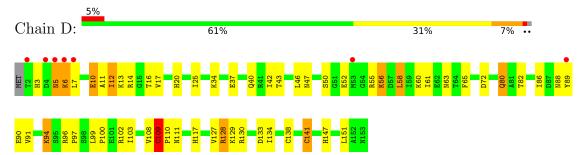


• Molecule 2: Aspartate carbamoyltransferase regulatory chain





• Molecule 2: Aspartate carbamoyltransferase regulatory chain





4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 3 2 1	Depositor
Cell constants	119.94Å 119.94Å 141.97Å	Depositor
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 90.00° 120.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	28.23 - 2.25	Depositor
Resolution (A)	28.23 - 2.00	EDS
% Data completeness	99.7 (28.23-2.25)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	99.7 (28.23-2.00)	EDS
R_{merge}	0.09	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	$3.60 \; (at \; 2.00 \text{Å})$	Xtriage
Refinement program	CNS 1.1	Depositor
D D.	0.201 , 0.237	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.198 , 0.234	DCC
R_{free} test set	8078 reflections $(10.11%)$	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	26.9	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.037	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.33, 53.8	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$< L > = 0.45, < L^2> = 0.27$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.062 for -h,-k,l	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.95	EDS
Total number of atoms	7861	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	44.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.41% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of <|L|>, $<L^2>$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: ZN, EOB, CTP

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bo	nd lengths	Bond angles		
MIOI		RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5	
1	A	0.68	$1/2461 \ (0.0\%)$	0.82	$2/3339 \ (0.1\%)$	
1	С	0.74	1/2461 (0.0%)	0.91	6/3339 (0.2%)	
2	В	0.69	3/1211 (0.2%)	0.96	6/1637 (0.4%)	
2	D	0.71	1/1211 (0.1%)	0.91	3/1637 (0.2%)	
All	All	0.71	6/7344 (0.1%)	0.89	$17/9952 \ (0.2\%)$	

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a maintenain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
2	В	0	1
2	D	0	1
All	All	0	2

The worst 5 of 6 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	Observed(A)	$\operatorname{Ideal}(ext{\AA})$
1	A	147	GLU	CD-OE2	8.86	1.35	1.25
2	В	141	CYS	CB-SG	7.66	1.95	1.82
2	D	109	CYS	C-N	6.05	1.45	1.34
1	С	147	GLU	CD-OE2	5.99	1.32	1.25
2	В	141	CYS	CA-CB	5.40	1.65	1.53

The worst 5 of 17 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$Observed(^o)$	$Ideal(^{o})$
2	В	109	CYS	C-N-CD	10.08	149.56	128.40
2	D	109	CYS	C-N-CD	8.34	145.91	128.40

Continued on next page...



Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(^{o})$
2	В	141	CYS	CA-CB-SG	8.23	128.81	114.00
2	D	110	PRO	CA-N-CD	-7.45	101.07	111.50
1	С	76	SER	N-CA-C	-6.60	93.18	111.00

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
2	В	109	CYS	Mainchain
2	D	109	CYS	Mainchain

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2415	0	2422	98	0
1	С	2415	0	2422	84	0
2	В	1193	0	1207	99	0
2	D	1193	0	1207	60	0
3	A	22	0	10	25	0
3	С	22	0	10	21	0
4	В	1	0	0	0	0
4	D	1	0	0	0	0
5	В	29	0	12	10	0
5	D	29	0	12	6	0
6	A	154	0	0	7	0
6	В	86	0	0	9	0
6	С	195	0	0	10	0
6	D	106	0	0	7	0
All	All	7861	0	7302	359	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 25.

The worst 5 of 359 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.



Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic	Clash
Atom-1	Atom-2	$\operatorname{distance}\ (ext{\AA})$	overlap (Å)
3:C:612:EOB:HAN1	3:C:612:EOB:HAK	1.27	1.15
3:C:612:EOB:CAM	3:C:612:EOB:HAL	1.78	1.11
3:A:611:EOB:HAM2	3:A:611:EOB:HAL	1.09	1.08
3:A:611:EOB:CAN	3:A:611:EOB:HAK	1.85	1.06
2:B:2:THR:HG22	2:B:3:HIS:H	1.20	1.06

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	308/310 (99%)	288 (94%)	11 (4%)	9 (3%)	4 2
1	С	308/310 (99%)	282 (92%)	21 (7%)	5 (2%)	9 5
2	В	150/153 (98%)	122 (81%)	24 (16%)	4 (3%)	5 2
2	D	150/153 (98%)	136 (91%)	12 (8%)	2 (1%)	12 8
All	All	$916/926 \ (99\%)$	828 (90%)	68 (7%)	20 (2%)	6 3

5 of 20 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	79	THR
1	A	81	LEU
1	A	84	LYS
1	A	270	VAL
2	D	6	LYS

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.



The Analysed column shows the	number o	of residues	for	which	the	${\rm sidechain}$	conformation	was
analysed, and the total number of	residues.							

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	P	erce	\mathbf{ntiles}
1	A	261/261 (100%)	246 (94%)	15 (6%)		20	20
1	С	$261/261 \; (100\%)$	245 (94%)	16 (6%)		18	18
2	В	136/137 (99%)	121 (89%)	15 (11%)		6	4
2	D	136/137~(99%)	126 (93%)	10 (7%)		13	12
All	All	794/796 (100%)	738 (93%)	56 (7%)		14	13

5 of 56 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	В	141	CYS
2	D	128	ARG
1	С	121	ASN
2	D	108	VAL
2	D	56	LYS

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 31 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	В	70	GLN
2	D	40	GLN
2	В	147	HIS
2	D	117	HIS
1	С	174	GLN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.



5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 6 ligands modelled in this entry, 2 are monoatomic - leaving 4 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Trmo	Chain	Dag	Res Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
MIOI	Type	Chain	nes		Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
5	CTP	D	902	-	26,30,30	1.52	5 (19%)	39,47,47	1.20	3 (7%)
5	CTP	В	901	-	26,30,30	1.55	5 (19%)	39,47,47	1.25	4 (10%)
3	EOB	С	612	-	22,22,22	1.78	6 (27%)	30,32,32	0.70	0
3	EOB	A	611	-	22,22,22	1.77	6 (27%)	30,32,32	0.73	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
5	CTP	D	902	-	-	4/22/38/38	0/2/2/2
5	CTP	В	901	-	-	4/22/38/38	0/2/2/2
3	EOB	С	612	-	-	5/18/18/18	0/1/1/1
3	EOB	A	611	-	-	9/18/18/18	0/1/1/1

The worst 5 of 22 bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	Observed(A)	$Ideal(\AA)$
3	С	612	EOB	CAS-NAO	-4.03	1.33	1.41
3	A	611	EOB	CAT-NAP	-3.88	1.33	1.41
3	С	612	EOB	CAT-NAP	-3.85	1.33	1.41
3	A	611	EOB	CAS-NAO	-3.84	1.33	1.41
5	В	901	CTP	PG-O1G	3.39	1.61	1.50

The worst 5 of 7 bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\operatorname{Observed}(^{o})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
5	D	902	CTP	PB-O3A-PA	-4.25	118.25	132.83

Continued on next page...



Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^o)$
5	D	902	CTP	PB-O3B-PG	-3.83	119.69	132.83
5	В	901	CTP	PB-O3B-PG	-3.78	119.85	132.83
5	В	901	CTP	PB-O3A-PA	-3.51	120.78	132.83
5	В	901	CTP	O3G-PG-O3B	2.97	114.59	104.64

There are no chirality outliers.

5 of 22 torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	A	611	EOB	CAQ-CAM-PAU-OAF
3	A	611	EOB	CAM-CAQ-NAO-CAS
3	A	611	EOB	CAN-CAR-NAP-CAT
3	A	611	EOB	CAR-CAN-PAV-OAD
3	С	612	EOB	CAQ-CAM-PAU-OAF

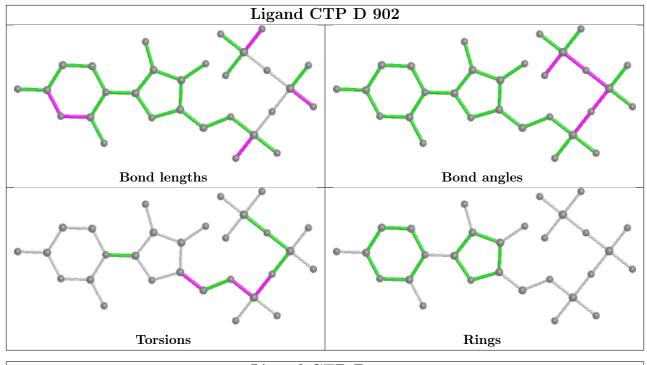
There are no ring outliers.

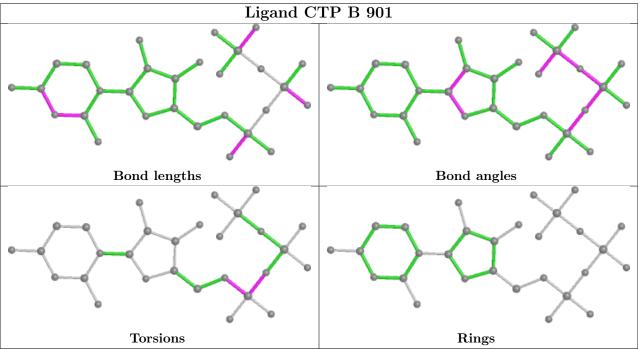
4 monomers are involved in 62 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
5	D	902	CTP	6	0
5	В	901	CTP	10	0
3	С	612	EOB	21	0
3	A	611	EOB	25	0

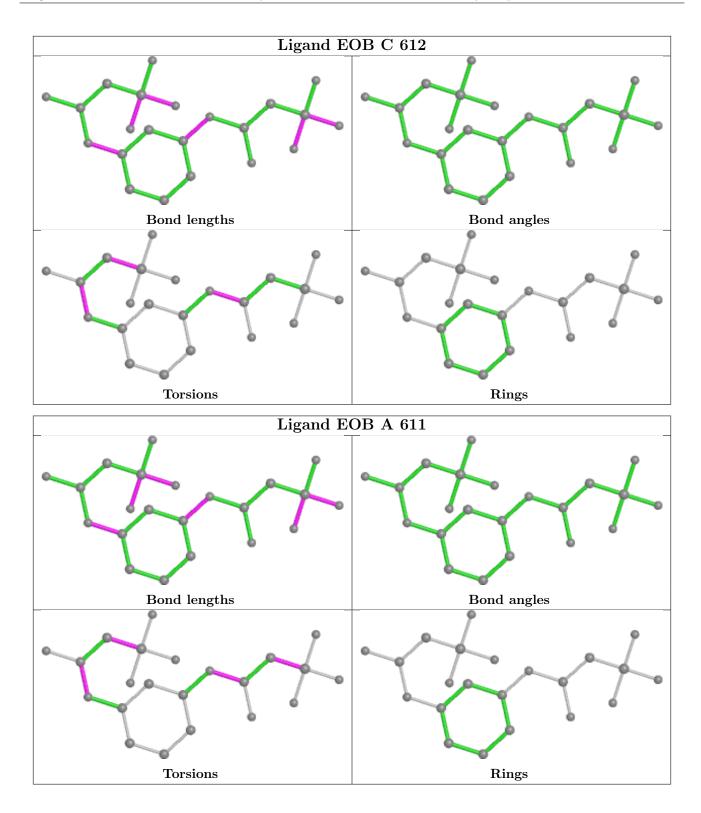
The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.











5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.



5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	$\langle { m RSRZ} \rangle$	$\#\mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$	$\mathbf{OWAB}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	A	310/310 (100%)	-0.64	6 (1%) 66 69	21, 37, 67, 97	0
1	С	310/310 (100%)	-0.66	8 (2%) 56 59	18, 29, 63, 111	0
2	В	152/153~(99%)	0.19	12 (7%) 12 14	24, 58, 113, 156	0
2	D	152/153~(99%)	-0.25	7 (4%) 32 35	23, 49, 102, 134	1 (0%)
All	All	924/926 (99%)	-0.45	33 (3%) 42 44	18, 38, 87, 156	1 (0%)

The worst 5 of 33 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	С	81	LEU	10.8
2	В	2	THR	8.8
2	В	9	VAL	7.5
2	D	6	LYS	6.9
2	В	6	LYS	6.9

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

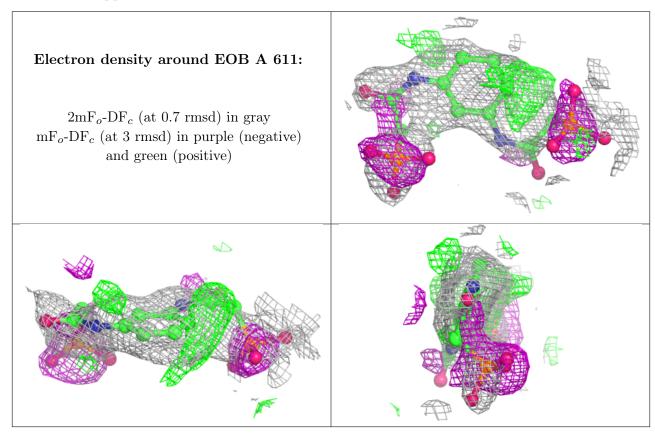
6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

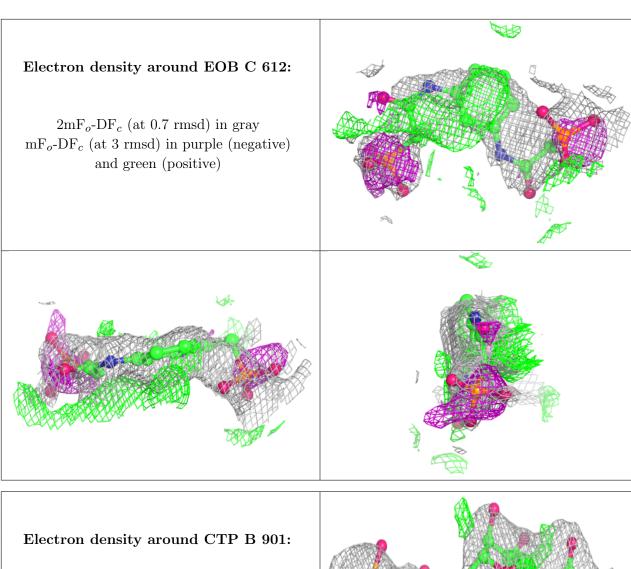


Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
3	EOB	A	611	22/22	0.57	0.36	51,57,68,69	22
3	EOB	С	612	22/22	0.73	0.32	58,62,63,64	22
5	CTP	В	901	29/29	0.86	0.17	44,52,63,64	28
5	CTP	D	902	29/29	0.89	0.17	59,66,83,83	29
4	ZN	В	154	1/1	0.99	0.07	41,41,41,41	0
4	ZN	D	154	1/1	1.00	0.08	28,28,28,28	0

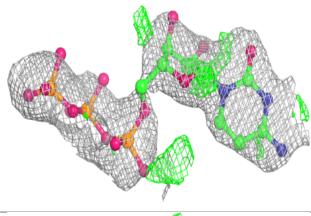
The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

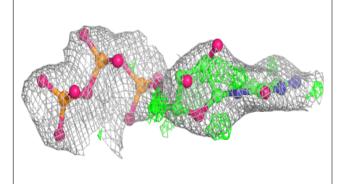


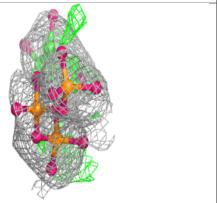




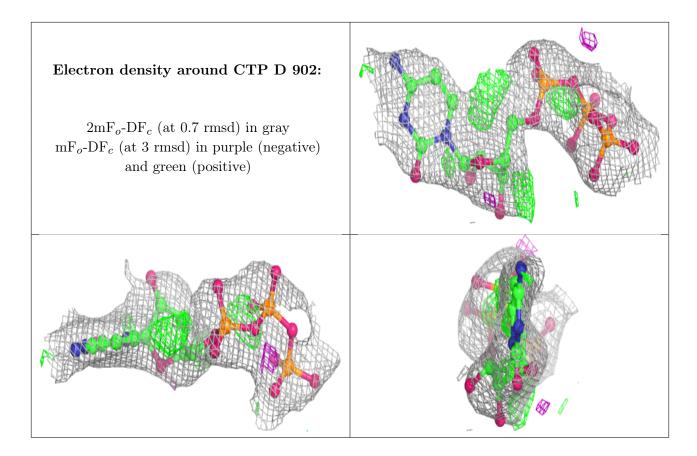
 $2 {
m mF}_o {
m -DF}_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray ${
m mF}_o {
m -DF}_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)











6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

