

wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

Feb 18, 2024 – 05:21 PM EST

PDB ID : 4FZM

Title: Crystal structure of the bacteriocin syringacin M from Pseudomonas syringae

pv. tomato DC3000

Authors: Roszak, A.W.; Grinter, R.; Cogdell, J.R.; Walker, D.

Deposited on : 2012-07-06

Resolution : 2.83 Å(reported)

This is a wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

 $Mol Probity \quad : \quad 4.02b\text{--}467$

Mogul: 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13 EDS : 2.36

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

 $Refmac \quad : \quad 5.8.0158$

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

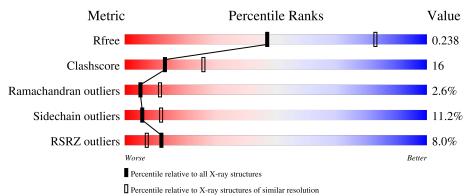
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.83 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	Similar resolution
Metric	$(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$(\# ext{Entries}, ext{ resolution range}(ext{Å}))$
R_{free}	130704	1031 (2.86-2.82)
Clashscore	141614	1078 (2.86-2.82)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	1050 (2.86-2.82)
Sidechain outliers	138945	1051 (2.86-2.82)
RSRZ outliers	127900	1019 (2.86-2.82)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

		Length $ $		Quality of chair	1	
1	Λ	284	8%	65%	25%	8% •



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 2139 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Bacteriocin.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Ato	oms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	276	Total 2099	C 1319	N 365	O 409	S 6	0	2	0

There are 8 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

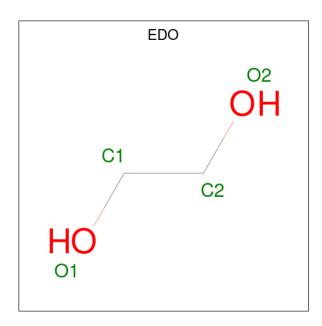
Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	277	LEU	-	expression tag	UNP Q88A25
A	278	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP Q88A25
A	279	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q88A25
A	280	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q88A25
A	281	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q88A25
A	282	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q88A25
A	283	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q88A25
A	284	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP Q88A25

• Molecule 2 is CALCIUM ION (three-letter code: CA) (formula: Ca).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	1	Total Ca 1 1	0	0

• Molecule 3 is 1,2-ETHANEDIOL (three-letter code: EDO) (formula: $C_2H_6O_2$).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Ato	oms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total 4	C 2	O 2	0	0

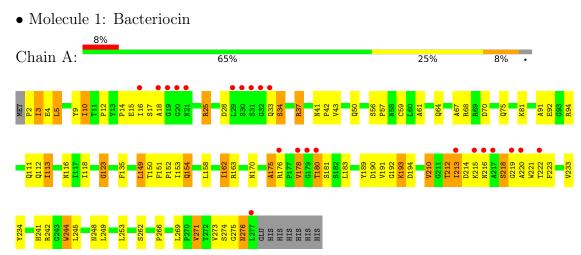
• Molecule 4 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	35	Total O 35 35	0	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.





4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 63 2 2	Depositor
Cell constants	159.69Å 159.69Å 100.17Å	Donogitor
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 90.00° 120.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	46.34 - 2.83	Depositor
Resolution (A)	46.34 - 2.83	EDS
% Data completeness	99.1 (46.34-2.83)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	99.3 (46.34-2.83)	EDS
R_{merge}	0.06	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	3.01 (at 2.86Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.6.0117	Depositor
D D	0.200 , 0.239	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.204 , 0.238	DCC
R_{free} test set	929 reflections (5.09%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	88.2	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.111	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.31 , 61.4	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$ < L >=0.48, < L^2>=0.31$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.94	EDS
Total number of atoms	2139	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	98.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.02% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of <|L|>, $<L^2>$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: CA, EDO

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Boı	nd lengths	Bo	ond angles
IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5
1	A	1.06	5/2147 (0.2%)	1.00	2/2929 (0.1%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a maintenain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	1

All (5) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	Observed(A)	$Ideal(\AA)$
1	A	244	TRP	CD2-CE3	-8.11	1.28	1.40
1	A	244	TRP	CD2-CE2	6.67	1.49	1.41
1	A	244	TRP	CE2-CZ2	-6.38	1.28	1.39
1	A	244	TRP	NE1-CE2	-5.27	1.30	1.37
1	A	234	TYR	CG-CD1	-5.06	1.32	1.39

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

\mathbf{Mol}	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\mathbf{Observed}(^{o})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(^{o})$
1	A	193	LYS	CD-CE-NZ	7.16	128.17	111.70
1	A	163	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.26	122.93	120.30

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	123	GLY	Peptide

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2099	0	2034	67	0
2	A	1	0	0	0	0
3	A	4	0	4	0	0
4	A	35	0	0	0	0
All	All	2139	0	2038	67	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 16.

The worst 5 of 67 close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Clash} \\ \text{overlap } (\text{\AA}) \end{array}$
1:A:5:LEU:HD11	1:A:91:ALA:O	1.59	0.99
1:A:220:ALA:HB2	1:A:276:ASN:OD1	1.87	0.75
1:A:181:SER:H	1:A:212:THR:HG22	1.54	0.71
1:A:43:VAL:HG13	1:A:75:GLN:NE2	2.08	0.69
1:A:4:GLU:O	1:A:5:LEU:HD12	1.97	0.64

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.



Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	276/284 (97%)	237 (86%)	32 (12%)	7 (2%)	5 12

5 of 7 Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	3	ILE
1	A	123	GLY
1	A	5	LEU
1	A	10	ILE
1	A	276	ASN

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed Rotameric		Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	226/234 (97%)	201 (89%)	25 (11%)	6 12	

5 of 25 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	193	LYS
1	A	213	ILE
1	A	271	VAL
1	A	212	THR
1	A	216	ASN

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. 5 of 6 such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	116	ASN
1	A	154	GLN
1	A	248	ASN
1	A	75	GLN
1	A	64	GLN



5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 2 ligands modelled in this entry, 1 is monoatomic - leaving 1 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	\mathbf{B}	ond leng	${ m gths}$	В	ond ang	gles
MIOI	Type	Chain	rtes	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
3	EDO	A	302	2	3,3,3	0.60	0	2,2,2	0.13	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

\mathbf{Mol}	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	EDO	A	302	2	-	0/1/1/1	-

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.



No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	# RSRZ > 2		$OWAB(Å^2)$	Q<0.9
1	A	276/284 (97%)	0.32	22 (7%) 12	7	52, 88, 182, 226	0

The worst 5 of 22 RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	277	LEU	4.2
1	A	217	ALA	4.0
1	A	31	SER	3.7
1	A	216	ASN	3.5
1	A	29	LEU	3.3

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q < 0.9
3	EDO	A	302	4/4	0.97	0.10	81,84,85,88	0
2	CA	A	301	1/1	0.98	0.12	79,79,79,79	0



6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

