wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report

Mar 7, 2022 – 05:02 AM EST

PDB ID	:	4GAT
Title	:	SOLUTION NMR STRUCTURE OF THE WILD TYPE DNA BINDING DOMAIN OF AREA COMPLEXED TO A 13BP DNA CONTAINING A CGATA SITE, REGULARIZED MEAN STRUCTURE
Authors	:	Clore, G.M.; Starich, M.; Wikstrom, M.; Gronenborn, A.M.
Deposited on	:	1997-11-07

This is a wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references ⓘ) were used in the production of this report:

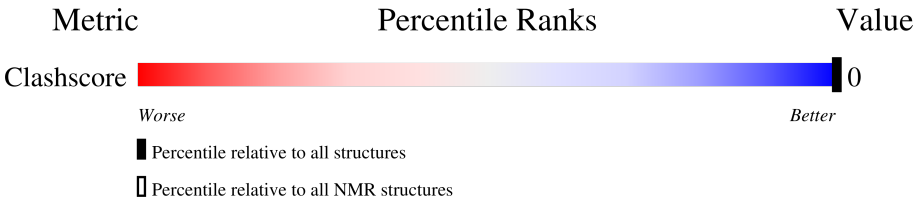
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
RCI	:	v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV	:	Wang et al. (2010)
ShiftChecker	:	2.27
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.27

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
SOLUTION NMR

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment was not calculated.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	158937	12864

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	B	13	100%
2	C	13	100%
3	A	66	100%

2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 1 models. Identification of well-defined residues and clustering analysis are not possible.

3 Entry composition (i)

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 1856 atoms, of which 815 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

- Molecule 1 is a DNA chain called DNA (5'-D(*CP*AP*GP*CP*GP*AP*TP*AP*GP*AP*GP*AP*C)-3').

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
1	B	13	Total	C	H	N	O	P	0
			413	127	146	56	72	12	

- Molecule 2 is a DNA chain called DNA (5'-D(*GP*TP*CP*TP*CP*TP*AP*TP*CP*GP*CP*TP*G)-3').

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
2	C	13	Total	C	H	N	O	P	0
			410	126	150	42	80	12	

- Molecule 3 is a protein called NITROGEN REGULATORY PROTEIN AREA.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
3	A	66	Total	C	H	N	O	S	0
			1032	314	519	100	94	5	

There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	1	MET	THR	conflict	UNP P17429

- Molecule 4 is ZINC ION (three-letter code: ZN) (formula: Zn).

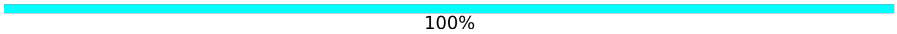
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	
4	A	1	Total	Zn
			1	1

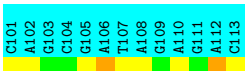
4 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: DNA (5'-D(*CP*AP*GP*CP*GP*AP*TP*AP*GP*AP*GP*AP*C)-3')

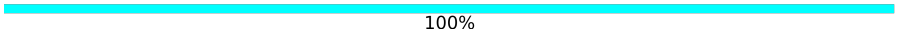
Chain B:

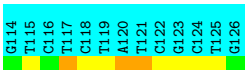




• Molecule 2: DNA (5'-D(*GP*TP*CP*TP*CP*TP*AP*TP*CP*GP*CP*TP*G)-3')

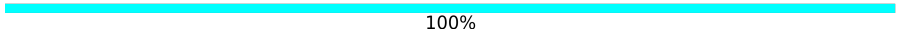
Chain C:

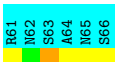




• Molecule 3: NITROGEN REGULATORY PROTEIN AREA

Chain A:





5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview

The models were refined using the following method: *simulated annealing.*

Of the 35 calculated structures, 1 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *REGULARIZED MEAN STRUCTURE.*

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
X-PLOR	refinement	3.1
X-PLOR MODIFIED	structure solution	MODIFIED

No chemical shift data was provided.

6 Model quality

6.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: ZN

There are no covalent bond-length or bond-angle outliers.

There are no bond-length outliers.

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

6.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	B	0	0	0	0
2	C	0	0	0	0
3	A	0	0	0	0
All	All	1	0	0	-

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is -.

There are no clashes.

6.3 Torsion angles

6.3.1 Protein backbone

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
3	A	0	-	-	-	-

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
All	All	0	-	-	-	-

There are no Ramachandran outliers.

6.3.2 Protein sidechains

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
3	A	0	-	-	-
All	All	0	-	-	-

There are no protein residues with a non-rotameric sidechain to report.

6.3.3 RNA

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry

Of 1 ligands modelled in this entry, 1 is monoatomic - leaving 0 for Mogul analysis.

6.7 Other polymers

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

7 Chemical shift validation (i)

No chemical shift data were provided