

Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

May 13, 2020 – 09:28 pm BST

PDB ID : 1GHA

Title : A SECOND ACTIVE SITE IN CHYMOTRYPSIN? THE X-RAY CRYSTAL

STRUCTURE OF N-ACETYL-D-TRYPTOPHAN BOUND TO GAMMA-

CHYMOTRYPSIN

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Deposited on : 1994-04-06

Resolution : 2.20 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467

Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : NOT EXECUTED EDS : NOT EXECUTED

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

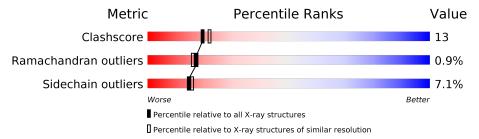
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.11

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.20 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Whole archive} \\ (\#\text{Entries}) \end{array}$	${f Similar\ resolution} \ (\#{f Entries}, {f resolution\ range}(\AA))$		
Clashscore	141614	5594 (2.20-2.20)		
Ramachandran outliers	138981	5503 (2.20-2.20)		
Sidechain outliers	138945	5504 (2.20-2.20)		

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments on the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Note EDS was not executed.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain					
1	Е	13	62%	15%	8%	15%	_	
2	F	131	74%		24%		-	
3	G	97	72%		20%	6%	-	
4	Р	4	25%	75%				



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 7 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 1951 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called GAMMA-CHYMOTRYPSIN A.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	E	11	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	1
	ъ		69	45	12	11	1			_

• Molecule 2 is a protein called GAMMA-CHYMOTRYPSIN A.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	$\mathbf{AltConf}$	Trace		
2	F	131	Total 980	C 618	N 162	O 196	S 4	0	0	0

• Molecule 3 is a protein called GAMMA-CHYMOTRYPSIN A.

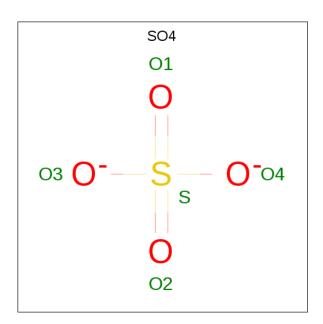
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
3	G	95	Total 689	C 429	N 120	O 133	S 7	0	0	0

• Molecule 4 is a protein called PRO GLY VAL TYR PEPTIDE.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
4	Р	4	Total 31	C 21	N 4	O 6	0	0	0

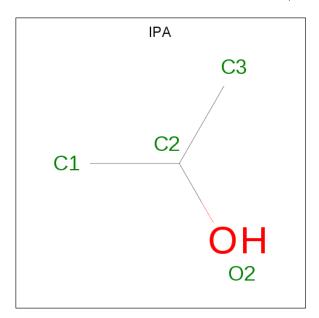
• Molecule 5 is SULFATE ION (three-letter code: SO4) (formula: O₄S).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf	
5	F	1	Total 5	O 4	S 1	0	0

 \bullet Molecule 6 is ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL (three-letter code: IPA) (formula: $\mathrm{C_3H_8O}).$



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	G	1	Total C O 4 3 1		0	0

• Molecule 7 is water.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	E	15	Total O 15 15	0	0
7	F	92	Total O 92 92	0	0
7	G	65	Total O 65 65	0	0
7	Р	1	Total O 1 1	0	0

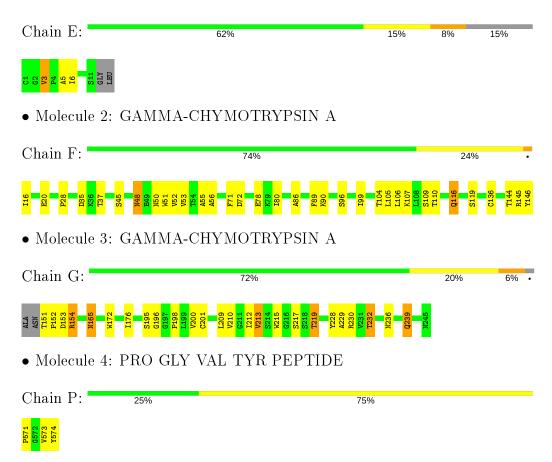


3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA and DNA chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

Note EDS was not executed.

• Molecule 1: GAMMA-CHYMOTRYPSIN A





4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Xtriage (Phenix) and EDS were not executed - this section is therefore incomplete.

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 42 21 2	Depositor
Cell constants	$69.60 ext{Å}$ $69.60 ext{Å}$ $97.51 ext{Å}$	Depositor
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	(Not available) – 2.20	Depositor
% Data completeness	(Not available) ((Not available)-2.20)	Depositor
(in resolution range)		Deposition
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
Refinement program	X-PLOR 1GHA	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.164 , (Not available)	Depositor
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
Total number of atoms	1951	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	5.0	wwPDB-VP



5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: IPA, SO4

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
MIOI	Chain	$\mid \text{RMSZ} \mid \# Z > 5$		RMSZ	# Z > 5	
1	Ε	0.79	0/70	0.89	0/97	
2	F	0.63	0/1000	0.76	0/1361	
3	G	0.60	0/702	0.77	0/955	
4	Р	0.69	0/32	1.93	2/41 (4.9%)	
All	All	0.63	0/1804	0.80	2/2454 (0.1%)	

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a maintain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
2	F	0	1

There are no bond length outliers.

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\mathbf{Ideal}(^o)$
4	Р	571	PRO	CA-N-CD	-7.77	100.62	111.50
4	Р	571	PRO	N-CA-CB	5.07	109.39	103.30

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
2	F	146	TYR	Sidechain



5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	E	69	0	76	4	0
2	F	980	0	951	29	0
3	G	689	0	687	21	0
4	Р	31	0	28	2	0
5	F	5	0	0	0	0
6	G	4	0	8	0	0
7	E	15	0	0	1	0
7	F	92	0	0	2	0
7	G	65	0	0	2	0
7	Р	1	0	0	0	0
All	All	1951	0	1750	45	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 13.

All (45) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	Clash overlap (Å)	
2:F:90:LYS:HA	2:F:104:THR:HG22	1.37	1.04	
3:G:239:GLN:HE21	3:G:239:GLN:HA	1.54	0.72	
2:F:72:ASP:OD1	3:G:153:ASP:HB3	1.93	0.68	
2:F:48:ASN:HD22	2:F:50:ASN:H	1.41	0.66	
2:F:104:THR:HG21	7:F:266:HOH:O	2.00	0.60	
2:F:56:ALA:CB	2:F:104:THR:HG23	2.31	0.60	
3:G:239:GLN:NE2	3:G:239:GLN:HA	2.19	0.58	
3:G:215:TRP:HB3	4:P:573:VAL:HG23	1.86	0.57	
2:F:90:LYS:CA	2:F:104:THR:HG22	2.26	0.54	
2:F:35:ASP:OD1	2:F:37:THR:HB	2.08	0.53	
2:F:53:VAL:HG12	2:F:105:LEU:HD23	1.90	0.53	
2:F:56:ALA:HA	2:F:104:THR:HG23	1.90	0.52	
3:G:212:ILE:HB	3:G:229:ALA:HB3	1.91	0.52	
3:G:201:CYS:SG	3:G:210:VAL:HG21	2.50	0.52	
2:F:136:CYS:HB3	3:G:200:VAL:O	2.10	0.51	
3:G:172:TRP:HB2	3:G:176:ILE:HG12	1.92	0.51	
3:G:232:THR:HB	7:G:272:HOH:O	2.10	0.51	

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A		Interatomic	Clash	
Atom-1	Atom-2	${f distance} ({f \AA})$	$oxed{ ext{overlap } (ext{Å}) }$	
2:F:56:ALA:HB2	2:F:104:THR:HG23	1.91	0.51	
2:F:144:THR:HG23	3:G:152:PRO:HD3	1.93	0.51	
3:G:236:ASN:HB2	7:G:318:HOH:O	2.11	0.50	
2:F:71:PHE:O	3:G:154:ARG:HA	2.12	0.50	
1:E:5:ALA:HB3	2:F:116:GLN:HG3	1.93	0.50	
3:G:165:ASN:HD21	3:G:230:ARG:HH21	1.59	0.50	
3:G:165:ASN:ND2	3:G:230:ARG:HH21	2.10	0.49	
2:F:78:GLU:HB3	2:F:80:ILE:HG23	1.94	0.49	
1:E:6:ILE:HD11	2:F:116:GLN:HG2	1.94	0.48	
3:G:165:ASN:ND2	3:G:230:ARG:NH2	2.61	0.48	
2:F:45:SER:OG	3:G:198:PRO:HB3	2.14	0.47	
2:F:45:SER:O	2:F:53:VAL:HG22	2.16	0.46	
3:G:195:SER:OG	4:P:574:TYR:C	2.54	0.46	
2:F:55:ALA:H	3:G:196:GLY:HA2	1.81	0.45	
2:F:86:ALA:HB2	2:F:109:SER:HB3	1.99	0.45	
2:F:56:ALA:CA	2:F:104:THR:HG23	2.46	0.44	
2:F:56:ALA:HA	2:F:104:THR:CG2	2.47	0.44	
2:F:16:ILE:N	7:F:253:HOH:O	2.50	0.44	
3:G:217:SER:OG	3:G:219:THR:HG23	2.17	0.44	
2:F:55:ALA:N	3:G:196:GLY:HA2	2.33	0.43	
2:F:89:PHE:HB2	2:F:105:LEU:HB2	1.99	0.43	
3:G:213:VAL:HG22	3:G:228:TYR:HE2	1.83	0.43	
2:F:28:PRO:HB2	2:F:119:SER:OG	2.20	0.42	
2:F:48:ASN:ND2	2:F:50:ASN:H	2.13	0.42	
1:E:3:VAL:HG22	7:E:321:HOH:O	2.18	0.42	
2:F:52:VAL:HB	2:F:106:LEU:HB2	2.01	0.42	
2:F:51:TRP:CH2	2:F:107:LYS:HB2	2.56	0.41	
1:E:3:VAL:O	1:E:3:VAL:HG22	2.22	0.40	

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.



Mol	Chain	Analysed Favoured Allowed Outliers		Percentiles			
1	E	9/13 (69%)	9 (100%)	0	0	100	100
2	F	129/131 (98%)	122 (95%)	6 (5%)	1 (1%)	19	19
3	G	93/97 (96%)	87 (94%)	5 (5%)	1 (1%)	14	12
4	Р	2/4~(50%)	2 (100%)	0	0	100	100
All	All	233/245~(95%)	220 (94%)	11 (5%)	2 (1%)	17	16

All (2) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
3	G	213	VAL
2	F	99	ILE

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric Outliers		Percentiles		
1	E	8/10 (80%)	7 (88%)	1 (12%)	4 4		
2	F	109/109 (100%)	103 (94%)	6 (6%)	21 26		
3	G	76/77 (99%)	69 (91%)	7 (9%)	9 9		
4	Р	3/3 (100%)	3 (100%)	0	100 100		
All	All	196/199 (98%)	182 (93%)	14 (7%)	14 16		

All (14) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	E	3	VAL
2	F	20	GLU
2	F	48	ASN
2	F	96	SER
2	F	110	THR
2	F	116	GLN
2	F	145	ARG
3	G	151	THR
3	G	154	ARG

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
3	G	165	ASN
3	G	209	LEU
3	G	219	THR
3	G	232	THR
3	G	239	GLN

Some sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (6) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	F	34	GLN
2	F	48	ASN
2	F	100	ASN
2	F	116	GLN
3	G	165	ASN
3	G	239	GLN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no carbohydrates in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

2 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).



Mol Type Chain		Res Link		Bond lengths			Bond angles			
MIOI	Mol Type Chain R	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	
5	SO4	F	600	_	4,4,4	0.47	0	6,6,6	0.19	0
6	IPA	G	702	-	3,3,3	0.55	0	3,3,3	0.23	0

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.4 Ligands (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

6.5 Other polymers (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

