

# wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report (i)

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PDB ID : 6GMY

Title : Tc-DNA/RNA duplex

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This is a wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Summary Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

Cyrange : Kirchner and Güntert (2011)

NmrClust : Kelley et al. (1996)

MolProbity : 4.02b-467

Mogul: 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

RCI : v 1n 11 5 13 A (Berjanski et al., 2005)

PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)

ShiftChecker : 2.13

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

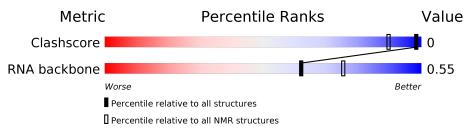
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.13

# 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:  $SOLUTION\ NMR$ 

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 76%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Whole archive} \\ (\#\text{Entries}) \end{array}$	$egin{array}{c} { m NMR \ archive} \ (\#{ m Entries}) \end{array}$
Clashscore	158937	12864
RNA backbone	4643	676

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain					
1	A	10	100%					
2	В	10	80%	20%				



# 2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 10 models. This entry does not contain polypeptide chains, therefore identification of well-defined residues and clustering analysis are not possible. All residues are included in the validation scores.



# 3 Entry composition (i)

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 701 atoms, of which 254 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

• Molecule 1 is a DNA chain called Tc-DNA (5'-(\*(TCJ)P\*(TTK)P\*(TCJ)P\*(TCS)P\*(TCS) P\*(TCJ)P\*(TTK)P\*(TTK)P\*(TCY)P\*(TCJ))-3').

Mol	Chain	Residues		Atoms					Trace
1	Λ	10	Total	С	Н	N	О	Р	0
1	A	10	375	130	143	33	60	9	U

• Molecule 2 is a RNA chain called RNA (5'-R(\*GP\*UP\*AP\*AP\*GP\*CP\*GP\*AP\*G)-3 ').

Mol	Chain	Residues		${f Atoms}$					Trace
9	D	10	Total	С	Н	N	О	Р	0
2	D	10	326	97	111	43	66	9	0



# 4 Residue-property plots (i)

#### 4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Tc-DNA (5'-(\*(TCJ)P\*(TTK)P\*(TCJ)P\*(TCS)P\*(TCS)P\*(TCJ)P\*(TTK)P\*(TTK)P\*(TCY)P\*(TCJ))-3')

Chain A:

□ 100%

□ 100%

■ Molecule 2: RNA (5'-R(\*GP\*UP\*AP\*AP\*GP\*CP\*CP\*GP\*AP\*G)-3')

Chain B:

| 80% | 20%

# 4.2 Residue scores for the representative (author defined) model from the NMR ensemble

The representative model is number 1. Colouring as in section 4.1 above.





#### 5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i)



The models were refined using the following method: simulated annealing, simulated annealing.

Of the 100 calculated structures, 10 were deposited, based on the following criterion: structures with the least restraint violations.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
CNS	refinement	
GROMOS	refinement	

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	$working\_cs.cif$
Number of chemical shift lists	2
Total number of shifts	349
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	349
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	76%

No validations of the models with respect to experimental NMR restraints is performed at this time.



# 6 Model quality (i)

# 6.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: F4Q, F7H, TCY, TCJ, EAN

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	$\mathbf{E}$	ond lengths	Bond angles		
		RMSZ	#Z>5	RMSZ	#Z>5	
1	A	$0.00\pm0.00$	-	$0.00\pm0.00$	-	
2	В	$1.56 \pm 0.03$	$0\pm0/241~(~0.0\pm~0.0\%)$	$1.47 \pm 0.05$	$1\pm0/375~(~0.2\pm~0.1\%)$	
All	All	1.56	0/2410 ( 0.0%)	1.47	6/3750 ( 0.2%)	

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	Chirality	Planarity
2	В	$0.0 \pm 0.0$	$0.9 \pm 0.7$
All	All	0	9

There are no bond-length outliers.

All unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Dag	T	Atoma	7	$Observed(^o)$	Ideal(0)	Mod	dels
MIOI	Chain	nes	Type	$oxed{Atoms}$	L	Observed(')	Ideal(*)	Worst	Total
2	В	11	G	P-O3'-C3'	7.36	128.54	119.70	1	5
2	В	15	G	N9-C4-C5	5.01	107.40	105.40	10	1

There are no chirality outliers.

All unique planar outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group	Models (Total)
2	В	16	С	Sidechain	4
2	В	19	A	Sidechain	2
2	В	17	С	Sidechain	1

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group	Models (Total)
2	В	20	G	Sidechain	1
2	В	18	G	Sidechain	1

# 6.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	232	143	13	0±0
2	В	215	111	111	0±0
All	All	4470	2540	1240	1

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 0.

All unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clack(Å)	$\operatorname{Distance}(\operatorname{\AA})$	Mod	dels
Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(A)	Distance(A)	Worst	Total
1:A:1:F7H:C7	2:B:20:G:H21	0.40	2.28	3	1

# 6.3 Torsion angles (i)

# 6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

There are no protein molecules in this entry.

# 6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

There are no protein molecules in this entry.

# 6.3.3 RNA (i)

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Backbone Outliers	Pucker Outliers	Suiteness
2	В	9/10 (90%)	1±0 (10±3%)	0±0 (1±3%)	$0.55 \pm 0.05$
All	All	91/100 (91%)	9 (10%)	1 (1%)	0.55



The overall RNA backbone suiteness is 0.55.

All unique RNA backbone outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
2	В	12	U	9

All unique RNA pucker outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
2	В	11	G	1

# 6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

10 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds that are observed in the model and the number of bonds that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths.

Mol	Trno	Chain	Res	Link		Bond lengths		
MIOI	Type	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2	
1	F7H	A	1	1	18,23,23	$0.97 \pm 0.00$	0±0 (0±0%)	
1	TCJ	A	3	1,2	17,26,27	$0.92 \pm 0.00$	0±0 (0±0%)	
1	F4Q	A	5	1,2	20,29,30	$1.33 \pm 0.00$	0±0 (0±0%)	
1	EAN	A	2	1,2	17,26,27	$1.23 \pm 0.00$	0±0 (0±0%)	
1	TCY	A	9	1,2	20,28,29	$0.64 \pm 0.00$	0±0 (0±0%)	
1	F4Q	A	4	1,2	20,29,30	$1.30 \pm 0.00$	0±0 (0±0%)	
1	EAN	A	7	1,2	17,26,27	$1.36 \pm 0.00$	0±0 (0±0%)	
1	EAN	A	8	1,2	17,26,27	$1.33 \pm 0.00$	0±0 (0±0%)	
1	TCJ	A	10	1	17,26,27	$0.96 \pm 0.00$	0±0 (0±0%)	
1	TCJ	A	6	1,2	17,26,27	$0.92 \pm 0.00$	0±0 (0±0%)	

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of angles for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of angles that are observed in the model and the number of angles that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond angle is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond angle with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond angles.



Mol	Tuno	Chain	Res	Link		Bond angles	
WIOI	Type	Chain	res	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
1	F7H	A	1	1	19,39,39	$1.33 \pm 0.00$	0±0 (0±0%)
1	TCJ	A	3	1,2	21,43,46	$1.37 \pm 0.00$	0±0 (0±0%)
1	F4Q	A	5	1,2	21,48,51	$2.47 \pm 0.00$	$2\pm0 \ (9\pm0\%)$
1	EAN	A	2	1,2	18,43,46	$3.30 \pm 0.00$	1±0 (5±0%)
1	TCY	A	9	1,2	19,46,49	$1.14 \pm 0.00$	0±0 (0±0%)
1	F4Q	A	4	1,2	21,48,51	$2.46 \pm 0.00$	$2\pm0 \ (9\pm0\%)$
1	EAN	A	7	1,2	18,43,46	$3.16 \pm 0.00$	1±0 (5±0%)
1	EAN	A	8	1,2	18,43,46	$3.17 \pm 0.00$	1±0 (5±0%)
1	TCJ	A	10	1	21,43,46	$1.31 \pm 0.00$	0±0 (0±0%)
1	TCJ	A	6	1,2	21,43,46	$1.30 \pm 0.00$	0±0 (0±0%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	$\mathbf{Type}$	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	$\mathbf{Rings}$
1	TCY	A	9	1,2	-	$0\pm0,0,43,44$	$0\pm0,5,5,5$
1	F4Q	A	5	1,2	-	$0\pm0,0,43,44$	$0\pm0,5,5,5$
1	TCJ	A	10	1	_	$0\pm0,1,43,44$	$0\pm0,4,4,4$
1	F4Q	A	4	1,2	_	$0\pm0,0,43,44$	$0\pm0,5,5,5$
1	EAN	A	7	1,2	_	$0\pm0,1,43,44$	$0\pm0,4,4,4$
1	F7H	A	1	1	-	$0\pm0,1,38,38$	$0\pm0,4,4,4$
1	EAN	A	2	1,2	-	$0\pm0,1,43,44$	$0\pm0,4,4,4$
1	TCJ	A	6	1,2	-	$0\pm0,1,43,44$	$0\pm0,4,4,4$
1	TCJ	A	3	1,2	-	$0\pm0,1,43,44$	$0\pm0,4,4,4$
1	EAN	A	8	1,2	_	$0\pm0,1,43,44$	$0\pm0,4,4,4$

There are no bond-length outliers.

5 of 7 unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{z}$	$\mathbf{Observed}(^o)$	$\mathbf{Ideal}(^o)$	Moc Worst	dels Total
1	Λ	2	EAN	C4-N3-C2	13.28	126.36	115.14	5	10
1	Α		DAN		13.26	120.50	110.14	0	10
1	A	7	EAN	C4-N3-C2	12.98	126.10	115.14	5	10
1	A	8	EAN	C4-N3-C2	12.89	126.03	115.14	6	10
1	A	5	F4Q	C5-C6-N1	8.46	111.86	123.43	2	10
1	A	4	F4Q	C5-C6-N1	8.44	111.89	123.43	10	10

There are no chirality outliers.



There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

# 6.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

# 6.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

# 6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

# 6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



# 7 Chemical shift validation (i)

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 76% for the well-defined parts and 76% for the entire structure.

#### 7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: assigned\_chem\_shift\_list\_1

#### 7.1.1 Bookkeeping (i)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	317
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	317
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	0

# 7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing (i)

No chemical shift referencing corrections were calculated (not enough data).

# 7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments (i)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 69%, i.e. 132 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 192. 0 out of 0 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	$^{1}\mathbf{H}$	$^{13}\mathbf{C}$	$^{15}{ m N}$
Backbone	0/0 (%)	0/0 (—%)	0/0 (%)	0/0 (%)
Sidechain	0/0 (%)	0/0 (%)	0/0 (%)	0/0 (%)
Aromatic	0/0 (—%)	0/0 (—%)	0/0 (—%)	0/0 (%)
Overall	132/192~(69%)	73/112~(65%)	59/66~(89%)	0/14~(0%)

# 7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts (i)

There are no statistically unusual chemical shifts.



#### 7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots (i)

No random coil index (RCI) plot could be generated from the current chemical shift list (assigned\_chem\_shift\_list\_1). RCI is only applicable to proteins.

#### 7.2 Chemical shift list 2

File name: working cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: assigned chem shift list 2

#### 7.2.1 Bookkeeping (i)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	32
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	32
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	0

# 7.2.2 Chemical shift referencing (i)

No chemical shift referencing corrections were calculated (not enough data).

# 7.2.3 Completeness of resonance assignments (i)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 7%, i.e. 14 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 192. 0 out of 0 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	$^{1}{ m H}$	$^{13}\mathbf{C}$	$^{15}{ m N}$
Backbone	0/0 (%)	0/0 (—%)	0/0 (%)	0/0 (%)
Sidechain	0/0 (%)	0/0 (—%)	0/0 (%)	0/0 (%)
Aromatic	0/0 (%)	0/0 (—%)	0/0 (%)	0/0 (%)
Overall	14/192 (7%)	$14/112 \ (12\%)$	0/66 (0%)	0/14 (0%)

# 7.2.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts (i)

There are no statistically unusual chemical shifts.



# 7.2.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots (i)

No random coil index (RCI) plot could be generated from the current chemical shift list (assigned\_chem\_shift\_list\_2). RCI is only applicable to proteins.

